

Country-level data

Afghanistan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Afghanistan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

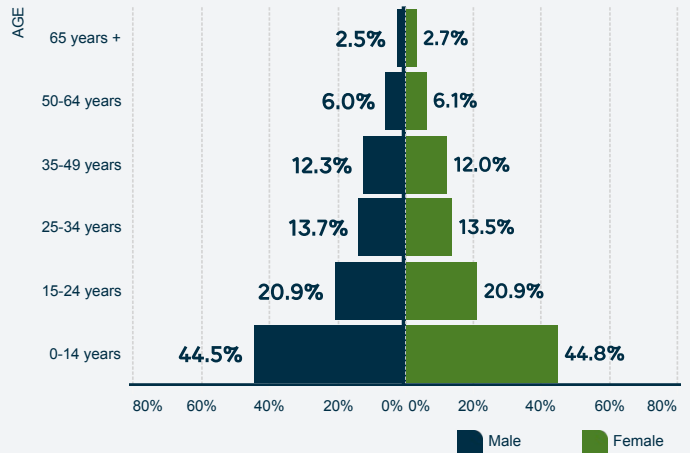
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 29 July 2018.

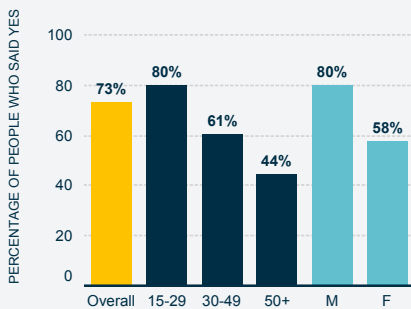
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,972.18
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	63.67
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	51.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

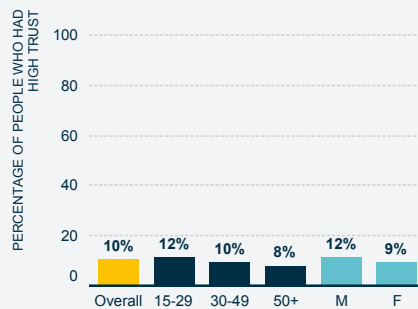


73% said they learned about science at secondary school



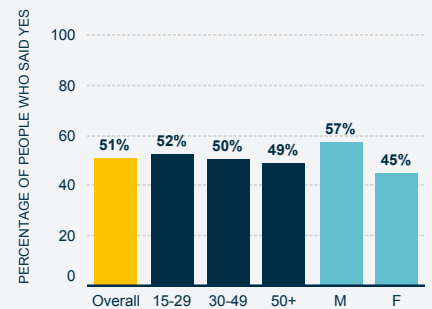
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



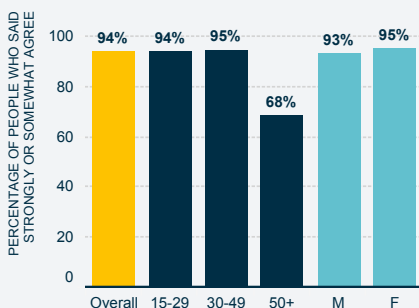
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

51% said science benefits people like them in this country



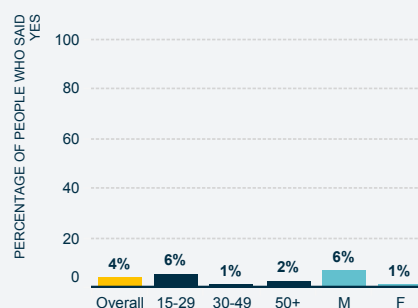
See Q17 in Question breakdown

94% said they think vaccines are safe



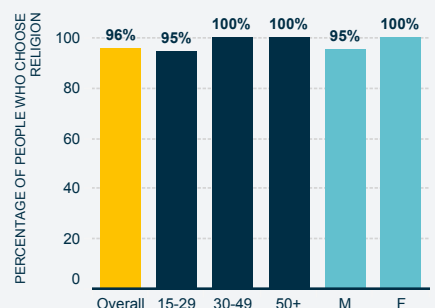
See Q25 in Question breakdown

4% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

96% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion

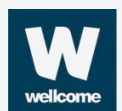


See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

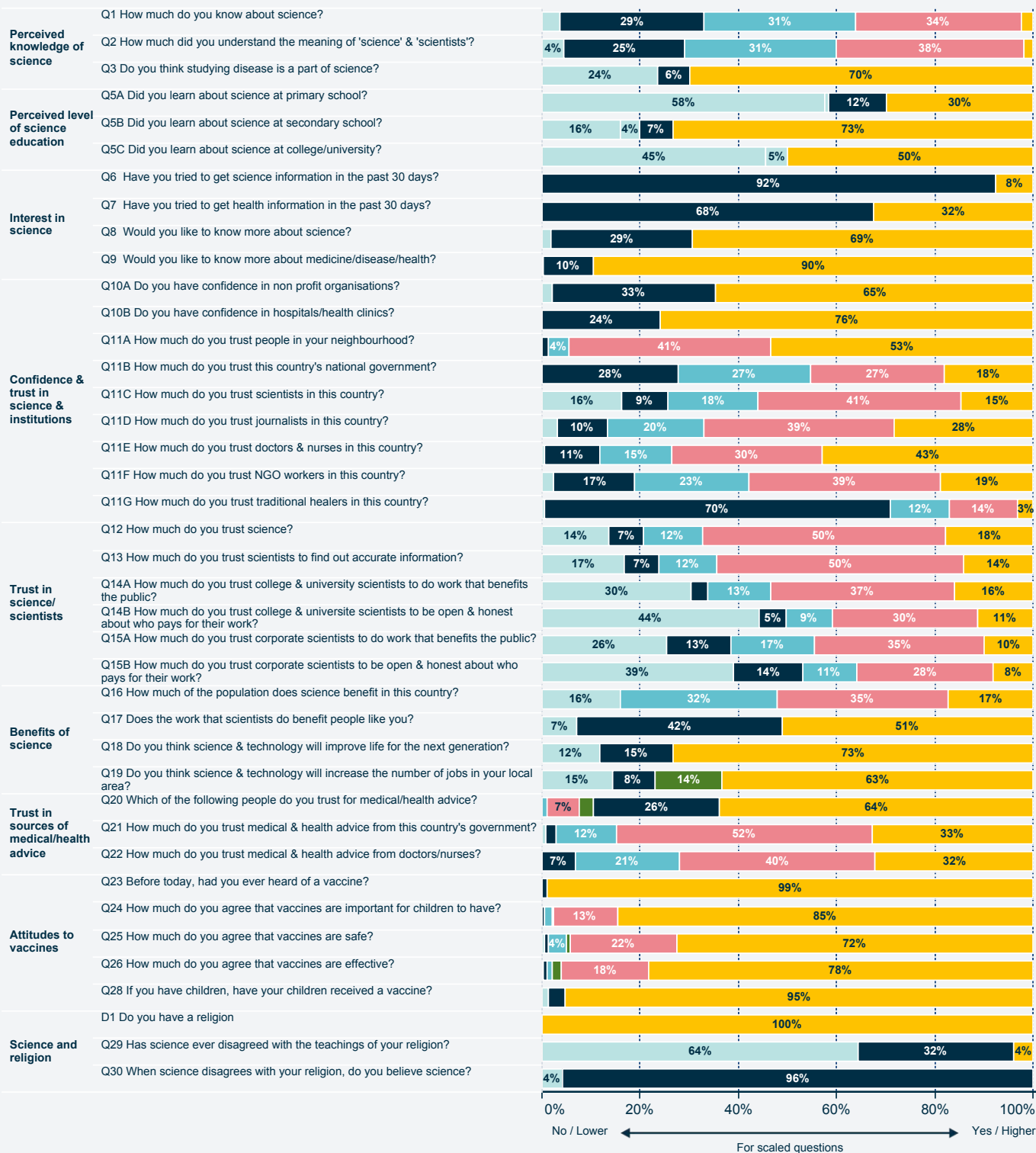


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Albania

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Albania, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

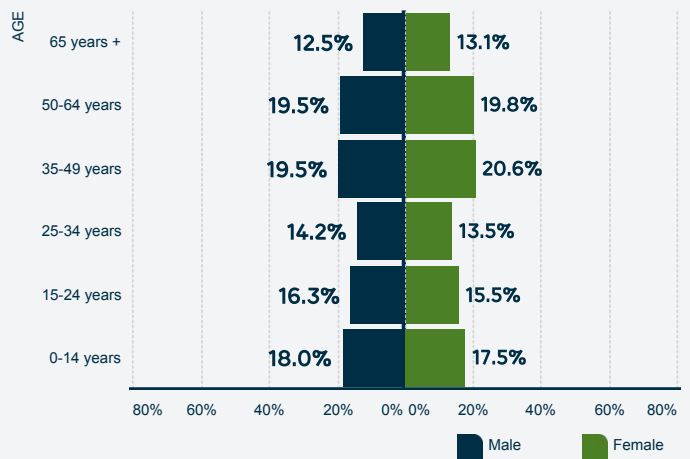
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 21 June 2018.

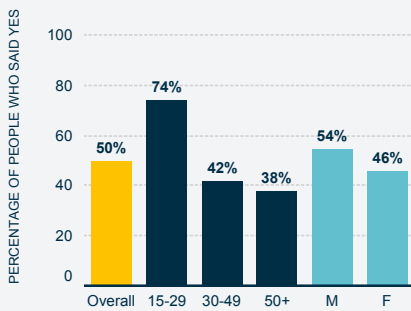
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	12,943.46
GINI coefficient, most recent value	29.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	78.35
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	156.10
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.15%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

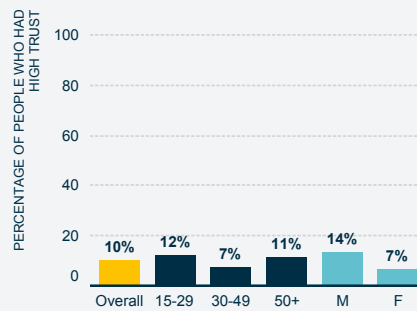


50% said they learned about science at secondary school



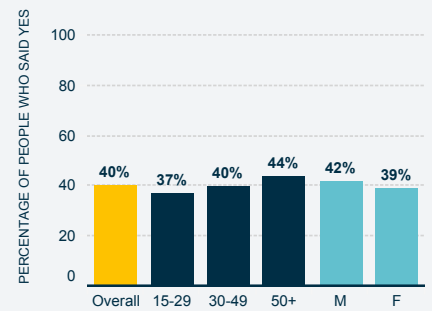
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



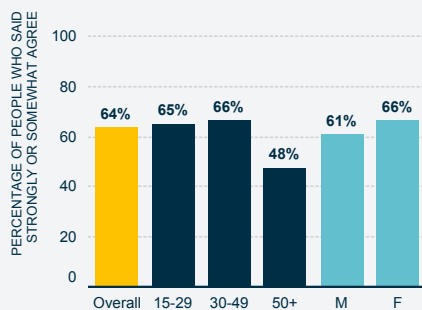
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

40% said science benefits people like them in this country



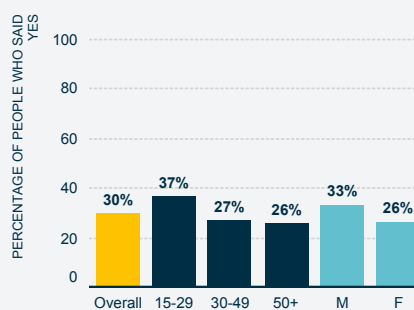
See Q17 in Question breakdown

64% said they think vaccines are safe



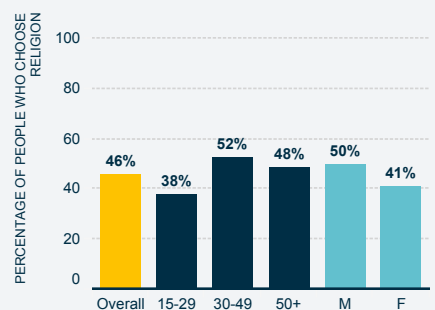
See Q25 in Question breakdown

30% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

46% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

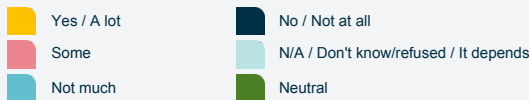
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

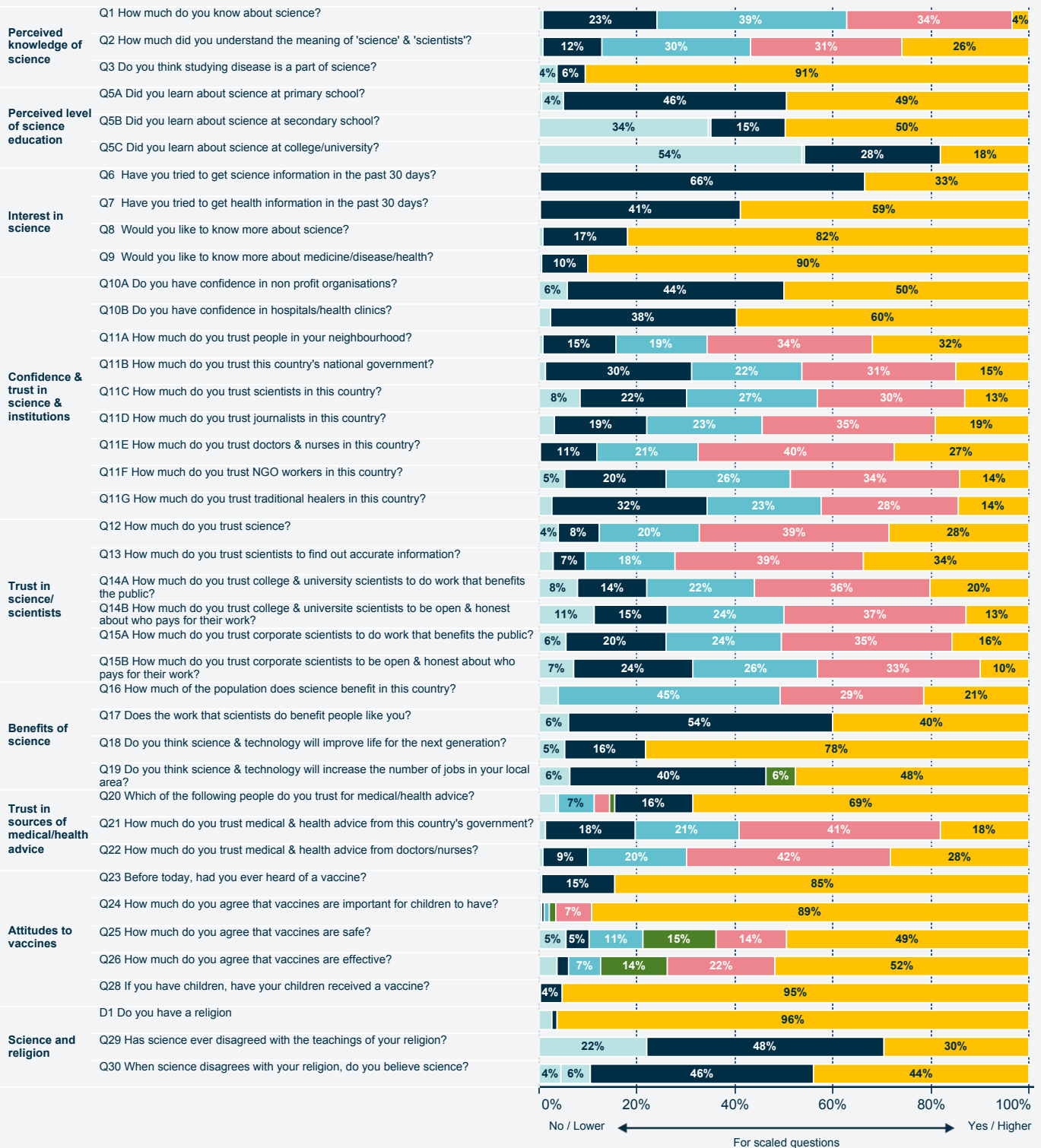


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Algeria

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Algeria, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

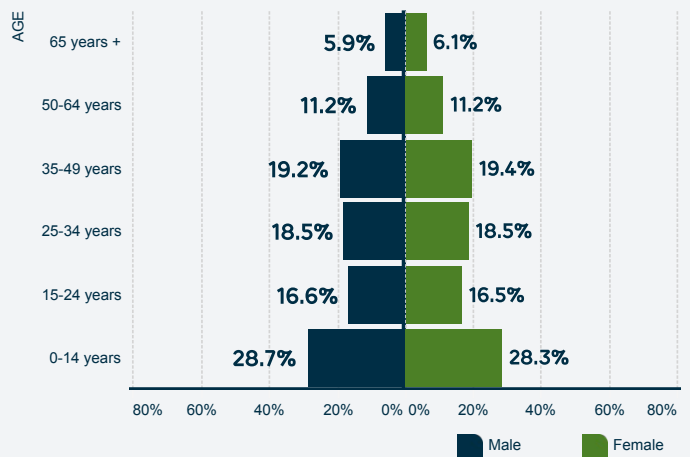
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 October 2018.

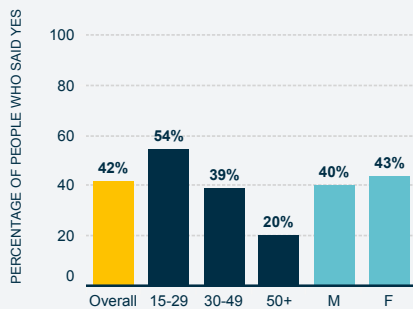
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	15,260.35
GINI coefficient, most recent value	27.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.08
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	20.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	168.02
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.07%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

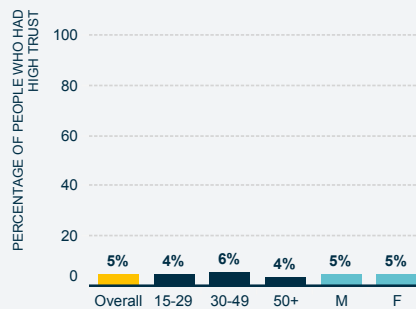


42% said they learned about science at secondary school



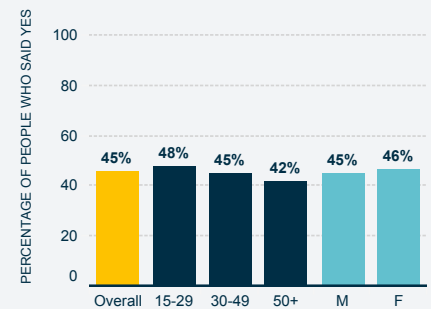
See Q5B in Question breakdown

5% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



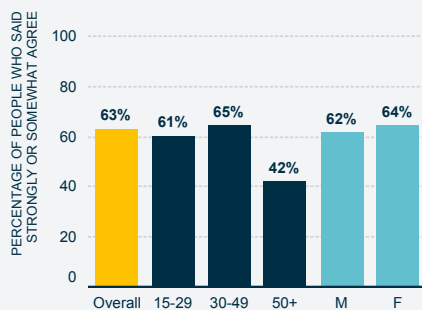
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

45% said science benefits people like them in this country



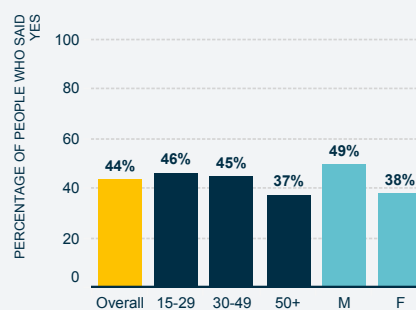
See Q17 in Question breakdown

63% said they think vaccines are safe



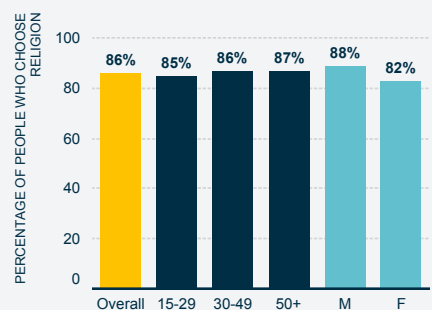
See Q25 in Question breakdown

44% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

86% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

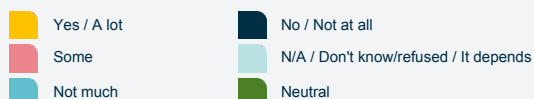
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

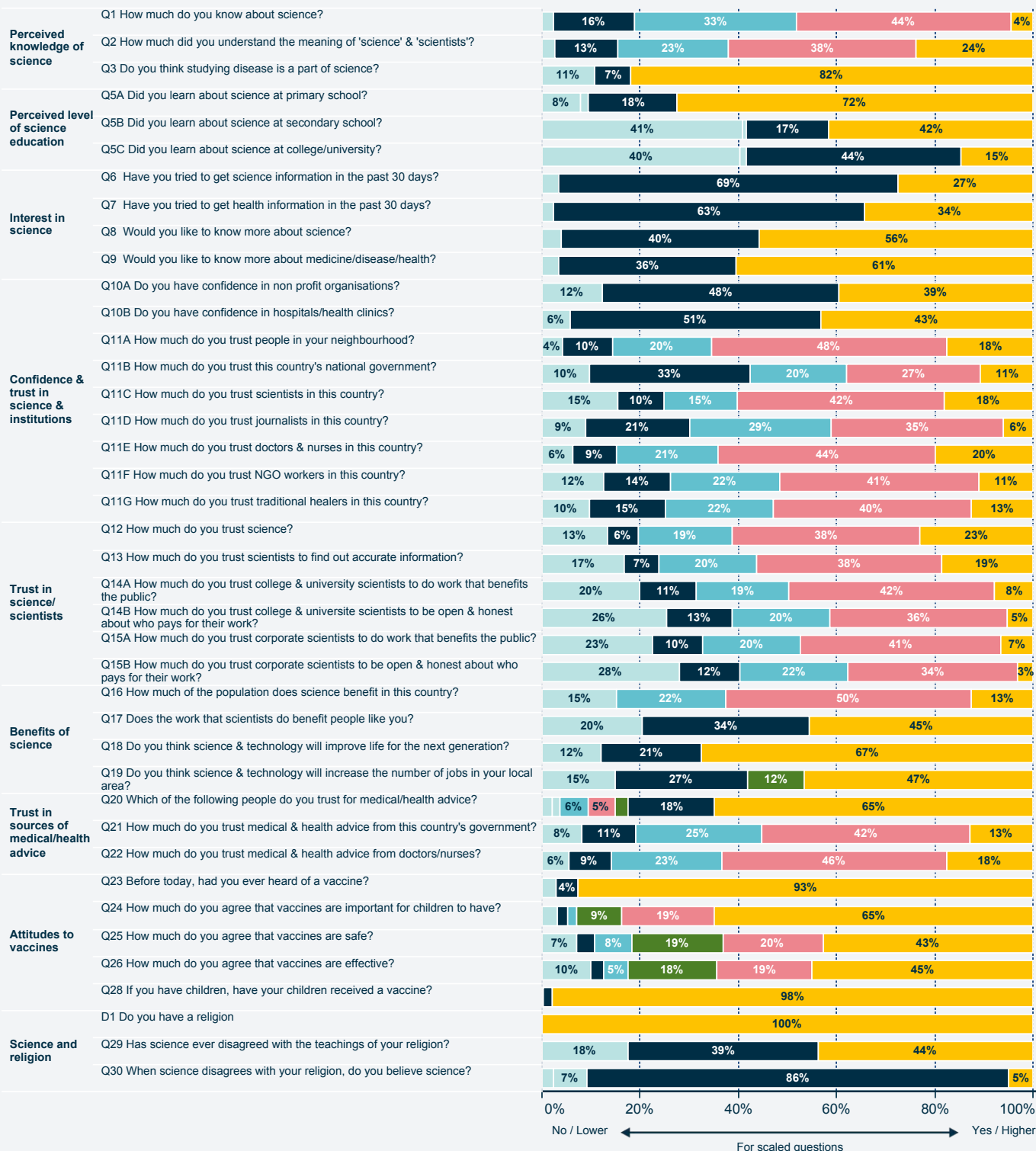


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Argentina

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Argentina, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

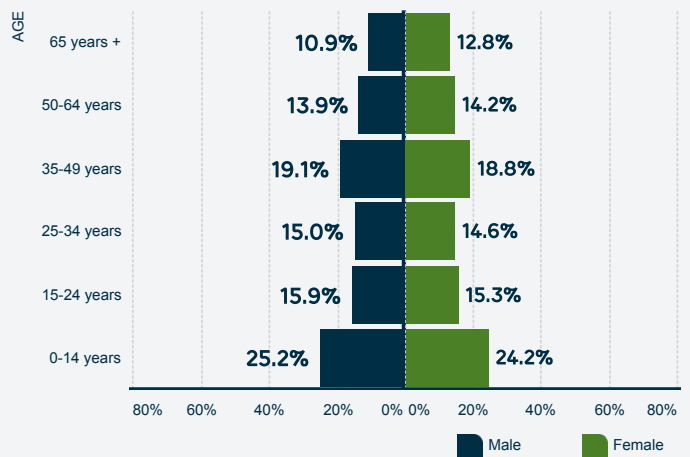
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 25 June 2018.

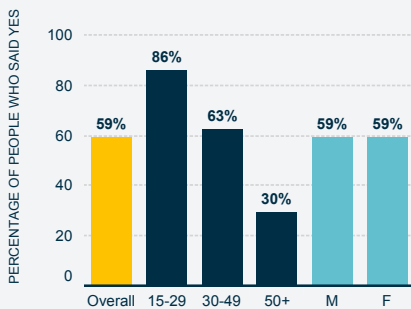
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	20,784.77
GINI coefficient, most recent value	42.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.58
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	9.19
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,220.00
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.63%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

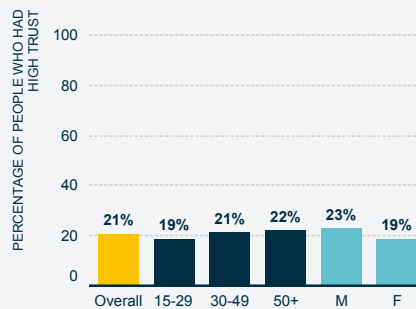


59% said they learned about science at secondary school



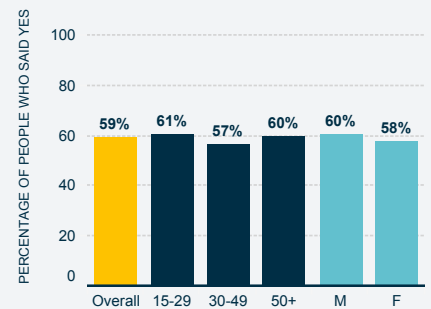
See Q5B in Question breakdown

21% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



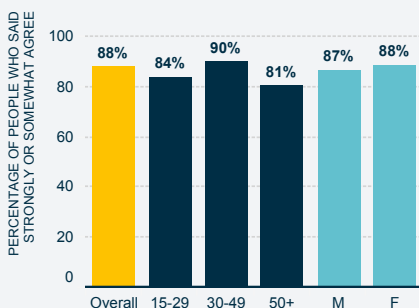
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

59% said science benefits people like them in this country



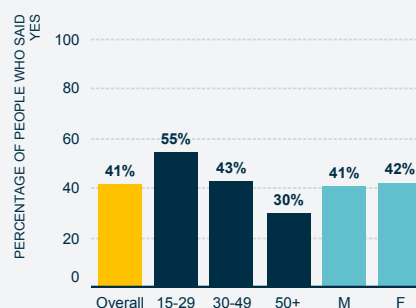
See Q17 in Question breakdown

88% said they think vaccines are safe



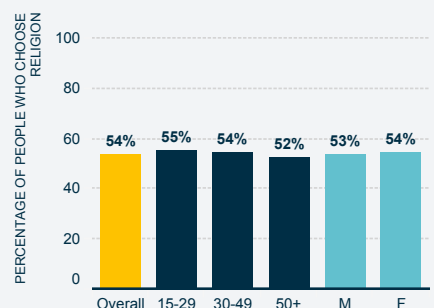
See Q25 in Question breakdown

41% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

54% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

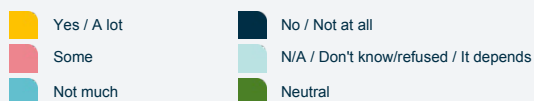
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

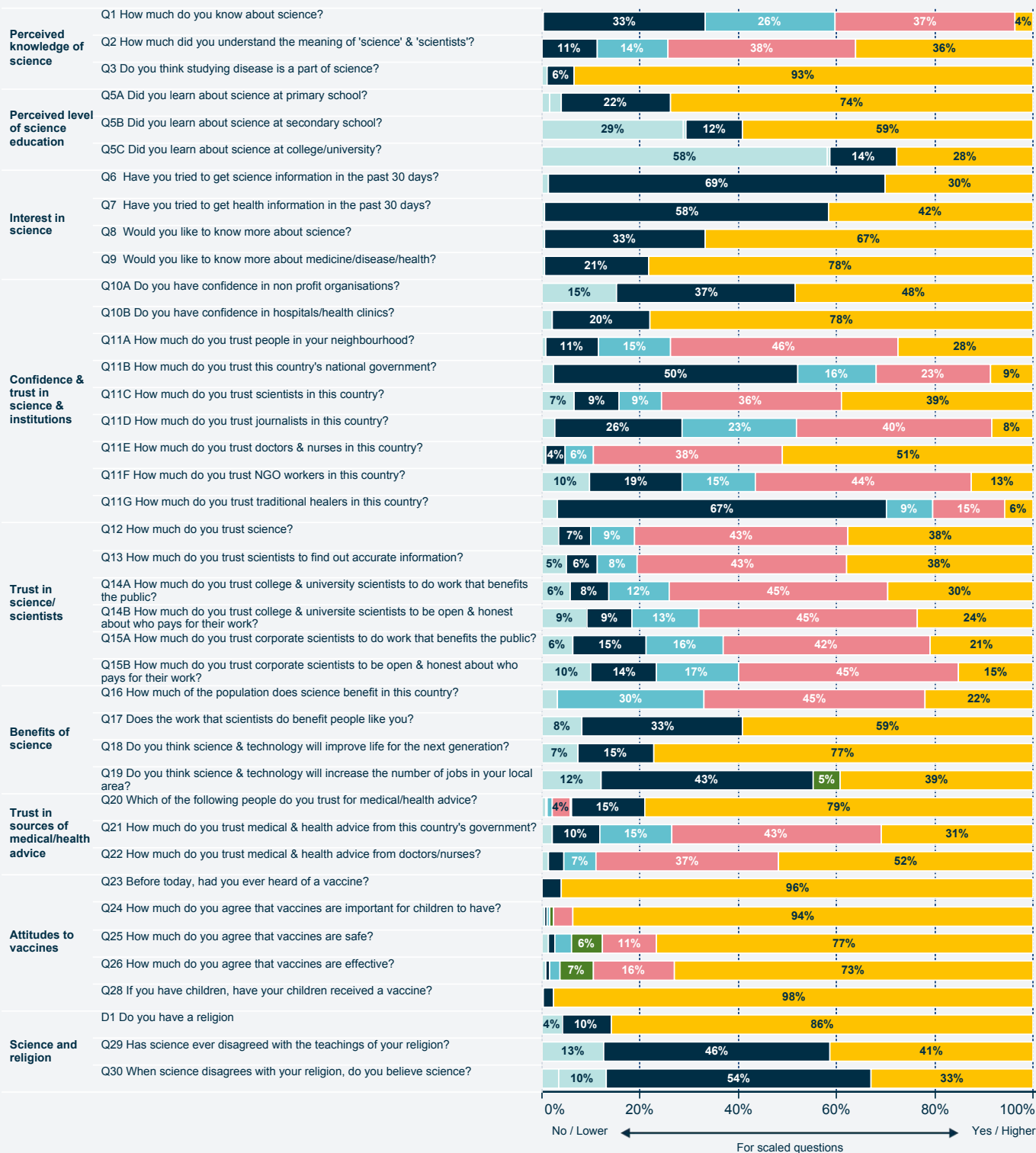


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Armenia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Armenia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

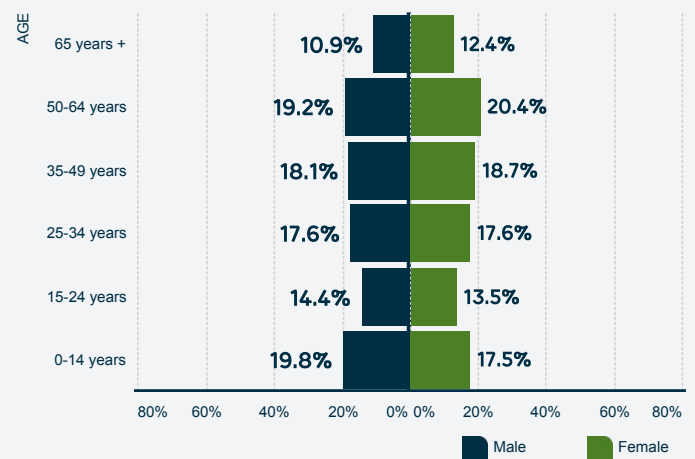
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 29 September 2018.

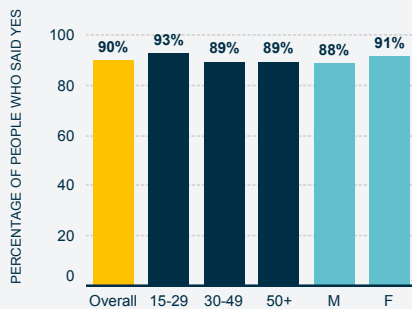
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	9,647.49
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.62
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	11.30
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

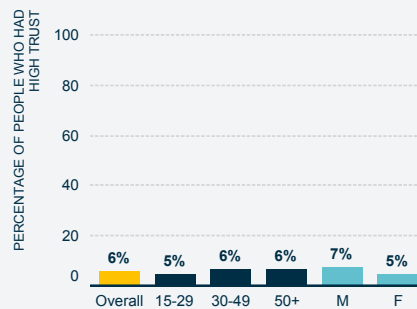


90% said they learned about science at secondary school



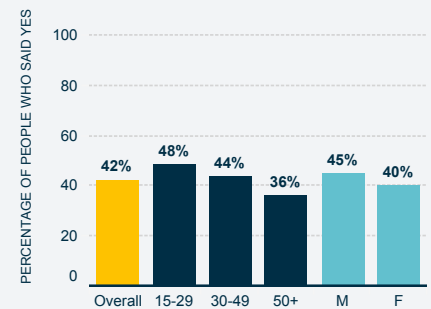
See Q5B in Question breakdown

6% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



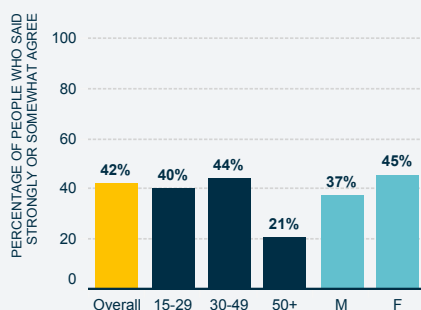
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

42% said science benefits people like them in this country



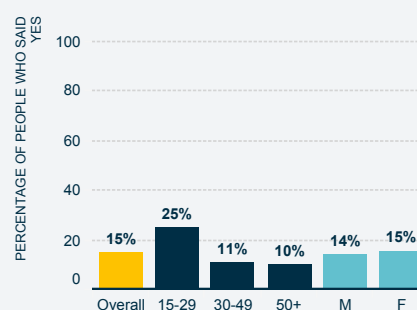
See Q17 in Question breakdown

42% said they think vaccines are safe



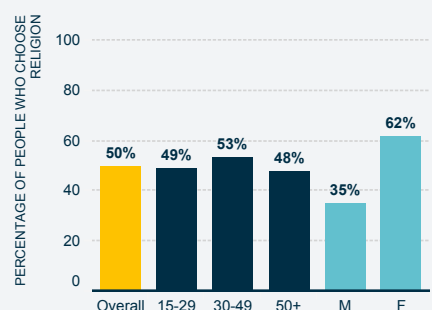
See Q25 in Question breakdown

15% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

50% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

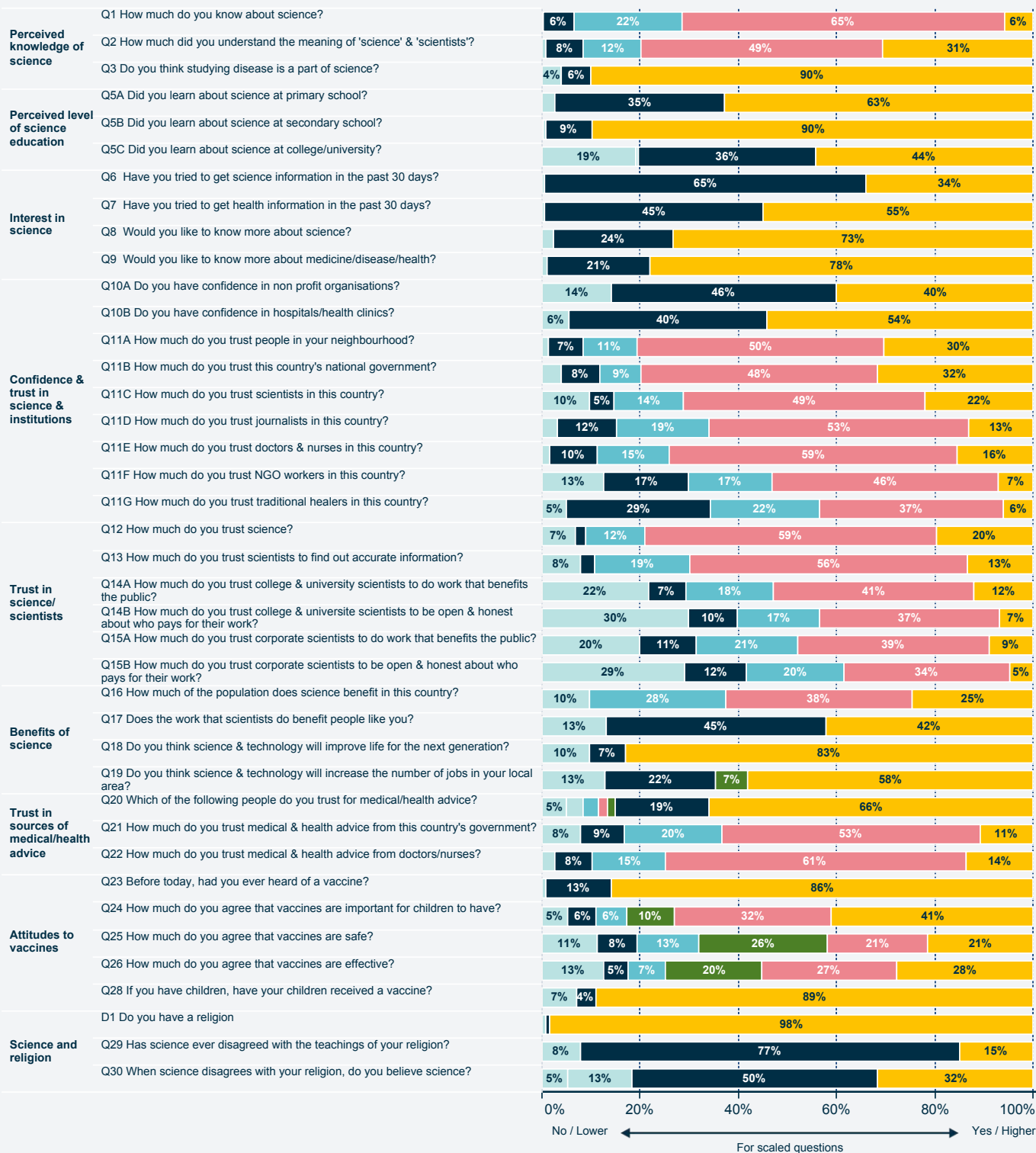


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Australia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Australia, based on a sample of 1,003 interviews.

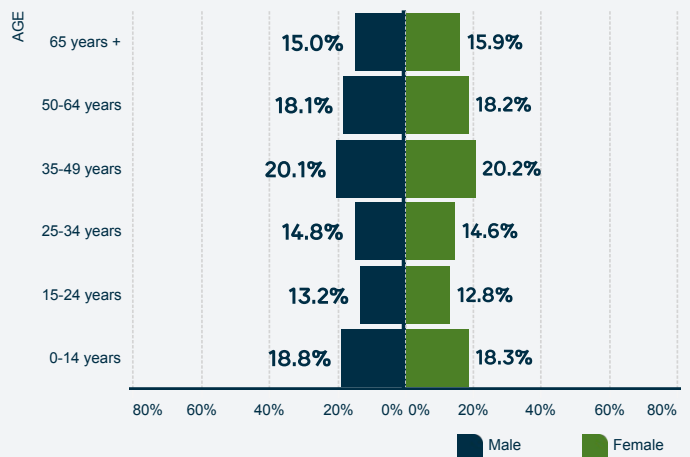
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 21 October 2018.

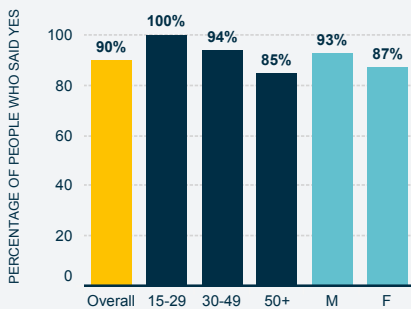
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	48,460.05
GINI coefficient, most recent value	34.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.50
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,539.49
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.93%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

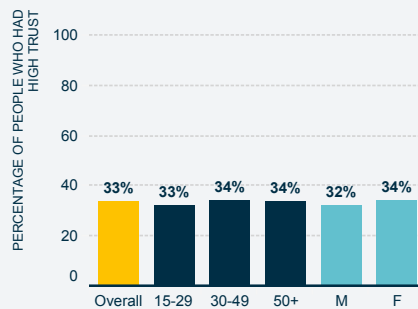


90% said they learned about science at secondary school



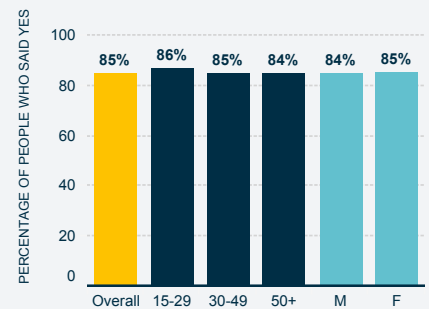
See Q5B in Question breakdown

33% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



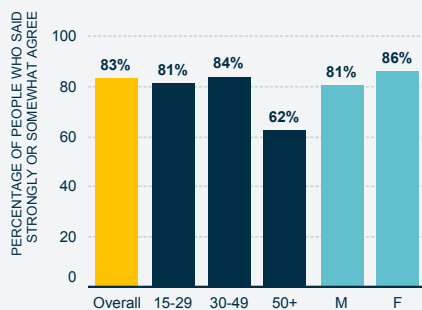
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

85% said science benefits people like them in this country



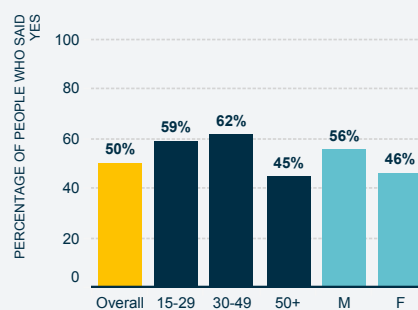
See Q17 in Question breakdown

83% said they think vaccines are safe



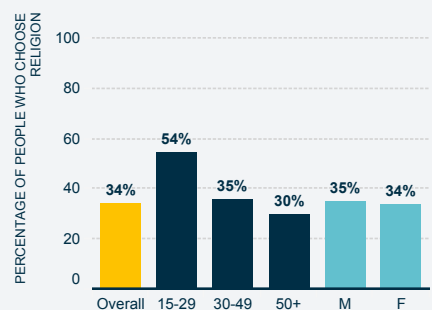
See Q25 in Question breakdown

50% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

34% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

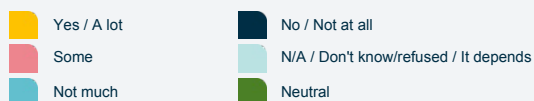
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

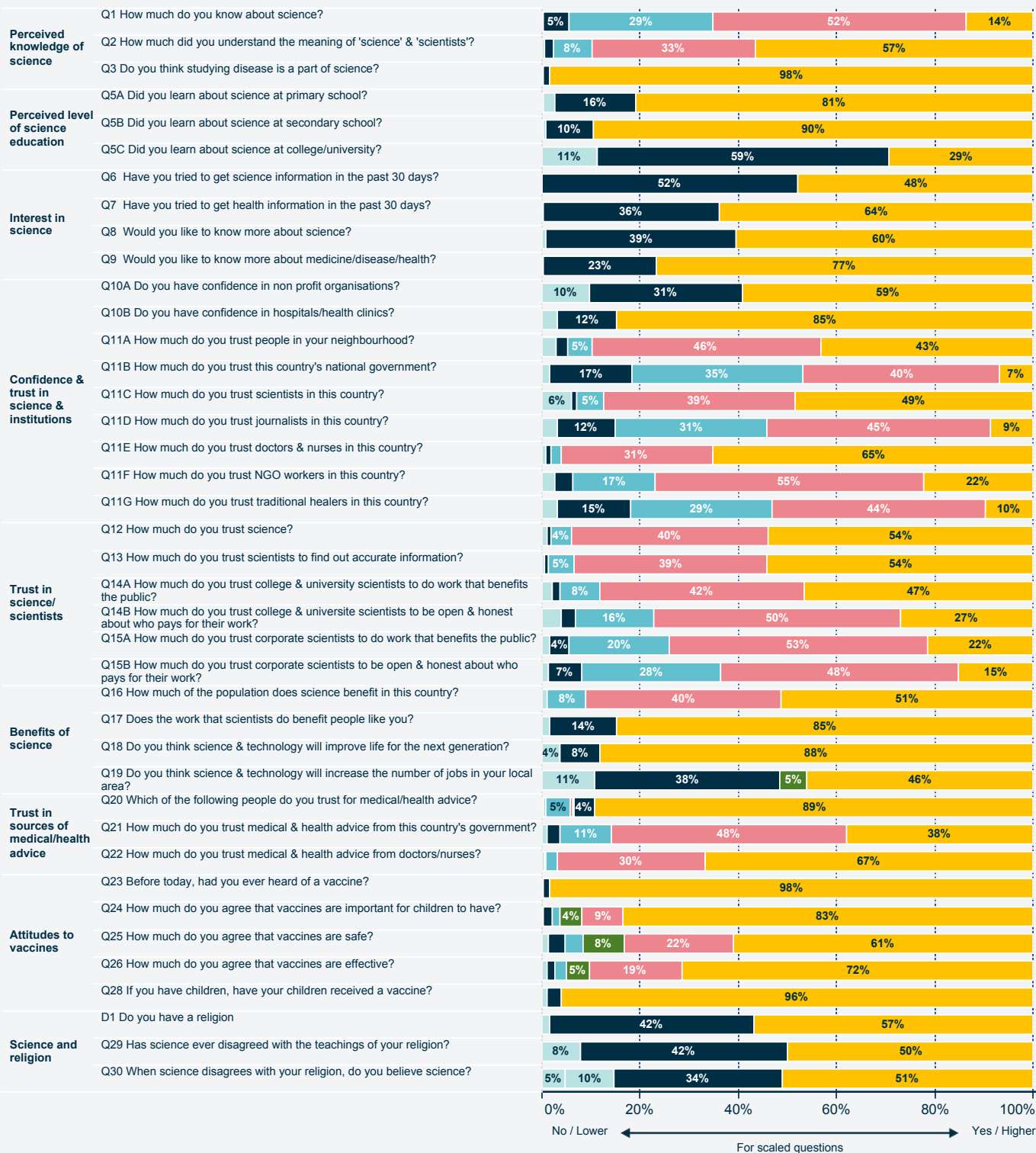


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Austria

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Austria, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

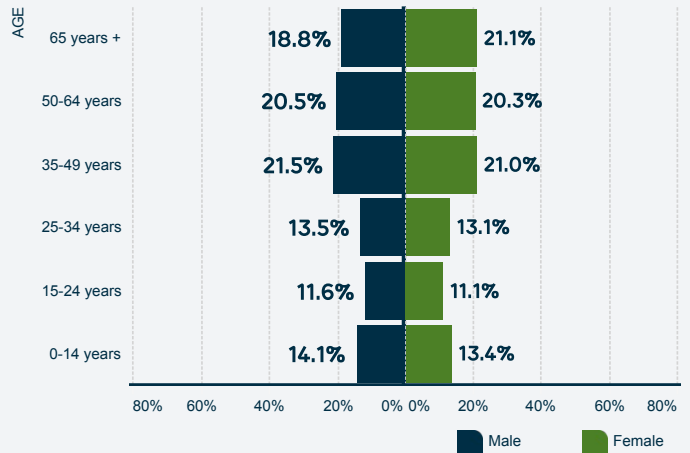
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 19 October 2018.

