

Country-level data

Pakistan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Pakistan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

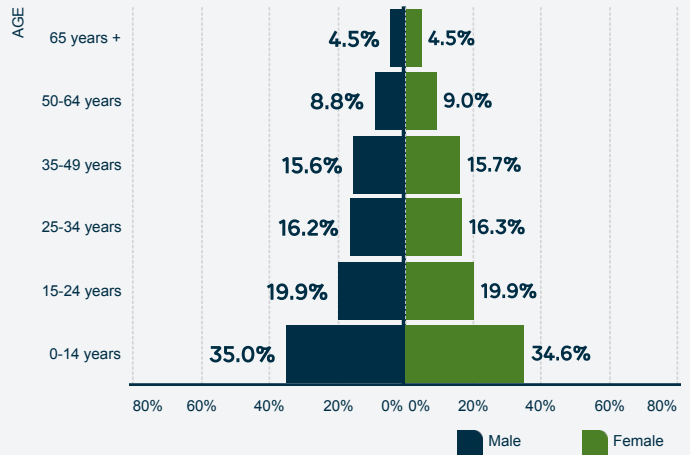
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 17 August 2018.

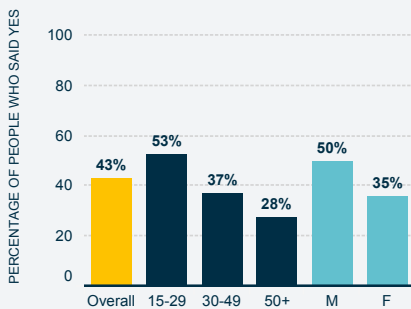
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	5,527.38
GINI coefficient, most recent value	33.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	66.48
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	61.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	293.65
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.25%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

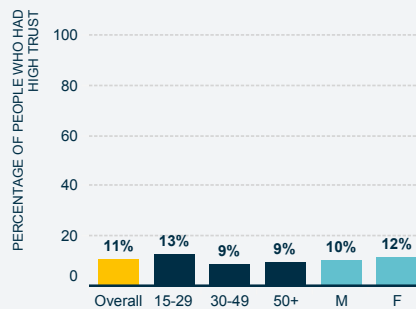


43% said they learned about science at secondary school



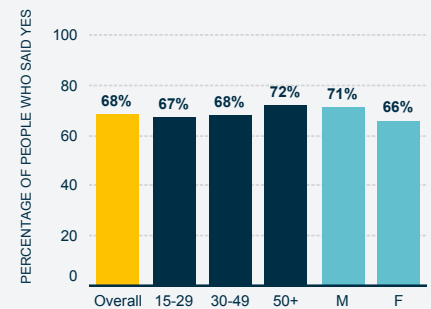
See Q5B in Question breakdown

11% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



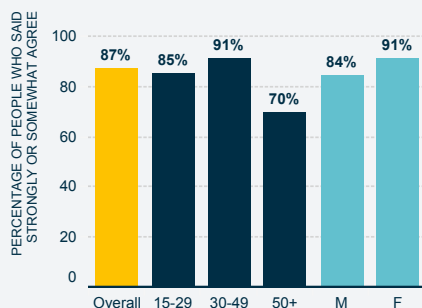
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