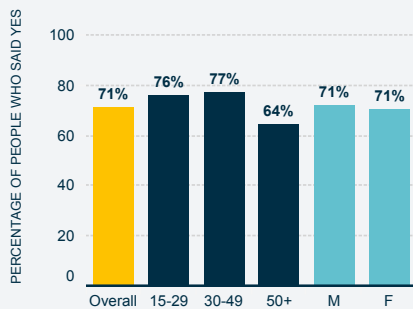
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	52,397.75
GINI coefficient, most recent value	30.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.89
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	5,157.52
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	3.09%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

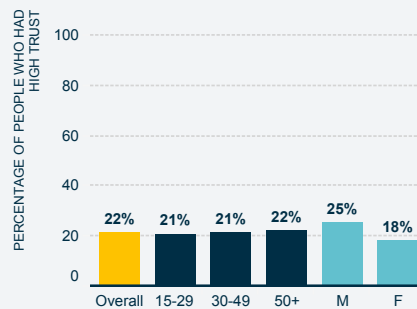


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



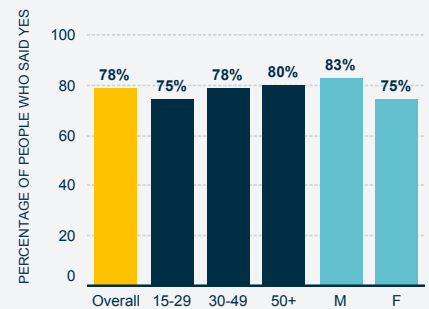
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



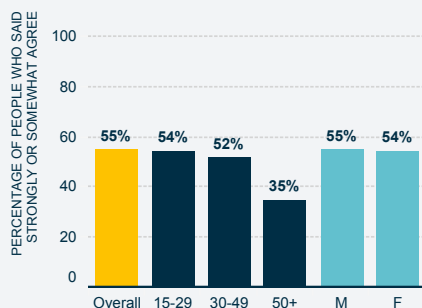
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

78% said science benefits people like them in this country



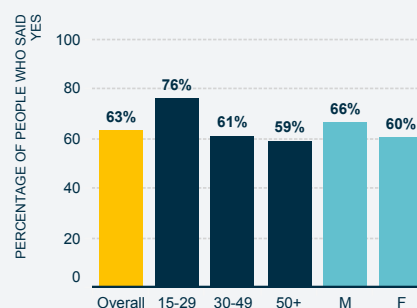
See Q17 in Question breakdown

55% said they think vaccines are safe



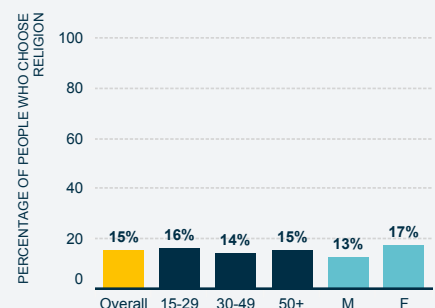
See Q25 in Question breakdown

63% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

15% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

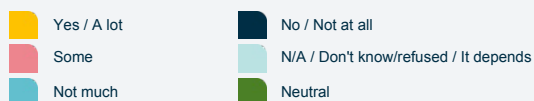
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

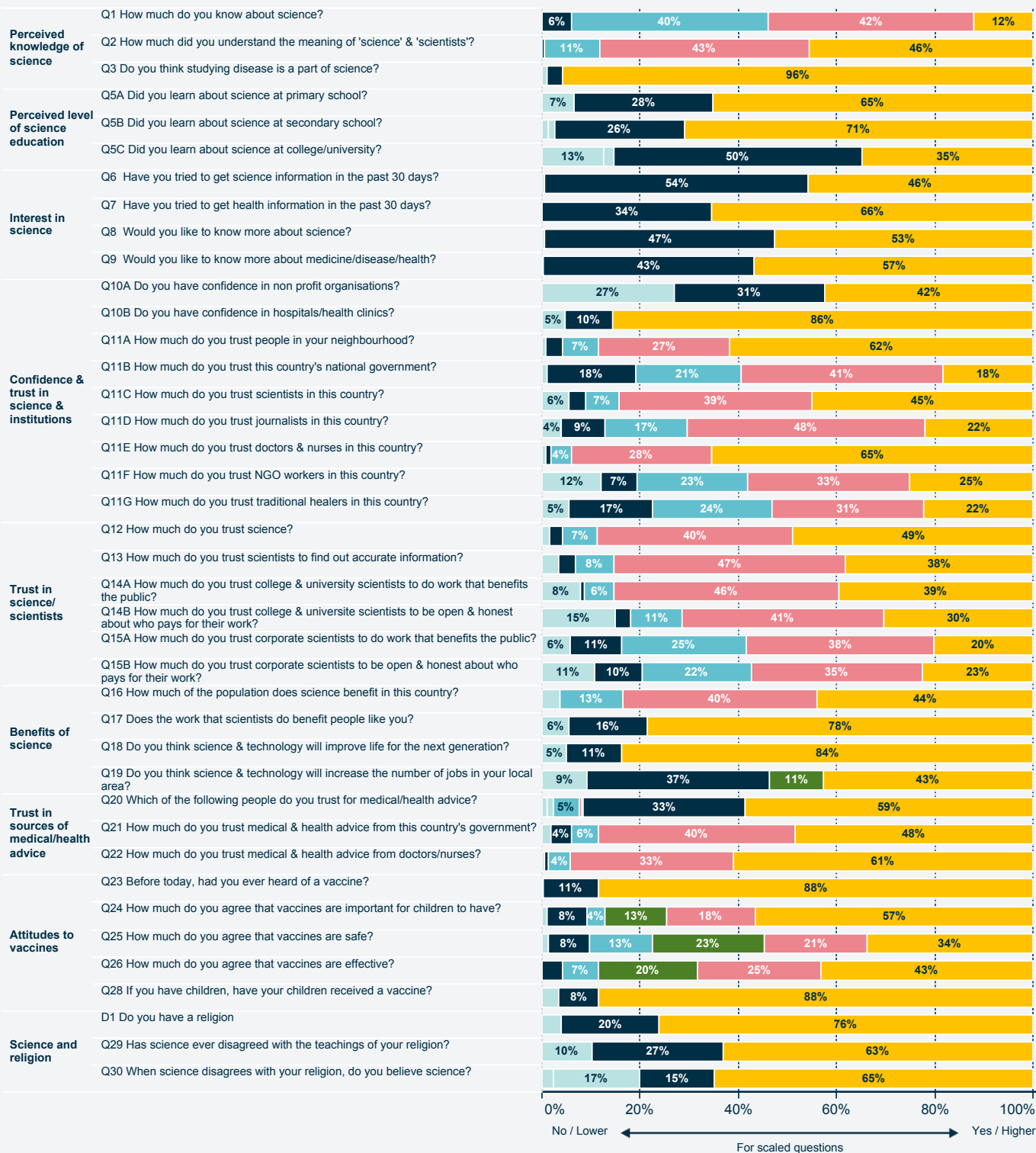


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Azerbaijan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Azerbaijan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

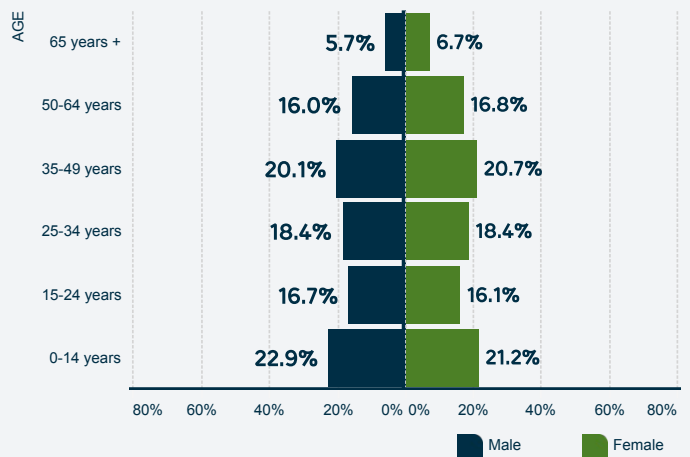
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 September 2018.

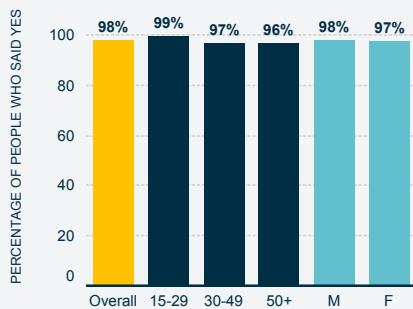
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	17,398.16
GINI coefficient, most recent value	16.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	72.03
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	20.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

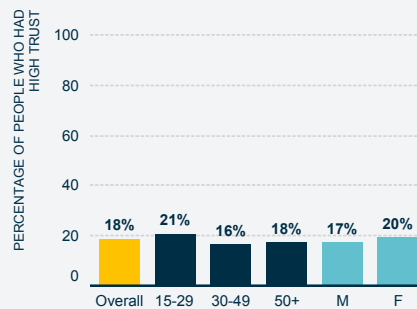


98% said they learned about science at secondary school



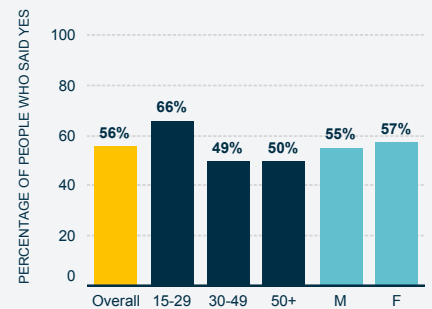
See Q5B in Question breakdown

18% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



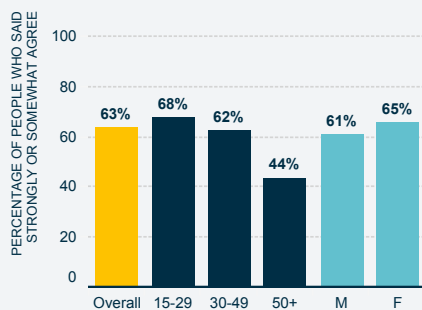
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



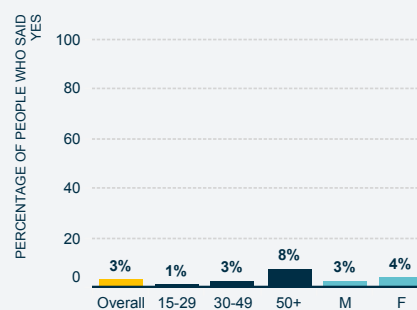
See Q17 in Question breakdown

63% said they think vaccines are safe



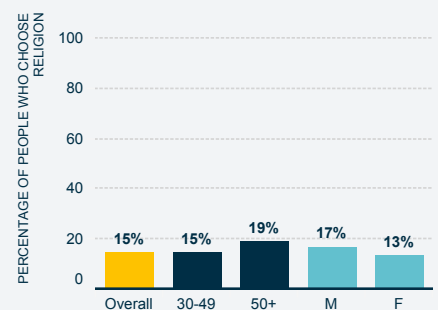
See Q25 in Question breakdown

3% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

15% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

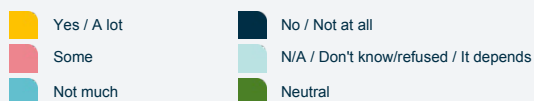
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

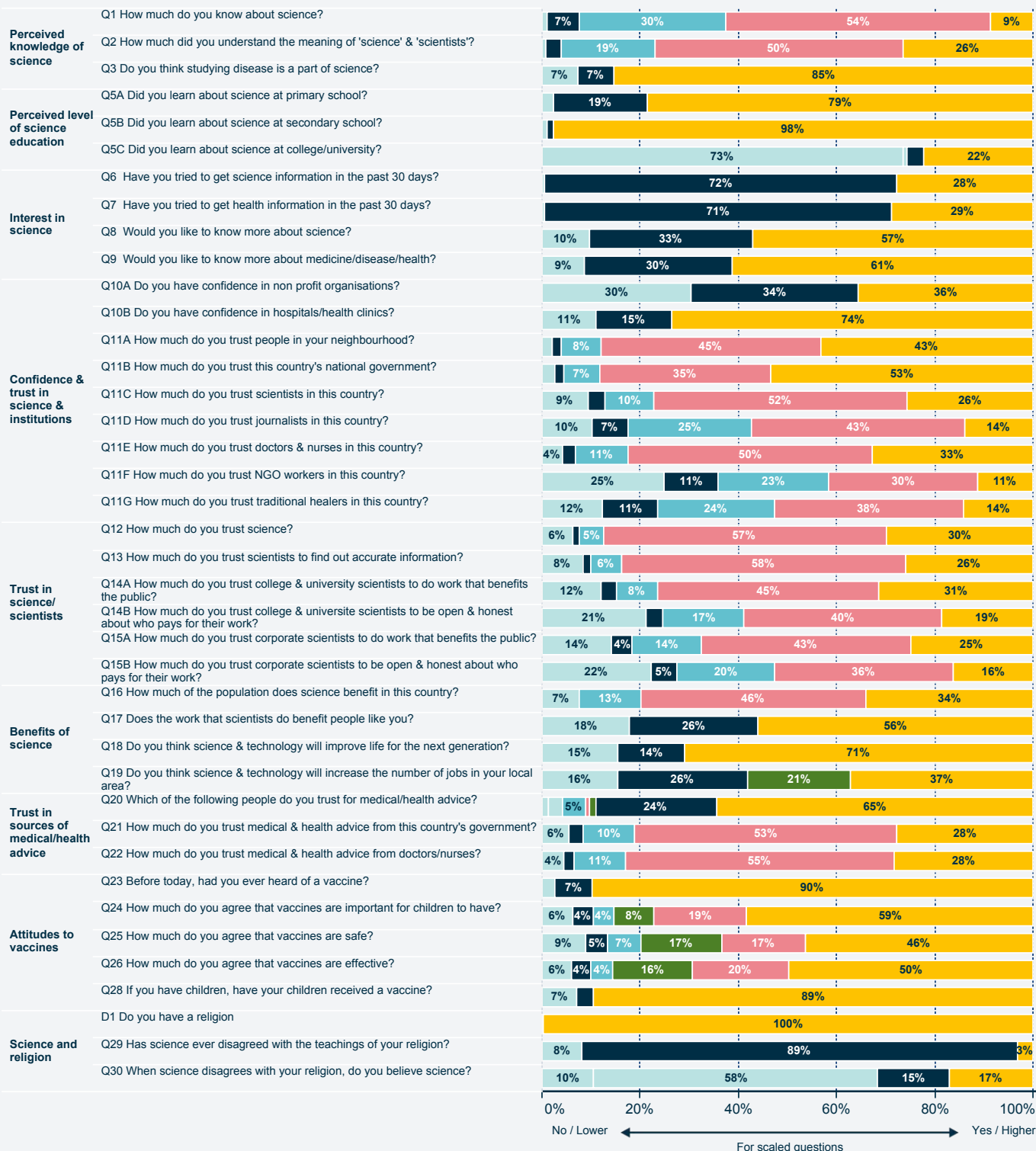


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Bangladesh

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Bangladesh, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

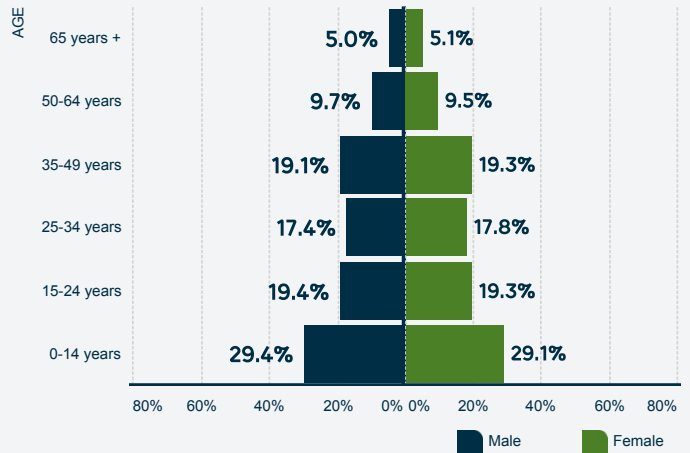
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 August 2018.

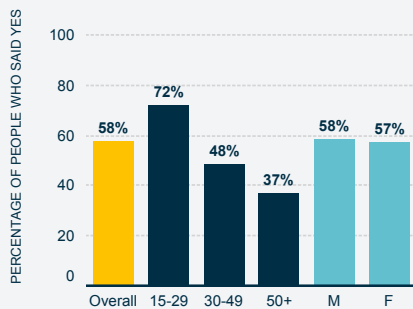
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	3,868.82
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	72.49
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	26.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

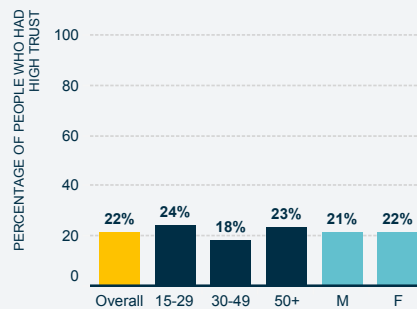


58% said they learned about science at secondary school



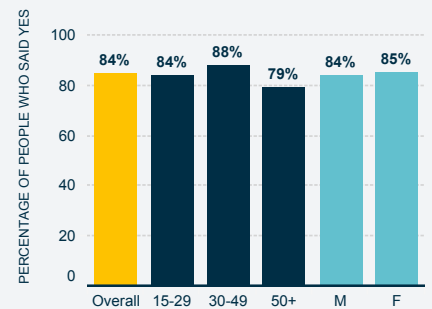
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



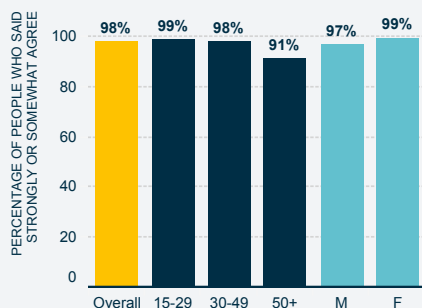
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

84% said science benefits people like them in this country



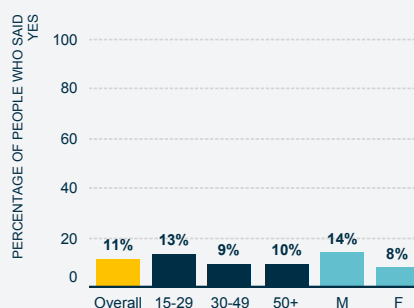
See Q17 in Question breakdown

98% said they think vaccines are safe



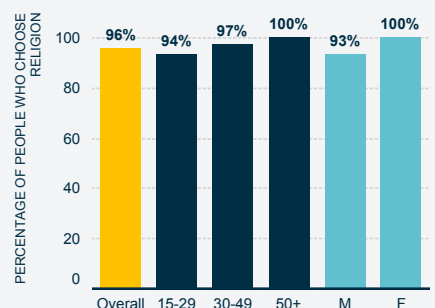
See Q25 in Question breakdown

11% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

96% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

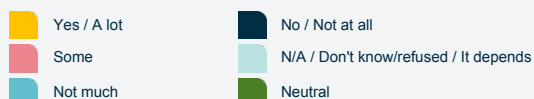
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

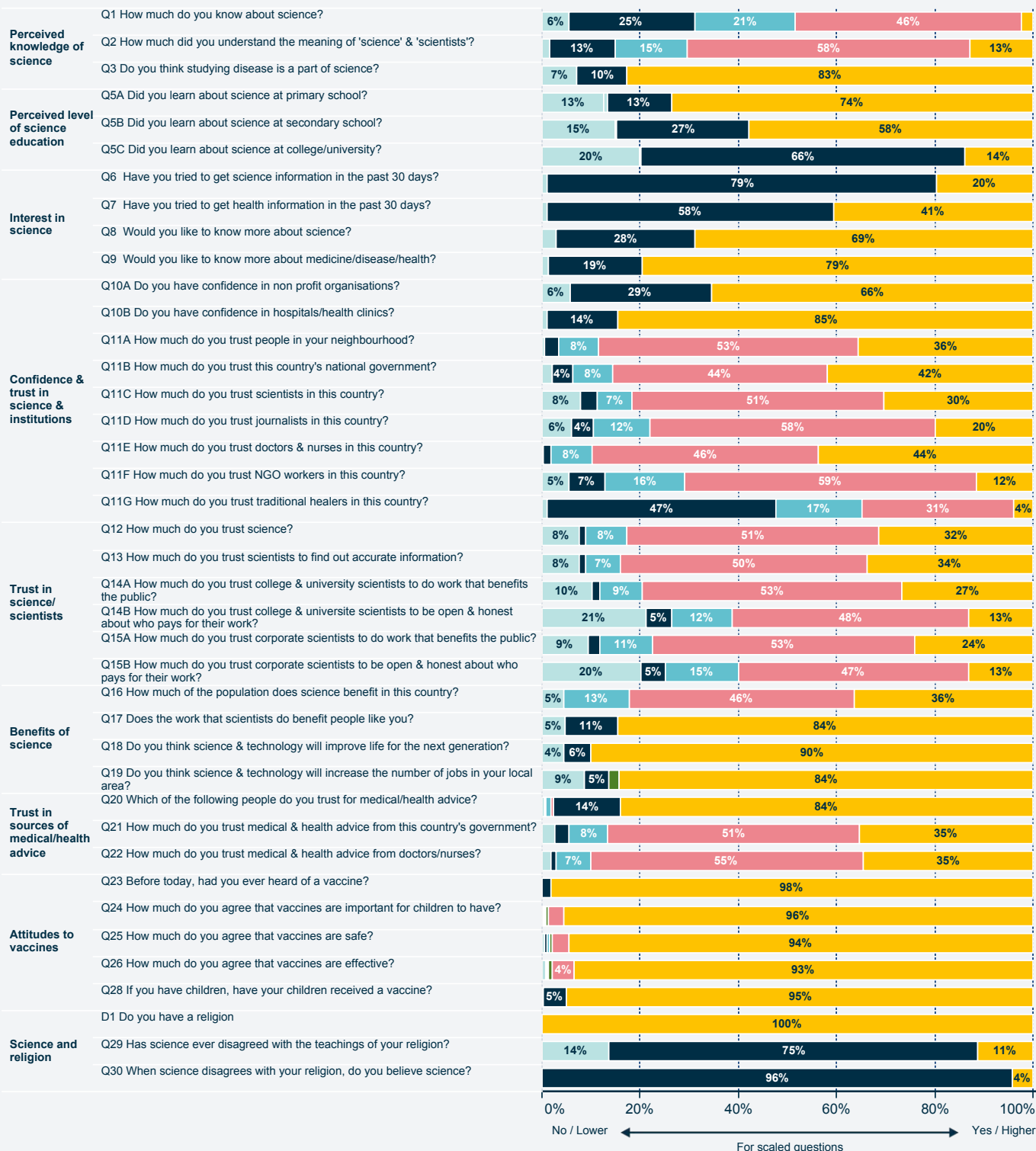


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Belarus

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Belarus, based on a sample of 1,061 interviews.

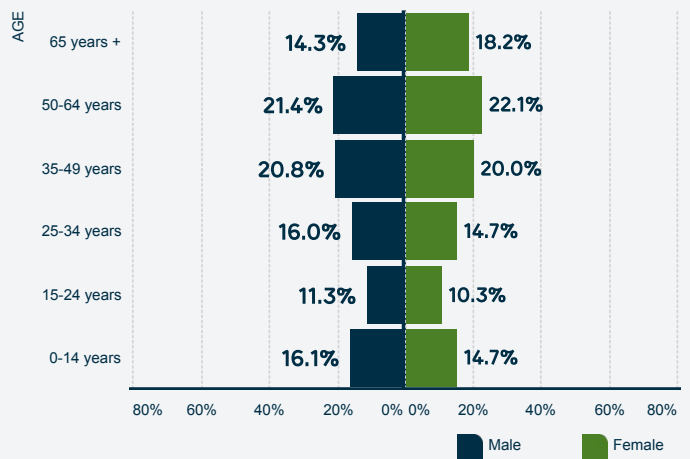
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 17 July 2018.

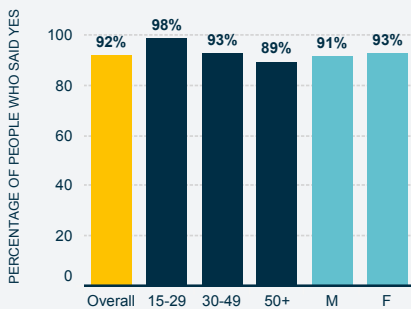
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	18,836.52
GINI coefficient, most recent value	27.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.83
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

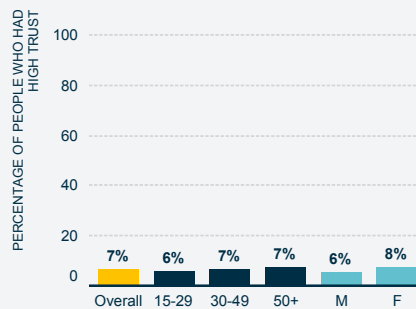


92% said they learned about science at secondary school



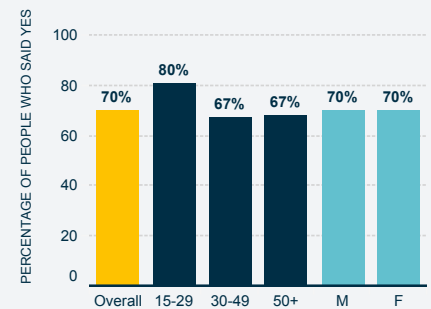
See Q5B in Question breakdown

7% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



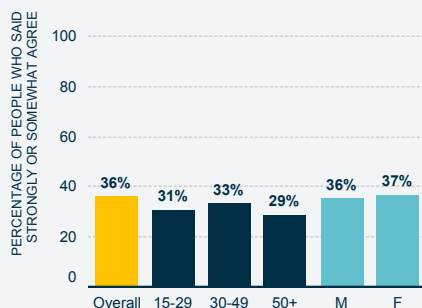
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

70% said science benefits people like them in this country



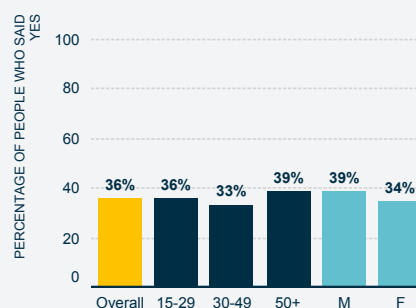
See Q17 in Question breakdown

36% said they think vaccines are safe



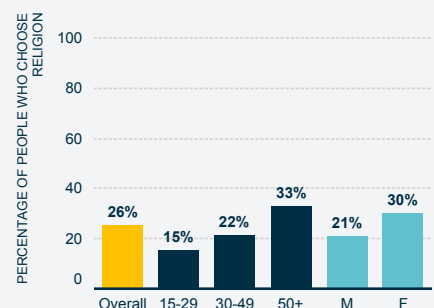
See Q25 in Question breakdown

36% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

26% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

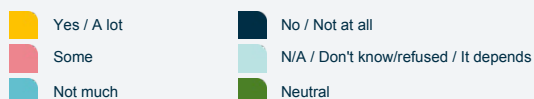
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

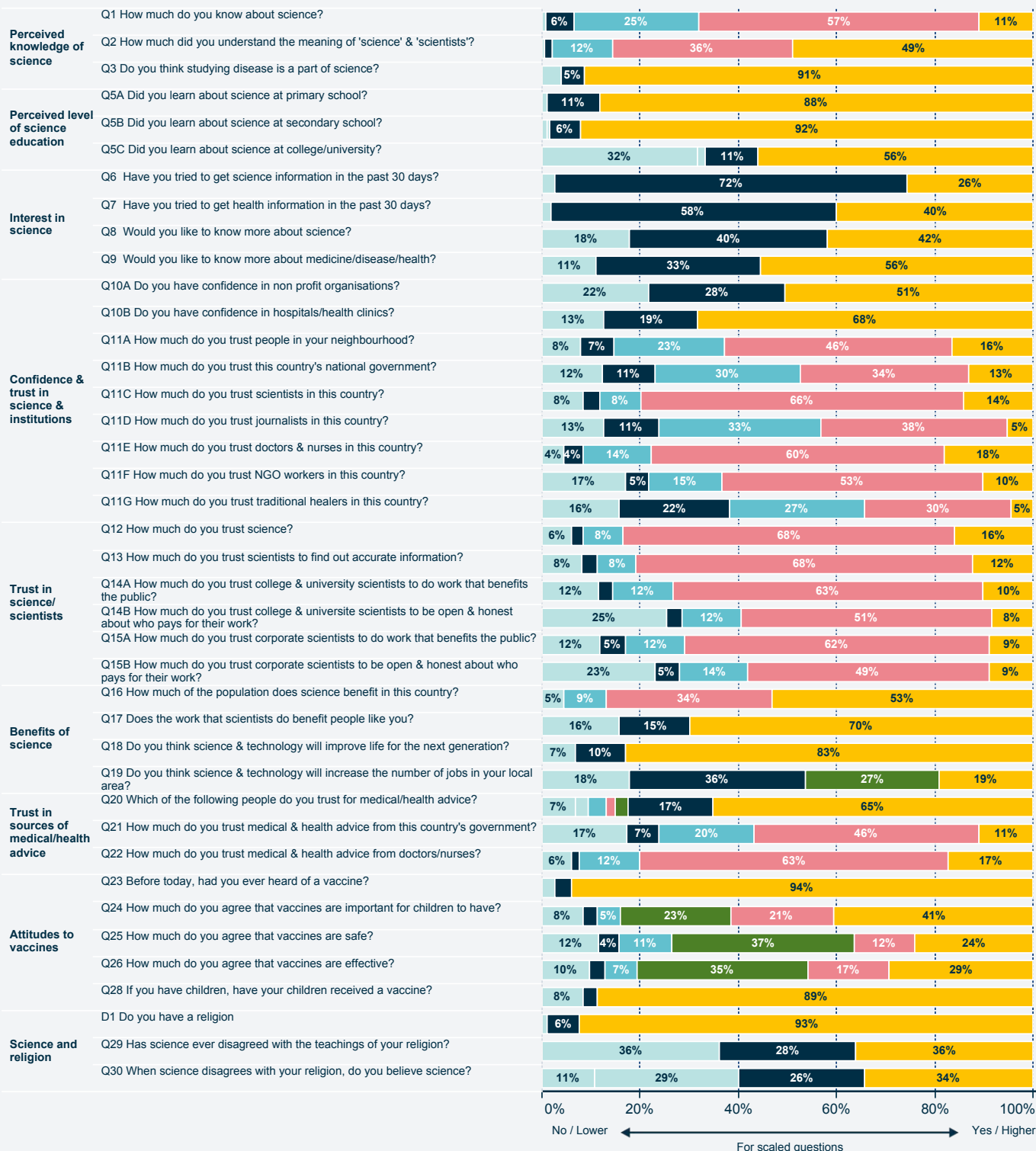


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Belgium

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Belgium, based on a sample of 1,004 interviews.

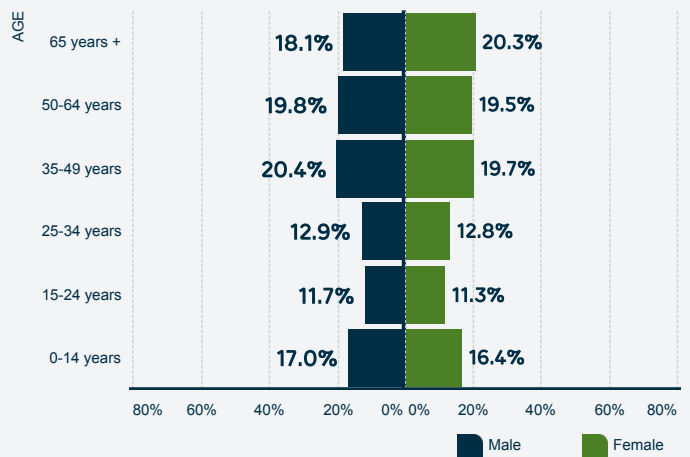
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 22 June 2018.

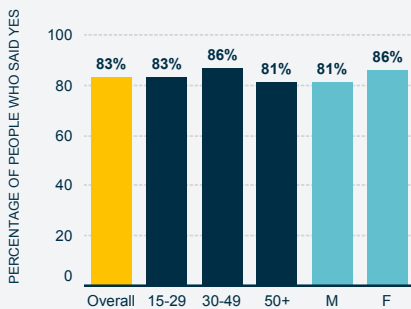
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	47,840.20
GINI coefficient, most recent value	27.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.99
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,734.04
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.49%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

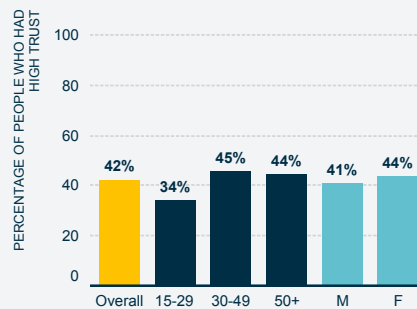


83% said they learned about science at secondary school



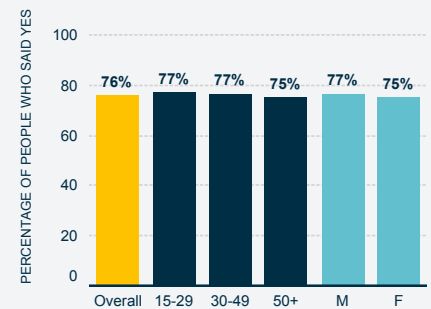
See Q5B in Question breakdown

42% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



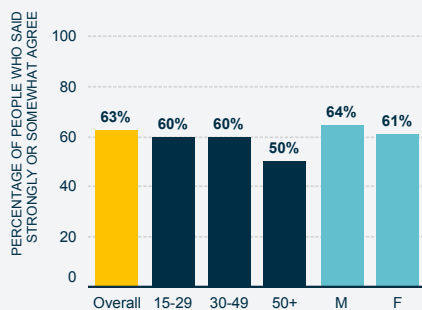
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

76% said science benefits people like them in this country



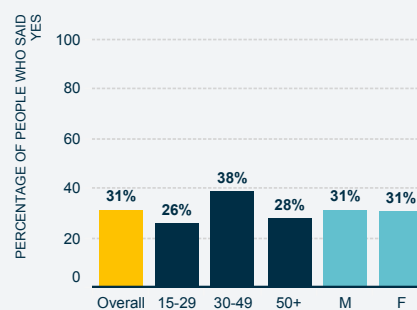
See Q17 in Question breakdown

63% said they think vaccines are safe



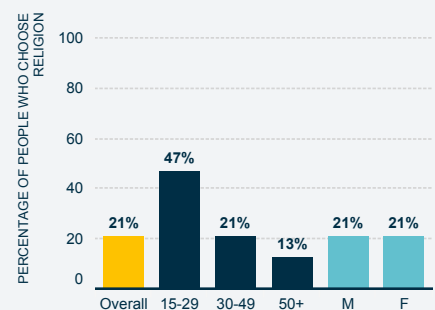
See Q25 in Question breakdown

31% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

21% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

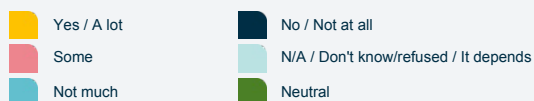
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

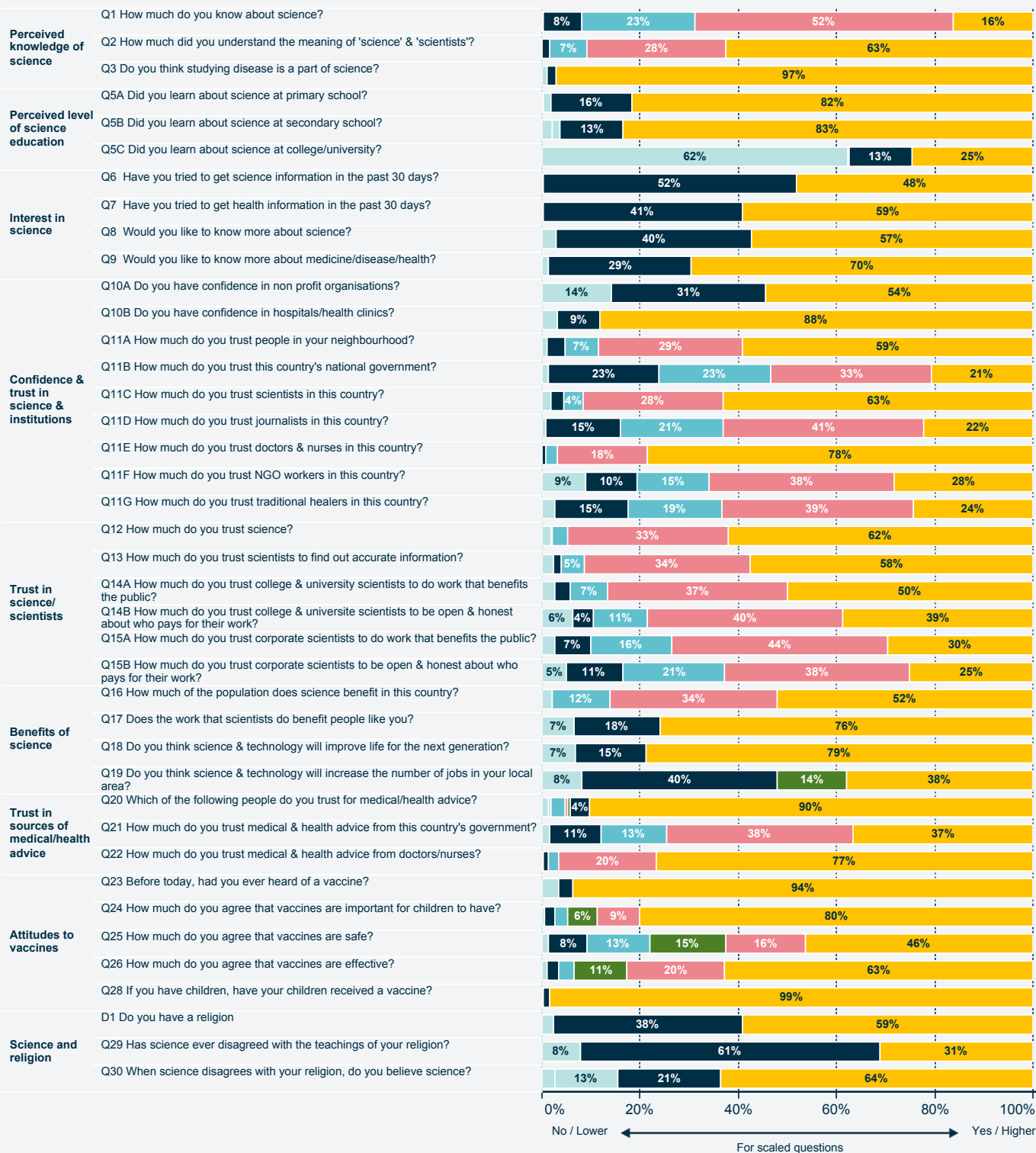


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Benin

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Benin, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

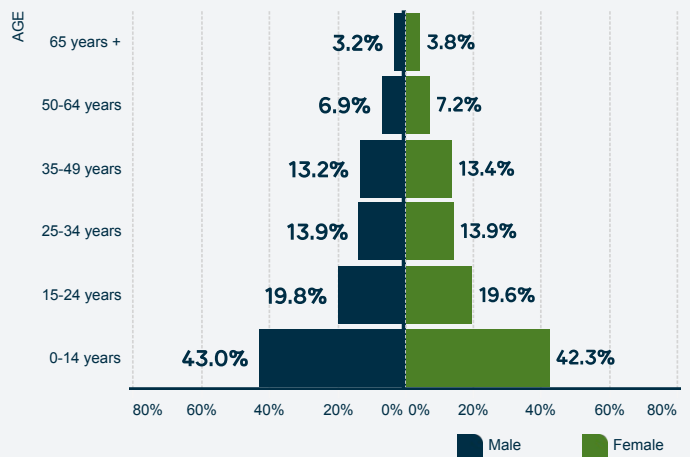
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 6 August 2018.

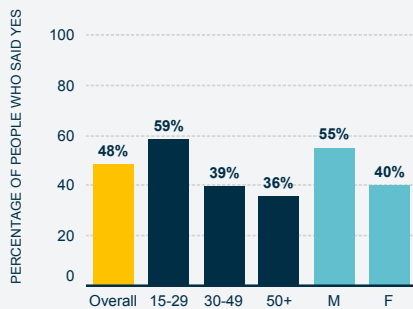
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,271.68
GINI coefficient, most recent value	47.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	60.91
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	63.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

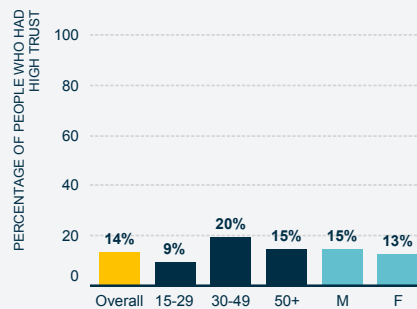


48% said they learned about science at secondary school



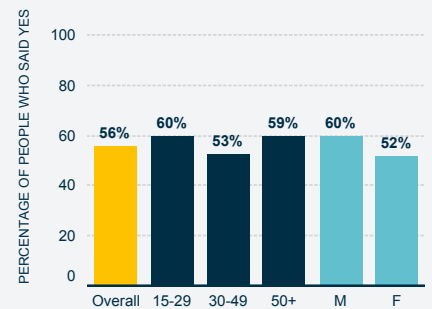
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



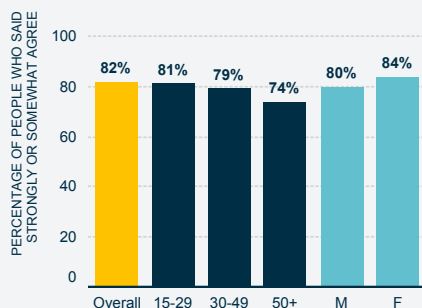
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



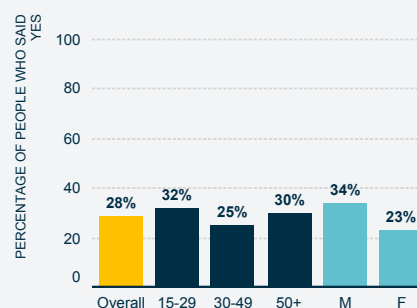
See Q17 in Question breakdown

82% said they think vaccines are safe



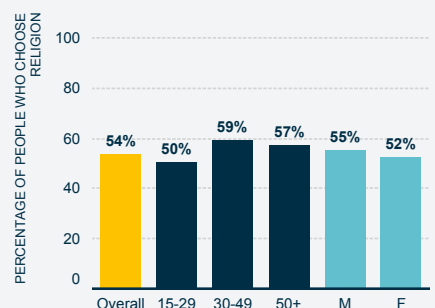
See Q25 in Question breakdown

28% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

54% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

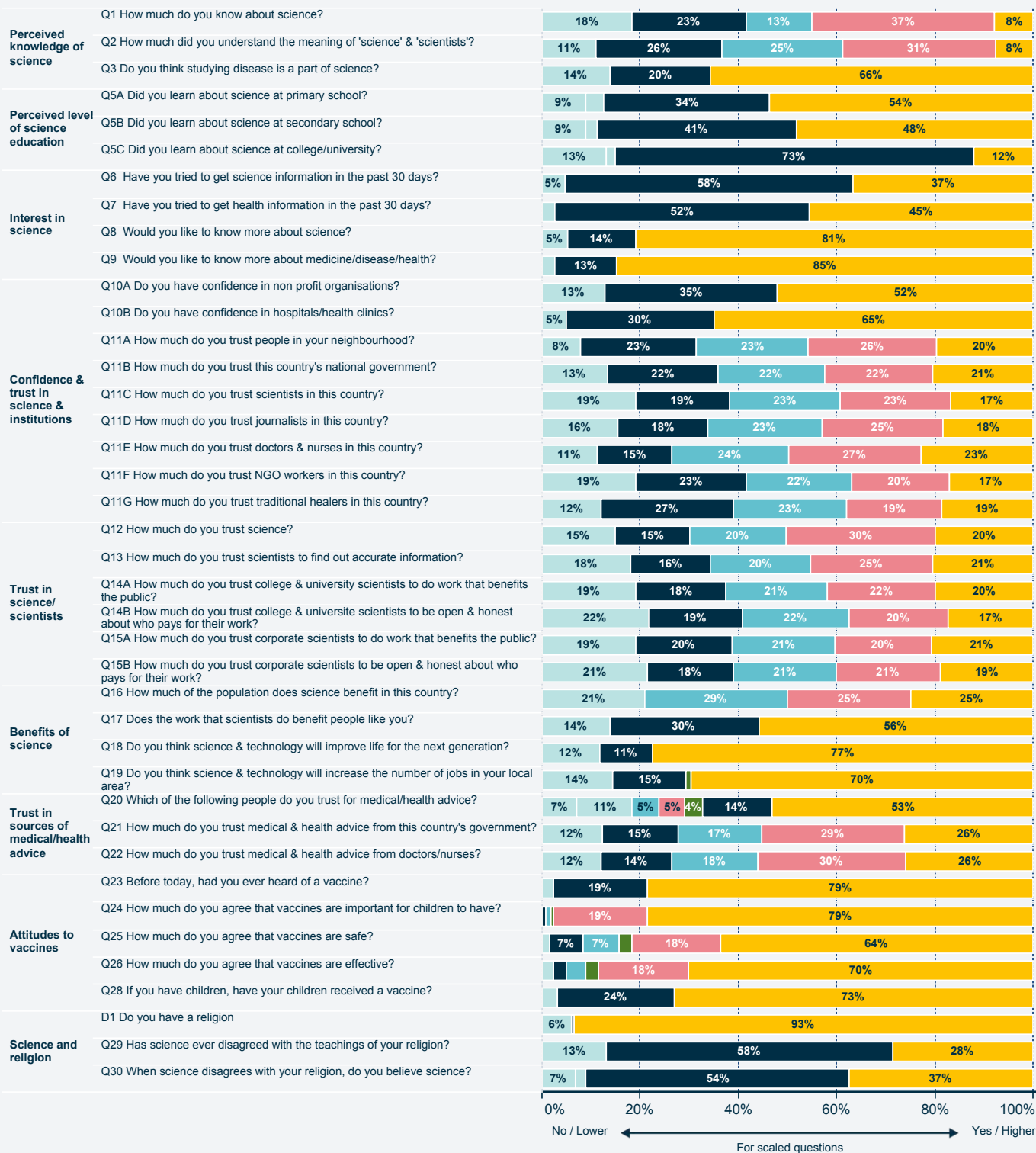


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Bolivia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Bolivia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

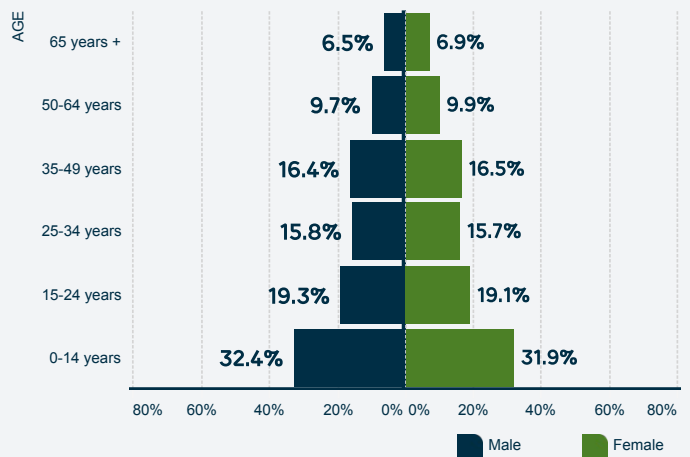
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 10 October 2018.

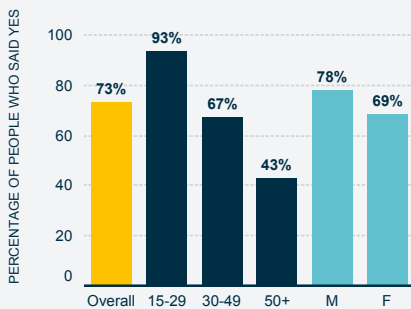
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	7,559.64
GINI coefficient, most recent value	44.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	69.13
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	28.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	165.95
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.16%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

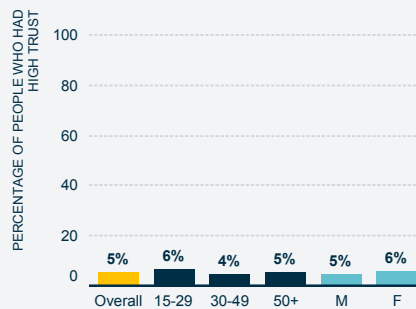


73% said they learned about science at secondary school



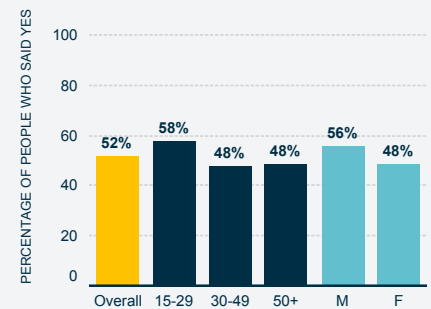
See Q5B in Question breakdown

5% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



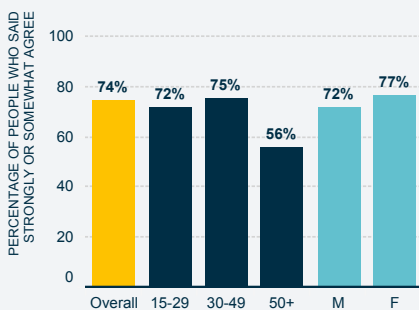
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

52% said science benefits people like them in this country



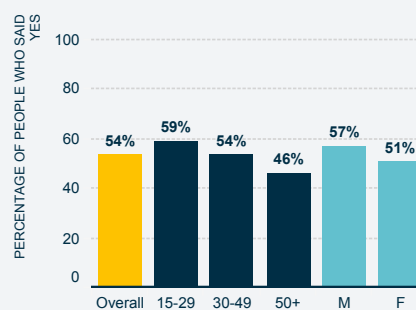
See Q17 in Question breakdown

74% said they think vaccines are safe



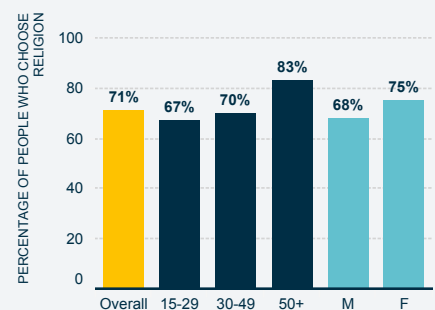
See Q25 in Question breakdown

54% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

71% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

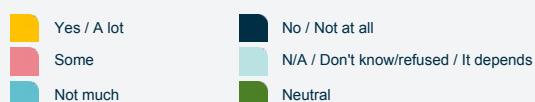
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

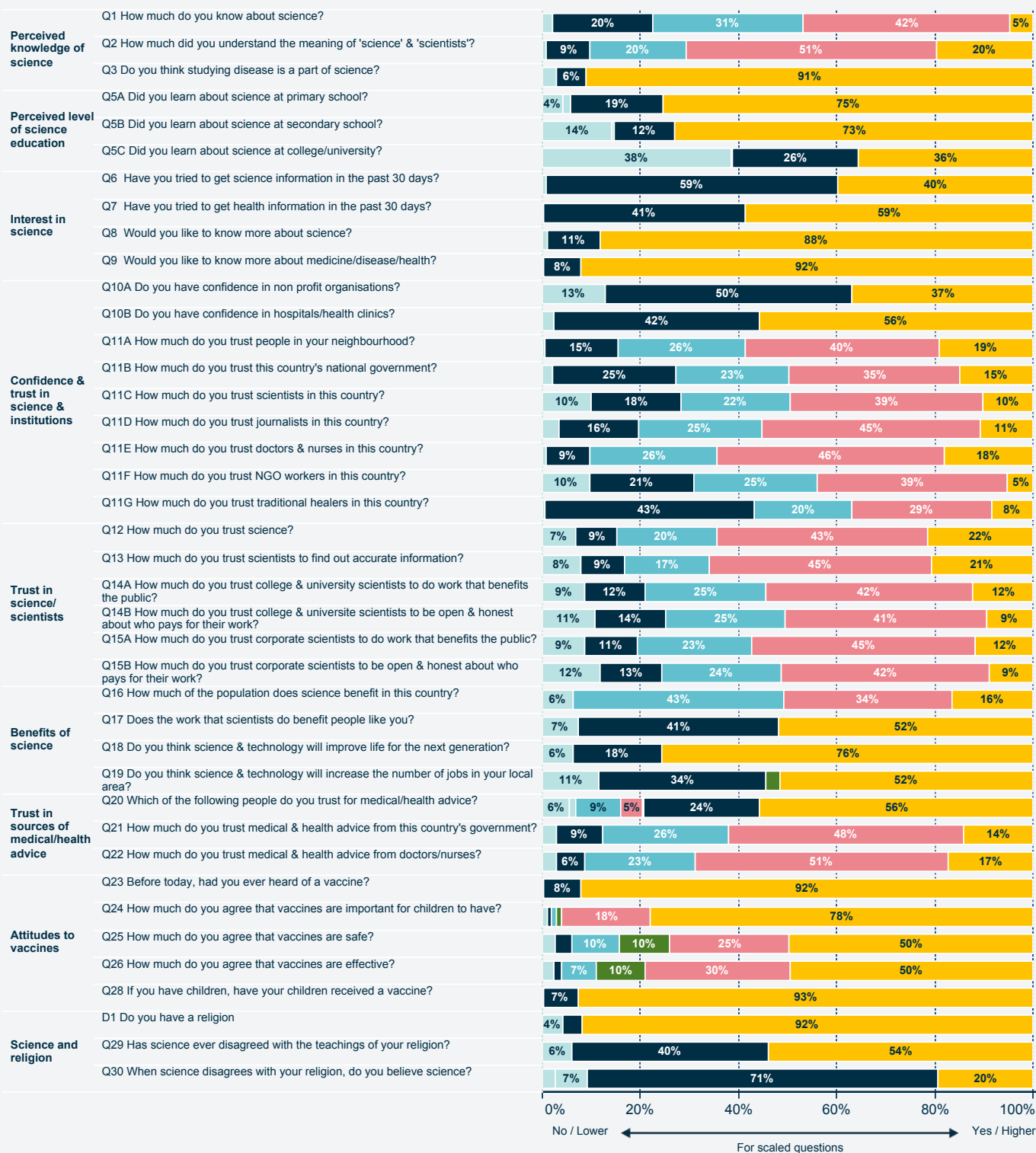


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Bosnia Herzegovina

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Bosnia Herzegovina, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

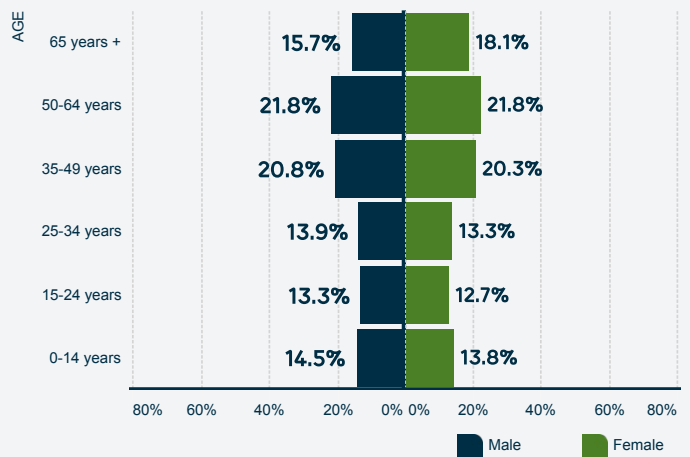
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 9 September 2018.

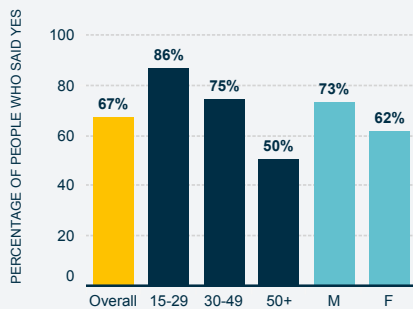
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	13,107.72
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.91
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	4.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	404.40
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.22%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

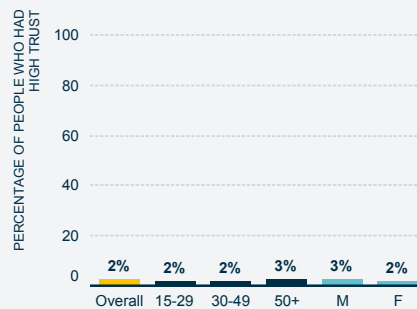


67% said they learned about science at secondary school



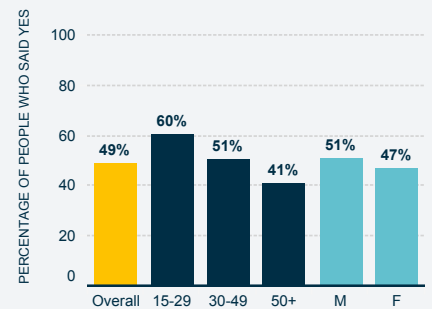
See Q5B in Question breakdown

2% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



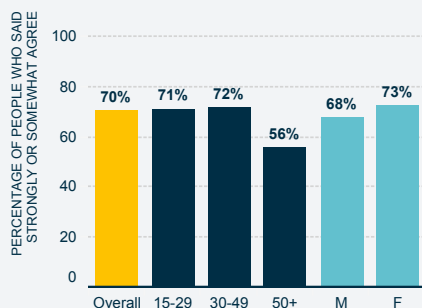
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

49% said science benefits people like them in this country



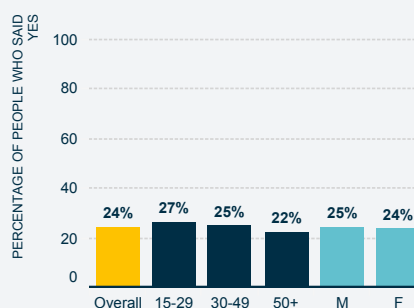
See Q17 in Question breakdown

70% said they think vaccines are safe



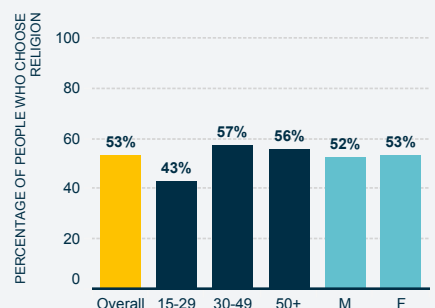
See Q25 in Question breakdown

24% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

53% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

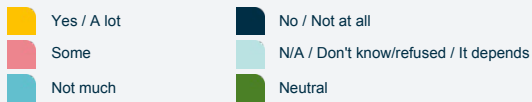
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

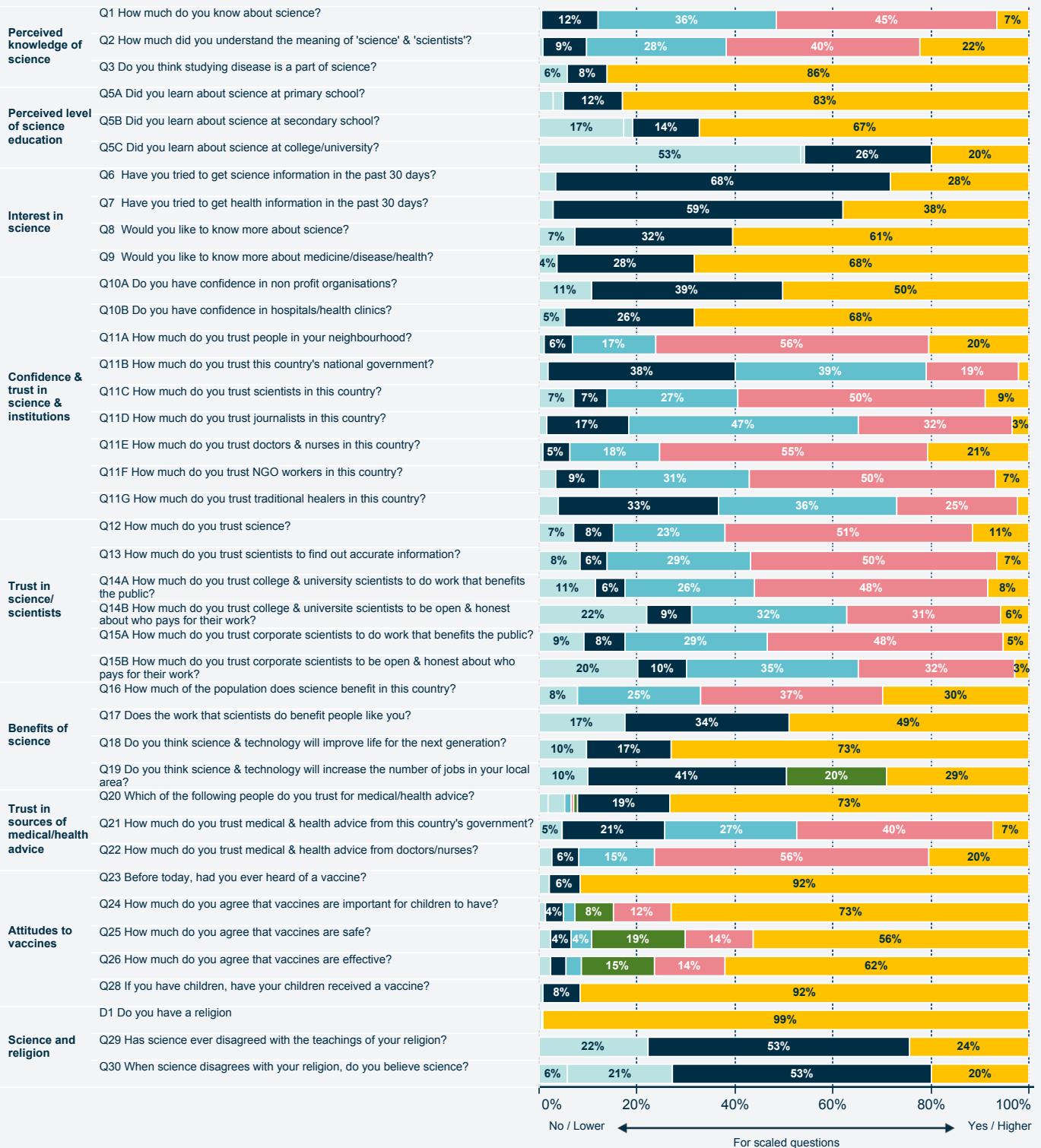


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Botswana

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Botswana, based on a sample of 1,002 interviews.

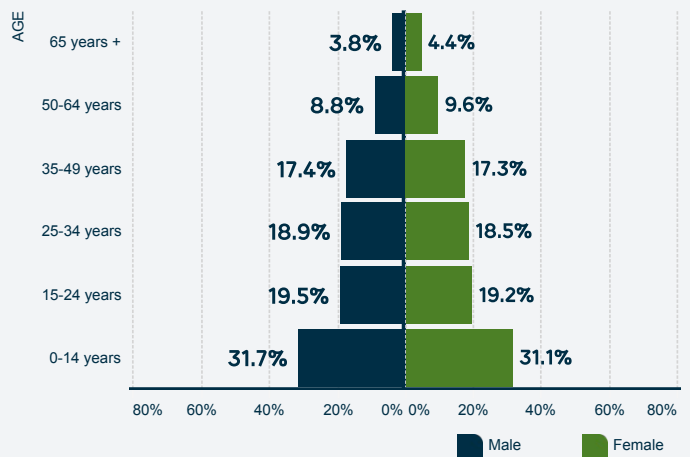
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 1 December 2018.

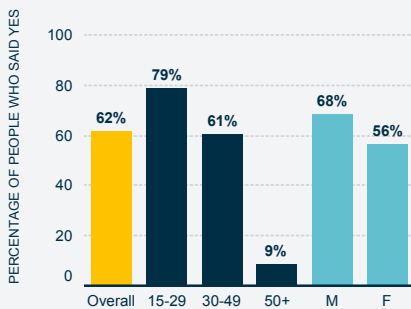
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	16,988.12
GINI coefficient, most recent value	60.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	66.80
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	30.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	179.47
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.54%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

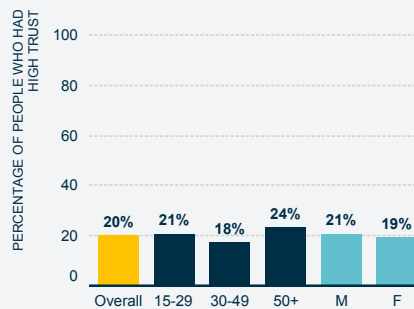


62% said they learned about science at secondary school



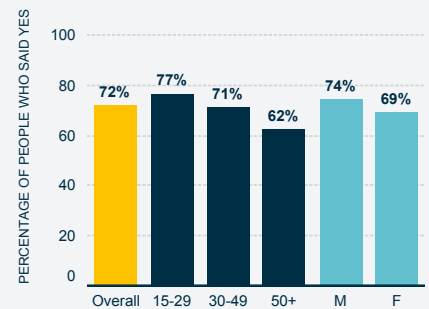
See Q5B in Question breakdown

20% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



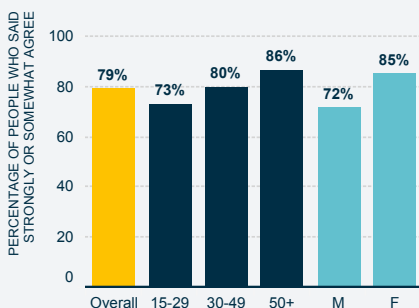
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

72% said science benefits people like them in this country



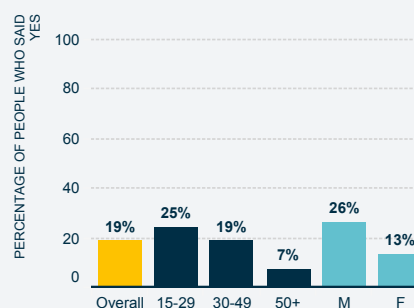
See Q17 in Question breakdown

79% said they think vaccines are safe



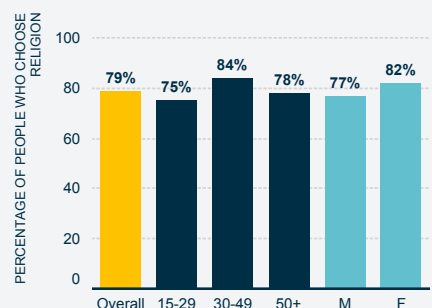
See Q25 in Question breakdown

19% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

79% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

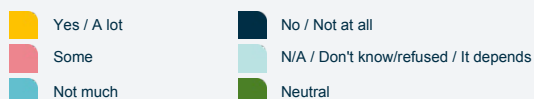
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

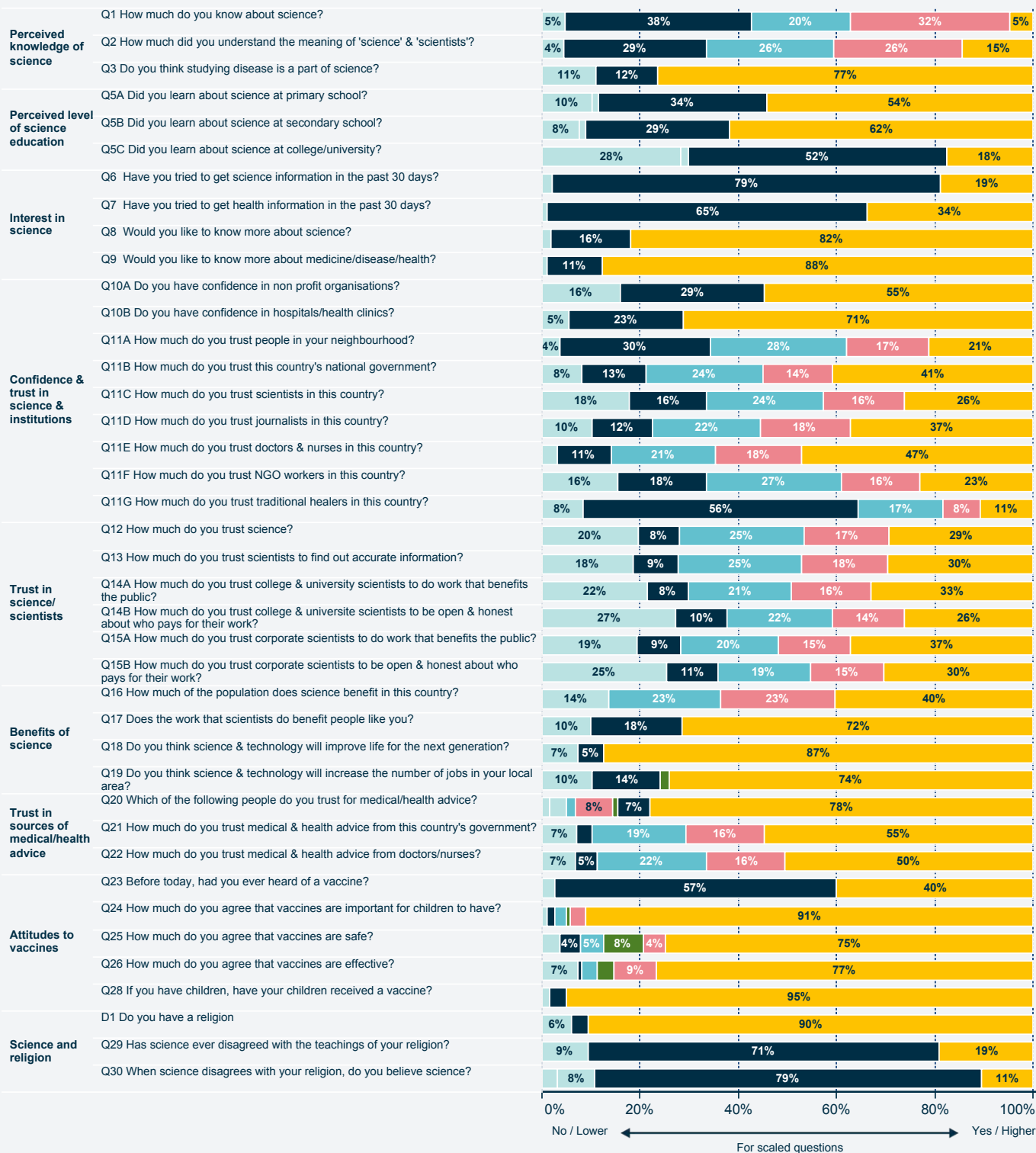


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Brazil

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Brazil, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

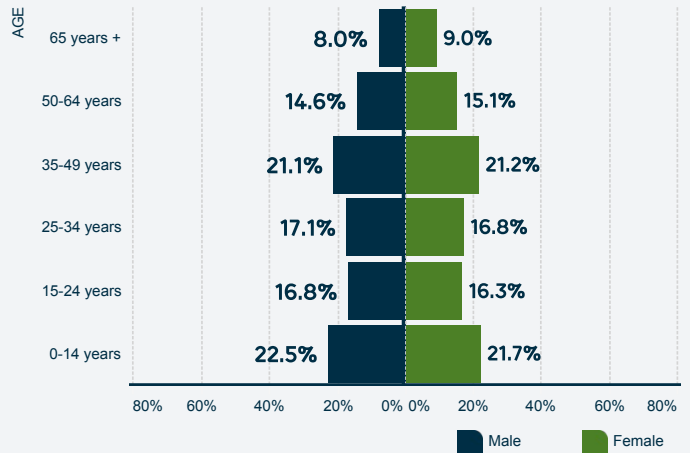
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 22 August 2018.

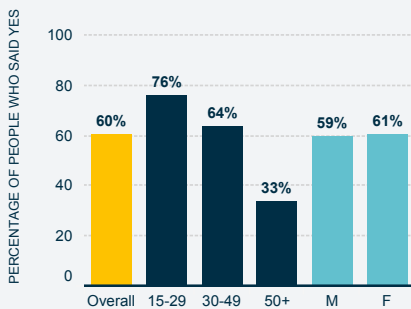
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	15,483.54
GINI coefficient, most recent value	51.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.51
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	13.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	900.30
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.28%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

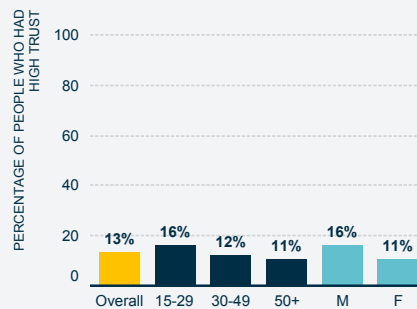


60% said they learned about science at secondary school



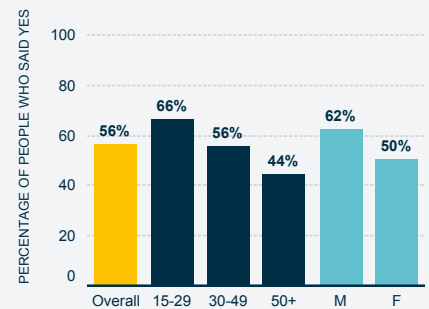
See Q5B in Question breakdown

13% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



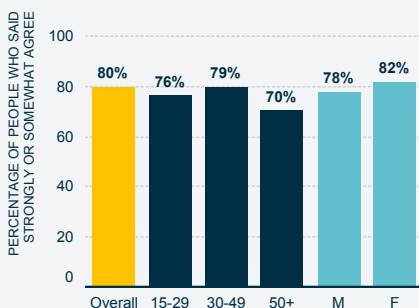
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



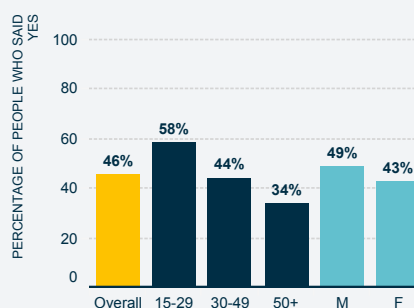
See Q17 in Question breakdown

80% said they think vaccines are safe



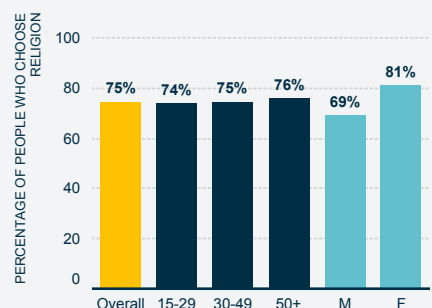
See Q25 in Question breakdown

46% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

75% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

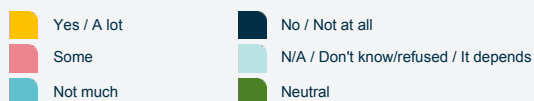
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

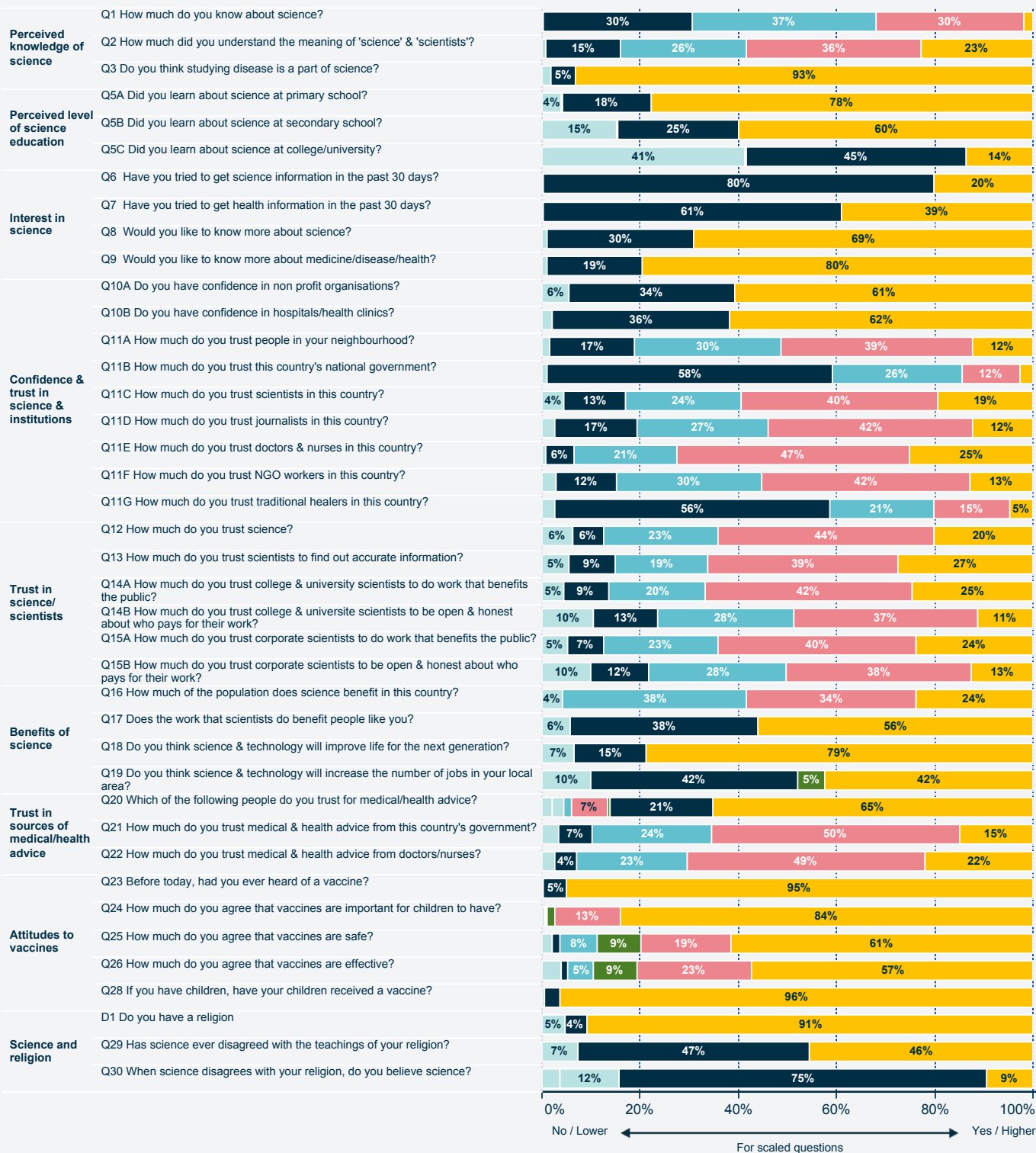


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Bulgaria

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Bulgaria, based on a sample of 1,001 interviews.

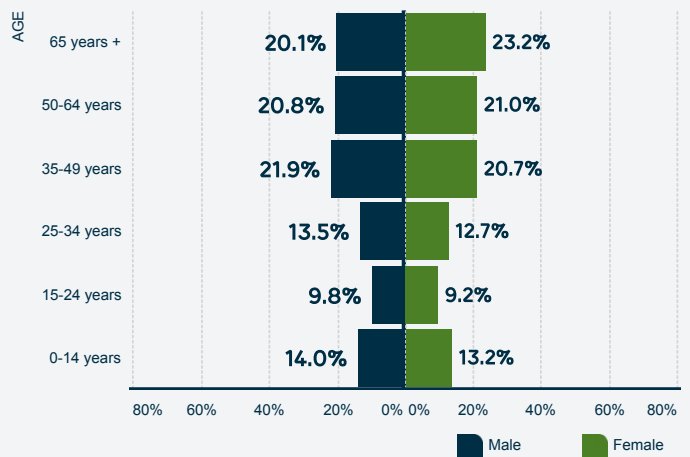
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 12 December 2018.

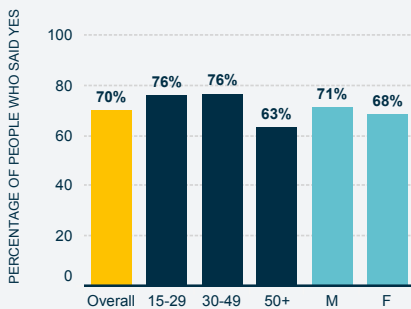
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	20,947.99
GINI coefficient, most recent value	37.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.61
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	6.30
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,243.71
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.78%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

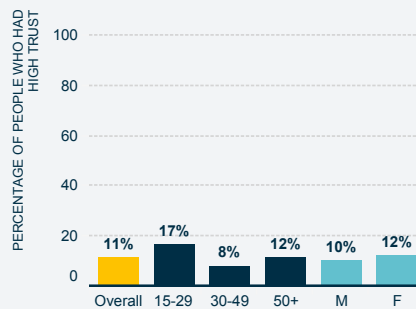


70% said they learned about science at secondary school



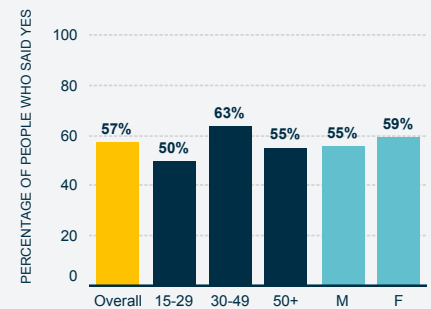
See Q5B in Question breakdown

11% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



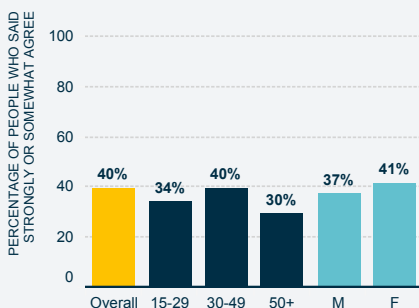
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

57% said science benefits people like them in this country



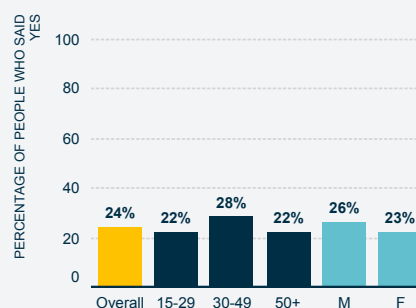
See Q17 in Question breakdown

40% said they think vaccines are safe



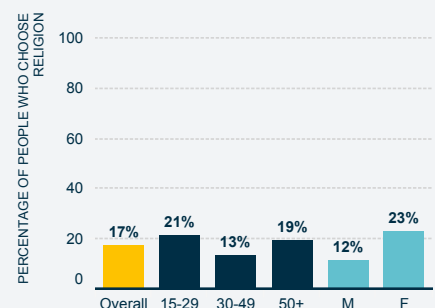
See Q25 in Question breakdown

24% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

17% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

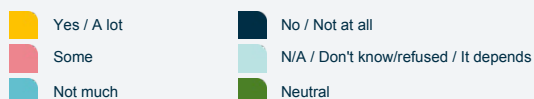
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

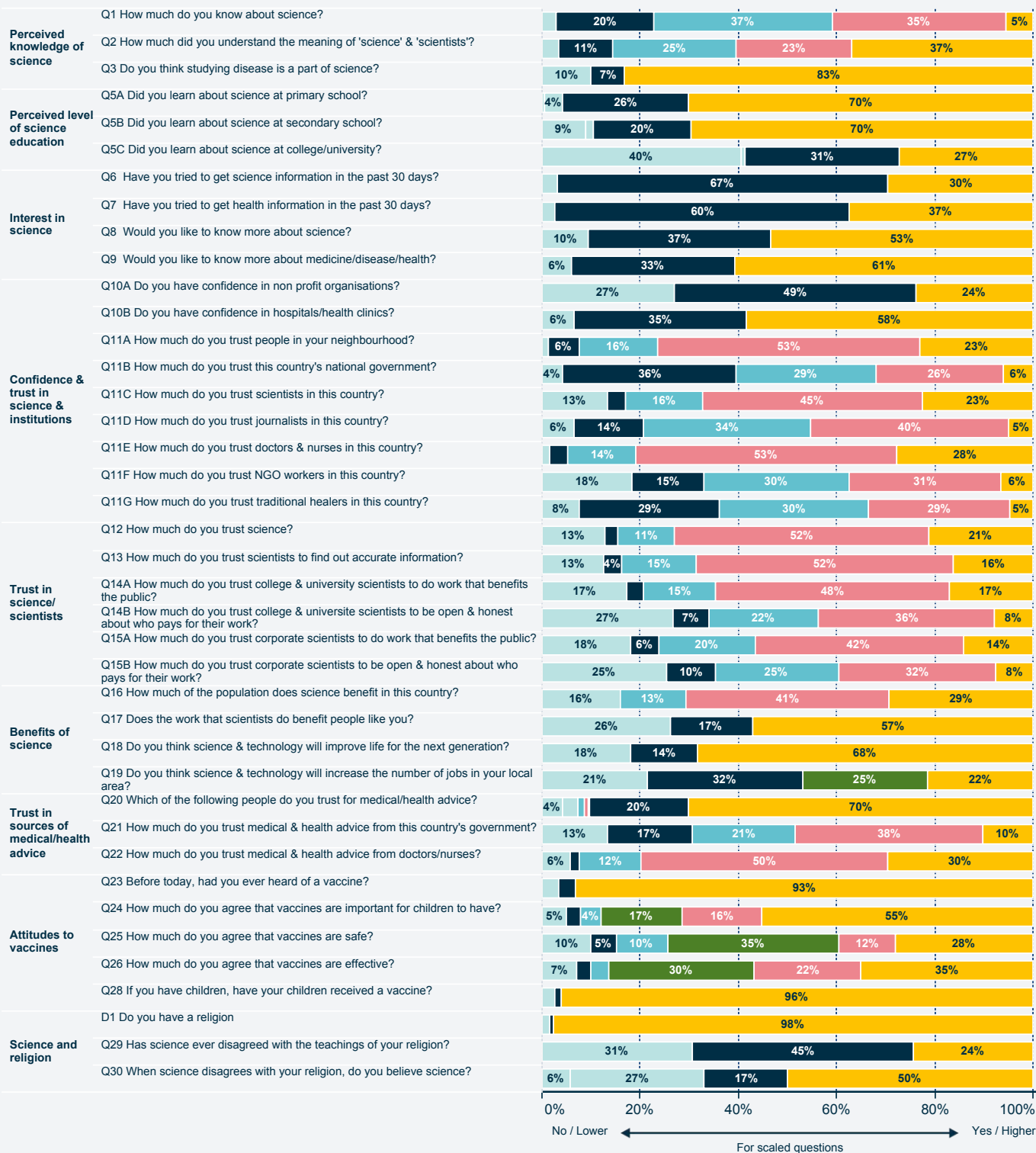


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Burkina Faso

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Burkina Faso, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

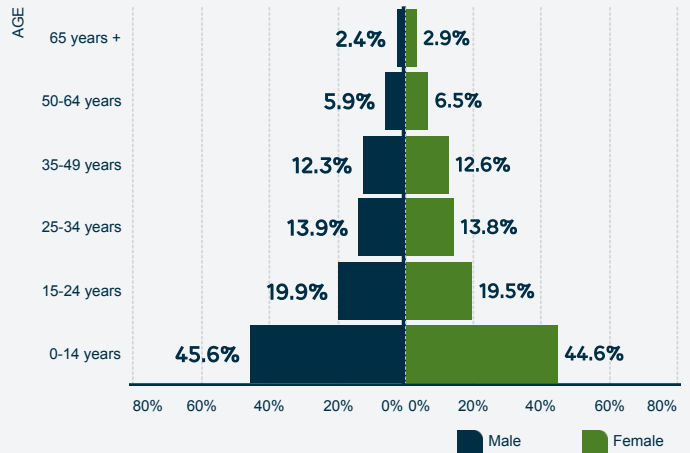
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 6 July 2018.

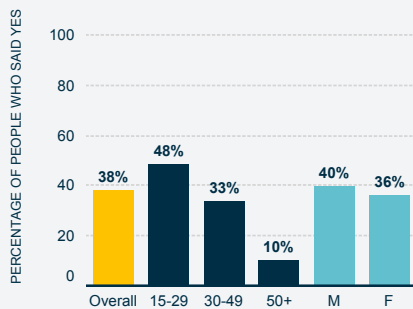
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,862.21
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	60.36
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	51.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	47.58
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.22%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

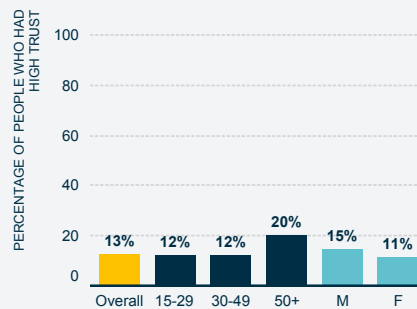


38% said they learned about science at secondary school



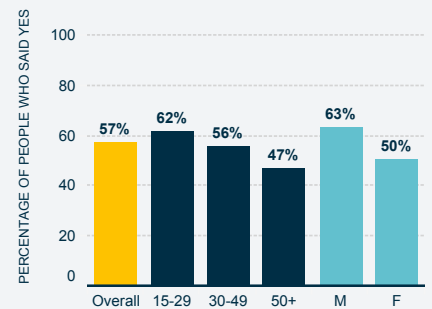
See Q5B in Question breakdown

13% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



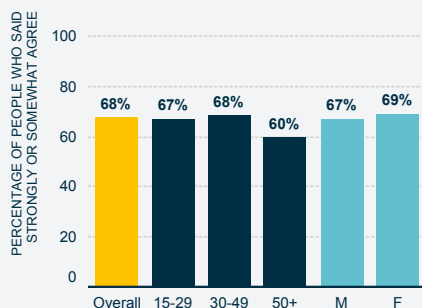
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

57% said science benefits people like them in this country



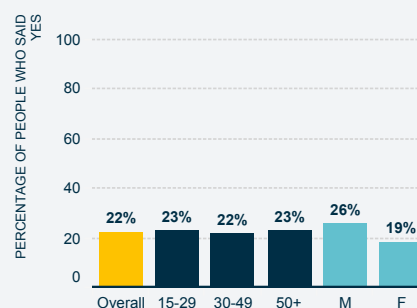
See Q17 in Question breakdown

68% said they think vaccines are safe



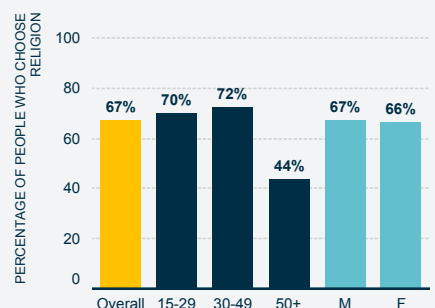
See Q25 in Question breakdown

22% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

67% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

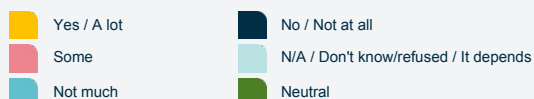
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

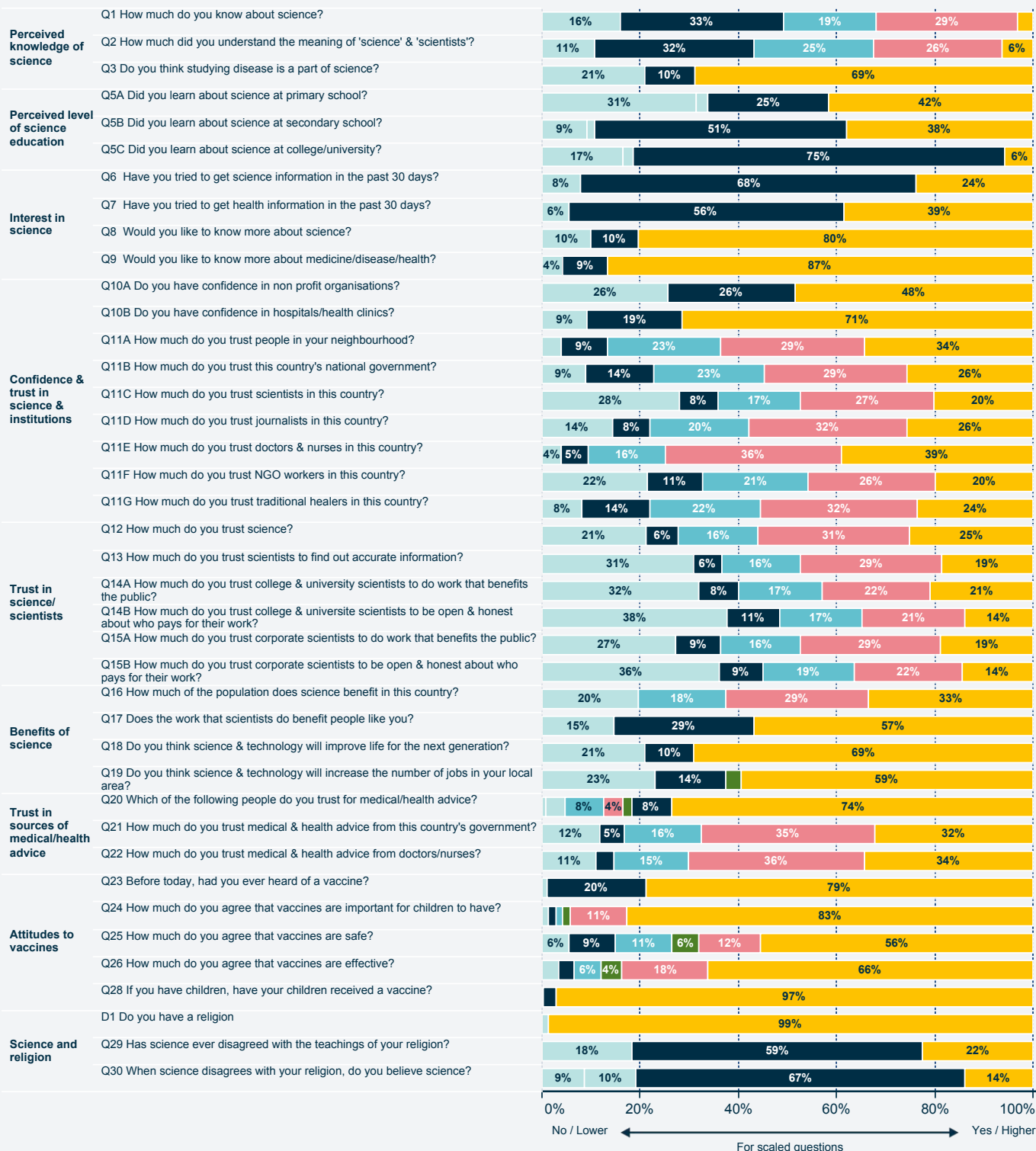


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Burundi

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Burundi, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

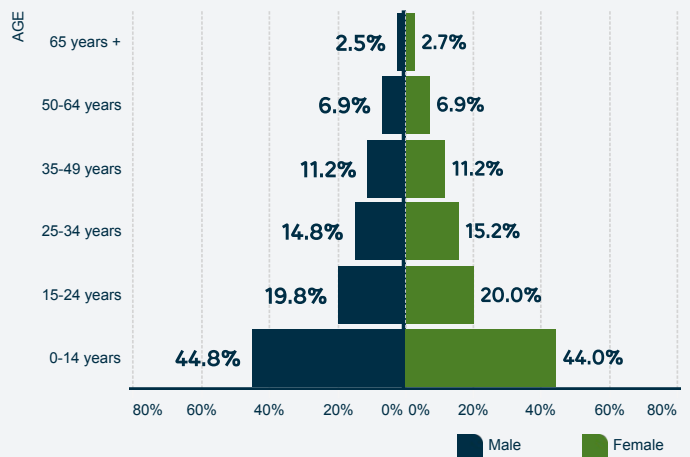
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 23 September 2018.