68% said science benefits people like them in this country



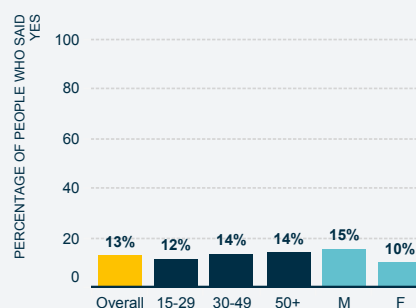
See Q17 in Question breakdown

87% said they think vaccines are safe



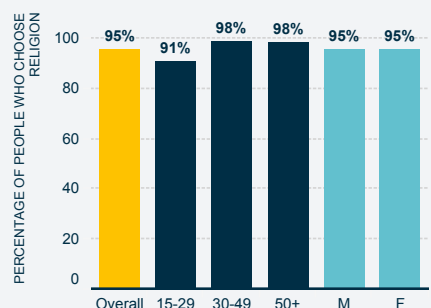
See Q25 in Question breakdown

13% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

95% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

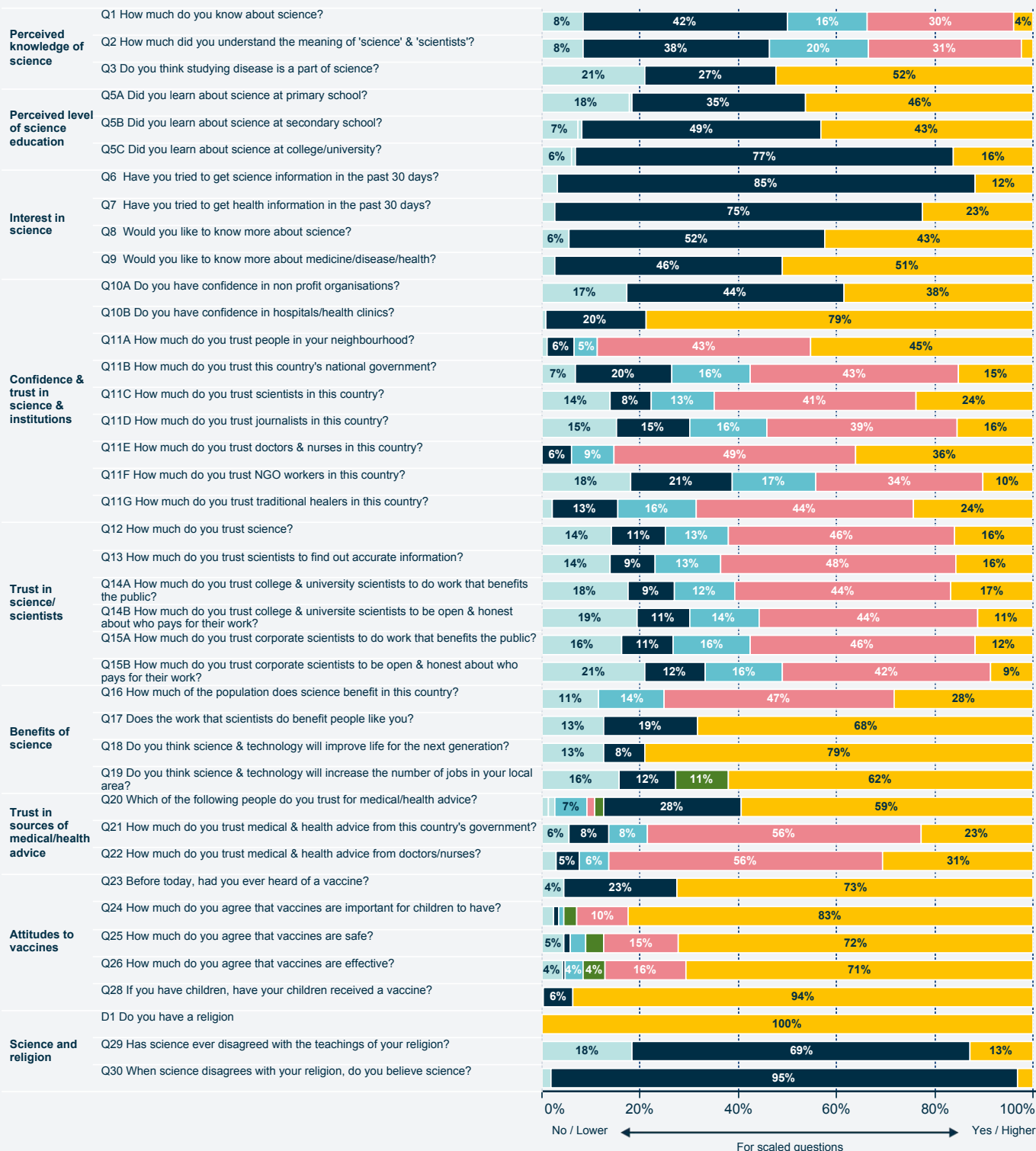


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Palestine

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Palestine, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