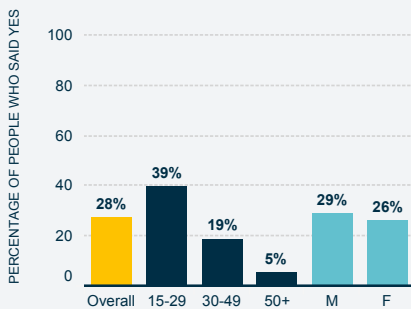
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	733.89
GINI coefficient, most recent value	38.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	57.48
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	42.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

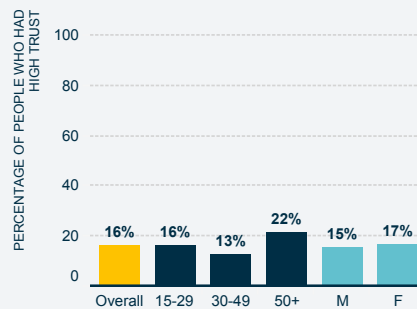


28% said they learned about science at secondary school



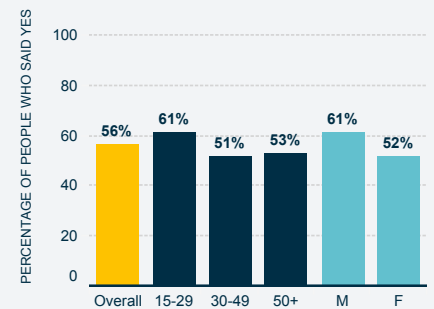
See Q5B in Question breakdown

16% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



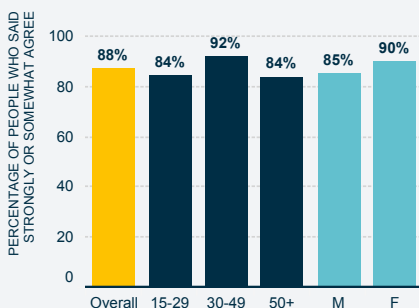
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



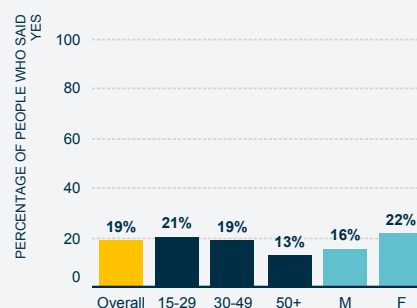
See Q17 in Question breakdown

88% said they think vaccines are safe



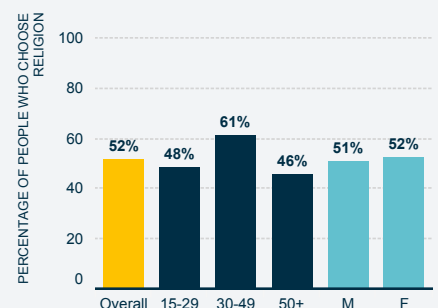
See Q25 in Question breakdown

19% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

52% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

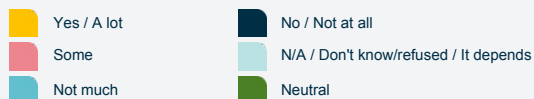
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

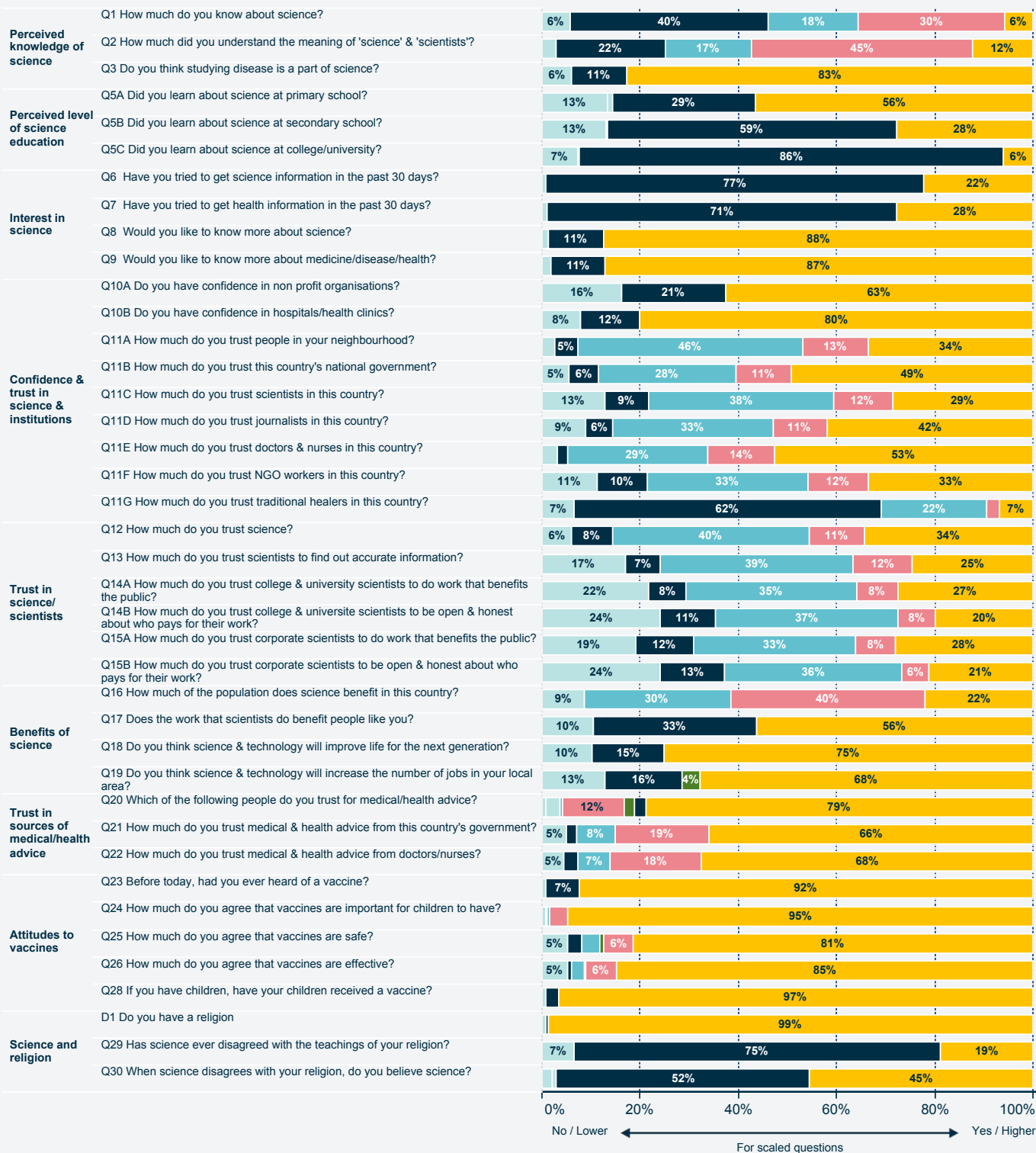


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Cambodia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Cambodia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

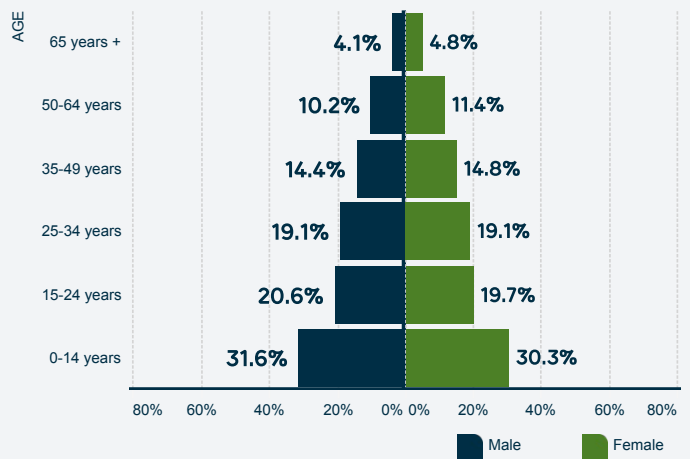
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 June 2018.

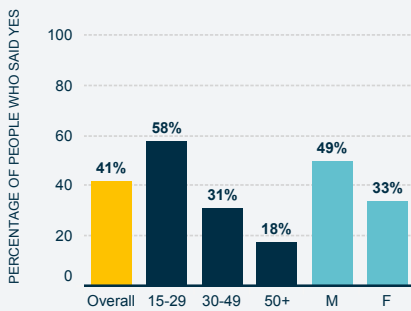
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	4,009.06
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	68.98
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	25.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	30.37
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.12%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

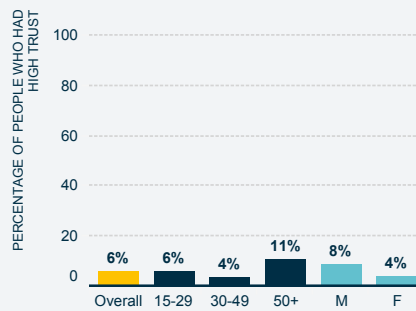


41% said they learned about science at secondary school



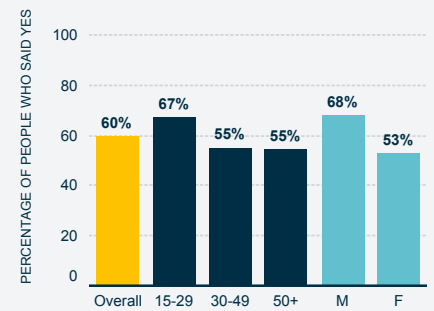
See Q5B in Question breakdown

6% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



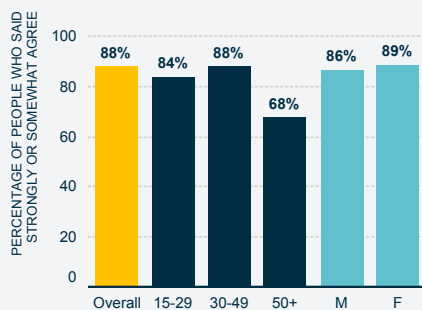
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

60% said science benefits people like them in this country



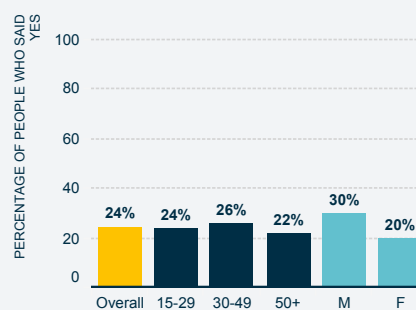
See Q17 in Question breakdown

88% said they think vaccines are safe



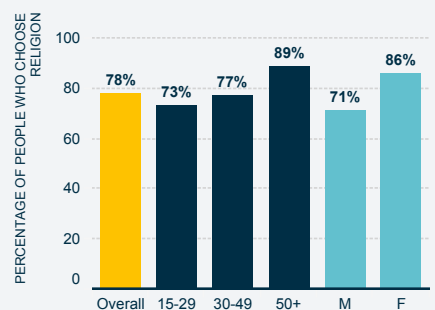
See Q25 in Question breakdown

24% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

78% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

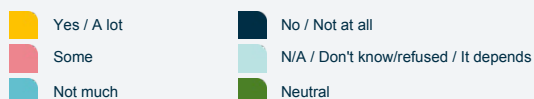
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

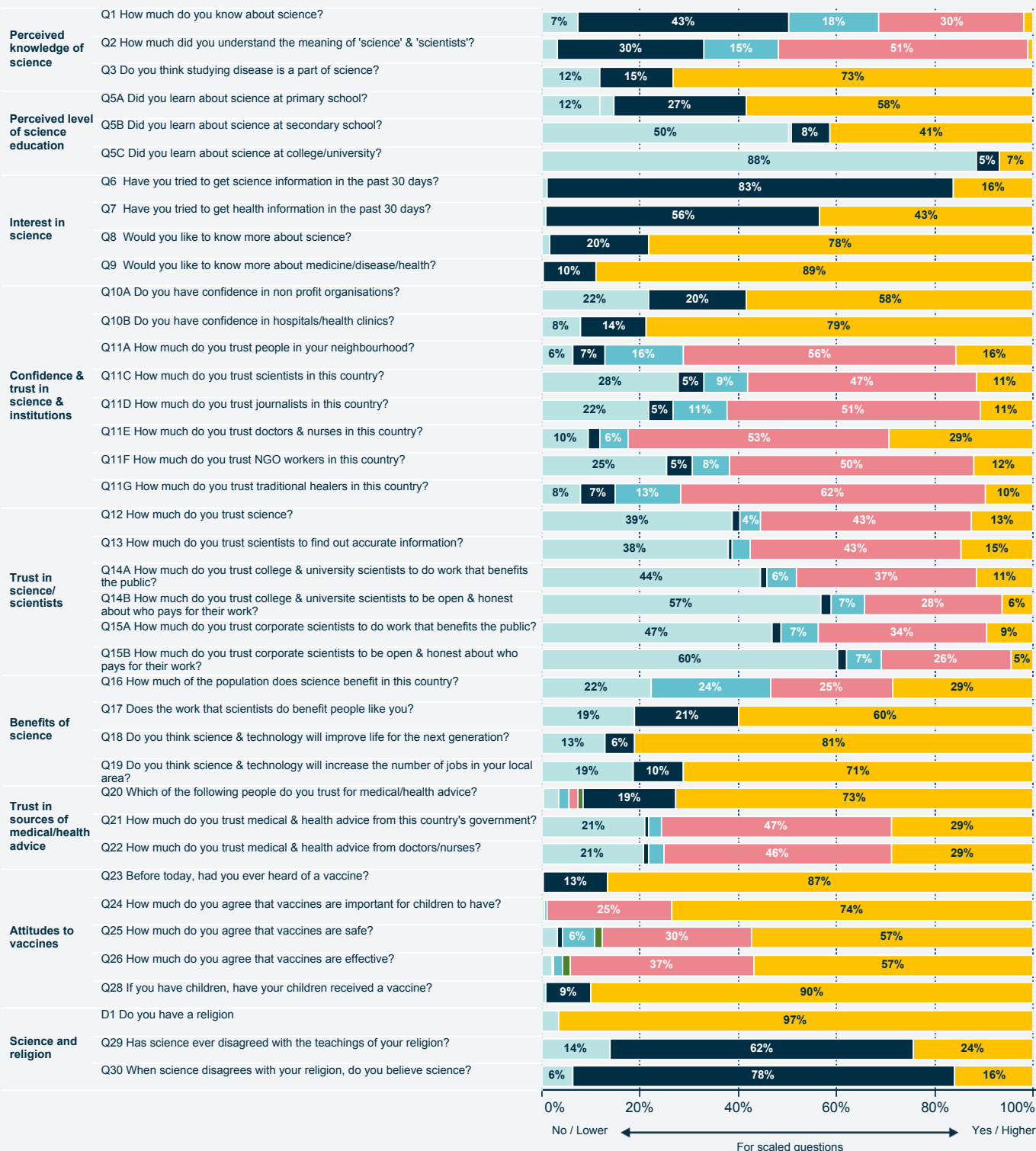


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Cameroon

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Cameroon, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

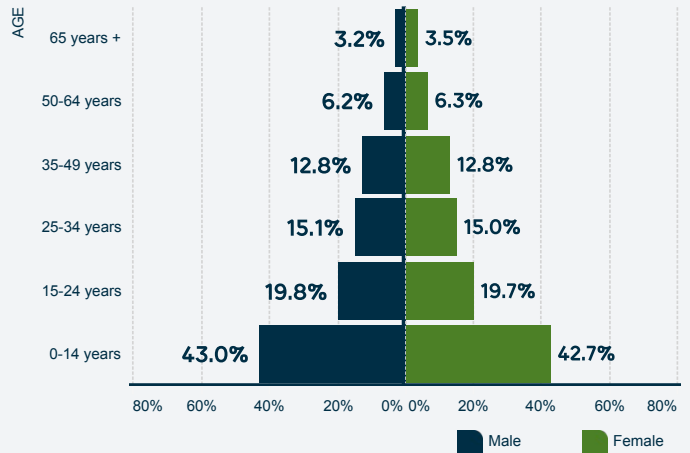
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 May 2018.

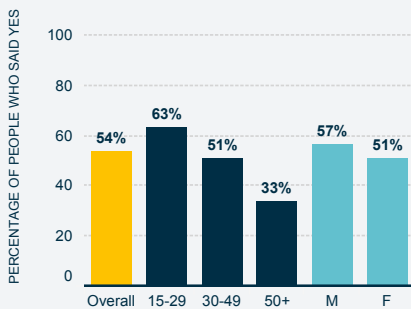
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	3,714.55
GINI coefficient, most recent value	46.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	58.07
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	55.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

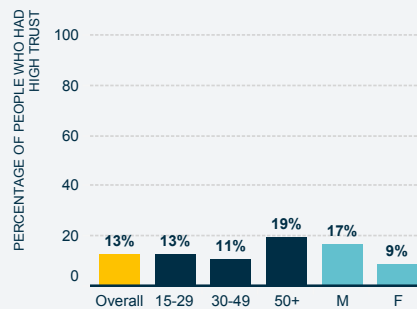


54% said they learned about science at secondary school



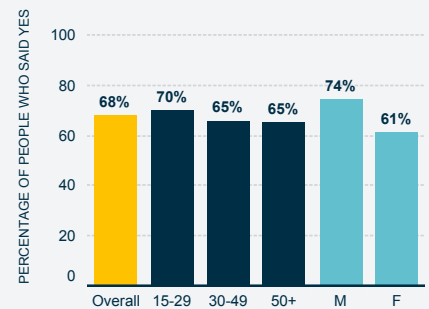
See Q5B in Question breakdown

13% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



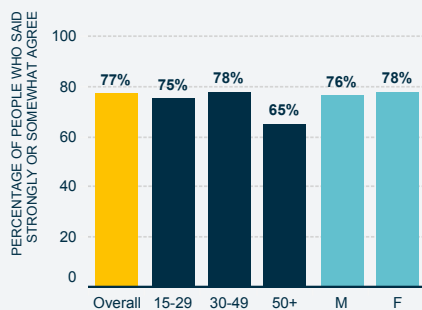
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

68% said science benefits people like them in this country



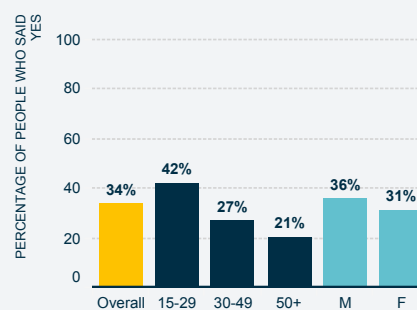
See Q17 in Question breakdown

77% said they think vaccines are safe



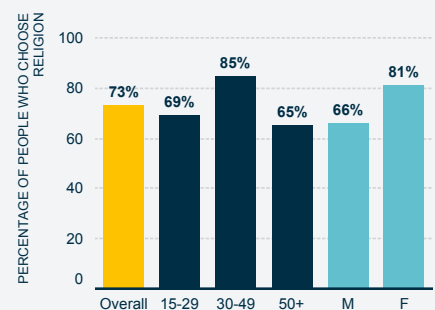
See Q25 in Question breakdown

34% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

73% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

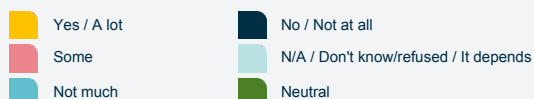
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

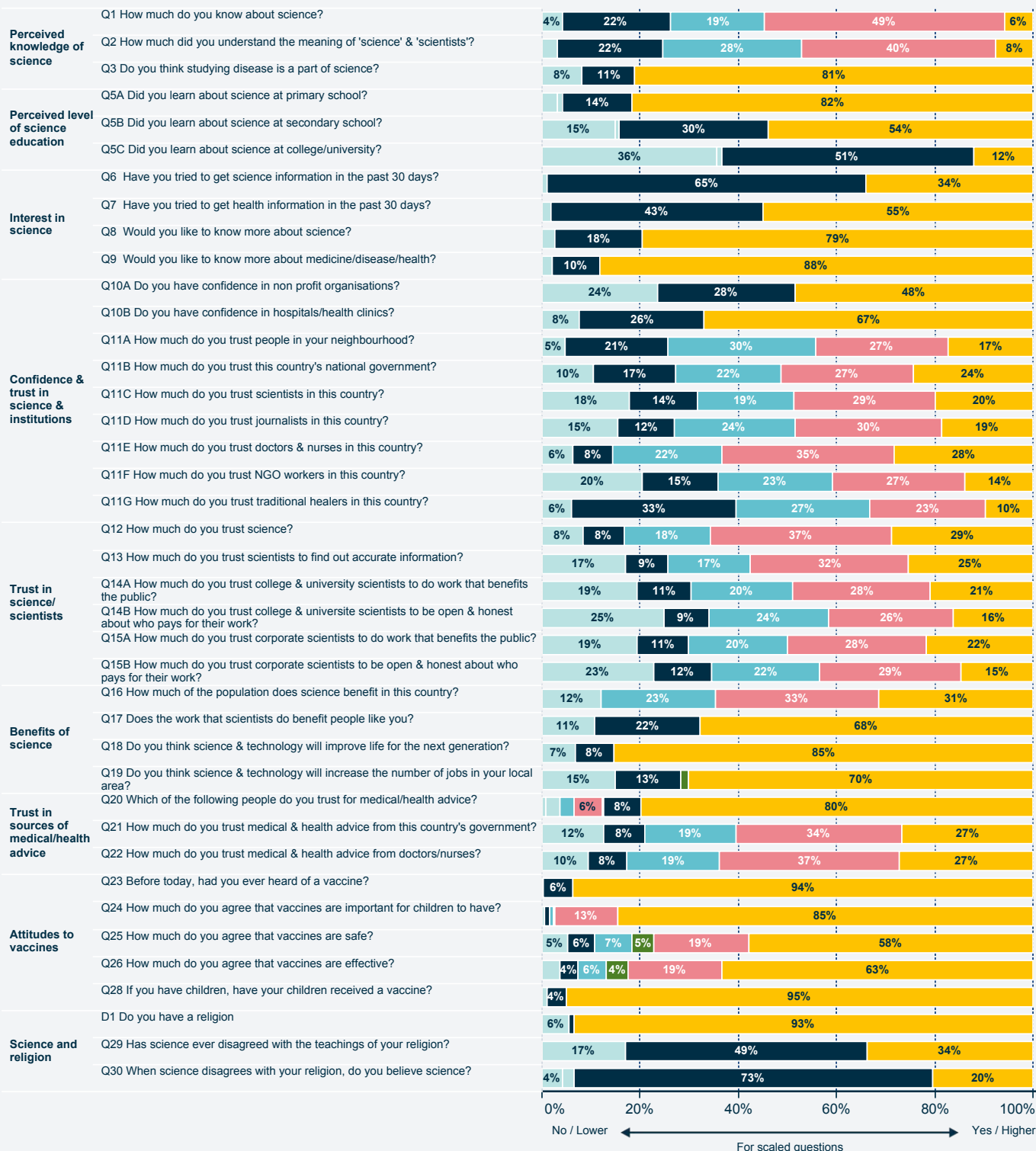


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Canada

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Canada, based on a sample of 1,012 interviews.

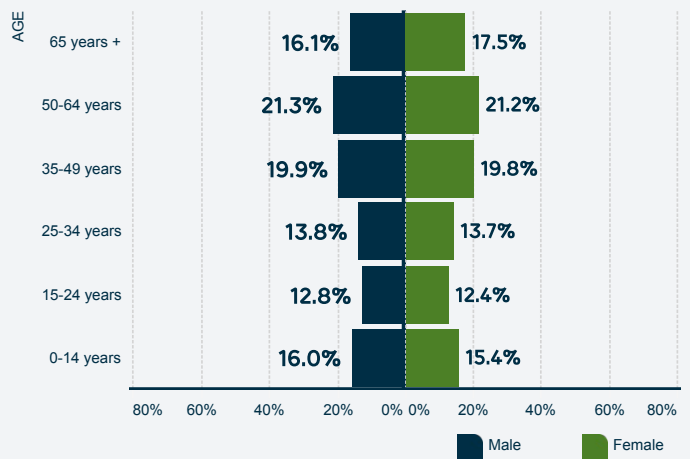
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 13 August 2018.

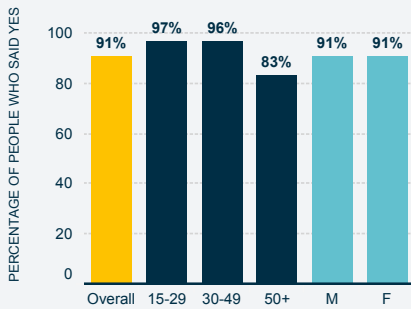
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	46,704.89
GINI coefficient, most recent value	34.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.30
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	4.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,552.49
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.61%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

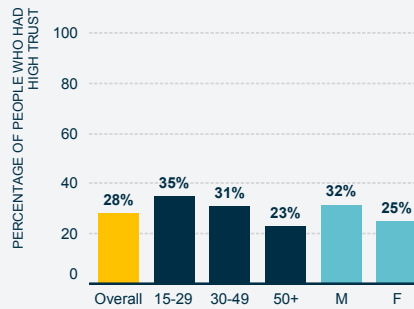


91% said they learned about science at secondary school



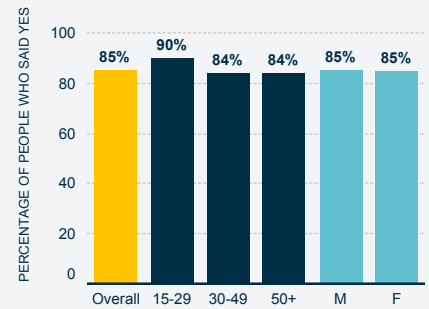
See Q5B in Question breakdown

28% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



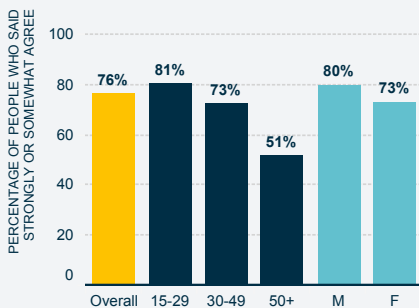
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

85% said science benefits people like them in this country



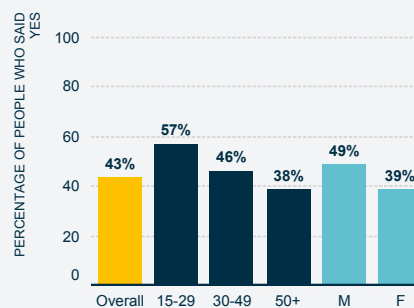
See Q17 in Question breakdown

76% said they think vaccines are safe



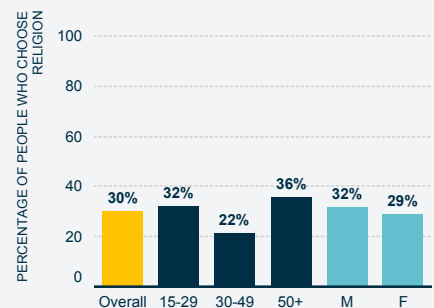
See Q25 in Question breakdown

43% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

30% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

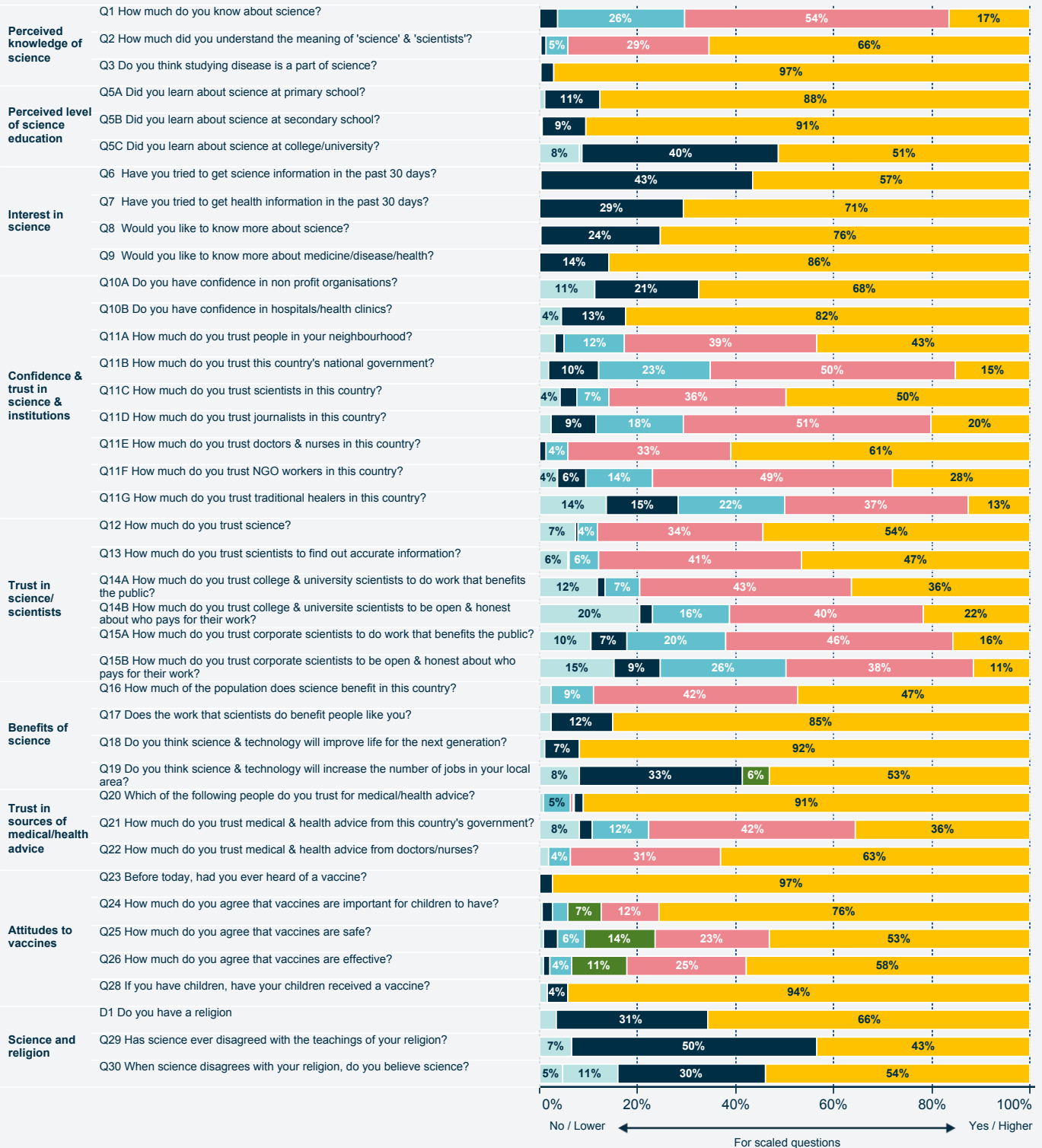


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Chad

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Chad, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

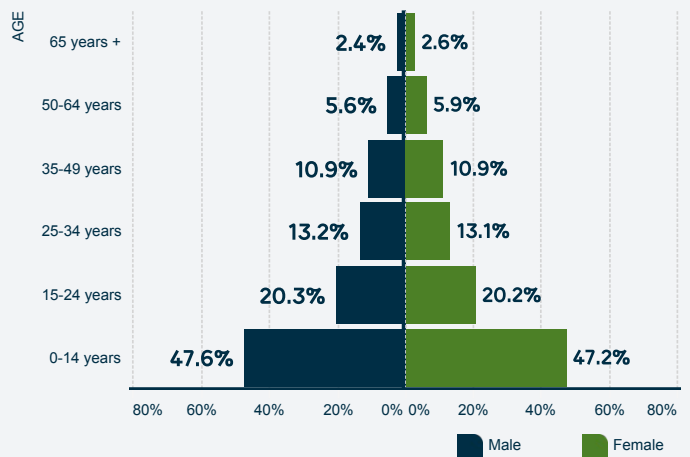
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 20 October 2018.

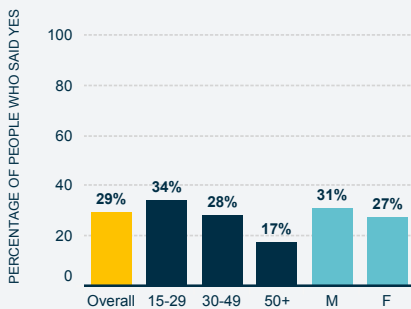
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,941.18
GINI coefficient, most recent value	43.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	52.90
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	73.40
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	58.33
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.32%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

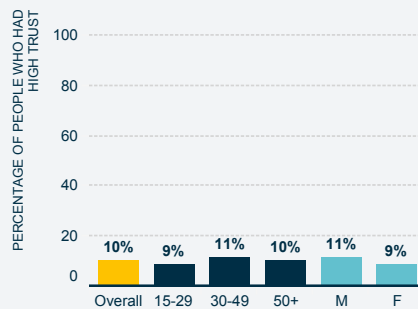


29% said they learned about science at secondary school



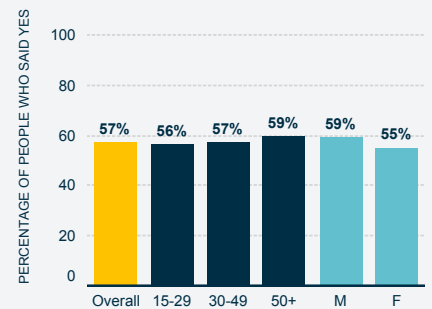
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



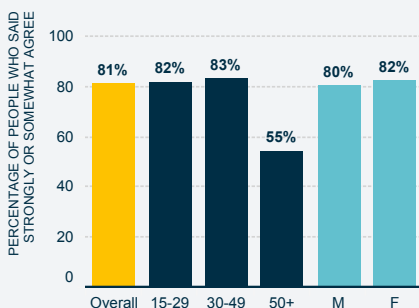
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

57% said science benefits people like them in this country



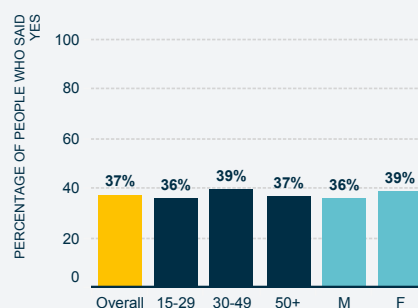
See Q17 in Question breakdown

81% said they think vaccines are safe



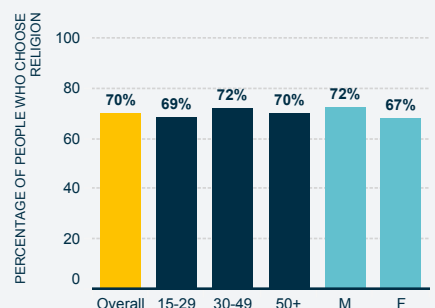
See Q25 in Question breakdown

37% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

70% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

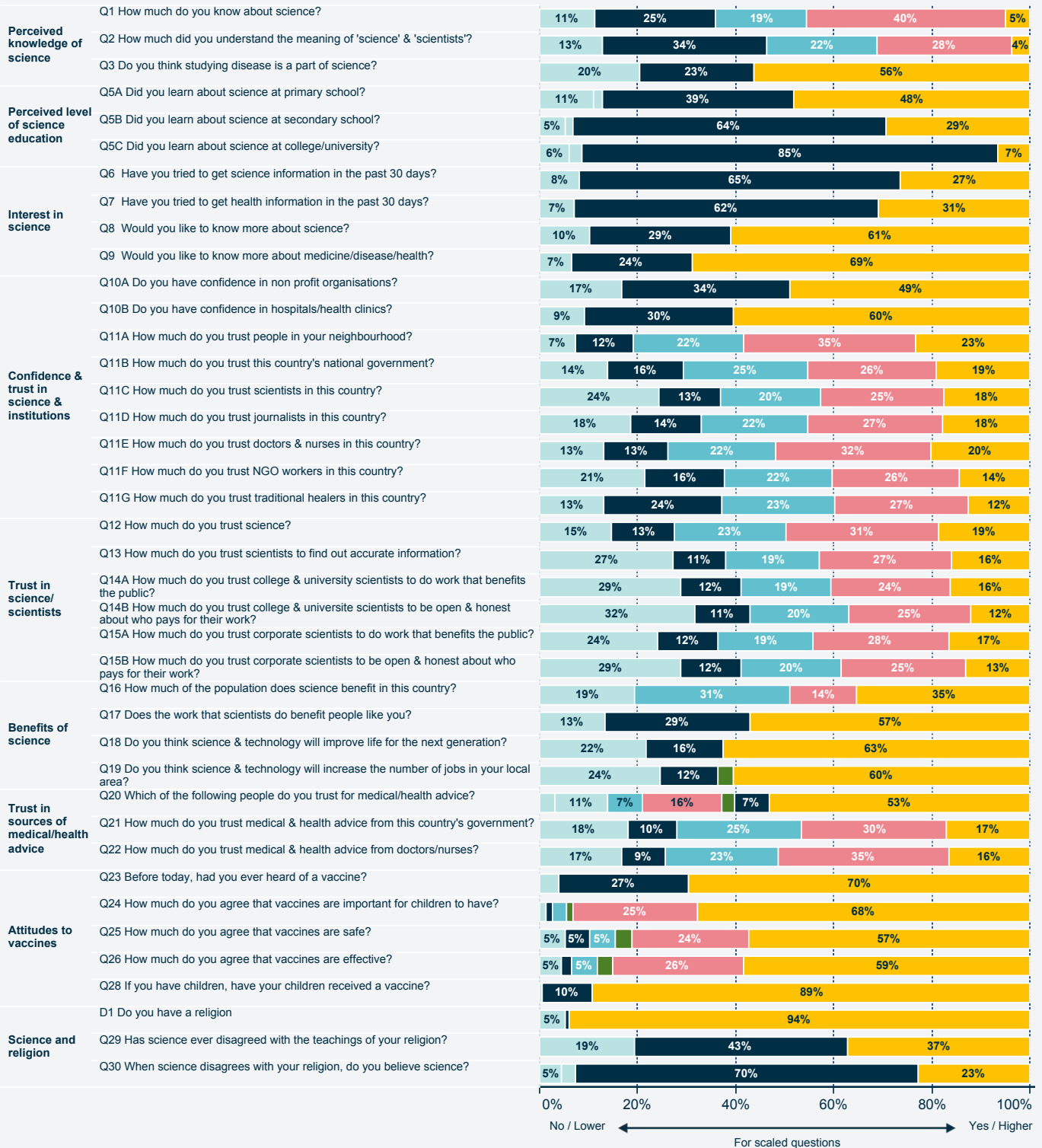


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Chile

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Chile, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

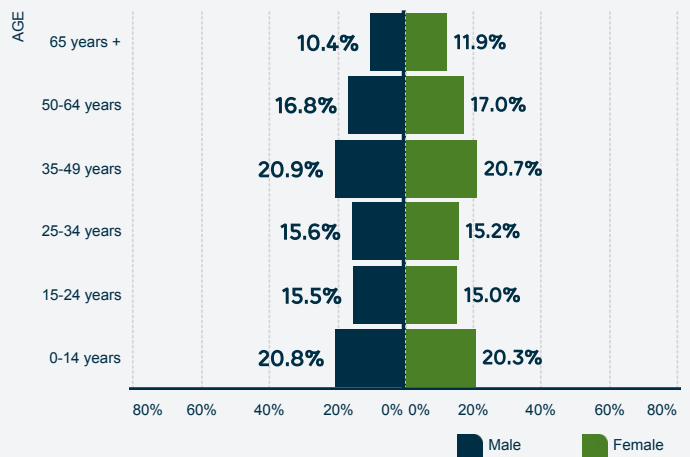
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 11 September 2018.

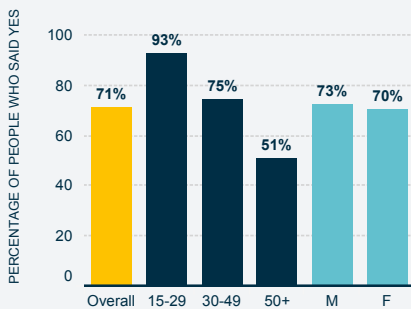
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	24,634.97
GINI coefficient, most recent value	47.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	79.52
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	6.30
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	502.10
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.37%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

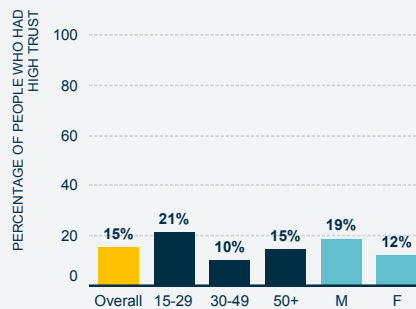


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



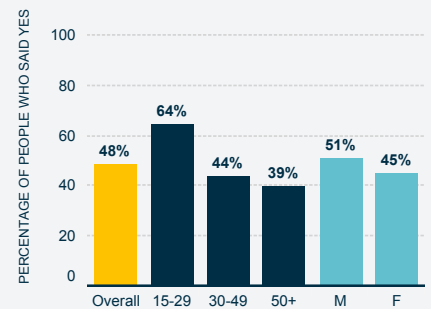
See Q5B in Question breakdown

15% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



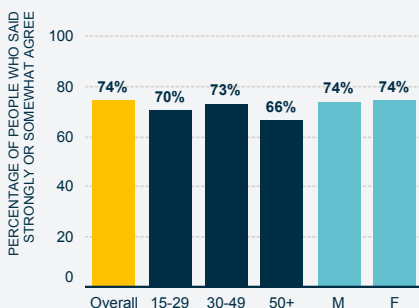
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

48% said science benefits people like them in this country



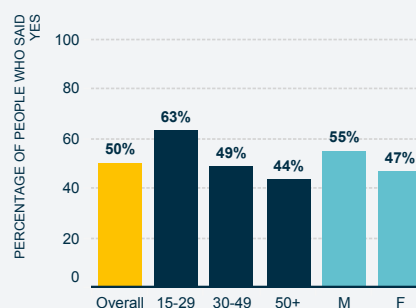
See Q17 in Question breakdown

74% said they think vaccines are safe



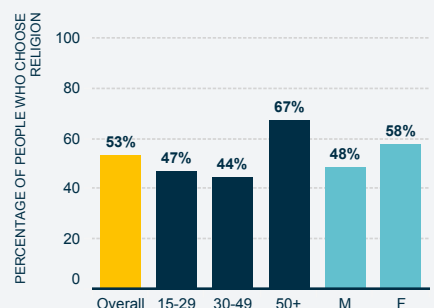
See Q25 in Question breakdown

50% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

53% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

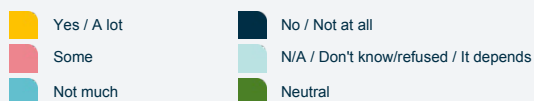
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

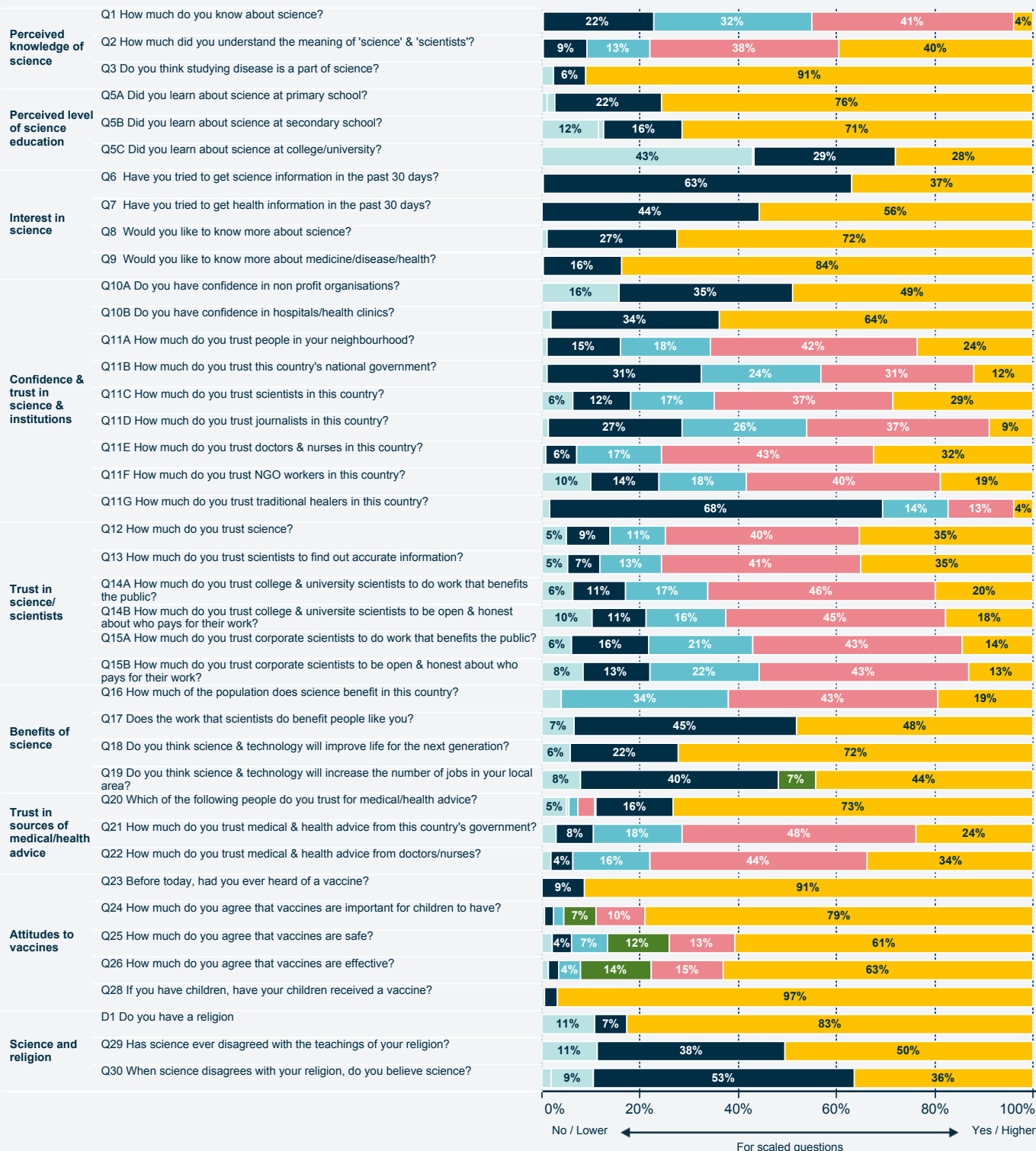


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

China

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in China, based on a sample of 3,649 interviews.

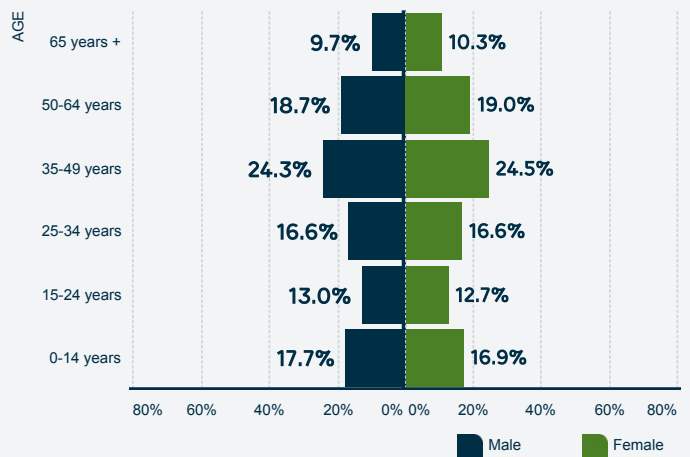
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 19 August 2018.

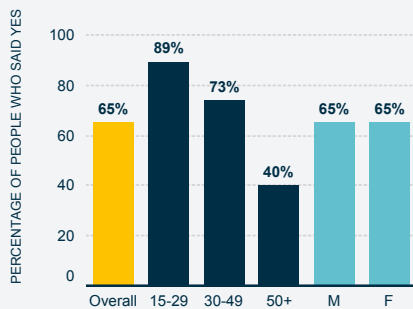
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	16,806.74
GINI coefficient, most recent value	42.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.25
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	8.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,205.68
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.11%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

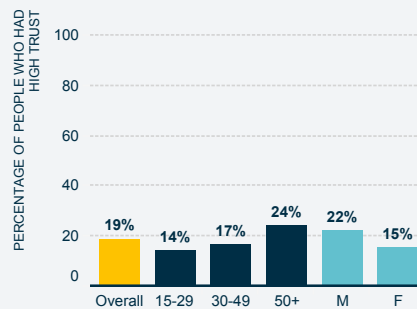


65% said they learned about science at secondary school



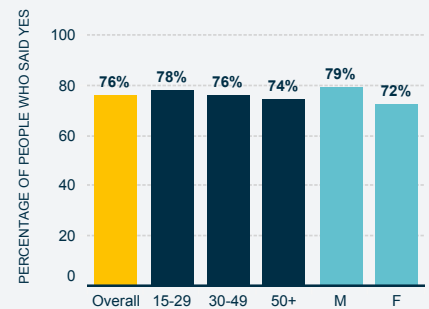
See Q5B in Question breakdown

19% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



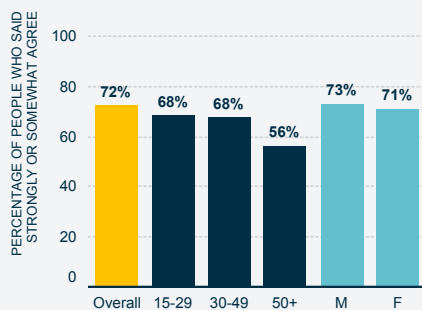
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

76% said science benefits people like them in this country



See Q17 in Question breakdown

72% said they think vaccines are safe



See Q25 in Question breakdown

Data unavailable for this country

Data unavailable for this country

See Q29 in Question breakdown

See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

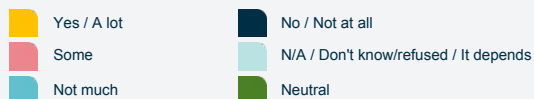
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

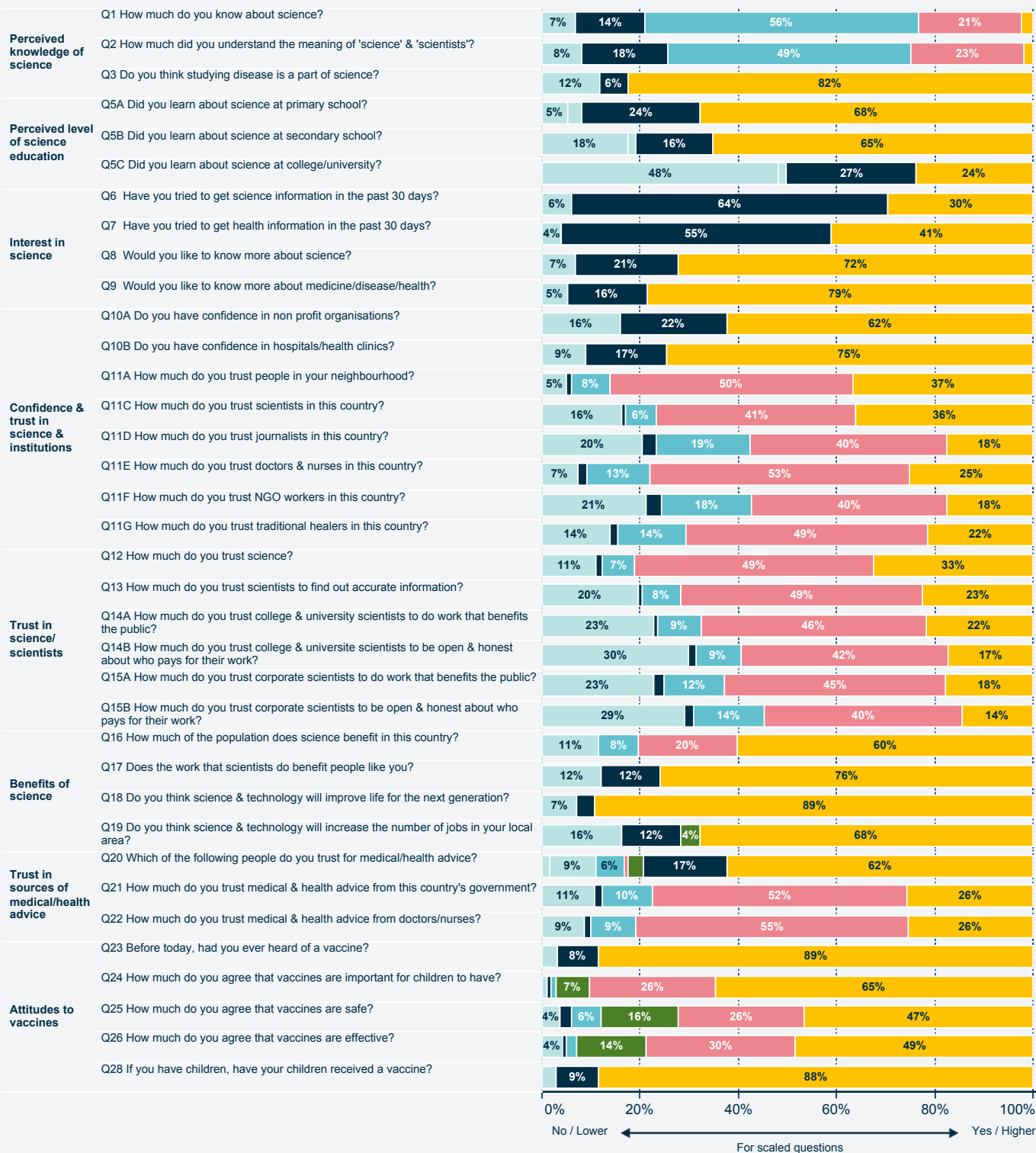


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Colombia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Colombia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

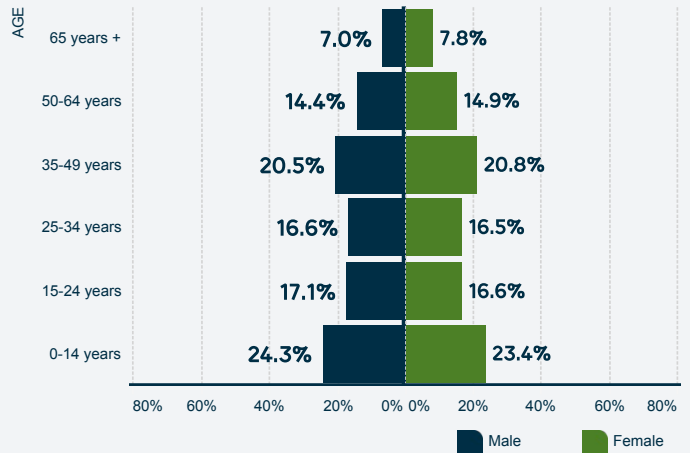
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 20 June 2018.

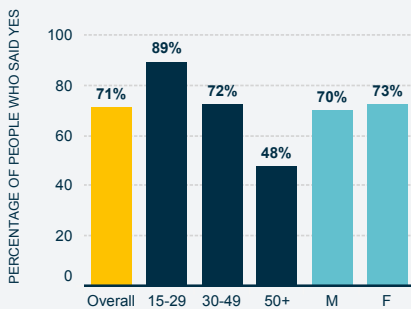
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	14,472.61
GINI coefficient, most recent value	50.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.38
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	12.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	131.96
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.27%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

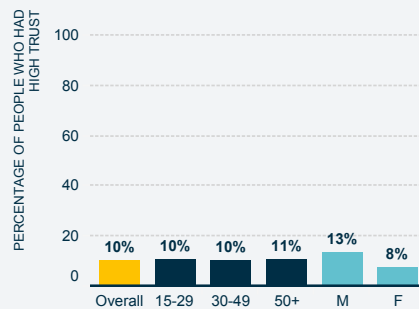


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



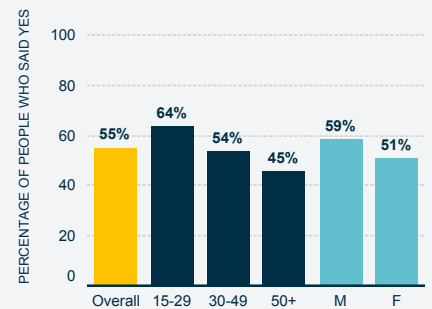
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



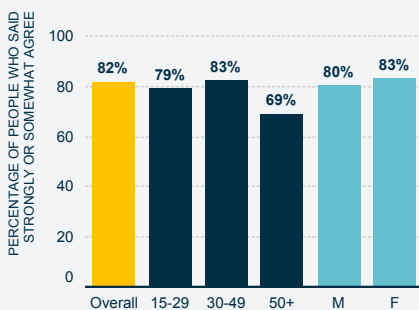
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

55% said science benefits people like them in this country



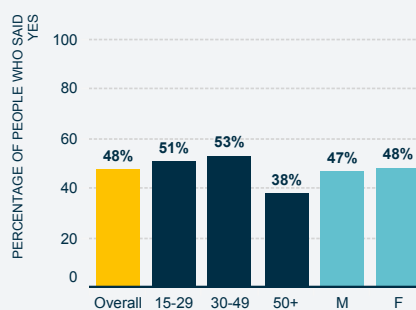
See Q17 in Question breakdown

82% said they think vaccines are safe



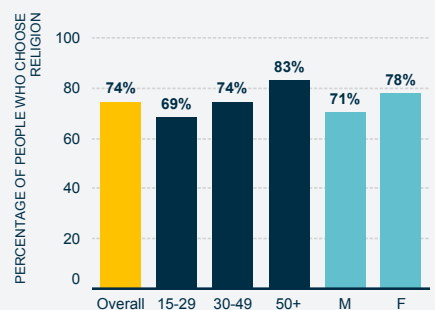
See Q25 in Question breakdown

48% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

74% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion

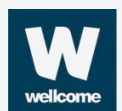


See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

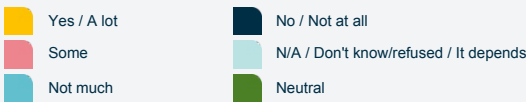
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

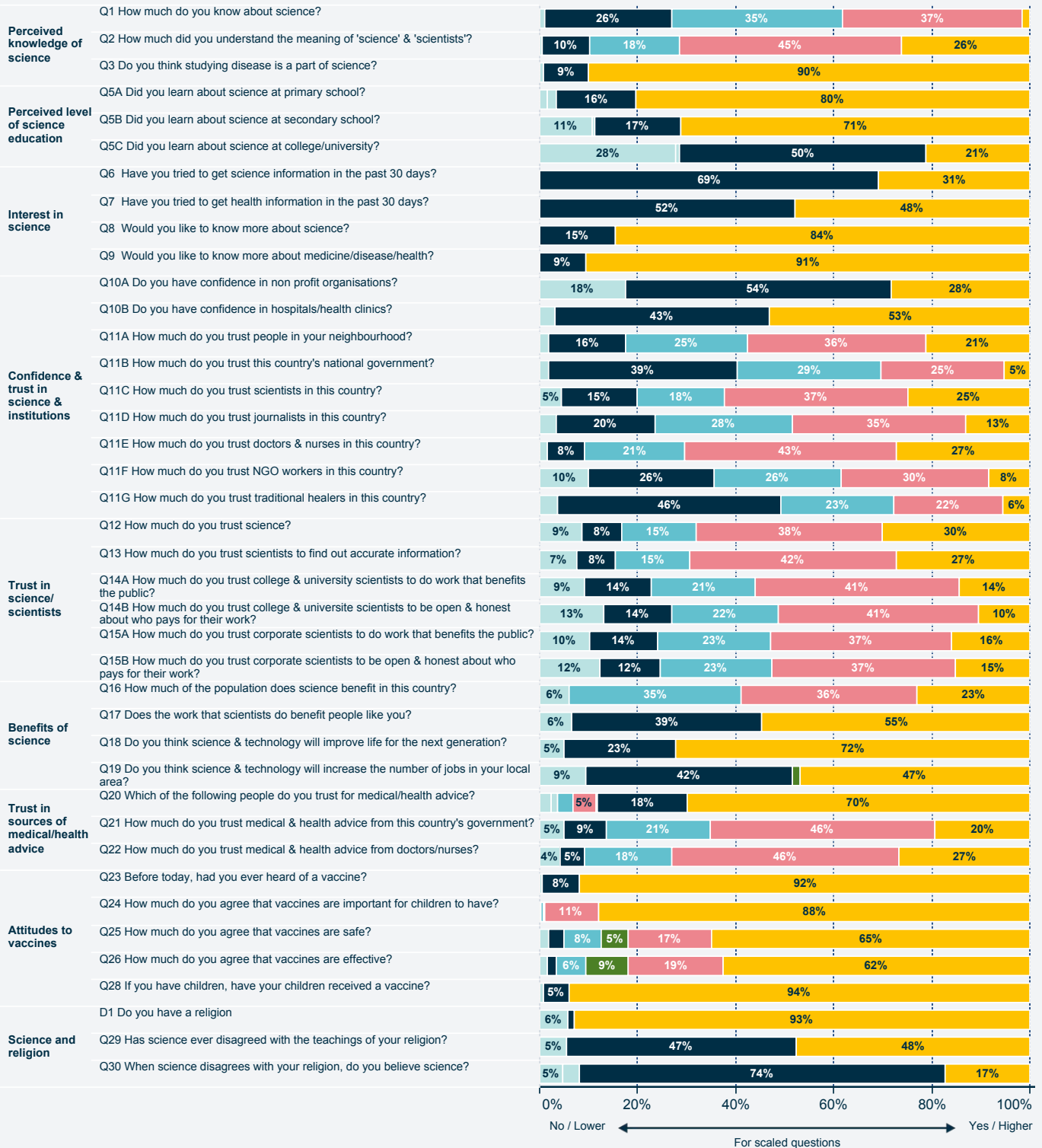


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Comoros

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Comoros, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

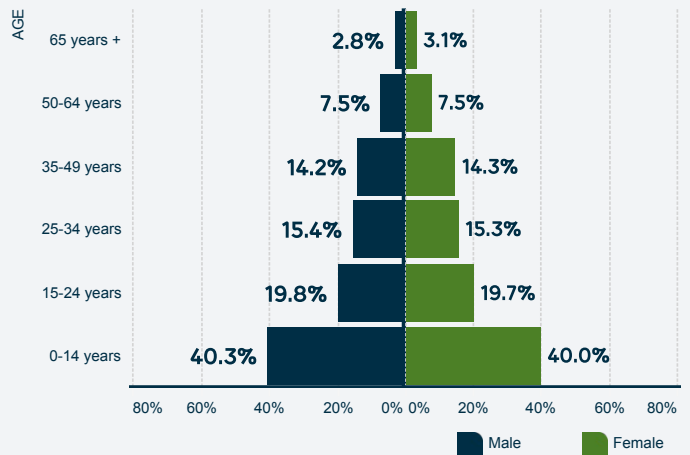
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 28 October 2018.

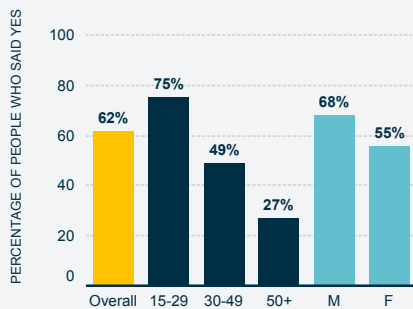
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,745.19
GINI coefficient, most recent value	45.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	63.70
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	52.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

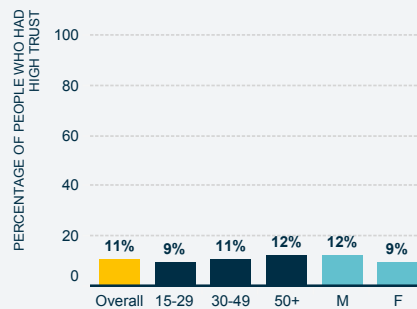


62% said they learned about science at secondary school



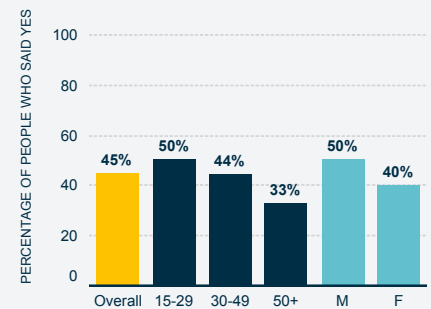
See Q5B in Question breakdown

11% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



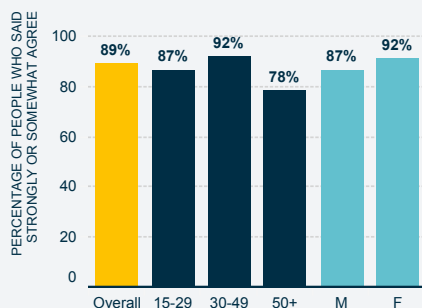
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

45% said science benefits people like them in this country



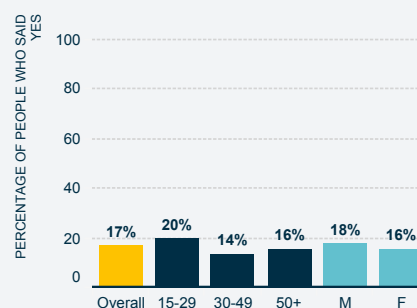
See Q17 in Question breakdown

89% said they think vaccines are safe



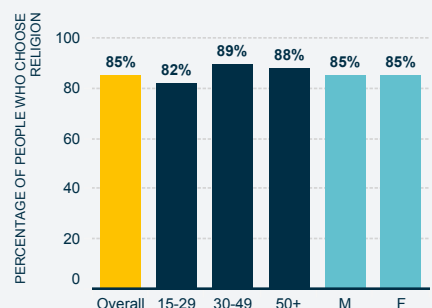
See Q25 in Question breakdown

17% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

85% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

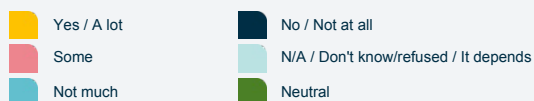
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

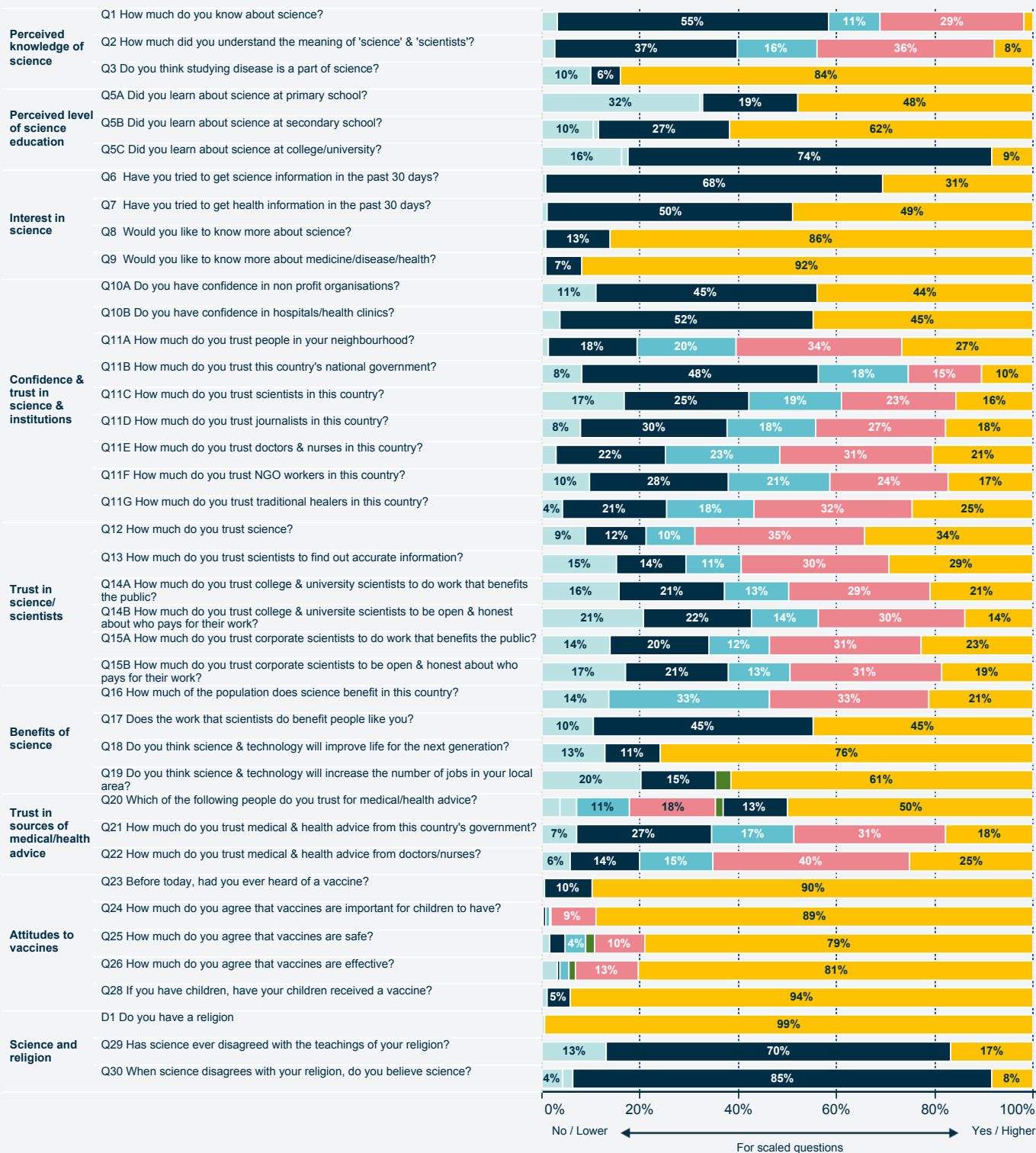


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Congo, Rep.

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Congo, Rep., based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

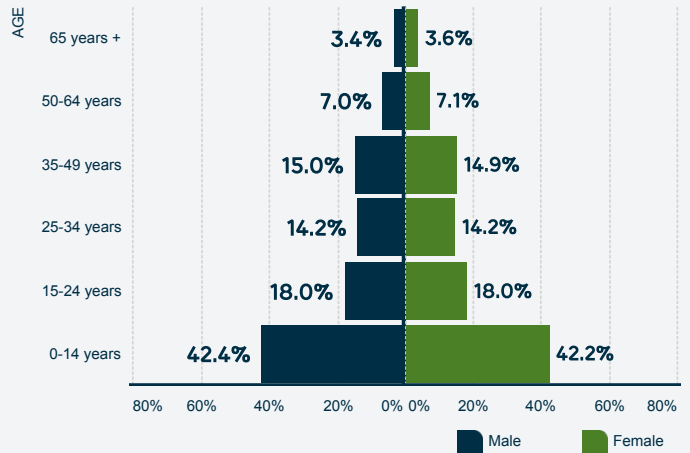
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 10 June 2018.

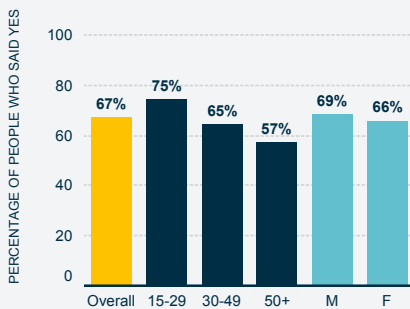
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	5,442.71
GINI coefficient, most recent value	48.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	64.63
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	34.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	31.54
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

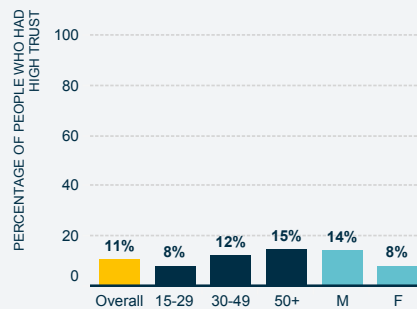


67% said they learned about science at secondary school



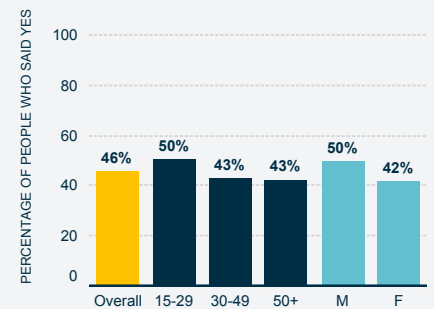
See Q5B in Question breakdown

11% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



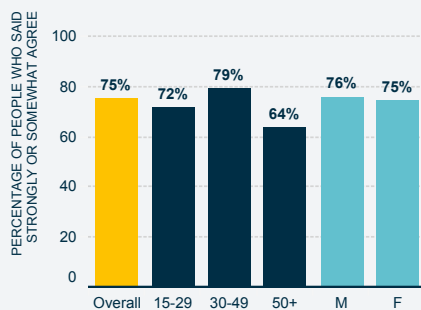
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

46% said science benefits people like them in this country



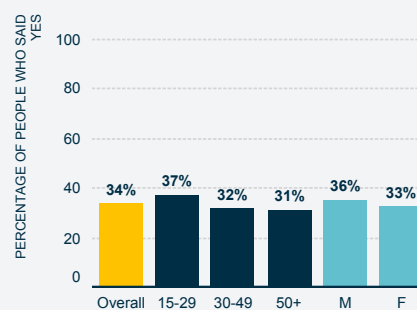
See Q17 in Question breakdown

75% said they think vaccines are safe



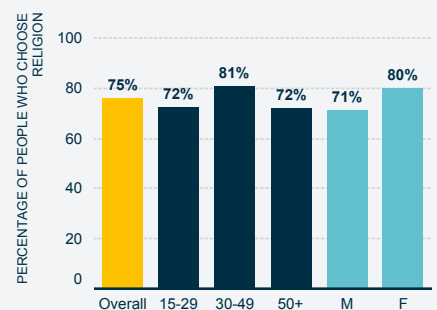
See Q25 in Question breakdown

34% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

75% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

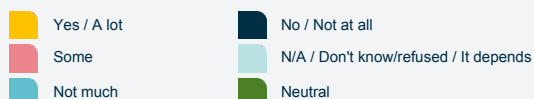
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

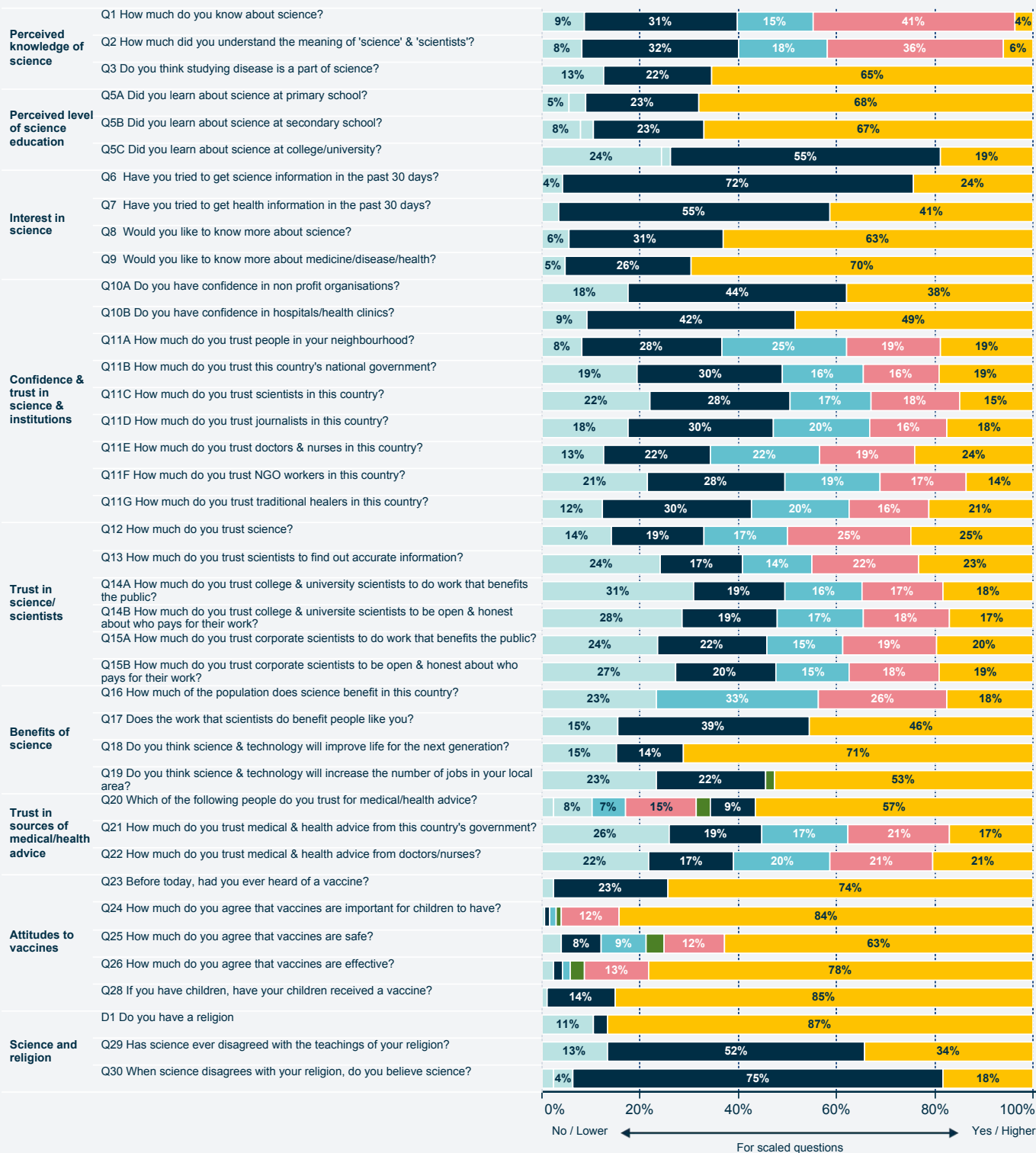


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Costa Rica

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Costa Rica, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

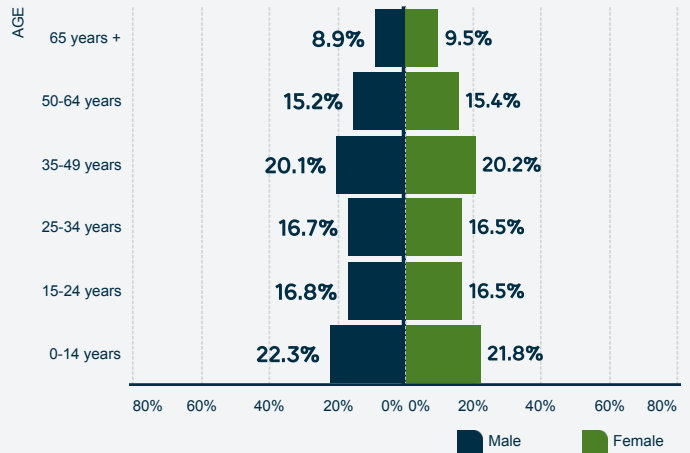
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 30 August 2018.

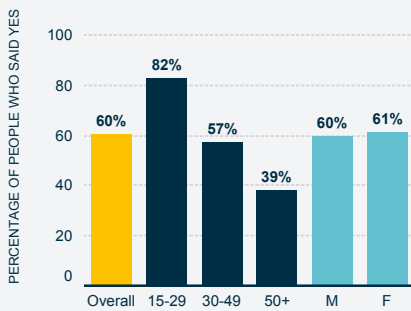
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	17,073.52
GINI coefficient, most recent value	48.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	79.83
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	572.98
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.57%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

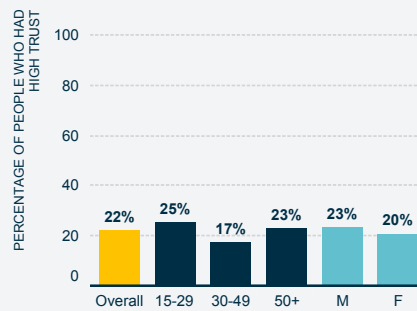


60% said they learned about science at secondary school



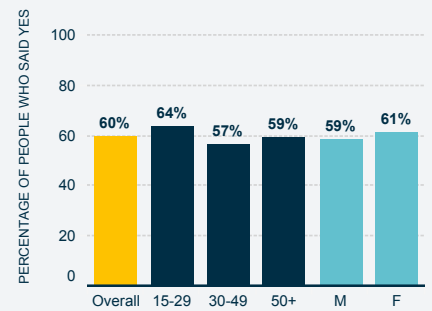
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



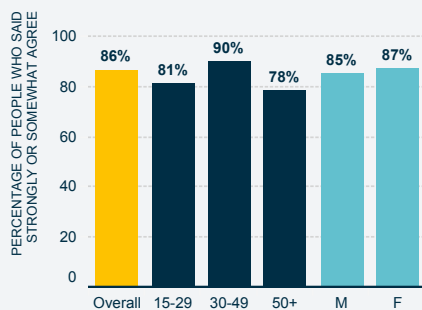
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

60% said science benefits people like them in this country



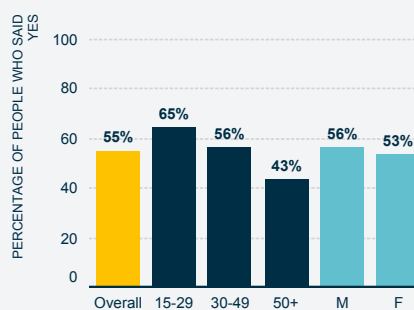
See Q17 in Question breakdown

86% said they think vaccines are safe



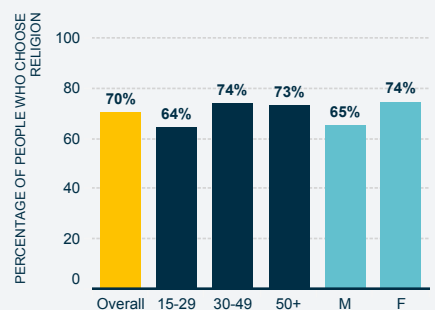
See Q25 in Question breakdown

55% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

70% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

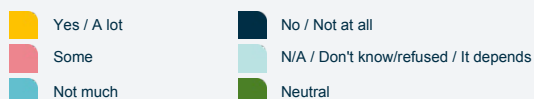
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

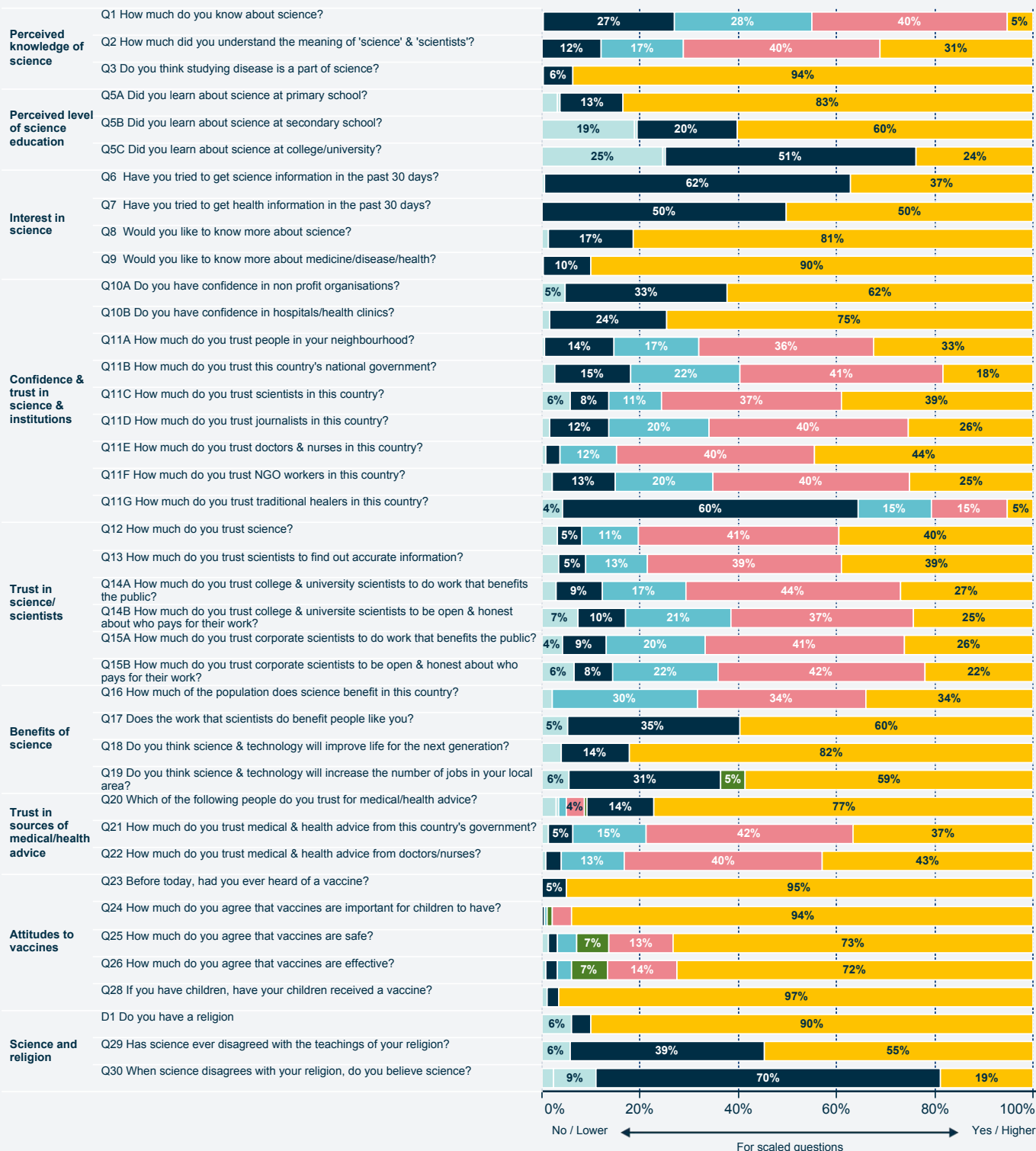


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Croatia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Croatia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

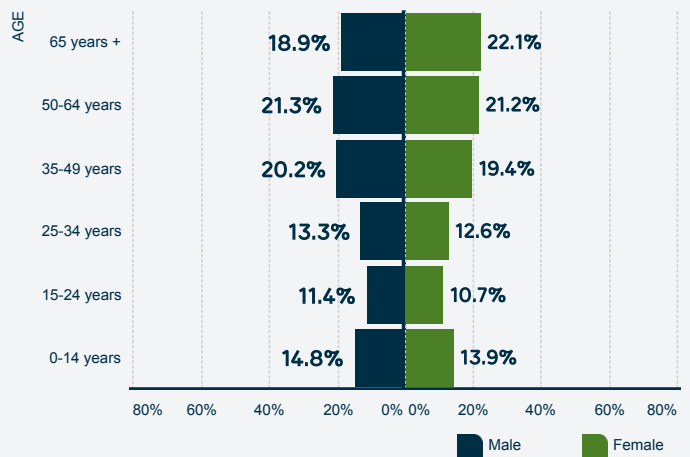
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 August 2018.

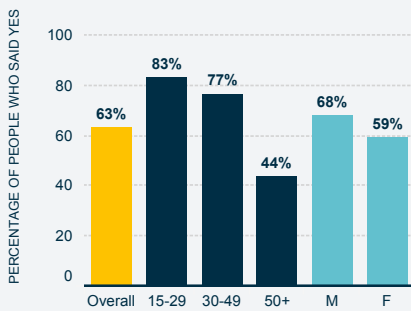
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	26,288.04
GINI coefficient, most recent value	31.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	78.02
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,793.15
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.86%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

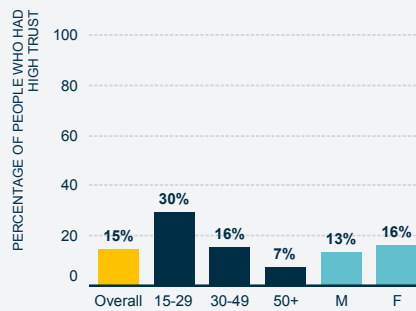


63% said they learned about science at secondary school



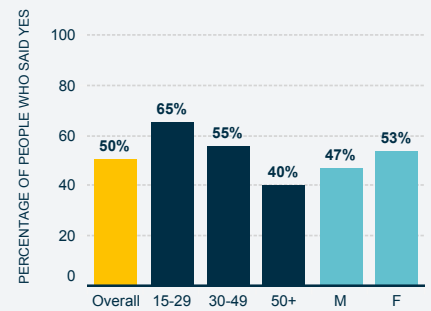
See Q5B in Question breakdown

15% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



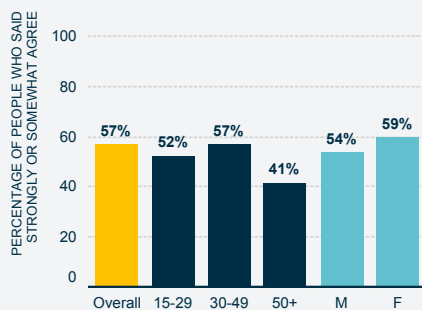
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

50% said science benefits people like them in this country



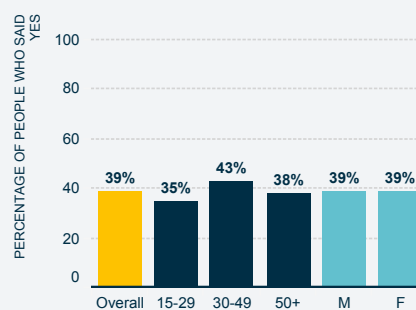
See Q17 in Question breakdown

57% said they think vaccines are safe



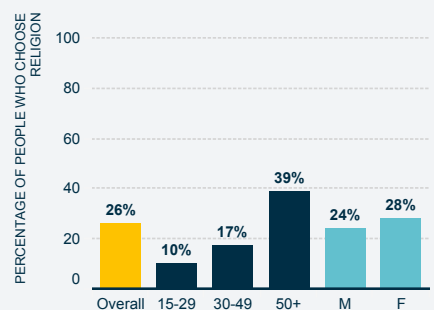
See Q25 in Question breakdown

39% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

26% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

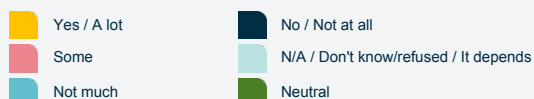
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

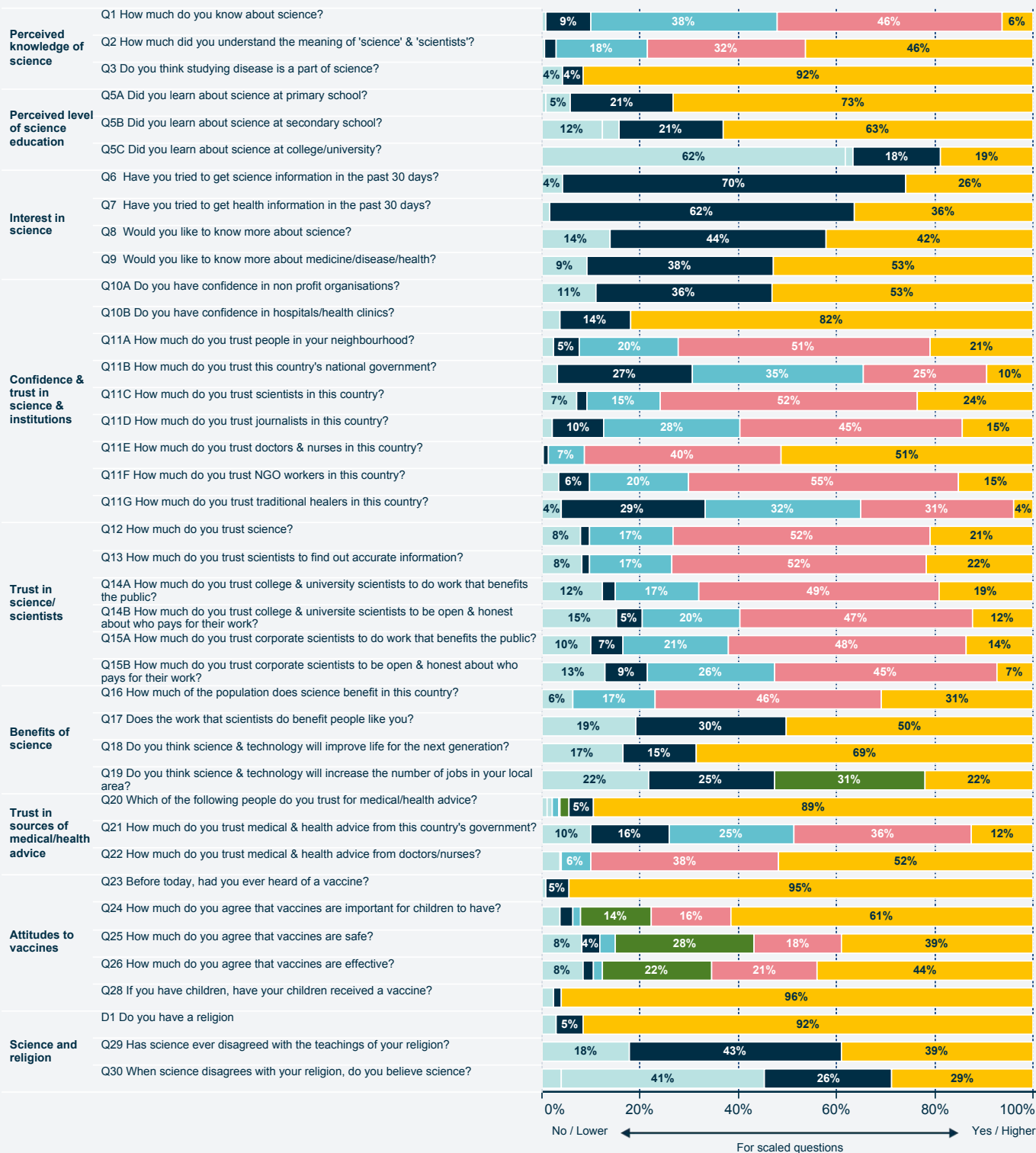


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Cyprus

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Cyprus, based on a sample of 1,011 interviews.

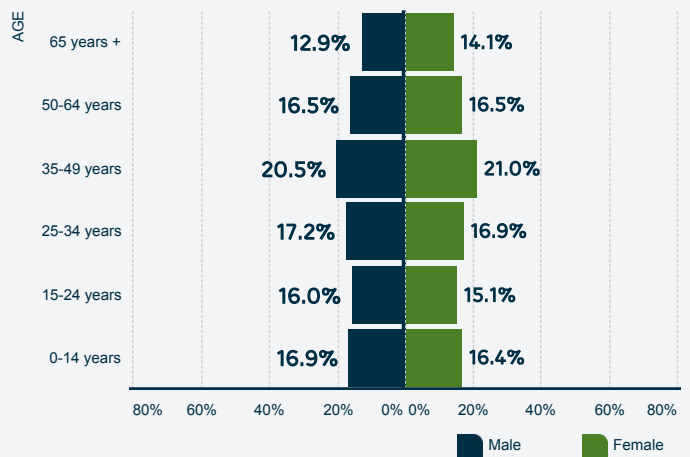
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 16 June 2018.

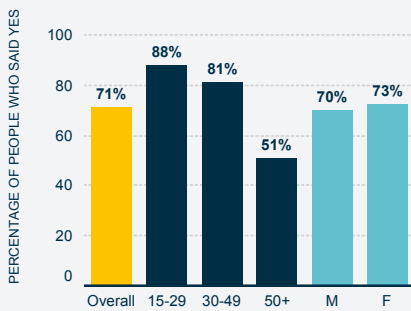
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	34,503.47
GINI coefficient, most recent value	34.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.51
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,000.23
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.50%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

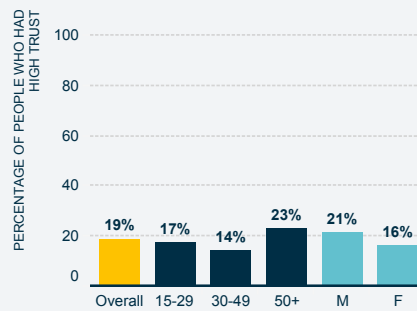


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



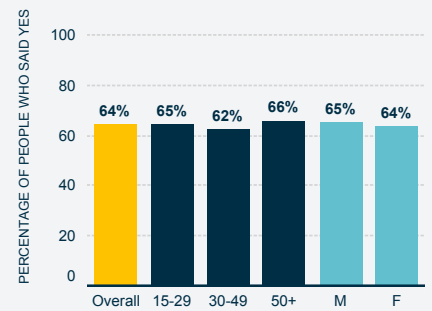
See Q5B in Question breakdown

19% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



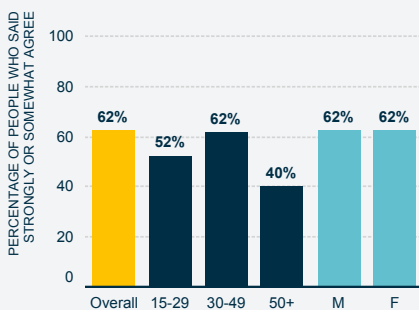
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

64% said science benefits people like them in this country



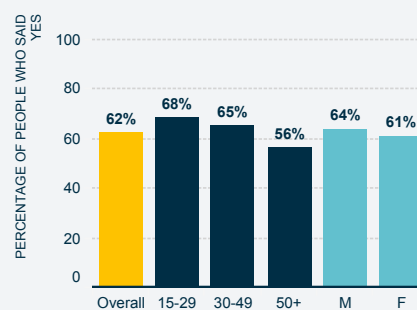
See Q17 in Question breakdown

62% said they think vaccines are safe



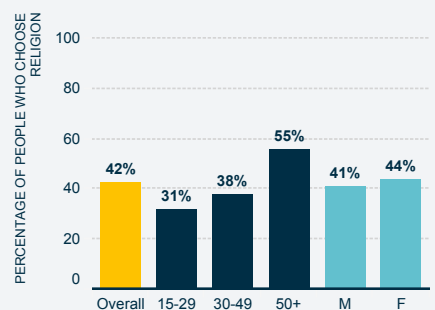
See Q25 in Question breakdown

62% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

42% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

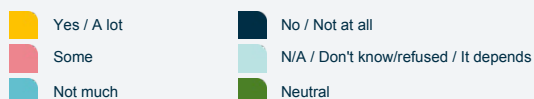
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

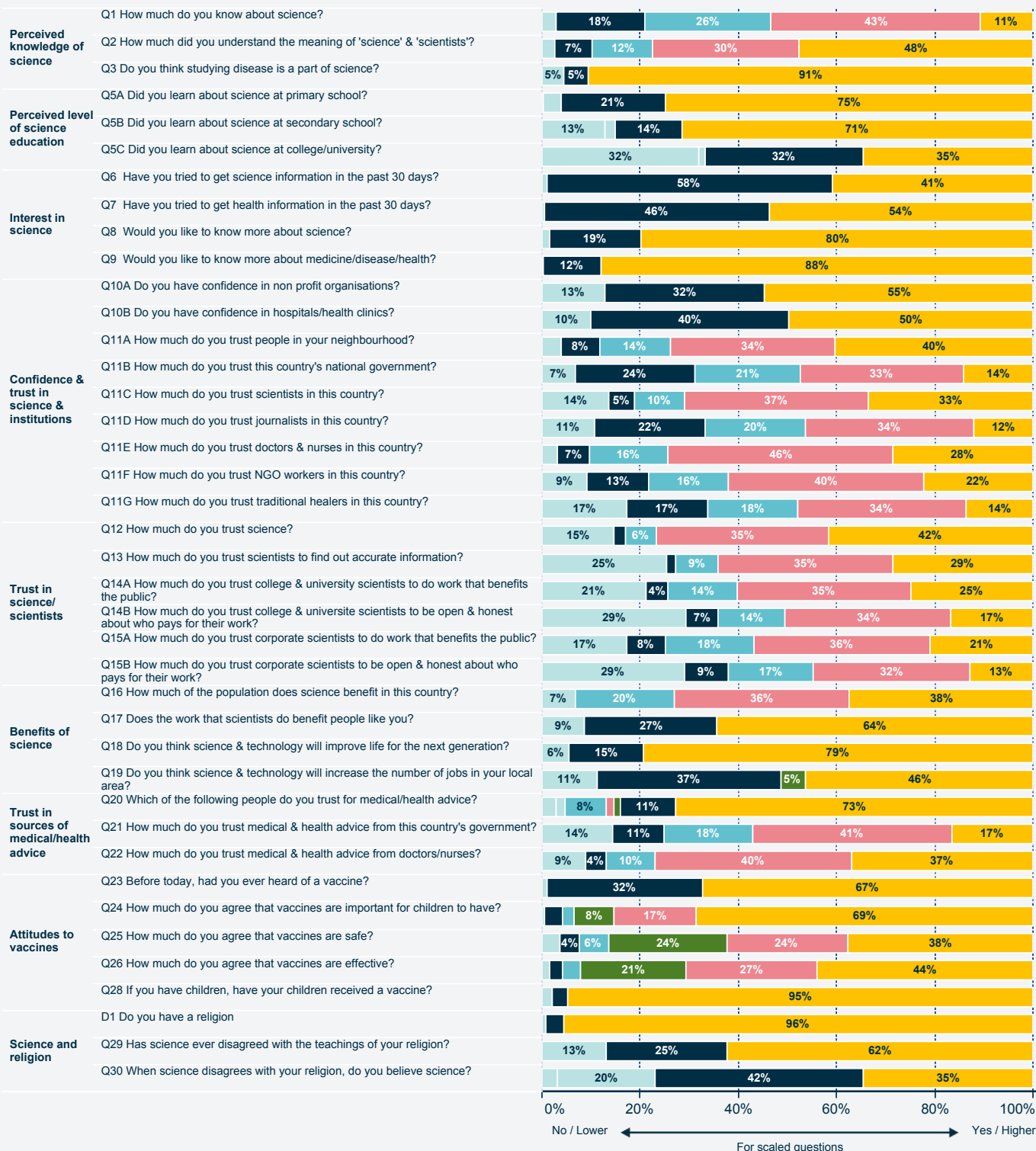


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Czech Republic

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Czech Republic, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

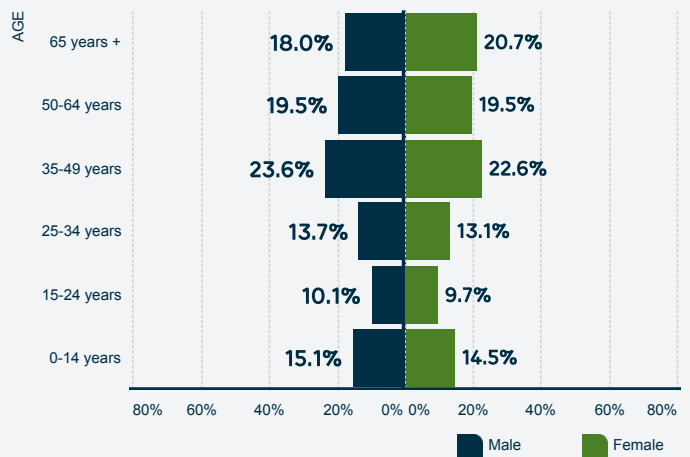
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 7 November 2018.

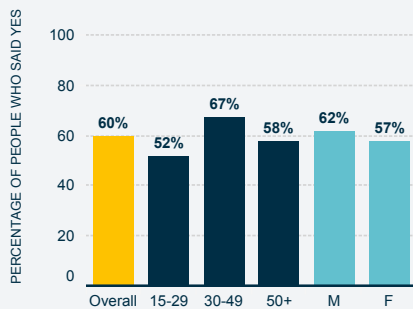
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	36,327.25
GINI coefficient, most recent value	25.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	78.33
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	3,518.82
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.68%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

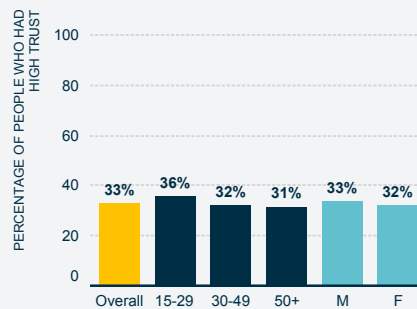


60% said they learned about science at secondary school



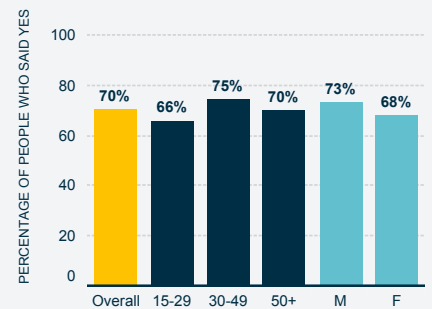
See Q5B in Question breakdown

33% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



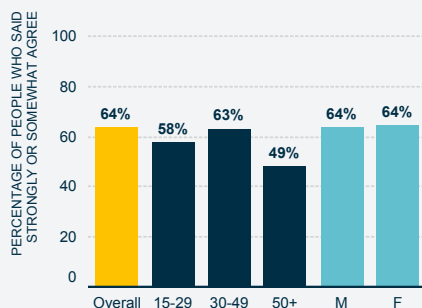
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

70% said science benefits people like them in this country



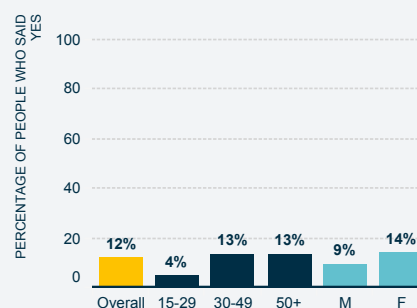
See Q17 in Question breakdown

64% said they think vaccines are safe



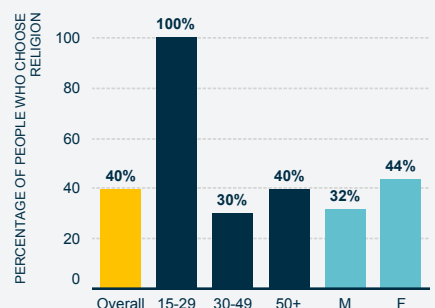
See Q25 in Question breakdown

12% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

40% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

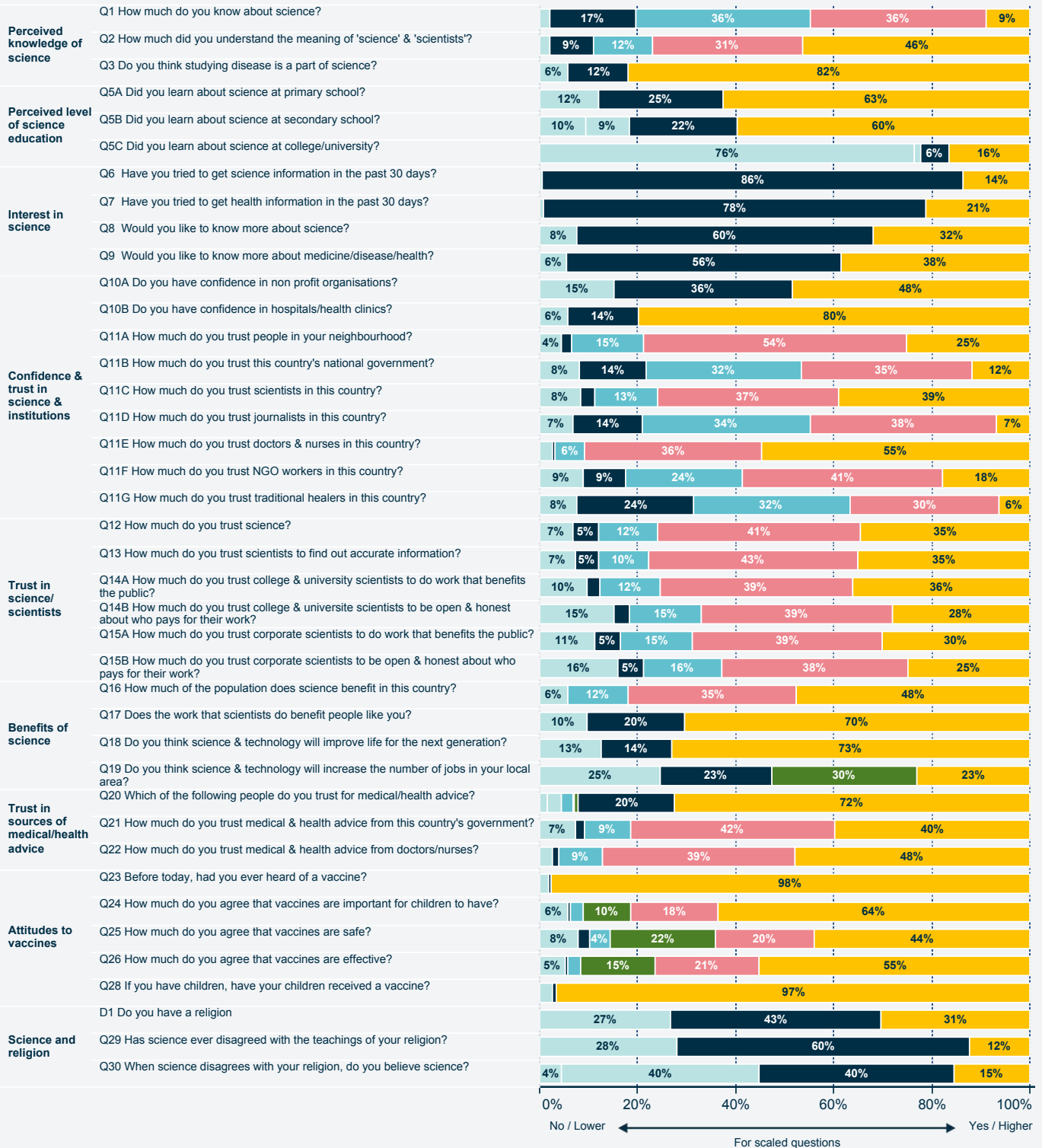


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Denmark

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Denmark, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

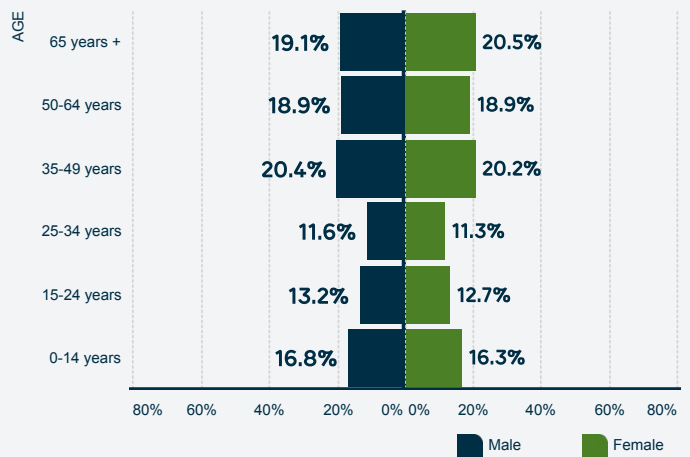
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 30 May 2018.

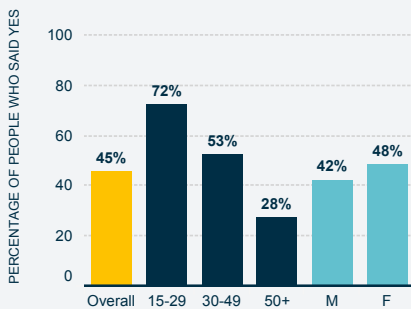
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	51,364.14
GINI coefficient, most recent value	28.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.70
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	7,514.70
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.87%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

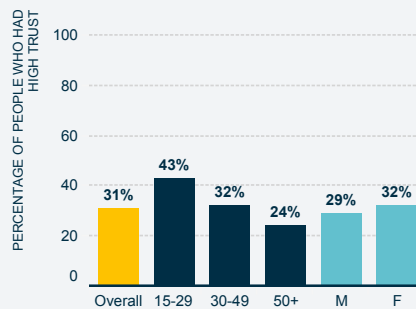


45% said they learned about science at secondary school



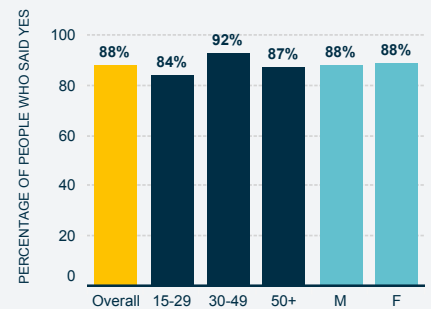
See Q5B in Question breakdown

31% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



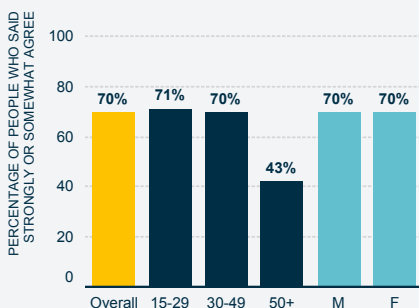
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

88% said science benefits people like them in this country



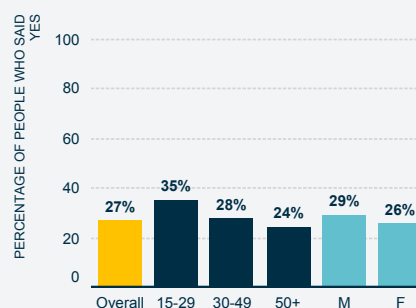
See Q17 in Question breakdown

70% said they think vaccines are safe



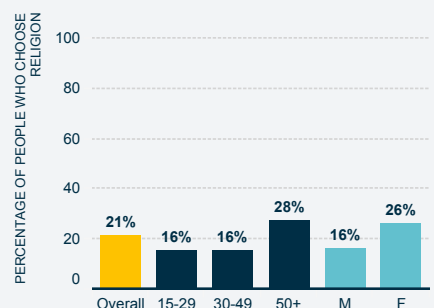
See Q25 in Question breakdown

27% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

21% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

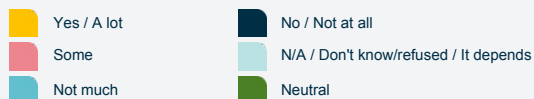
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

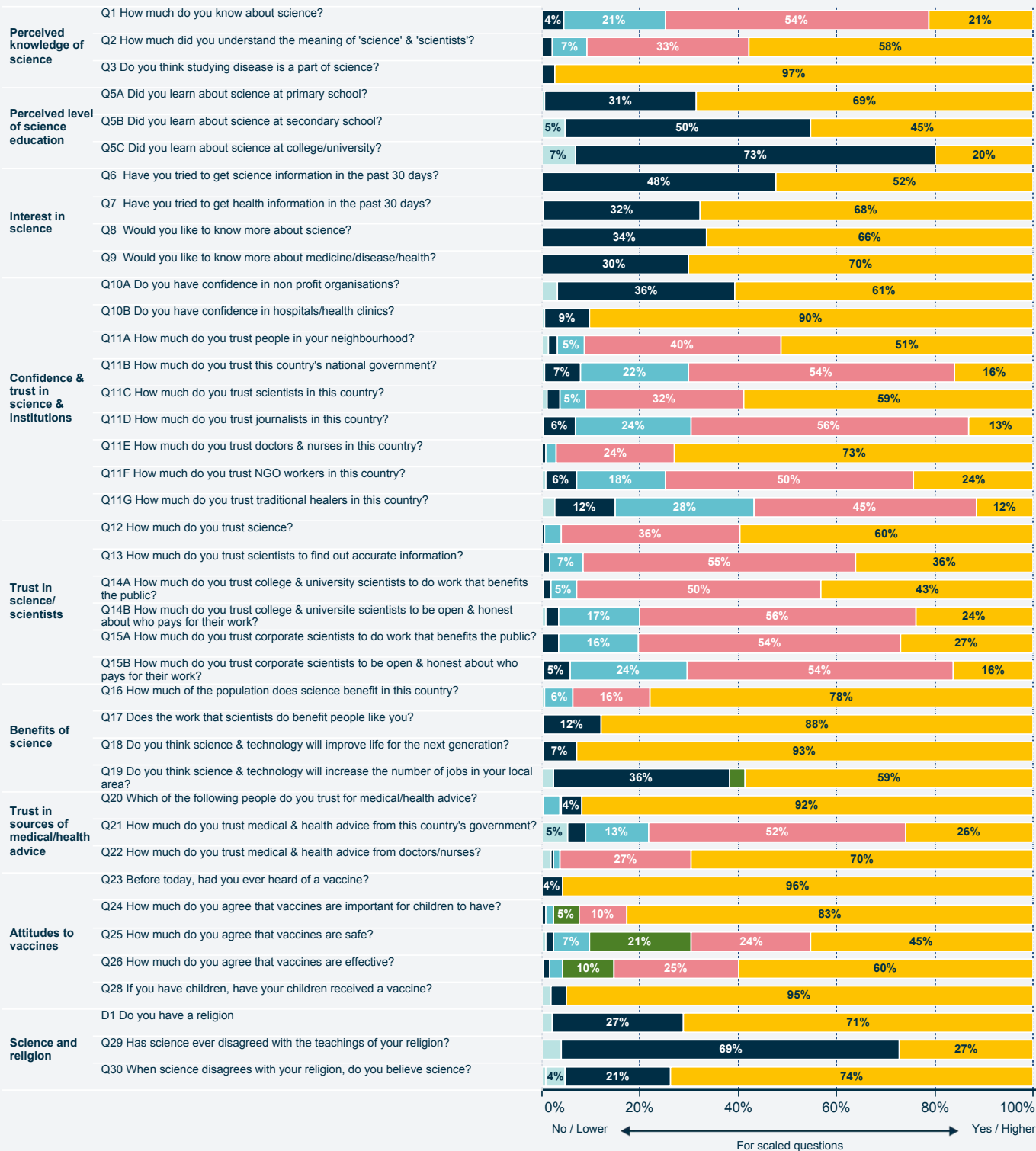
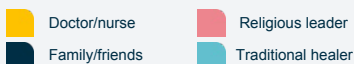


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Dominican Republic

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Dominican Republic, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

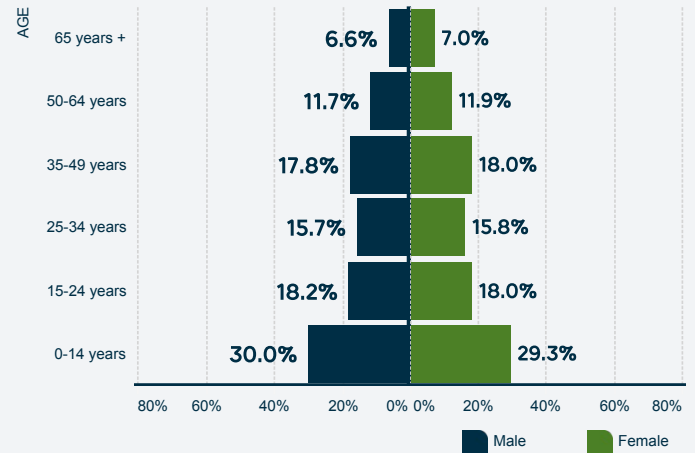
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 12 October 2018.

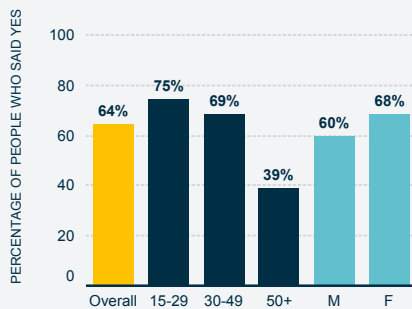
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	16,029.62
GINI coefficient, most recent value	45.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.86
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	25.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

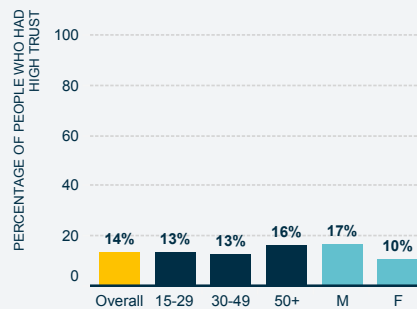


64% said they learned about science at secondary school



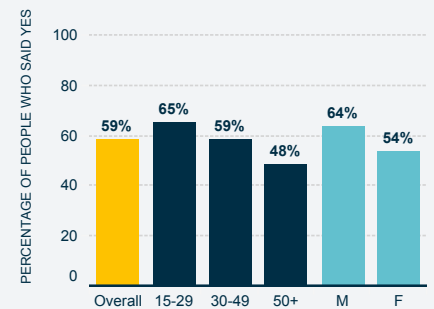
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



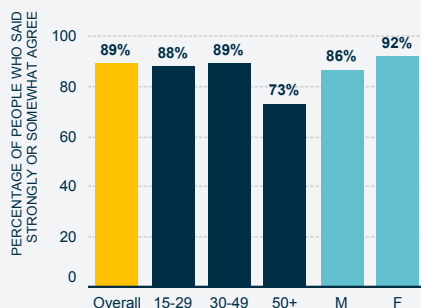
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

59% said science benefits people like them in this country



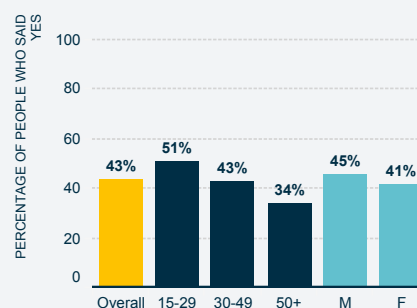
See Q17 in Question breakdown

89% said they think vaccines are safe



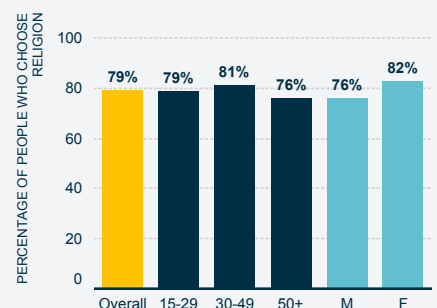
See Q25 in Question breakdown

43% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

79% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

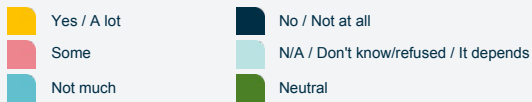
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

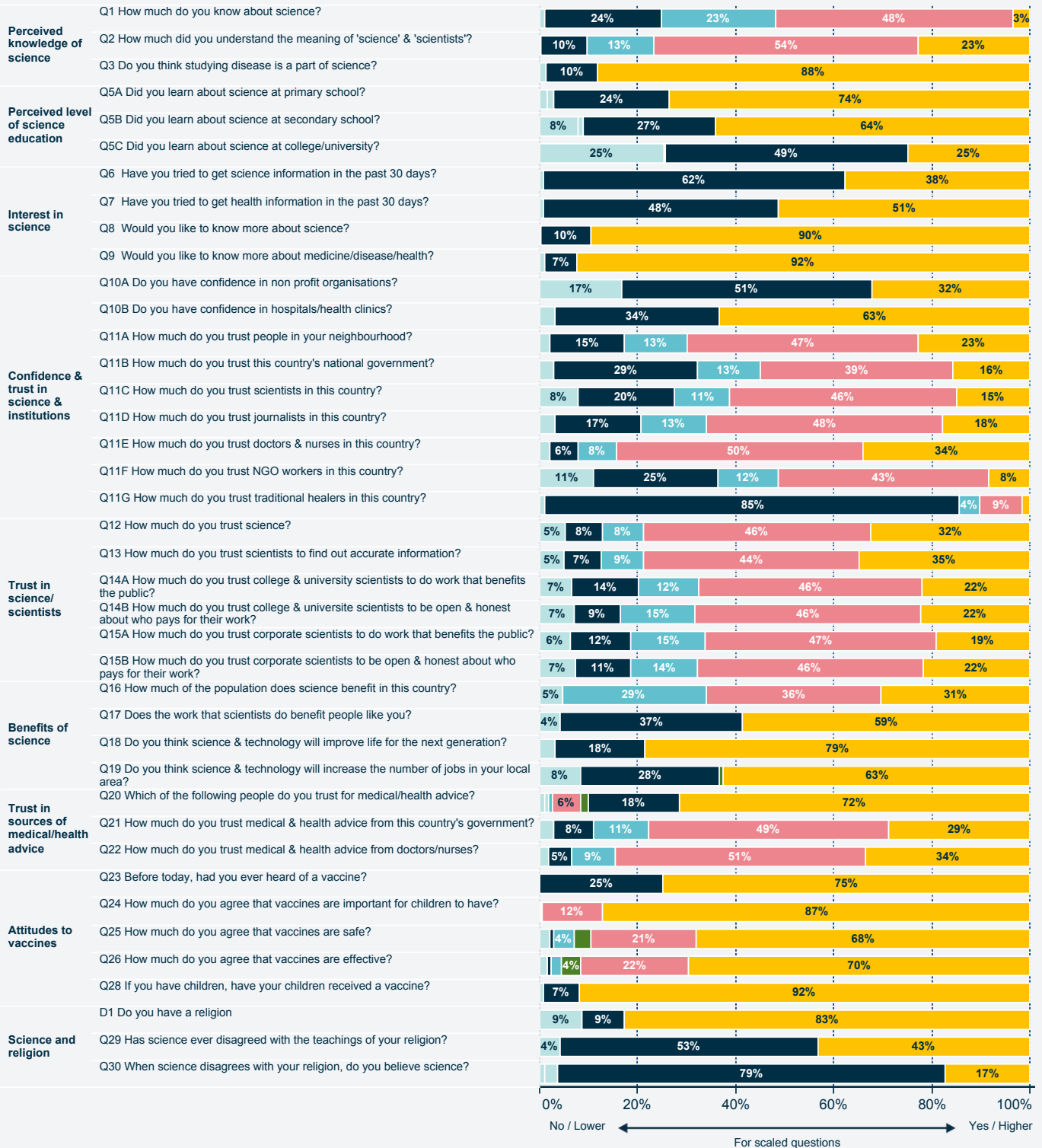


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Ecuador

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Ecuador, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

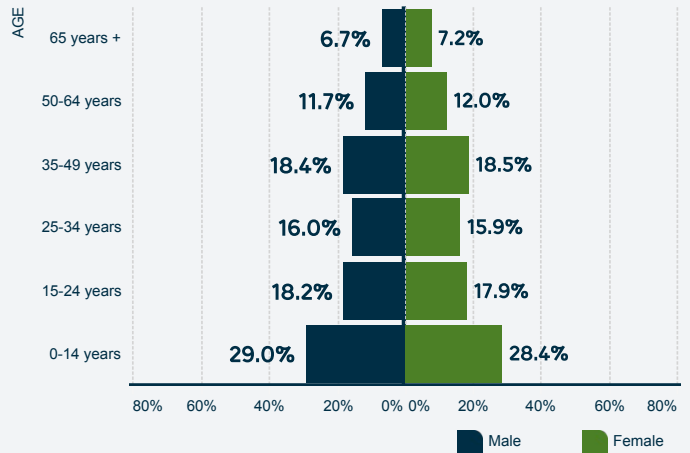
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 26 August 2018.

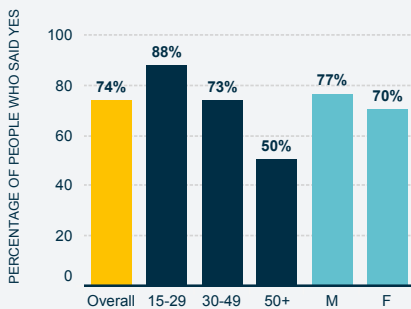
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	11,587.45
GINI coefficient, most recent value	45.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.33
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	12.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	400.71
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.44%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

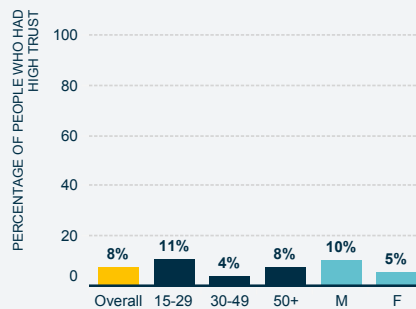


74% said they learned about science at secondary school



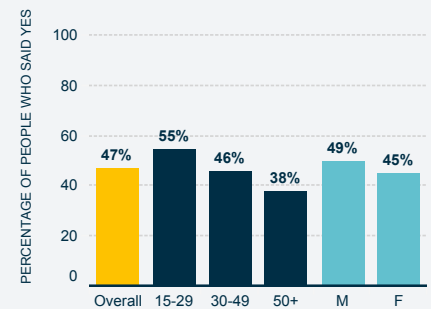
See Q5B in Question breakdown

8% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



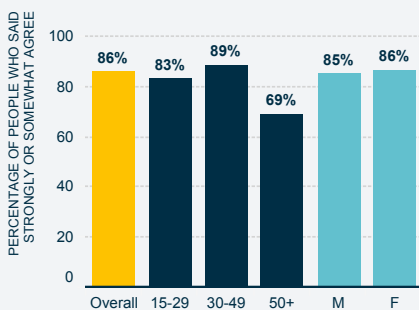
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

47% said science benefits people like them in this country



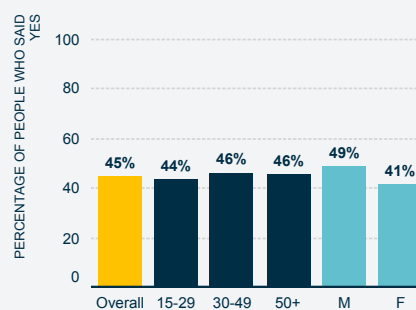
See Q17 in Question breakdown

86% said they think vaccines are safe



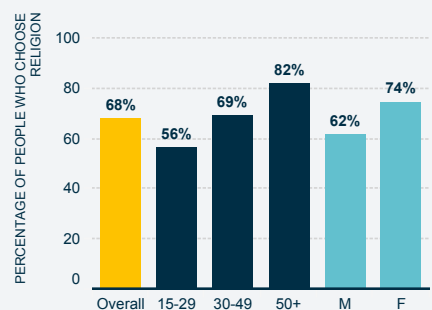
See Q25 in Question breakdown

45% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

68% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

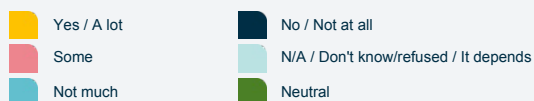
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

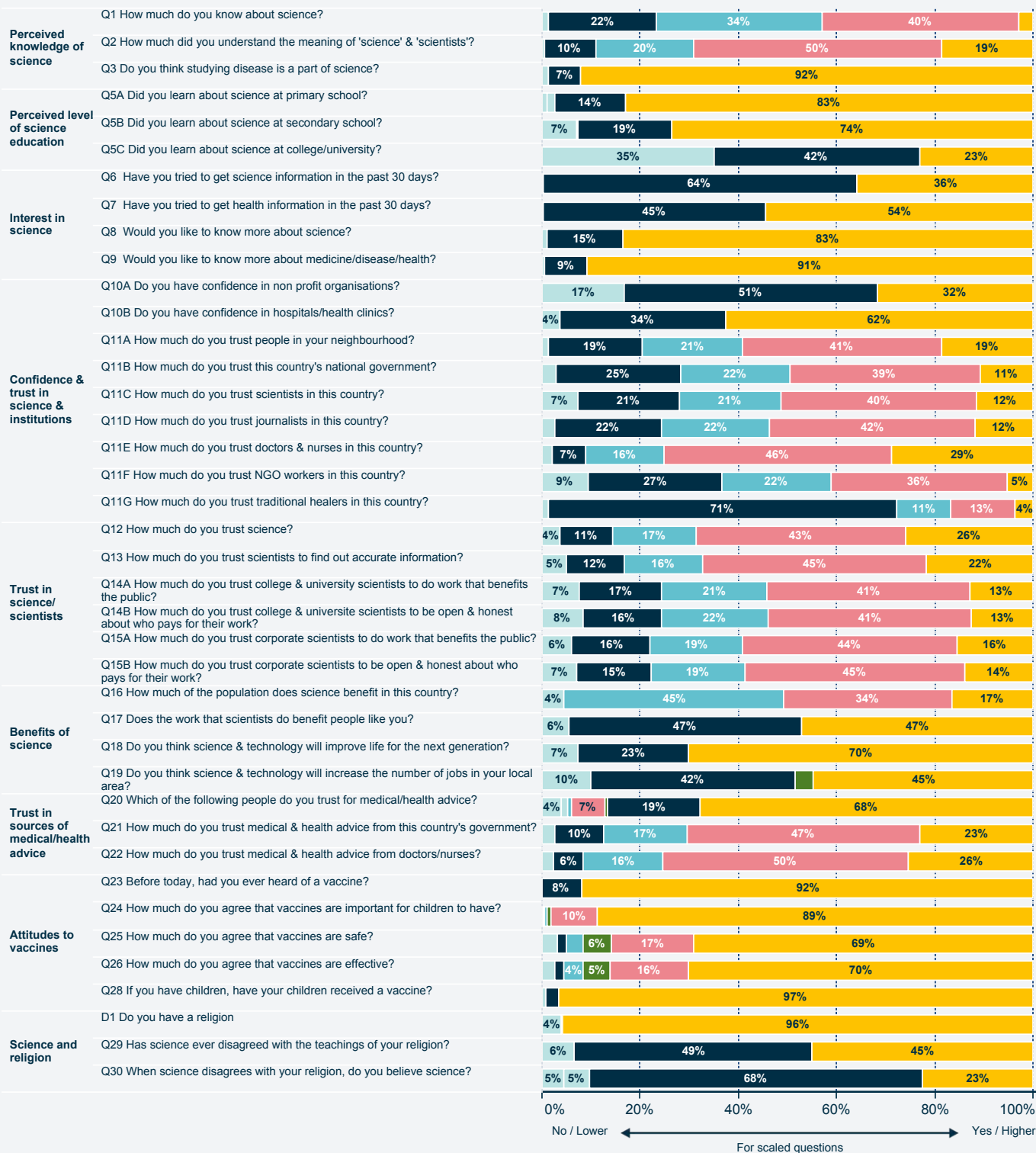


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Egypt

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Egypt, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

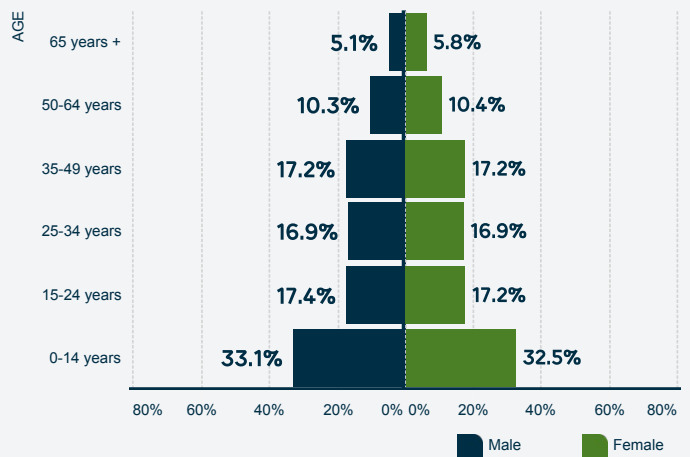
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 17 August 2018.

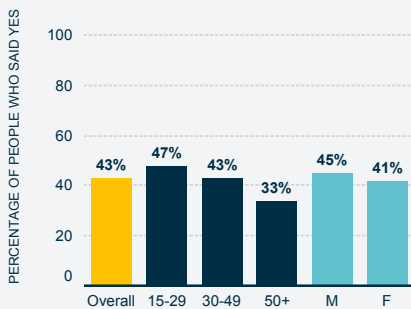
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	11,583.79
GINI coefficient, most recent value	31.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	71.48
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	18.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	680.30
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.71%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

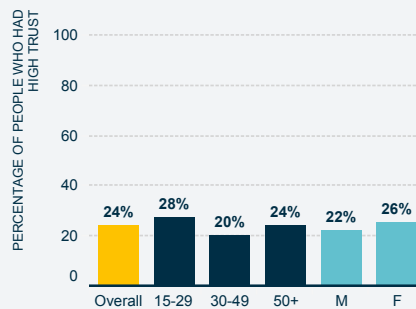


43% said they learned about science at secondary school



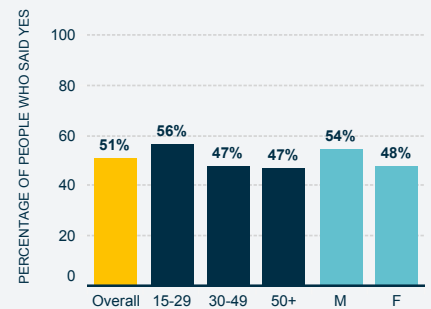
See Q5B in Question breakdown

24% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



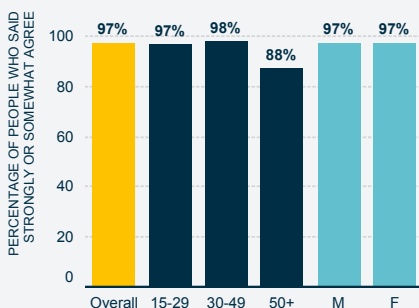
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

51% said science benefits people like them in this country



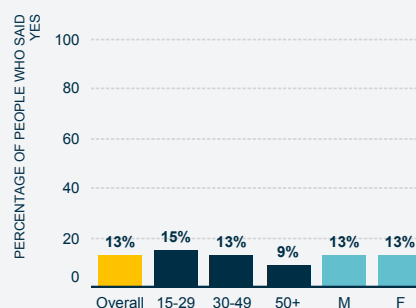
See Q17 in Question breakdown

97% said they think vaccines are safe



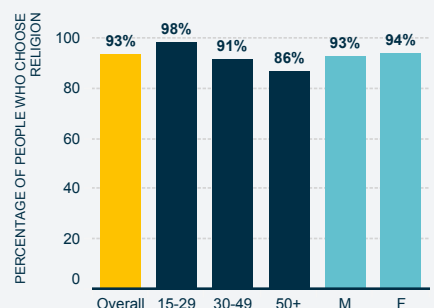
See Q25 in Question breakdown

13% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

93% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

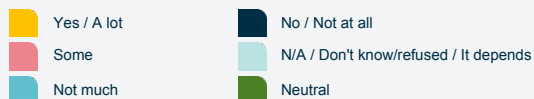
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

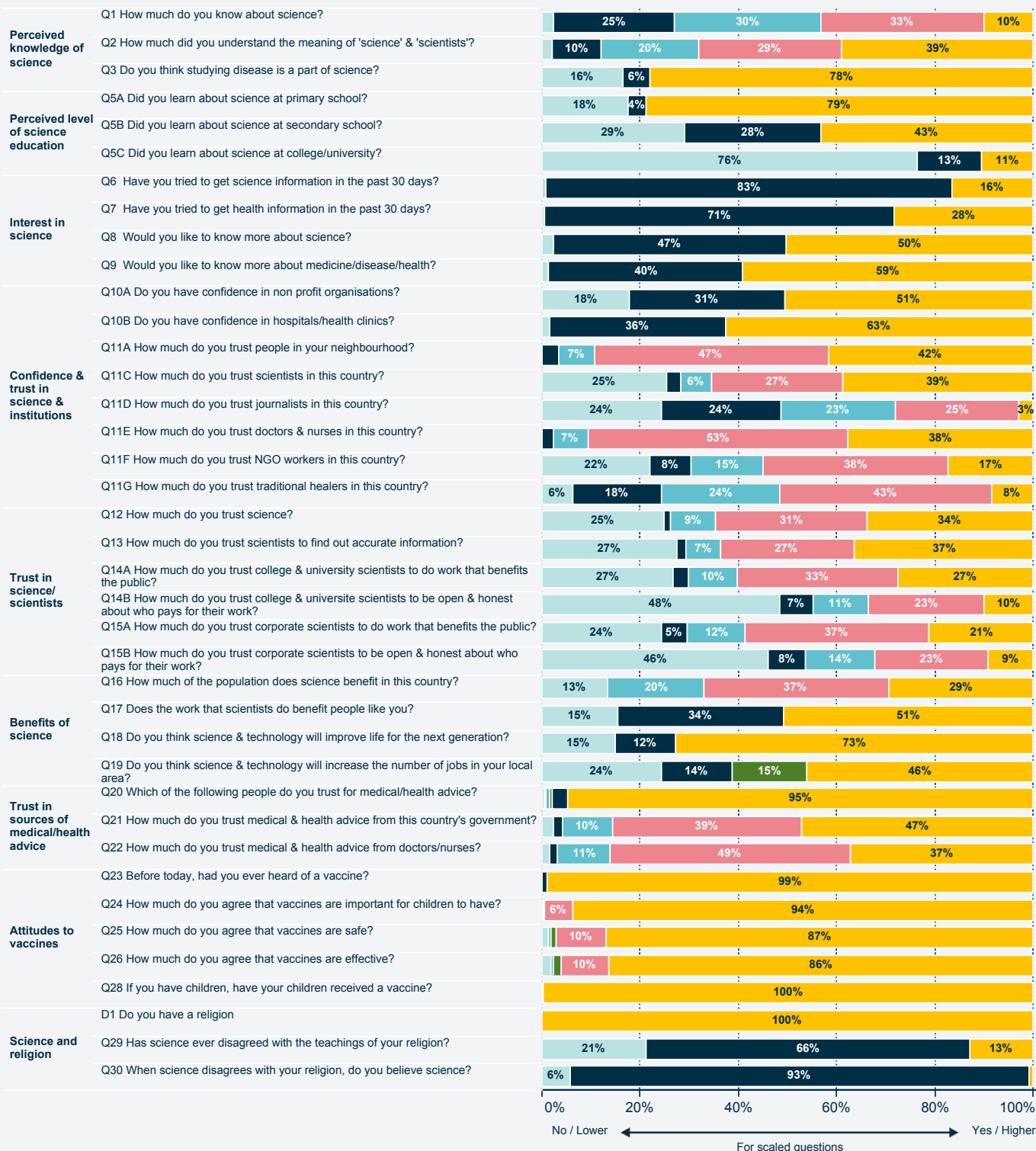


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

El Salvador

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in El Salvador, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

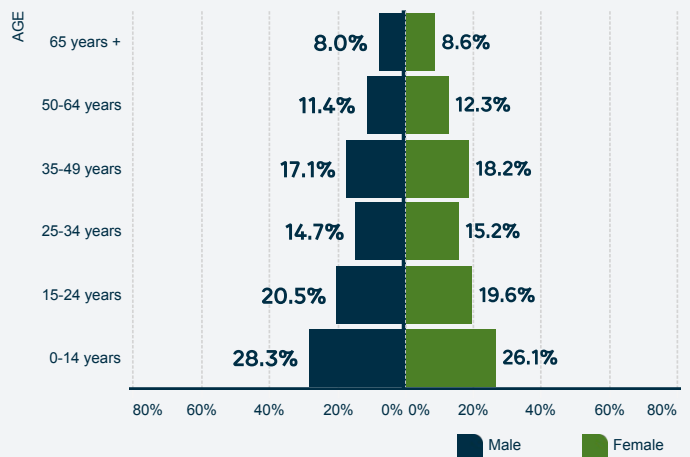
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 10 August 2018.

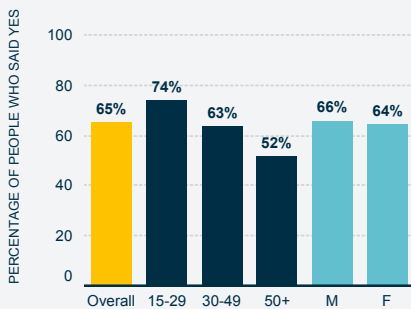
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	8,006.06
GINI coefficient, most recent value	40.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.51
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	12.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	63.37
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.13%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

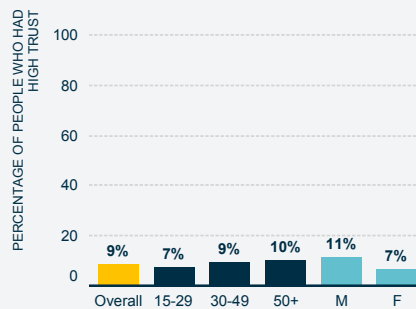


65% said they learned about science at secondary school



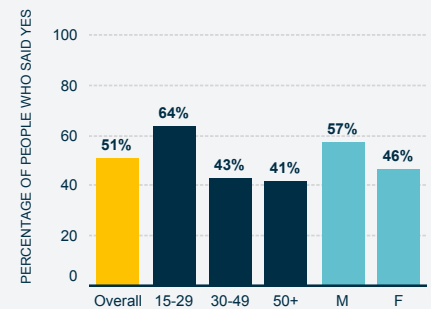
See Q5B in Question breakdown

9% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



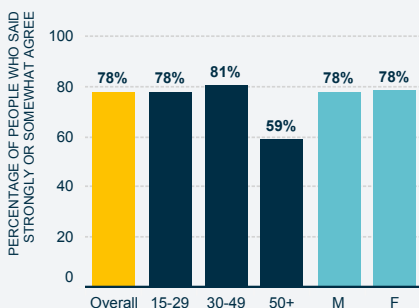
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

51% said science benefits people like them in this country



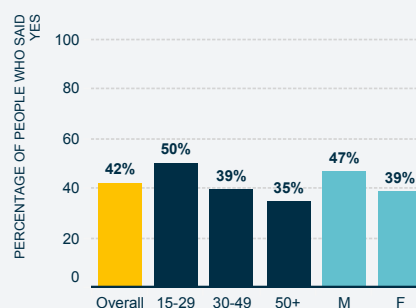
See Q17 in Question breakdown

78% said they think vaccines are safe



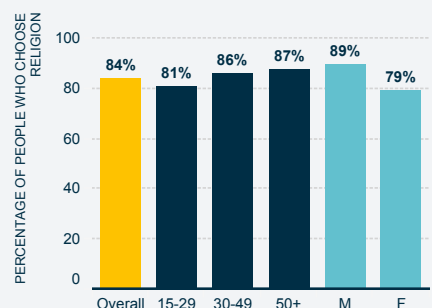
See Q25 in Question breakdown

42% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

84% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

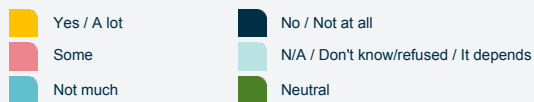
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

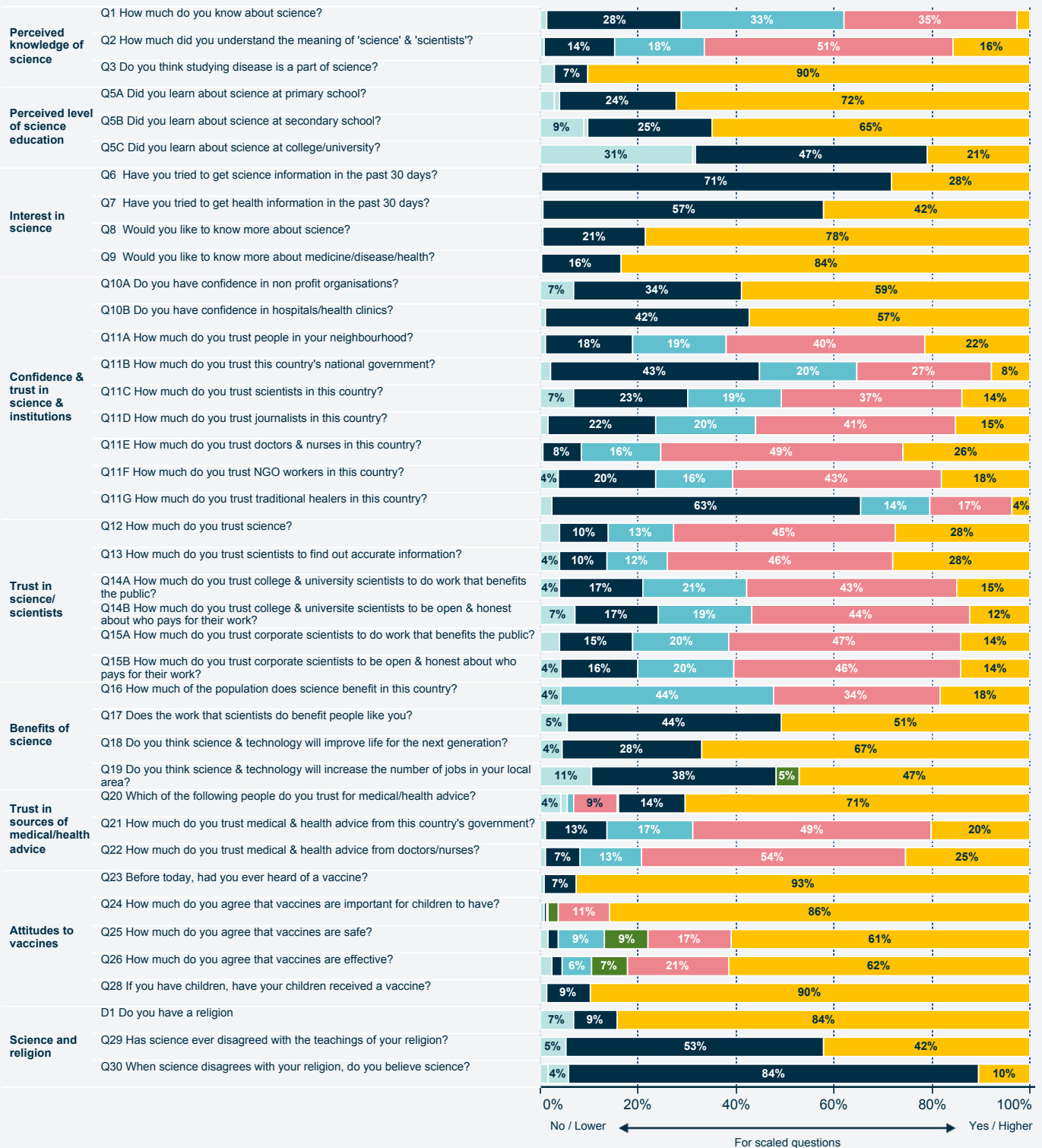


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Estonia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Estonia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

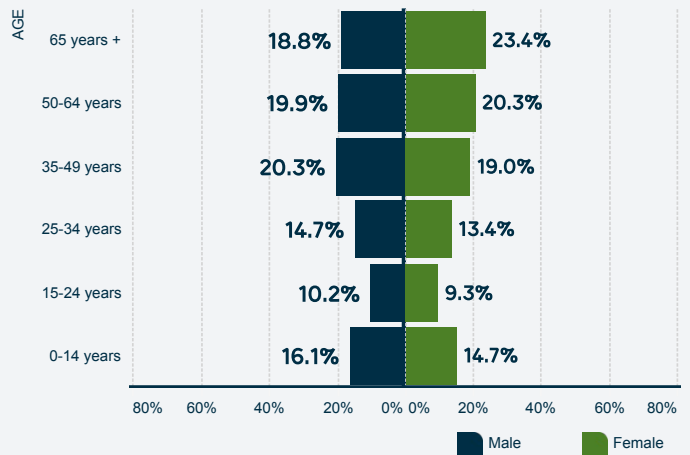
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 30 July 2018.

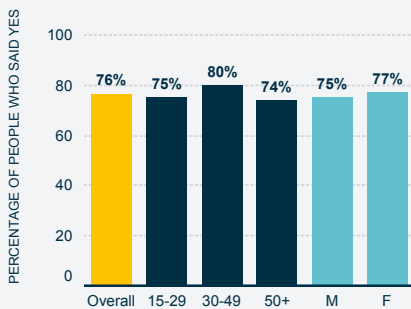
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	31,742.03
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	77.74
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	3,305.29
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.28%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

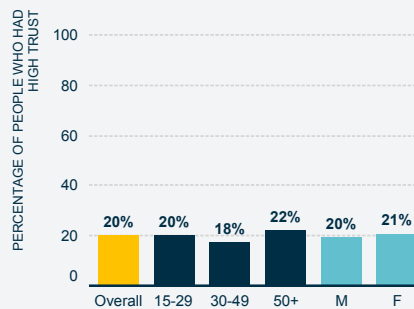


76% said they learned about science at secondary school



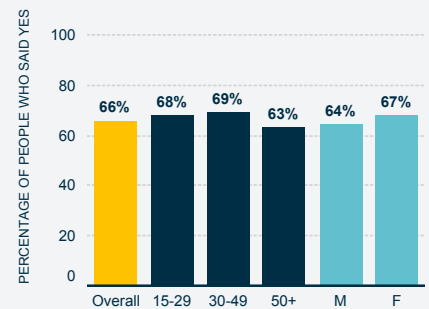
See Q5B in Question breakdown

20% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



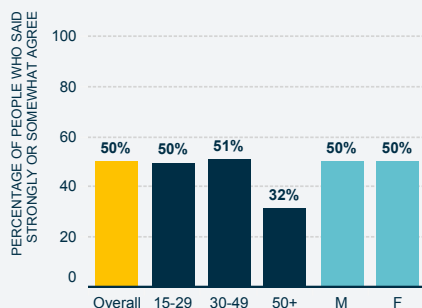
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

66% said science benefits people like them in this country



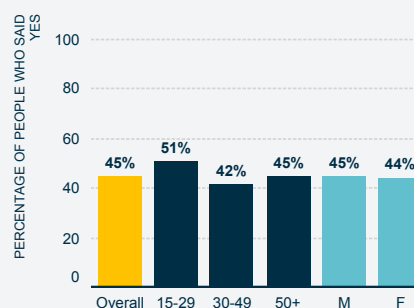
See Q17 in Question breakdown

50% said they think vaccines are safe



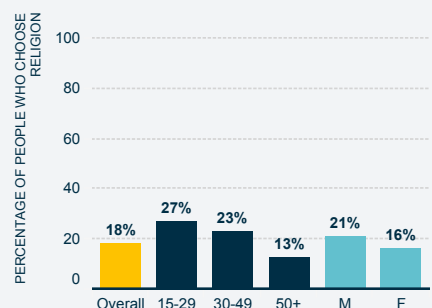
See Q25 in Question breakdown

45% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

18% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

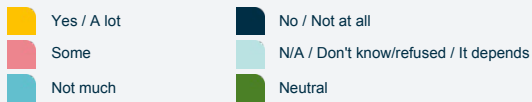
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

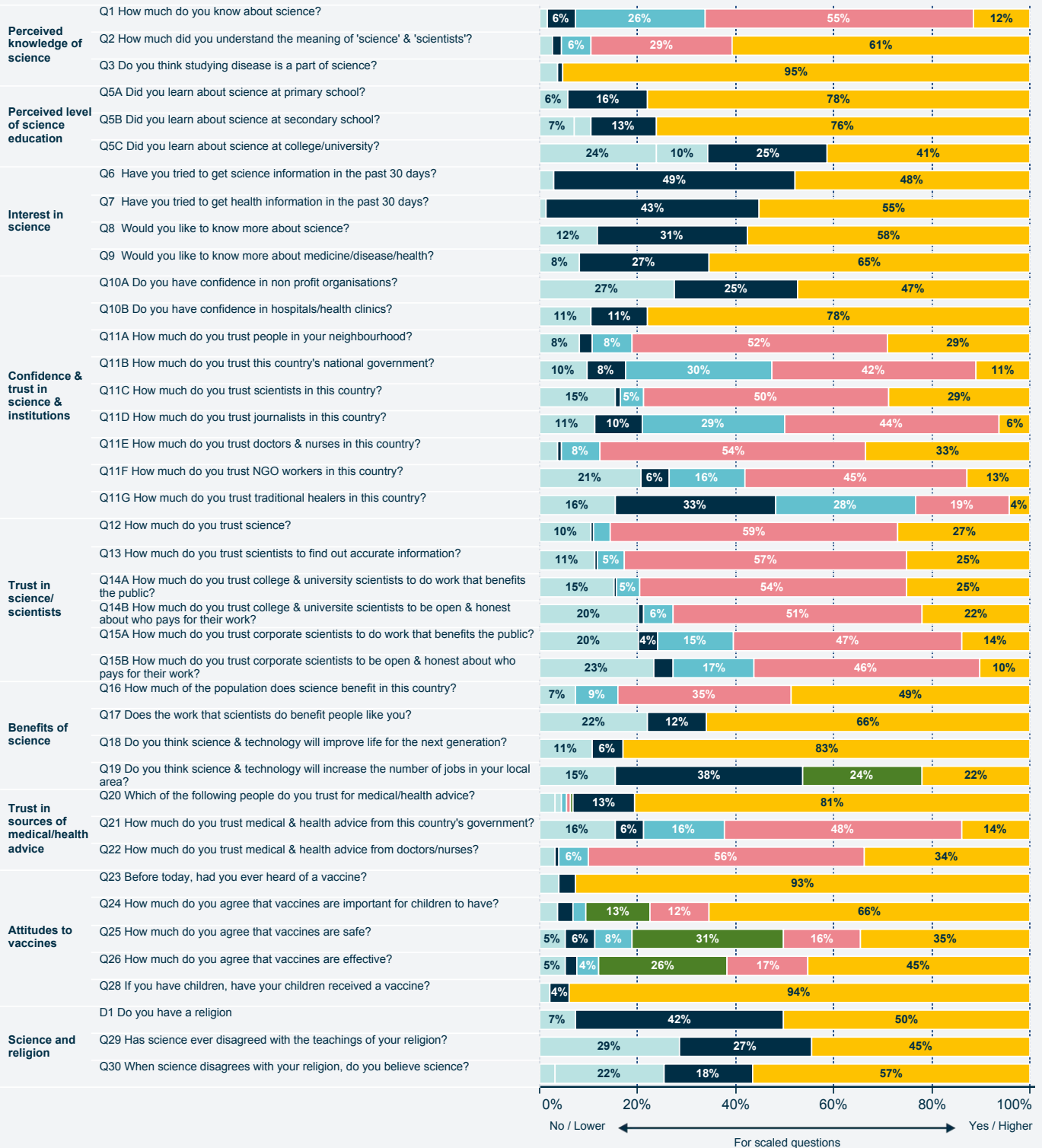


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Eswatini

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Eswatini, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 September 2018.

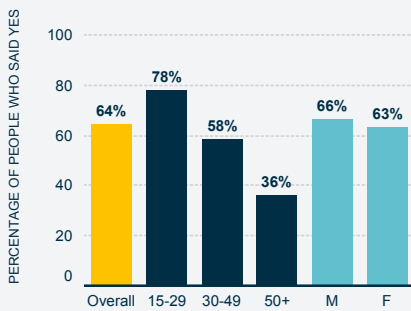
Country health indicators¹:

Population breakdown by age and gender²

Data unavailable for this country

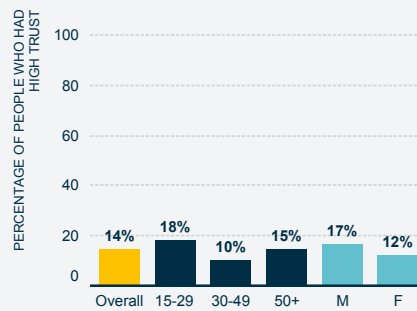
Data unavailable for this country

64% said they learned about science at secondary school



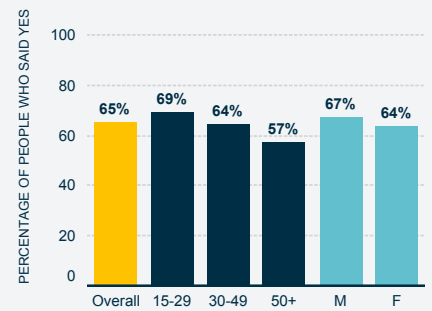
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



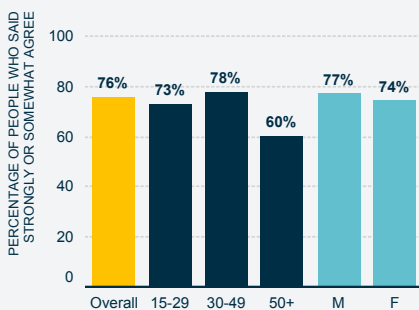
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

65% said science benefits people like them in this country



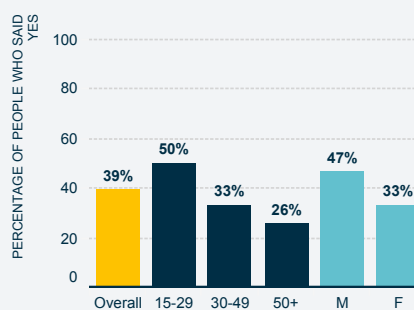
See Q17 in Question breakdown

76% said they think vaccines are safe



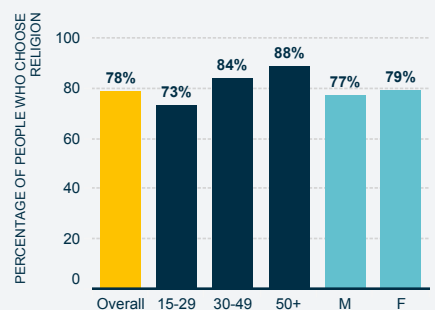
See Q25 in Question breakdown

39% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

78% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

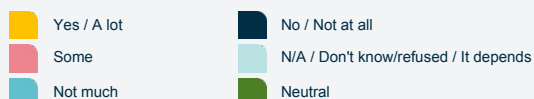
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

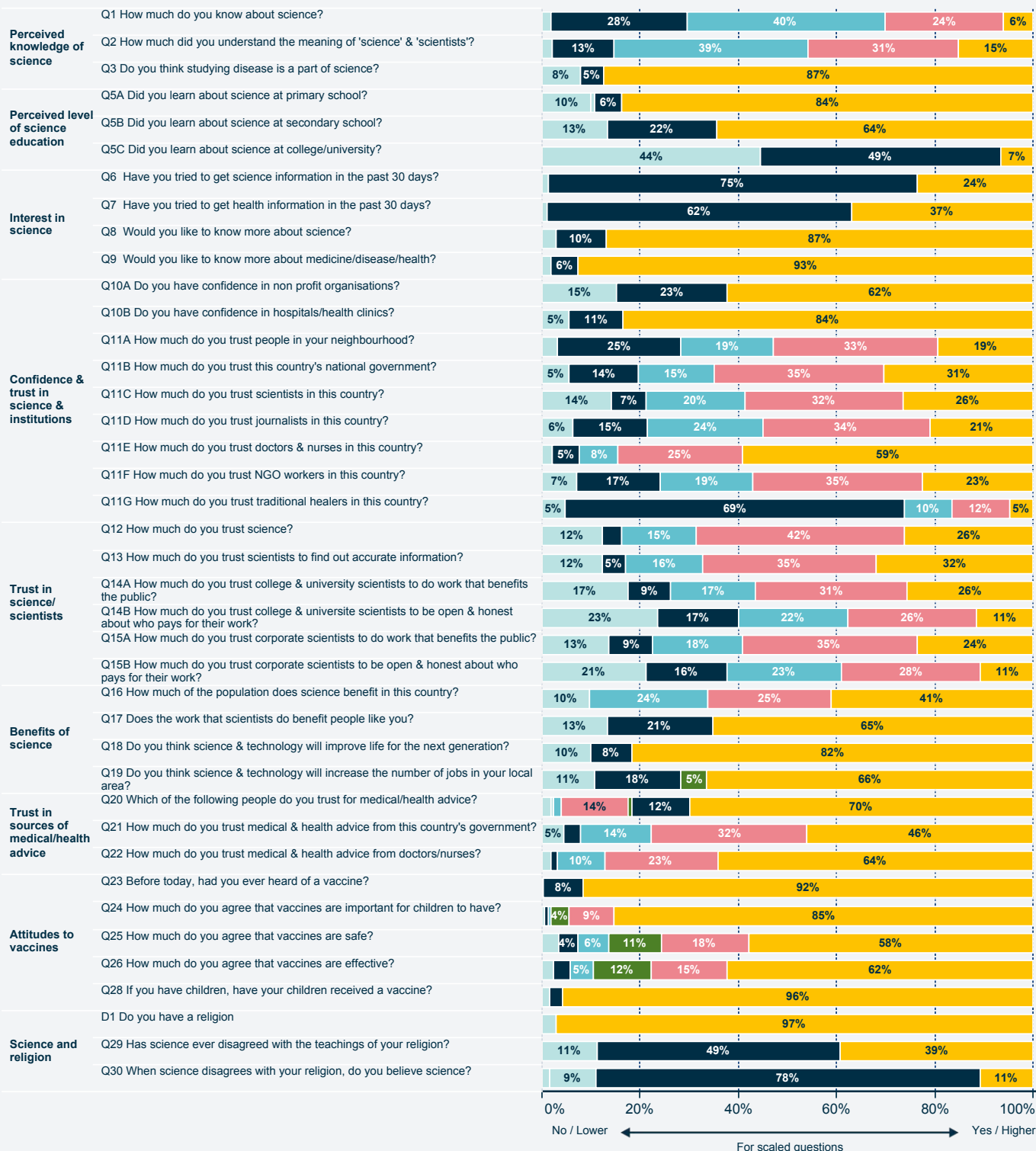


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Ethiopia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Ethiopia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

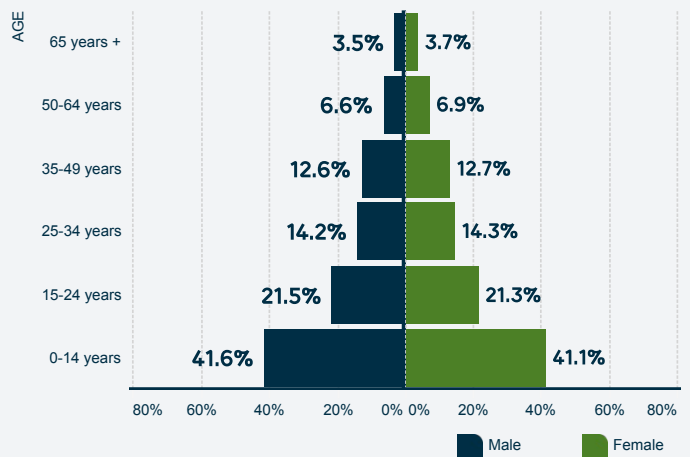
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 5 July 2018.

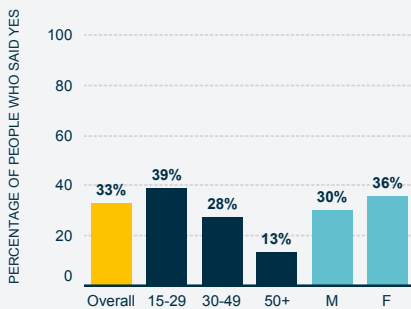
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,899.21
GINI coefficient, most recent value	39.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	65.47
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	41.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	44.97
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.60%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

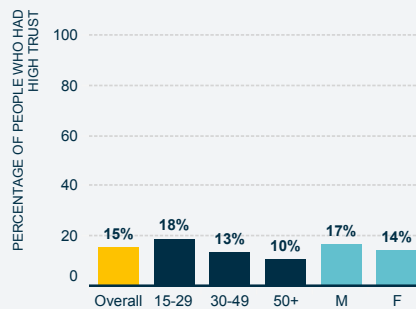


33% said they learned about science at secondary school



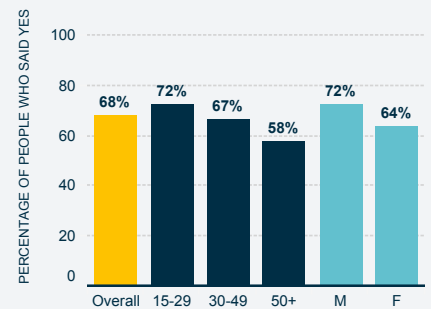
See Q5B in Question breakdown

15% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



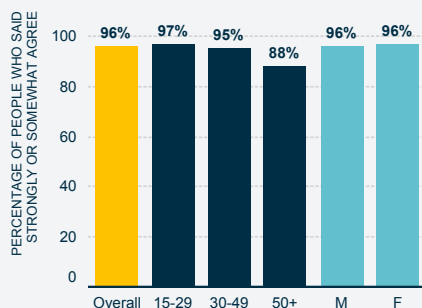
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

68% said science benefits people like them in this country



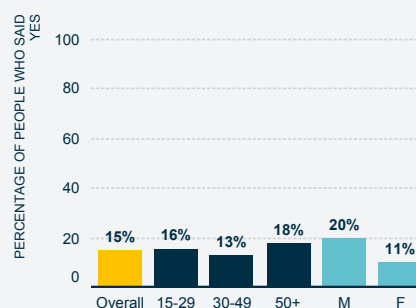
See Q17 in Question breakdown

96% said they think vaccines are safe



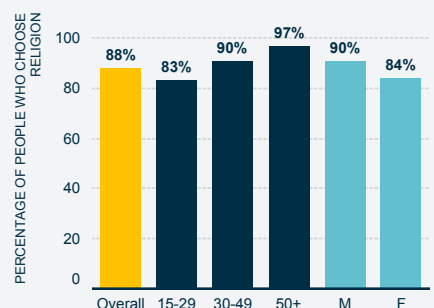
See Q25 in Question breakdown

15% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

88% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

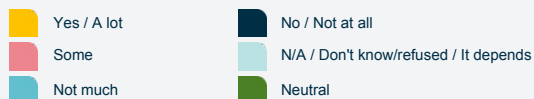
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

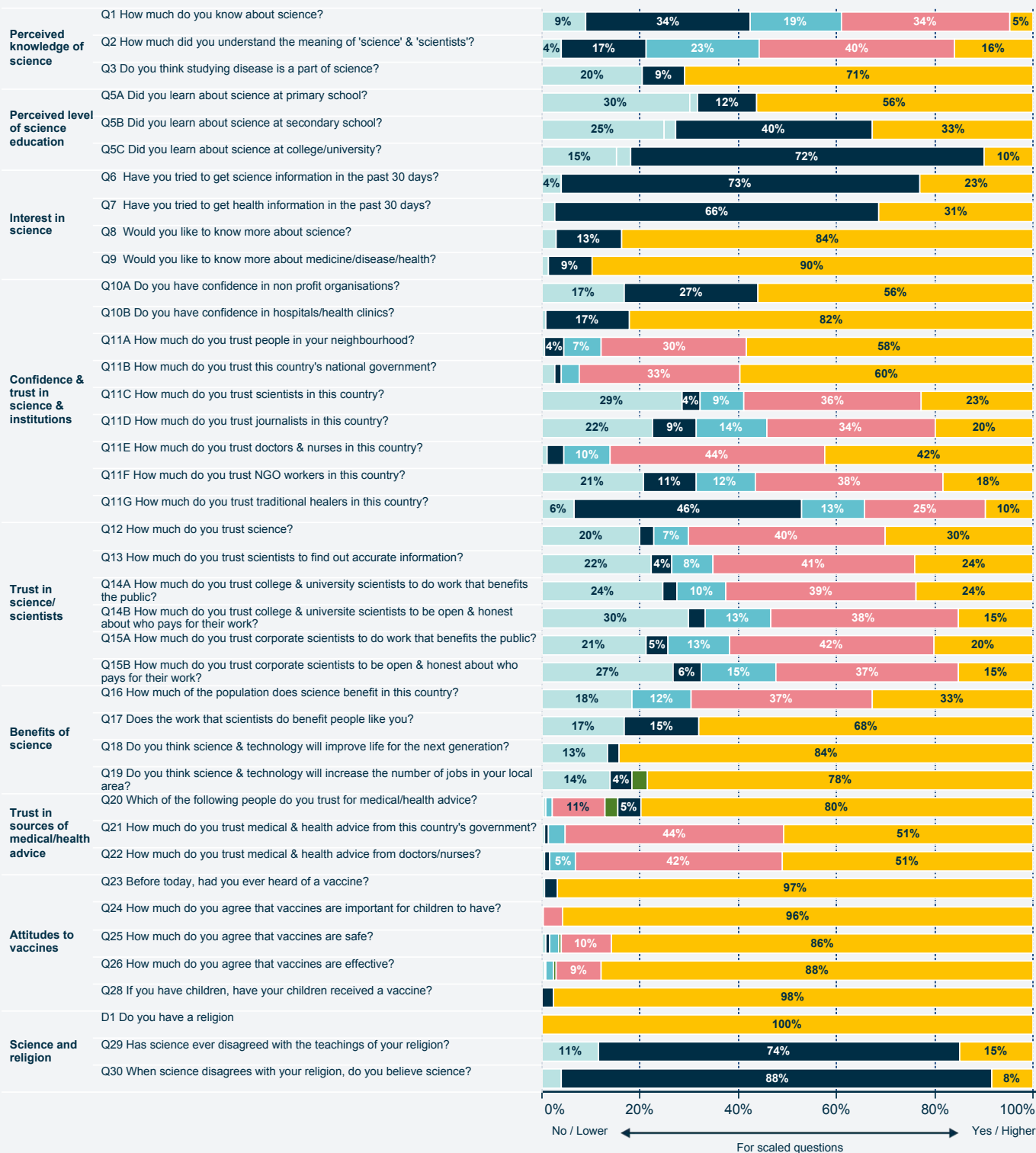


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Finland

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Finland, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

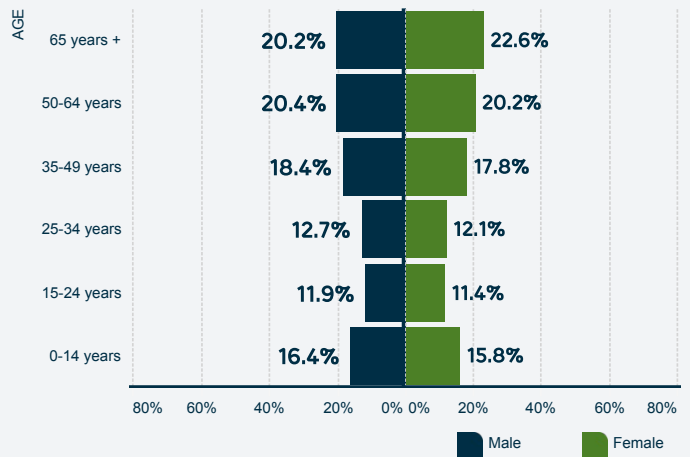
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 1 June 2018.

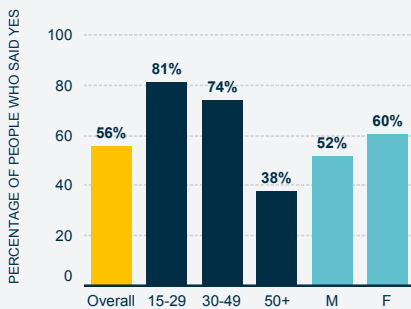
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	44,865.84
GINI coefficient, most recent value	27.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	81.78
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	1.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	6,525.01
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.75%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

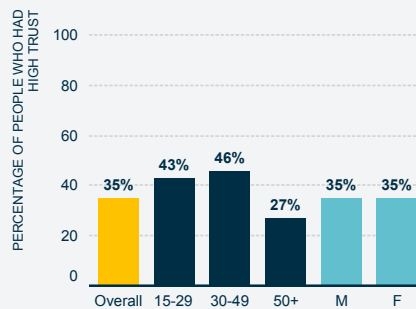


56% said they learned about science at secondary school



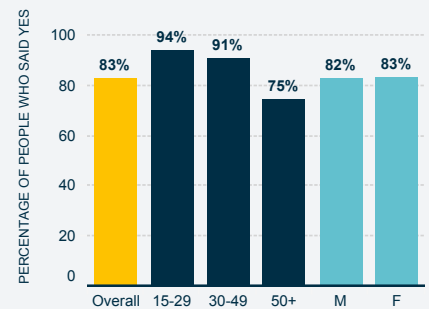
See Q5B in Question breakdown

35% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



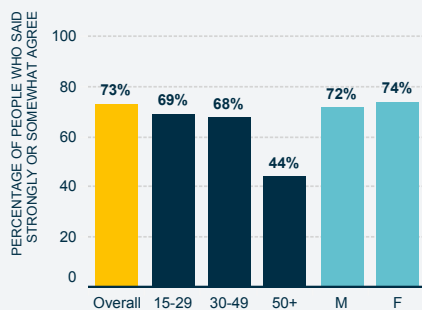
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

83% said science benefits people like them in this country



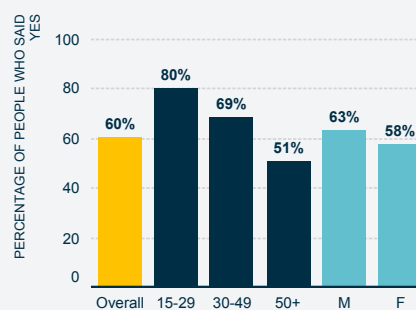
See Q17 in Question breakdown

73% said they think vaccines are safe



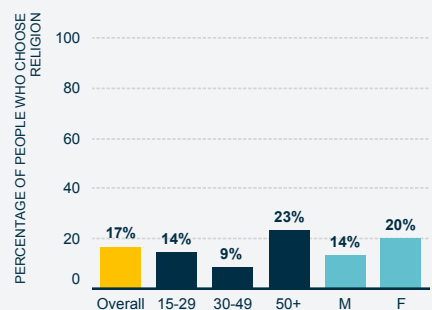
See Q25 in Question breakdown

60% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

17% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

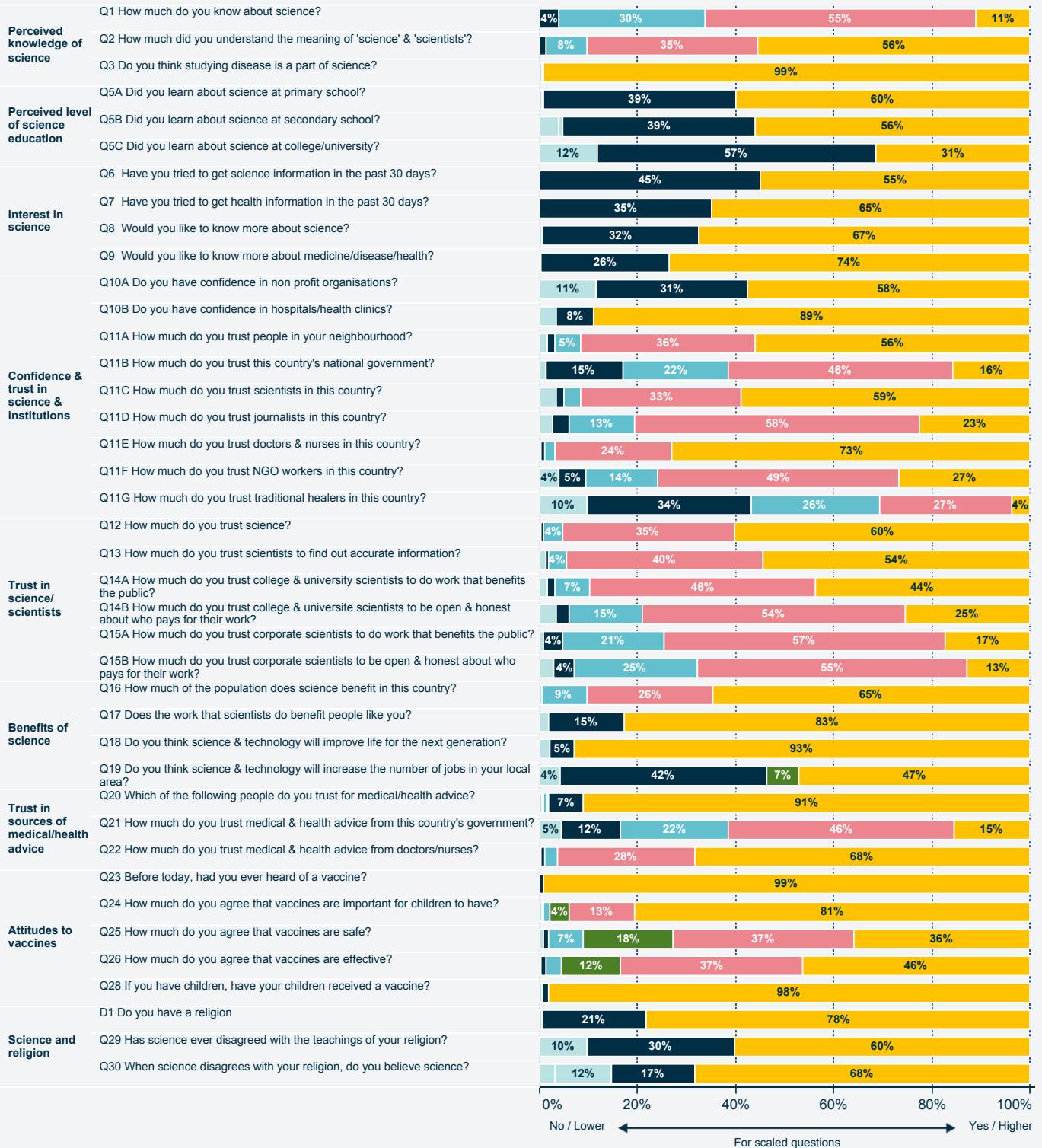


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
No / Lower ← For scaled questions → Yes / Higher



Country-level data

France

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in France, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

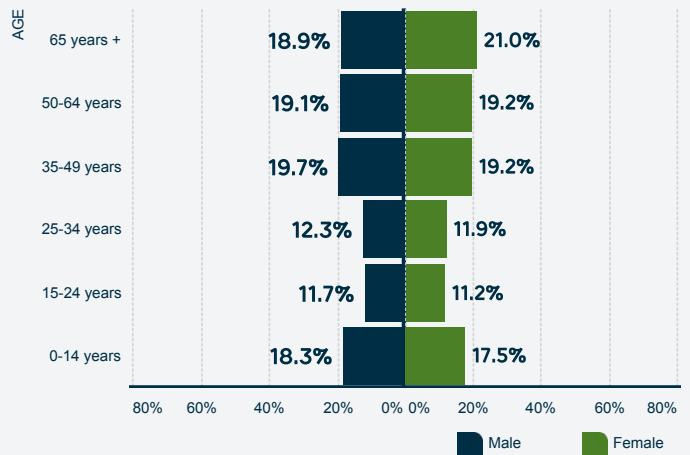
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 31 October 2018.

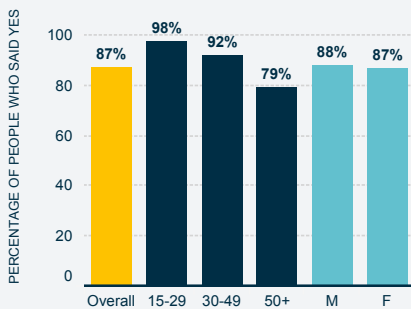
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	42,850.39
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.27
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,307.22
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.25%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

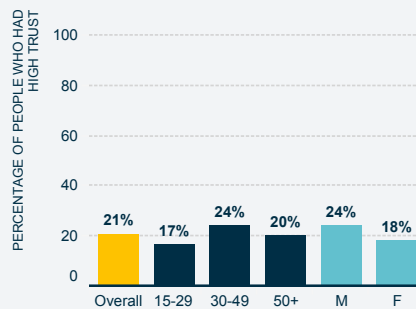


87% said they learned about science at secondary school



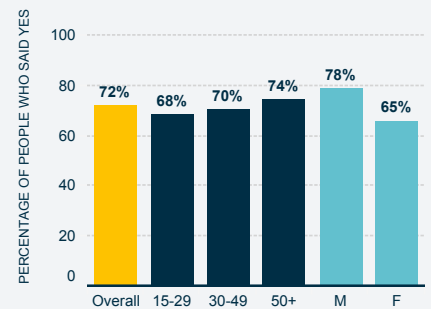
See Q5B in Question breakdown

21% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



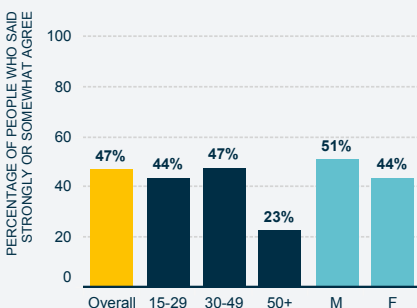
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

72% said science benefits people like them in this country



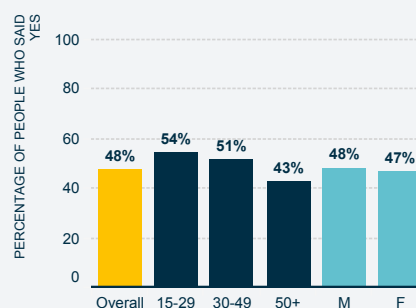
See Q17 in Question breakdown

47% said they think vaccines are safe



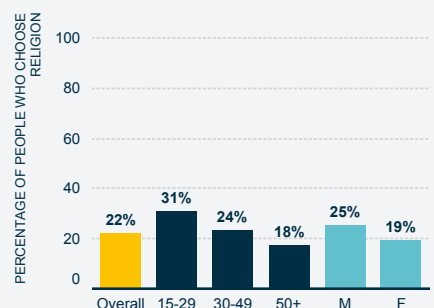
See Q25 in Question breakdown

48% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

22% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

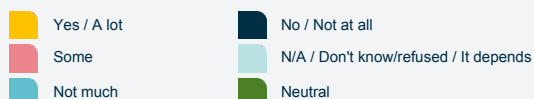
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

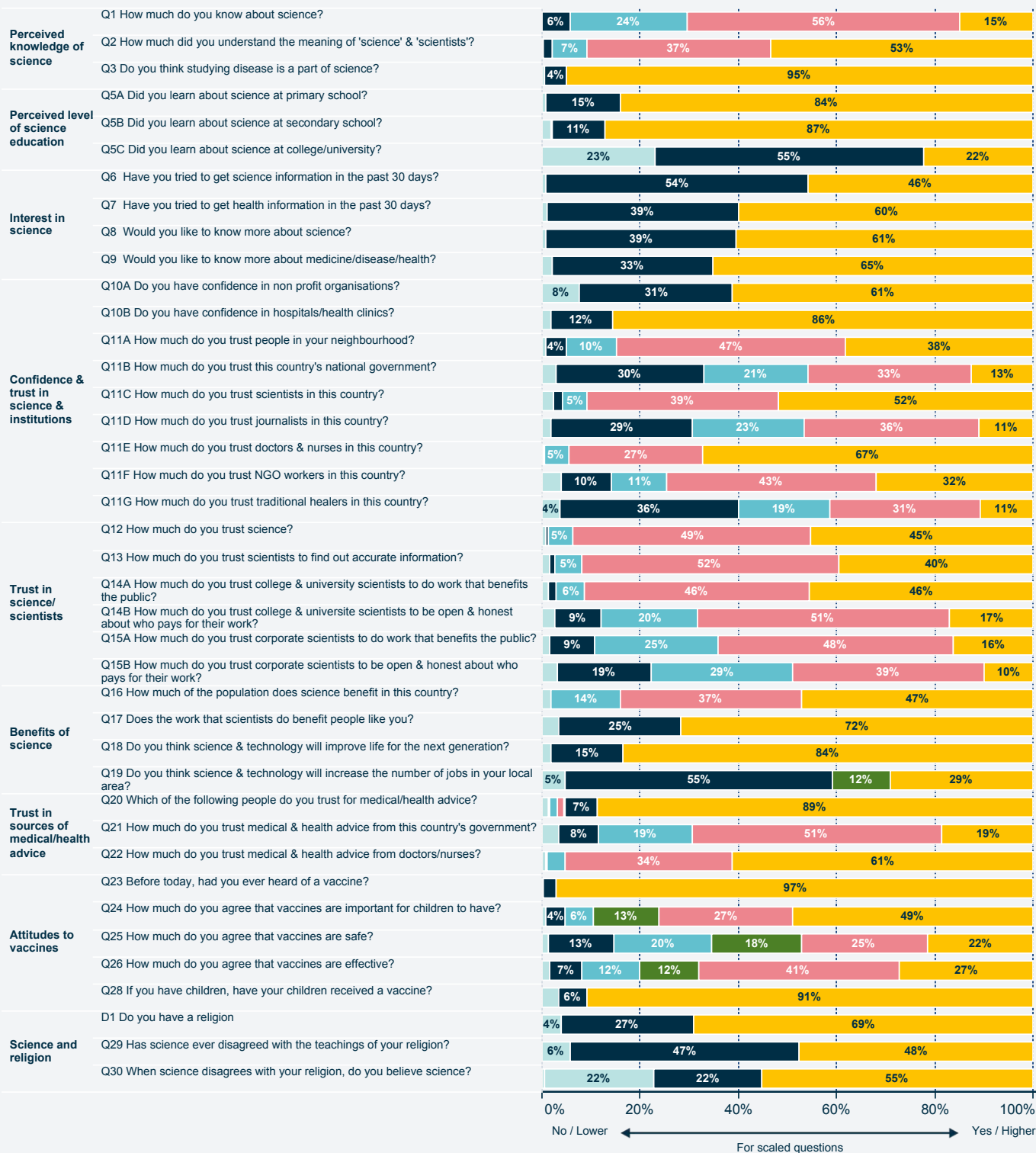


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Gabon

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Gabon, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

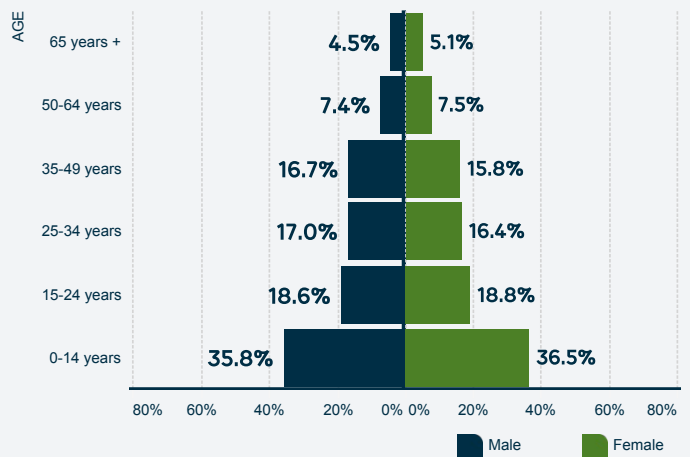
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 24 August 2018.

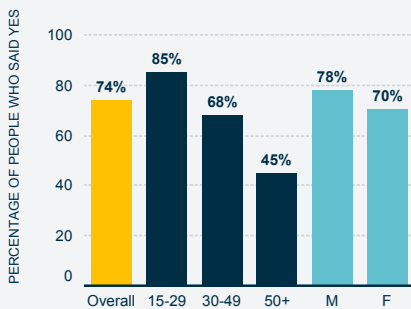
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	18,074.94
GINI coefficient, most recent value	38.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	66.11
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	35.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

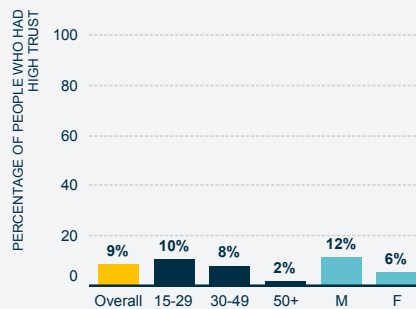


74% said they learned about science at secondary school



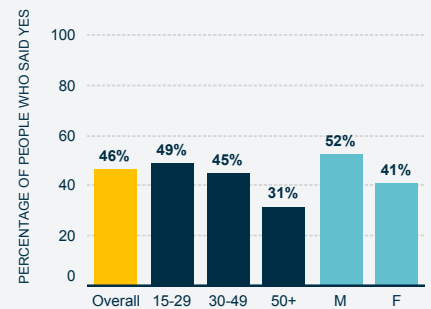
See Q5B in Question breakdown

9% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



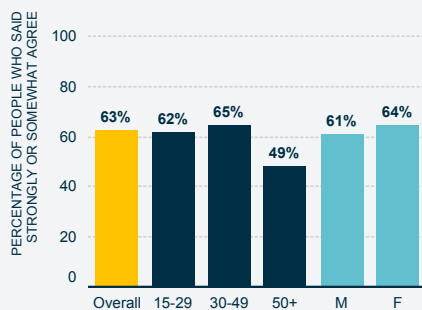
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

46% said science benefits people like them in this country



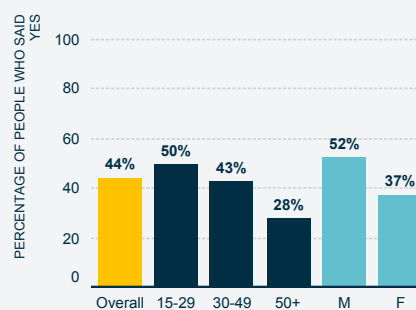
See Q17 in Question breakdown

63% said they think vaccines are safe



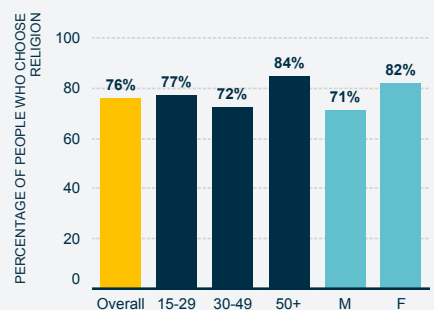
See Q25 in Question breakdown

44% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

76% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

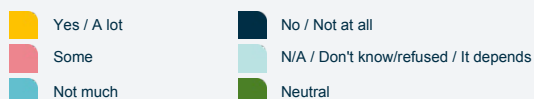
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

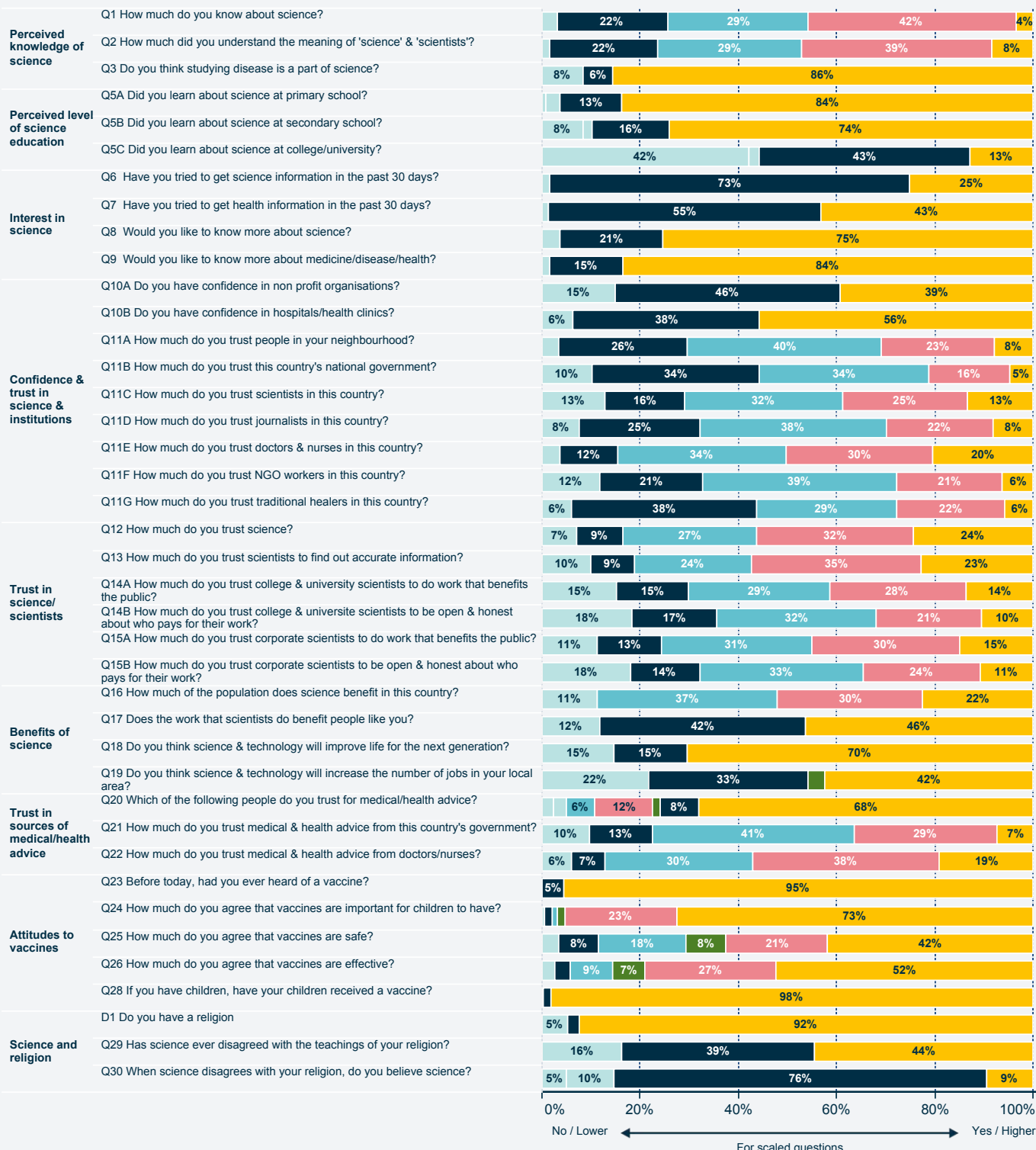


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Georgia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Georgia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

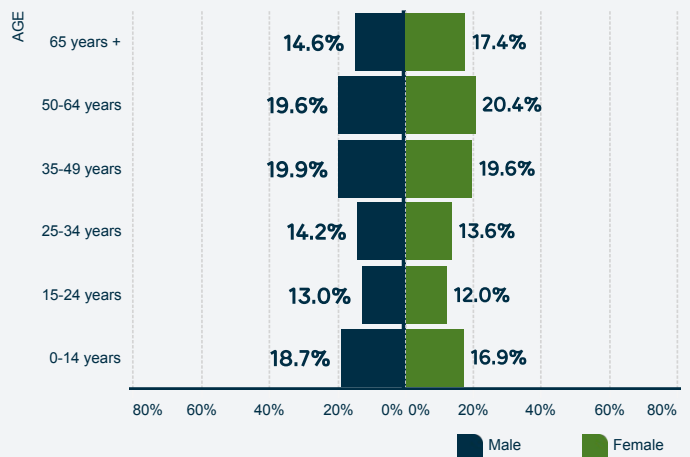
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 7 September 2018.

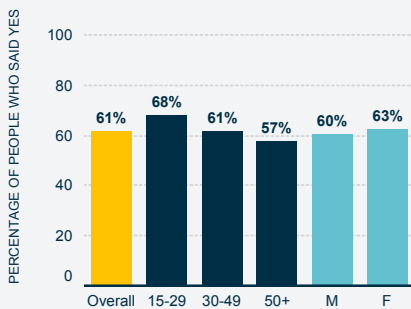
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	10,683.10
GINI coefficient, most recent value	36.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.26
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	9.69
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,336.56
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.30%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

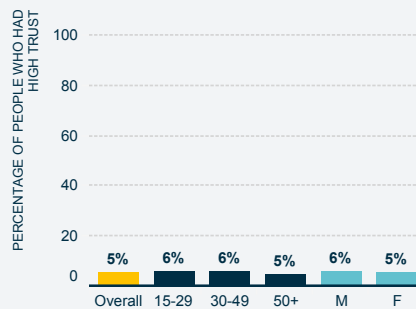


61% said they learned about science at secondary school



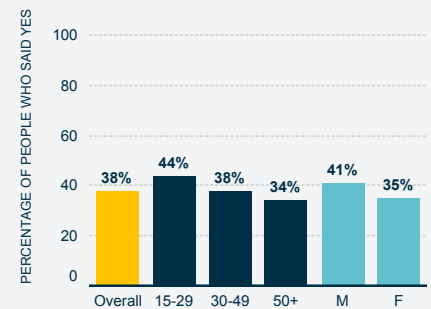
See Q5B in Question breakdown

5% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



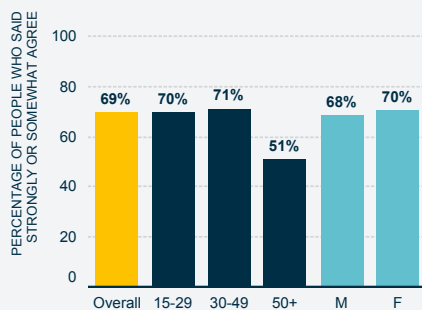
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

38% said science benefits people like them in this country



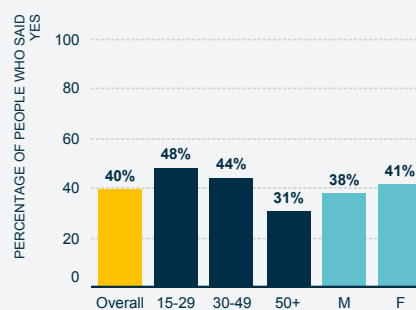
See Q17 in Question breakdown

69% said they think vaccines are safe



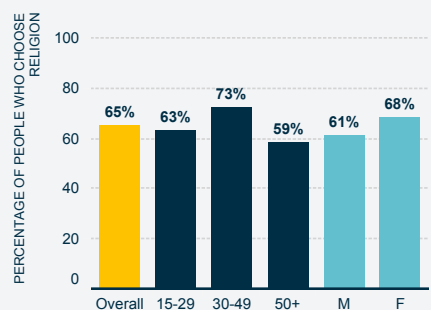
See Q25 in Question breakdown

40% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

65% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

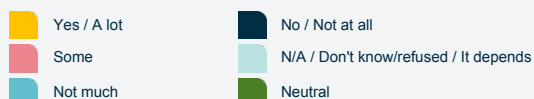
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

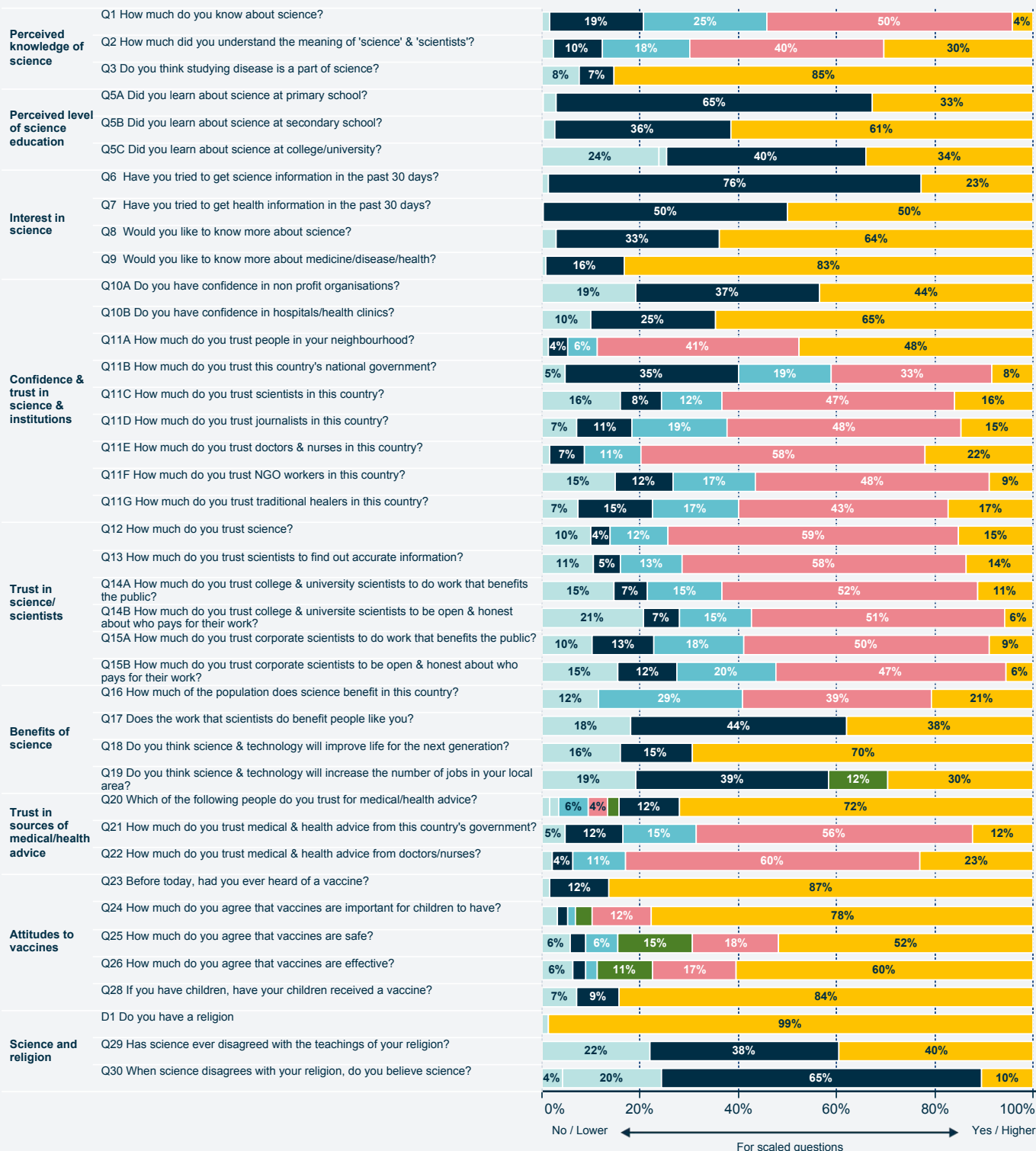


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Germany

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Germany, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

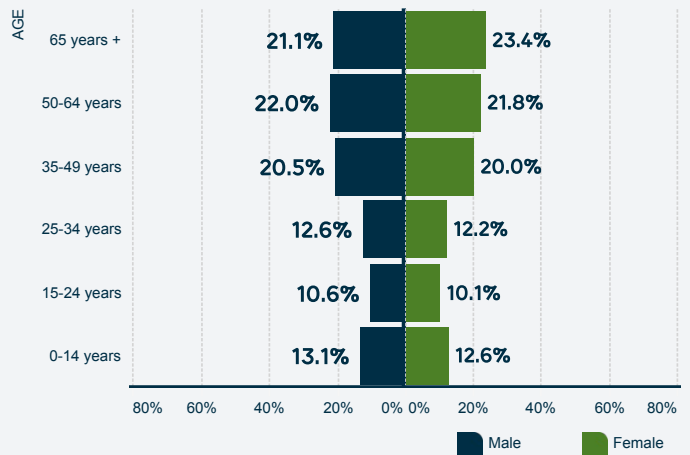
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 19 October 2018.

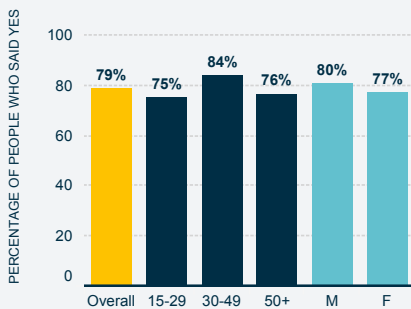
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	50,638.89
GINI coefficient, most recent value	31.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.64
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,893.15
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.94%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

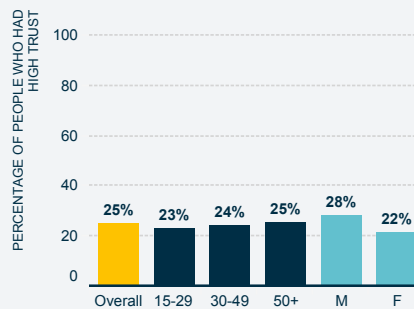


79% said they learned about science at secondary school



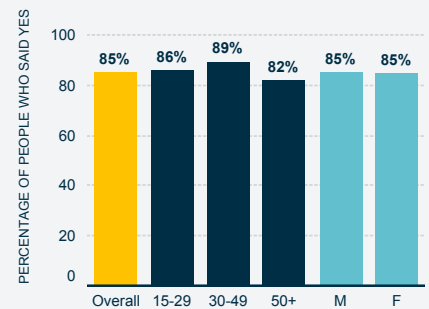
See Q5B in Question breakdown

25% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



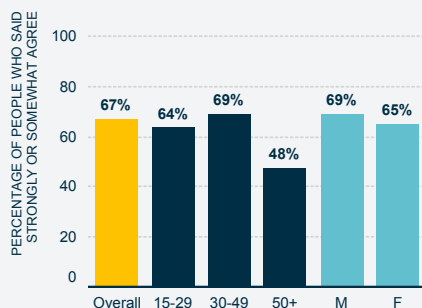
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

85% said science benefits people like them in this country



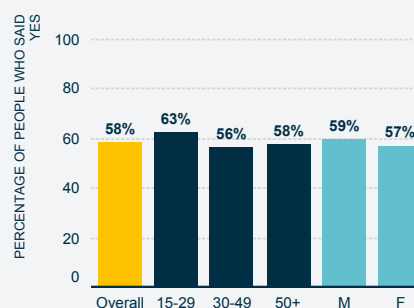
See Q17 in Question breakdown

67% said they think vaccines are safe



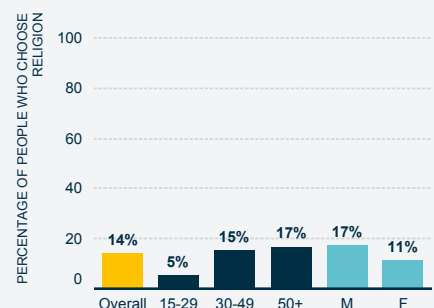
See Q25 in Question breakdown

58% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

14% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

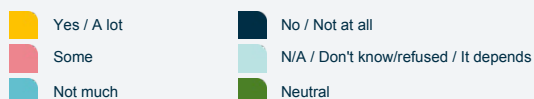
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

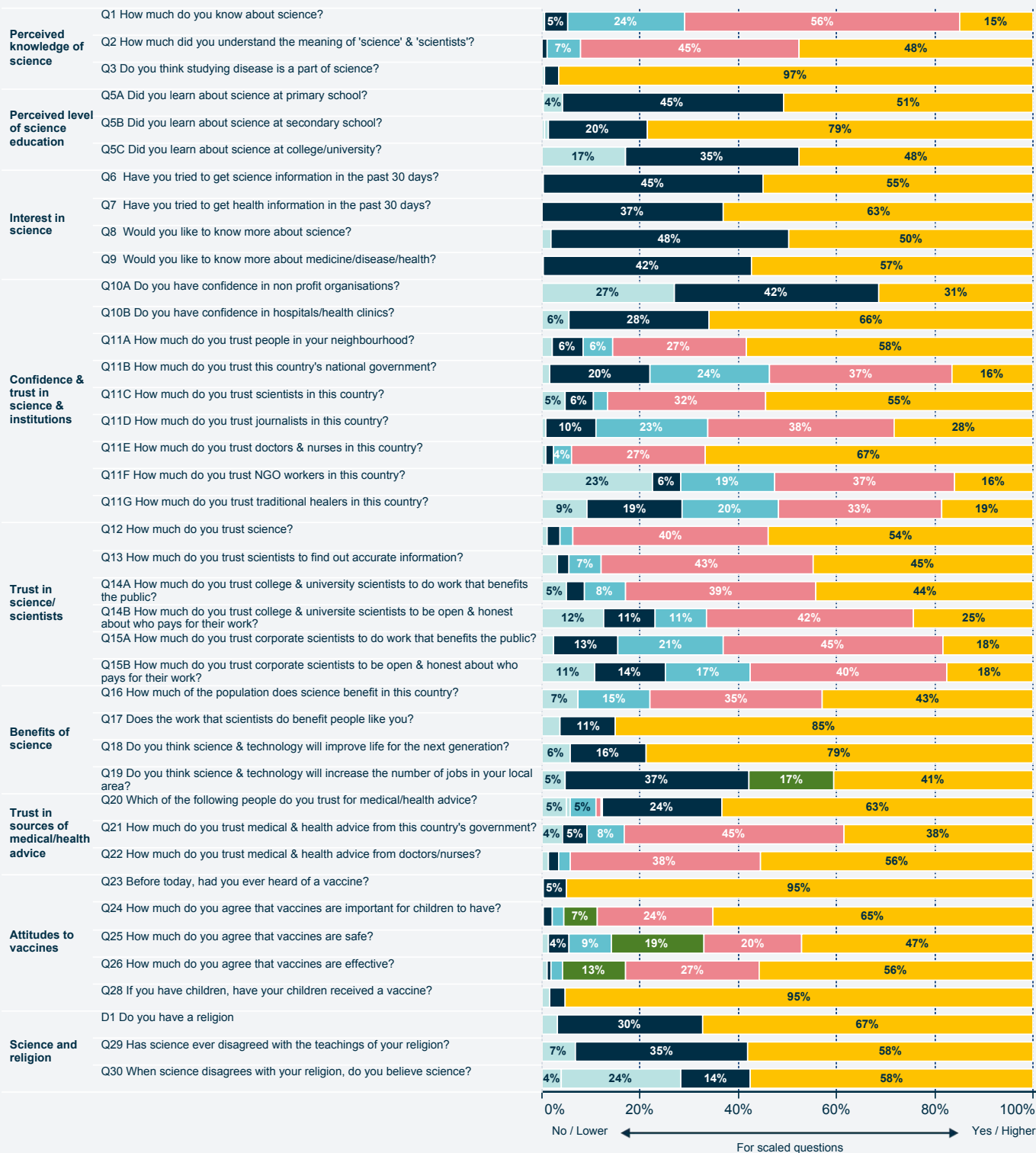


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Ghana

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Ghana, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

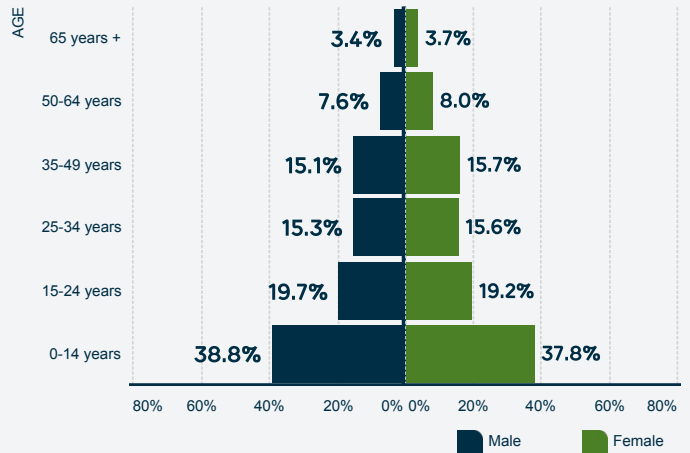
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 30 December 2018.

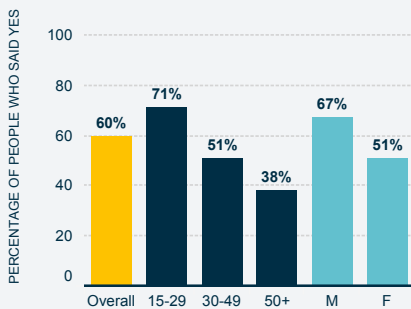
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	4,492.32
GINI coefficient, most recent value	42.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	62.74
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	35.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	38.37
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.38%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

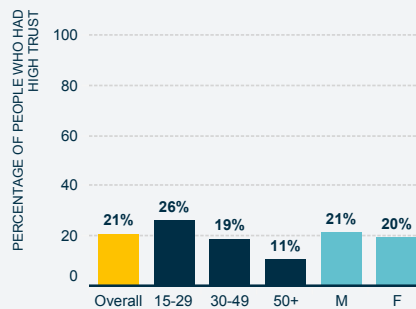


60% said they learned about science at secondary school



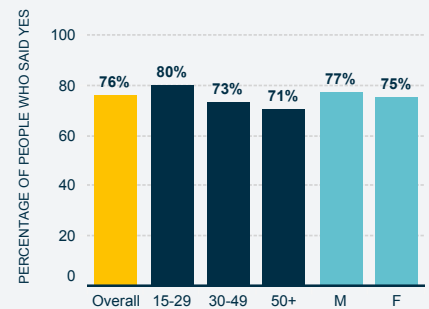
See Q5B in Question breakdown

21% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



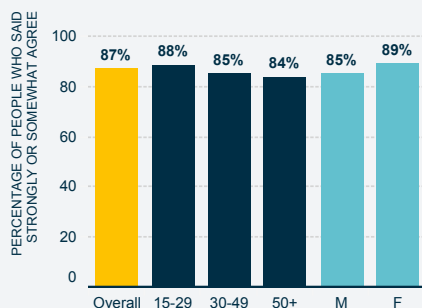
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

76% said science benefits people like them in this country



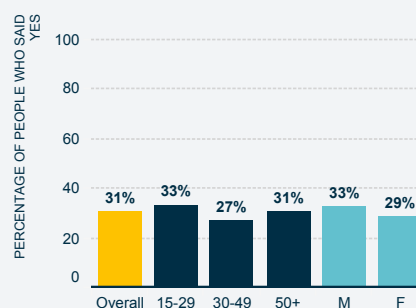
See Q17 in Question breakdown

87% said they think vaccines are safe



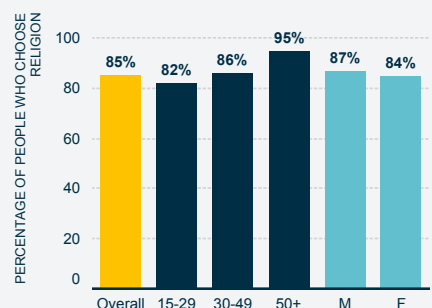
See Q25 in Question breakdown

31% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

85% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

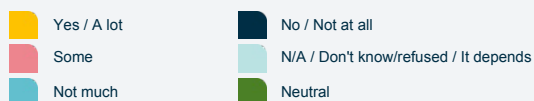
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

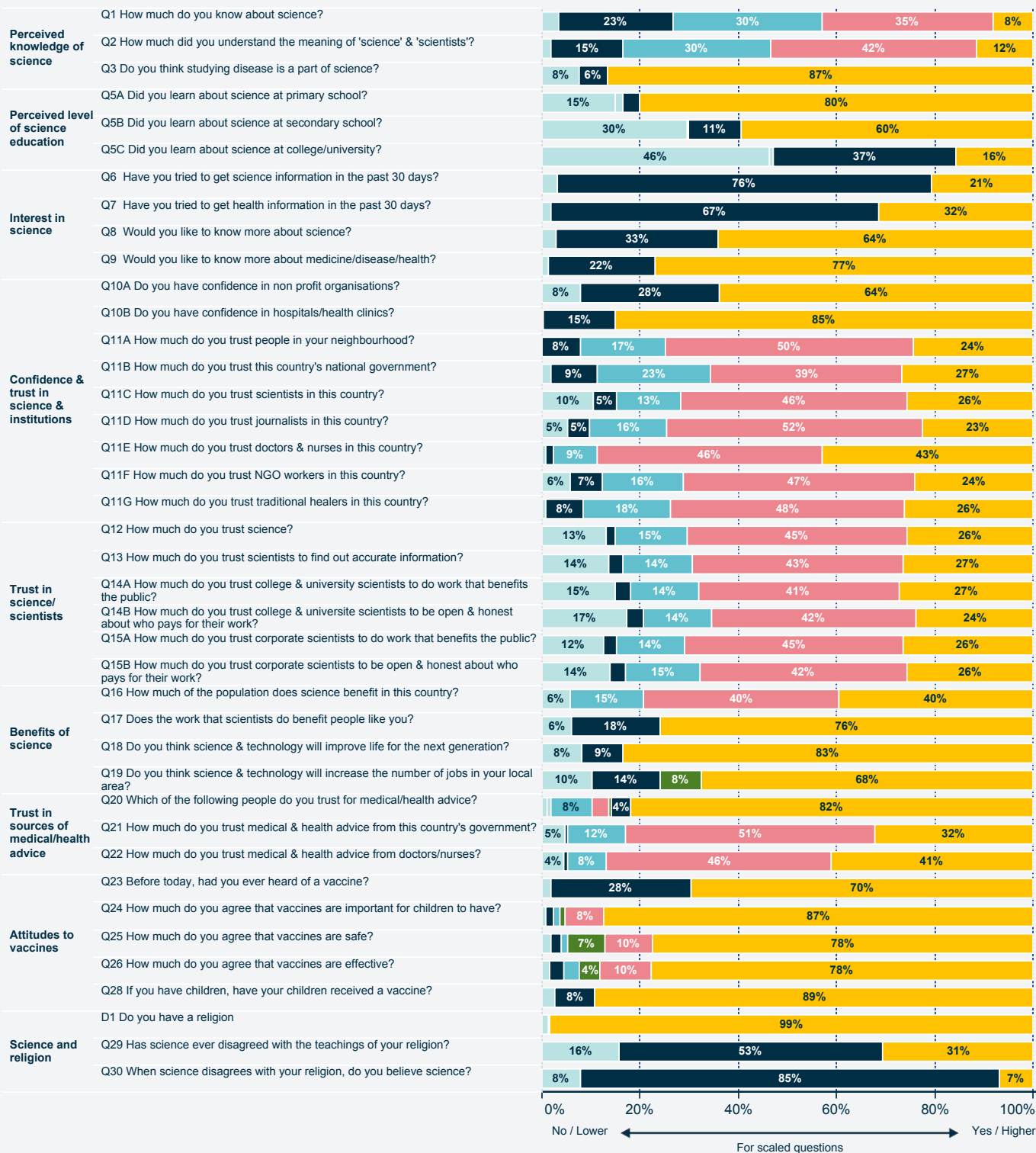


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Greece

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Greece, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

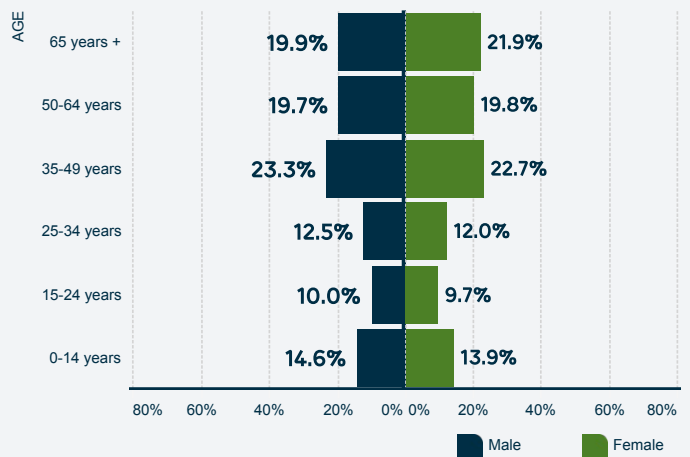
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 17 July 2018.

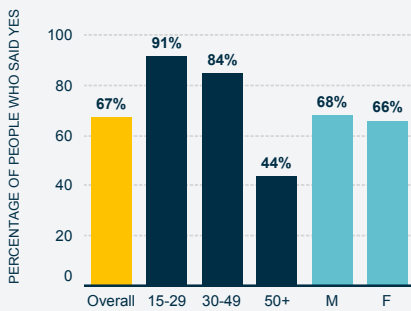
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	27,601.90
GINI coefficient, most recent value	36.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	81.04
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	4.30
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,629.09
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.01%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

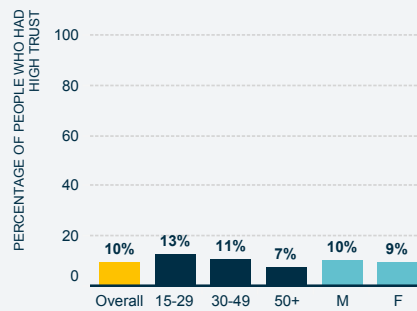


67% said they learned about science at secondary school



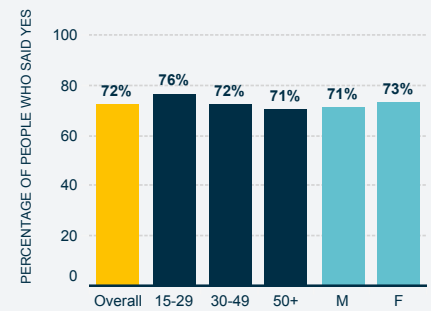
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



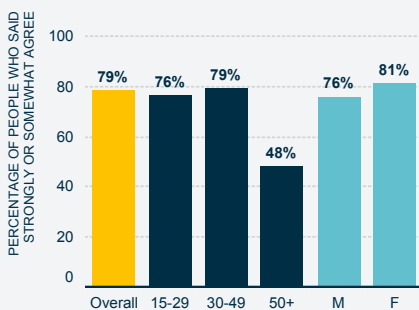
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

72% said science benefits people like them in this country



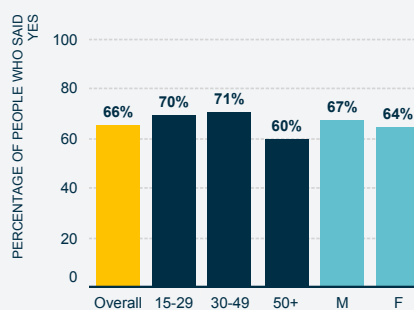
See Q17 in Question breakdown

79% said they think vaccines are safe



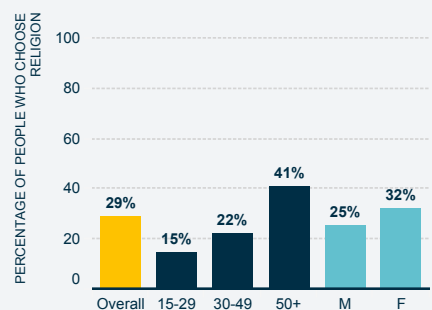
See Q25 in Question breakdown

66% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

29% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

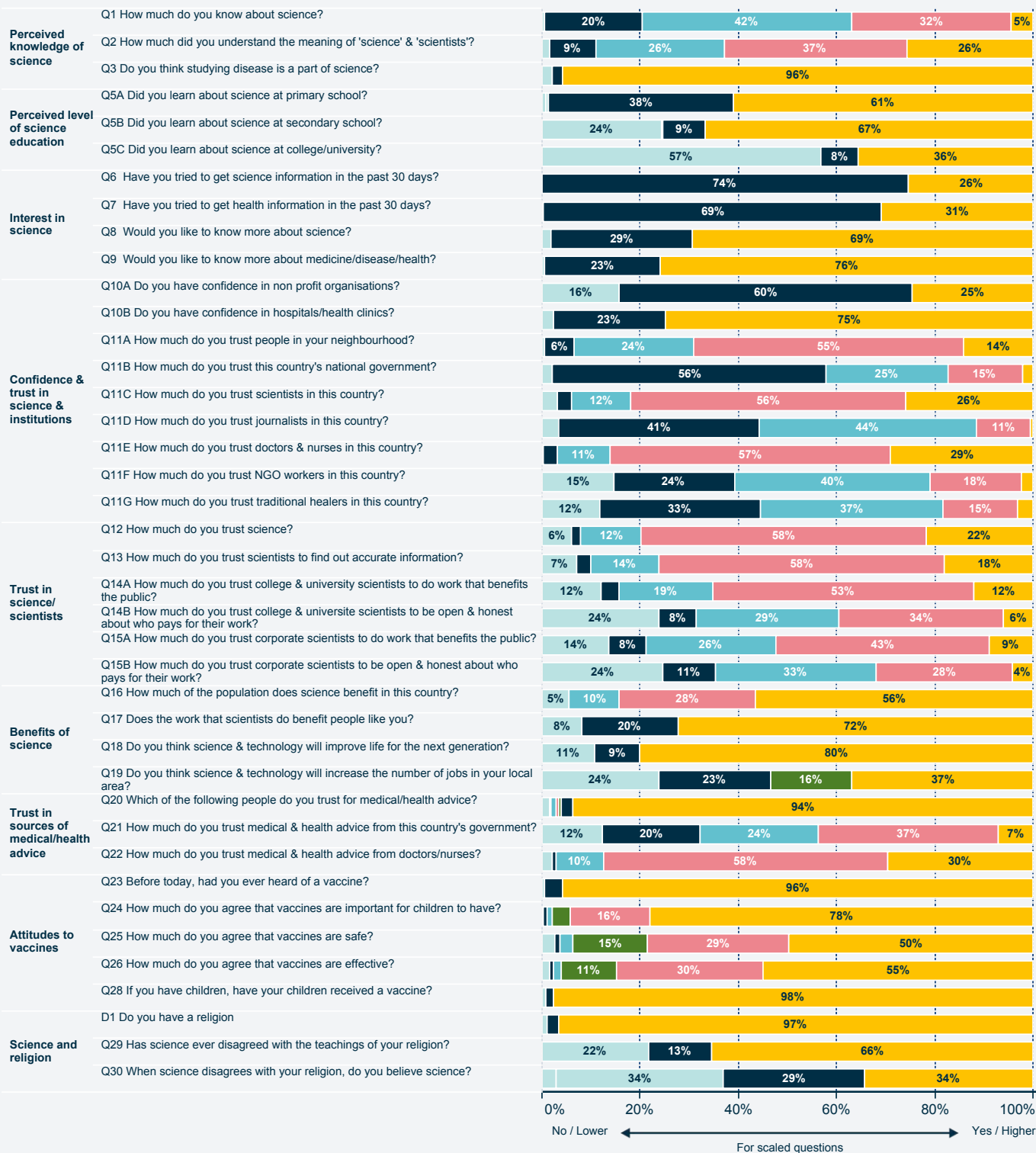


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Guatemala

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Guatemala, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

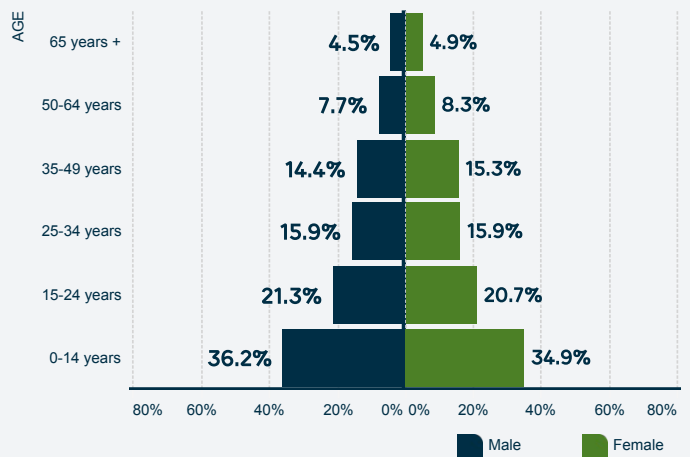
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 1 August 2018.

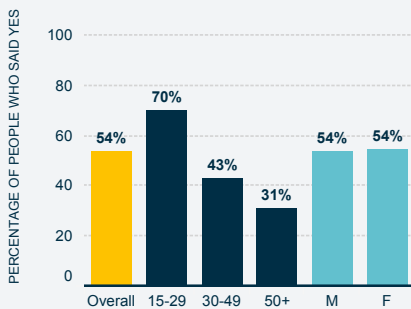
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	8,150.25
GINI coefficient, most recent value	48.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.41
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	23.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	22.15
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.03%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

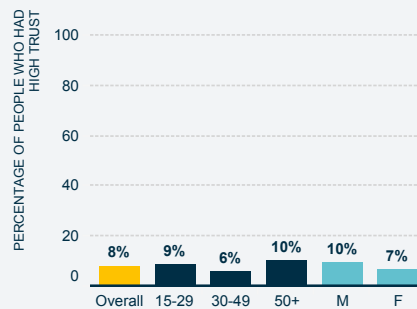


54% said they learned about science at secondary school



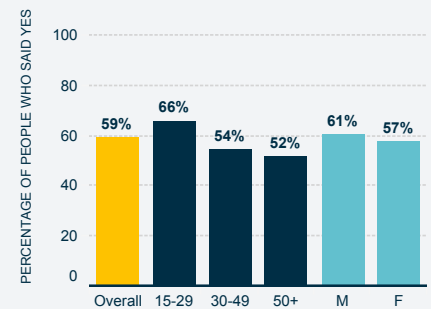
See Q5B in Question breakdown

8% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



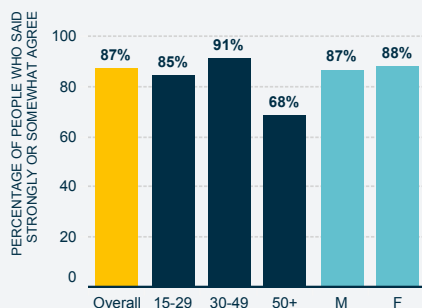
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

59% said science benefits people like them in this country



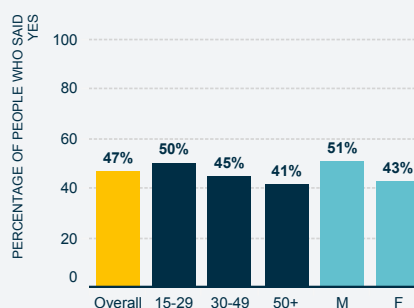
See Q17 in Question breakdown

87% said they think vaccines are safe



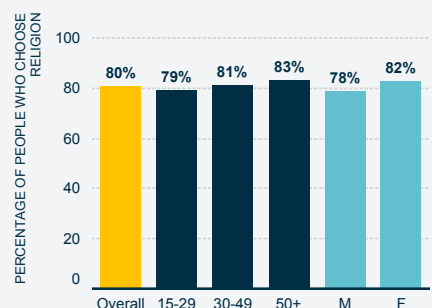
See Q25 in Question breakdown

47% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

80% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

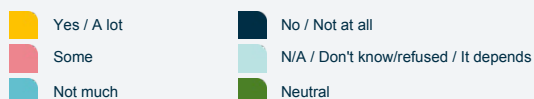
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

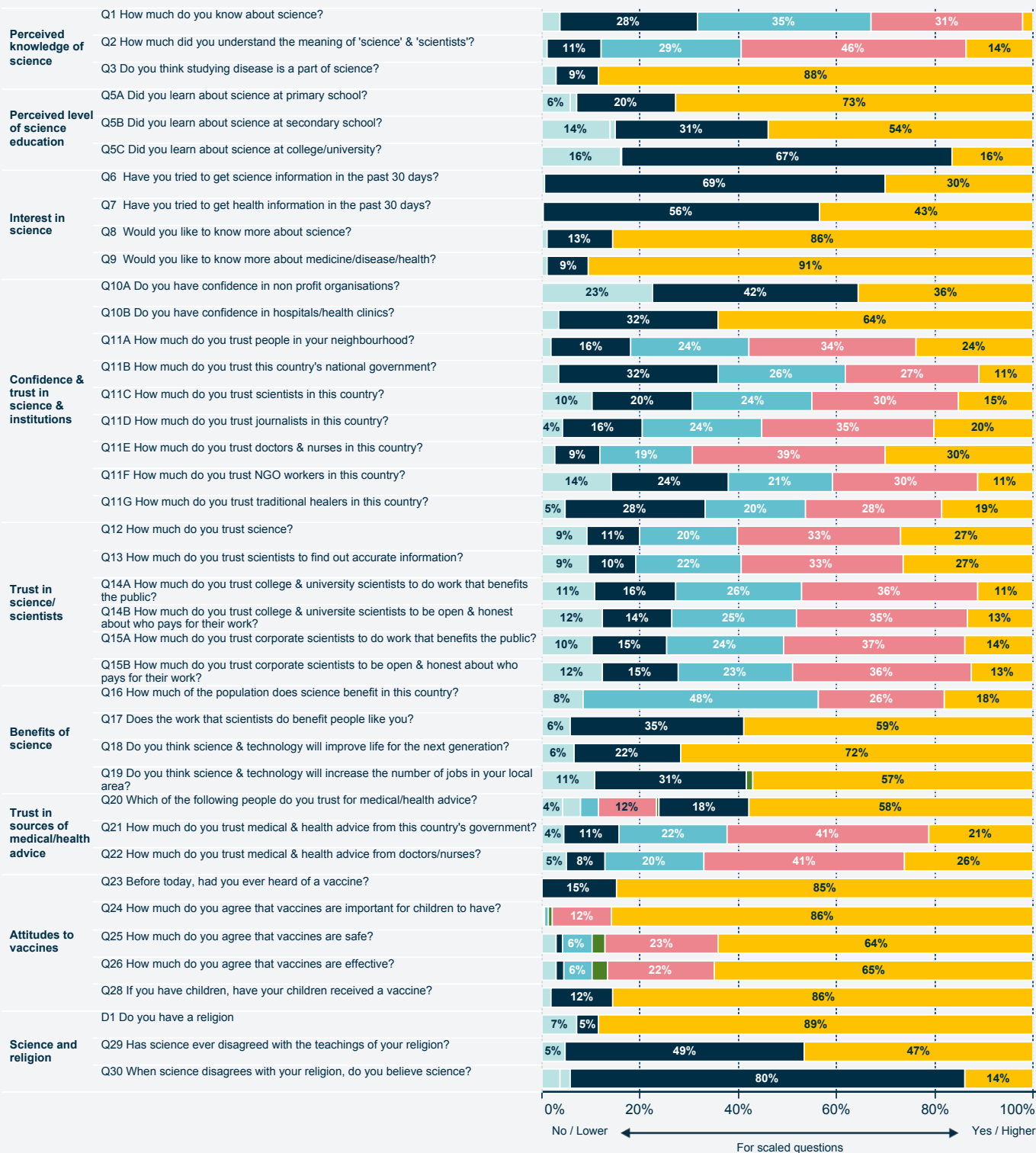


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Guinea

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Guinea, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

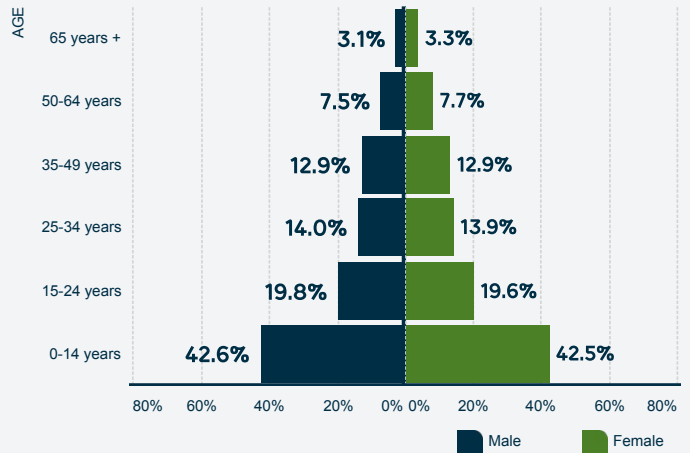
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 11 September 2018.

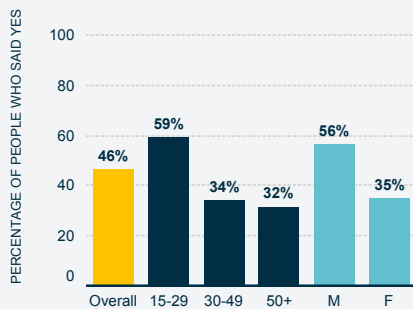
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,242.26
GINI coefficient, most recent value	33.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	60.02
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	56.40
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

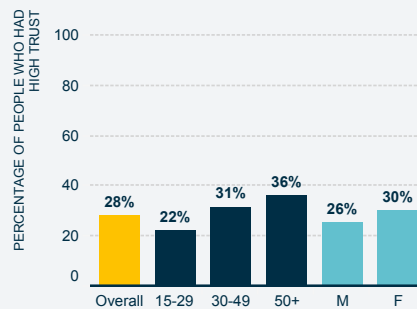


46% said they learned about science at secondary school



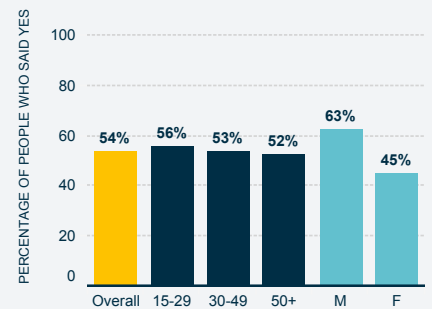
See Q5B in Question breakdown

28% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



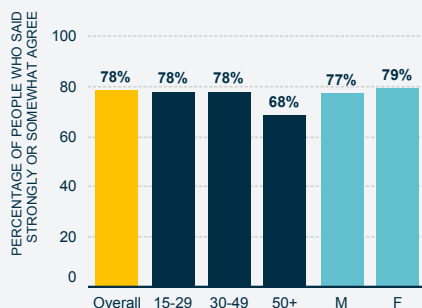
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

54% said science benefits people like them in this country



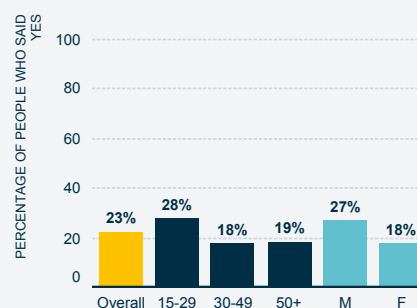
See Q17 in Question breakdown

78% said they think vaccines are safe



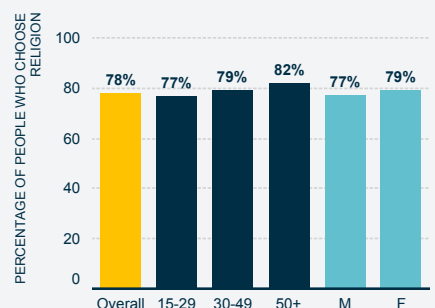
See Q25 in Question breakdown

23% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

78% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

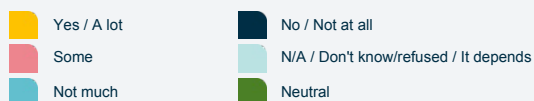
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018



Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types