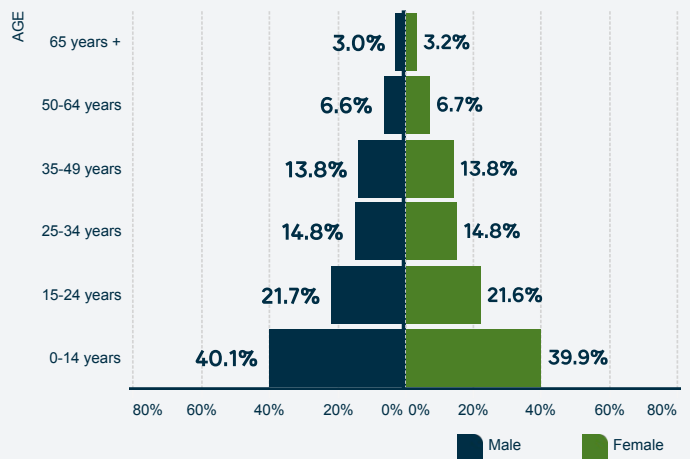
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 14 August 2018.

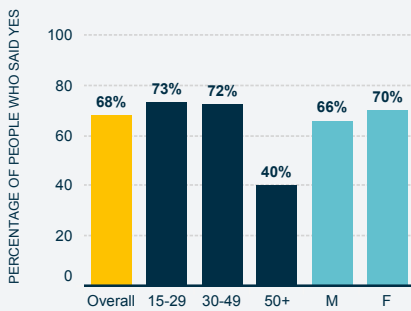
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	4,885.34
GINI coefficient, most recent value	33.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.47
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	17.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	564.54
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.49%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

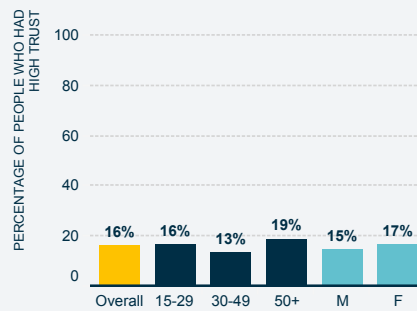


68% said they learned about science at secondary school



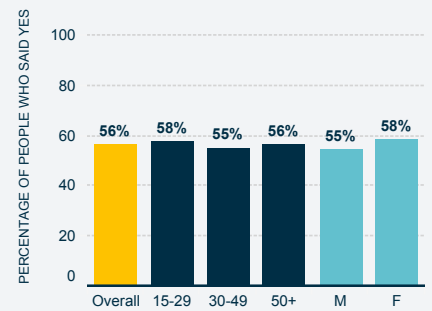
See Q5B in Question breakdown

16% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



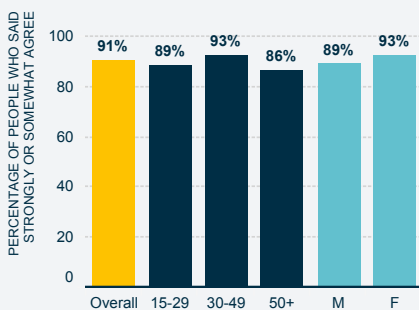
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



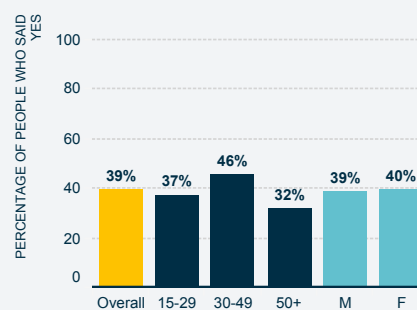
See Q17 in Question breakdown

91% said they think vaccines are safe



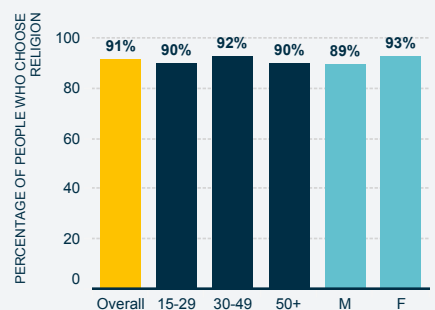
See Q25 in Question breakdown

39% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

91% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

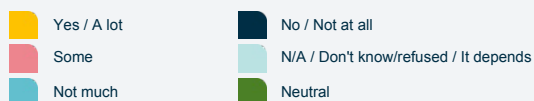
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

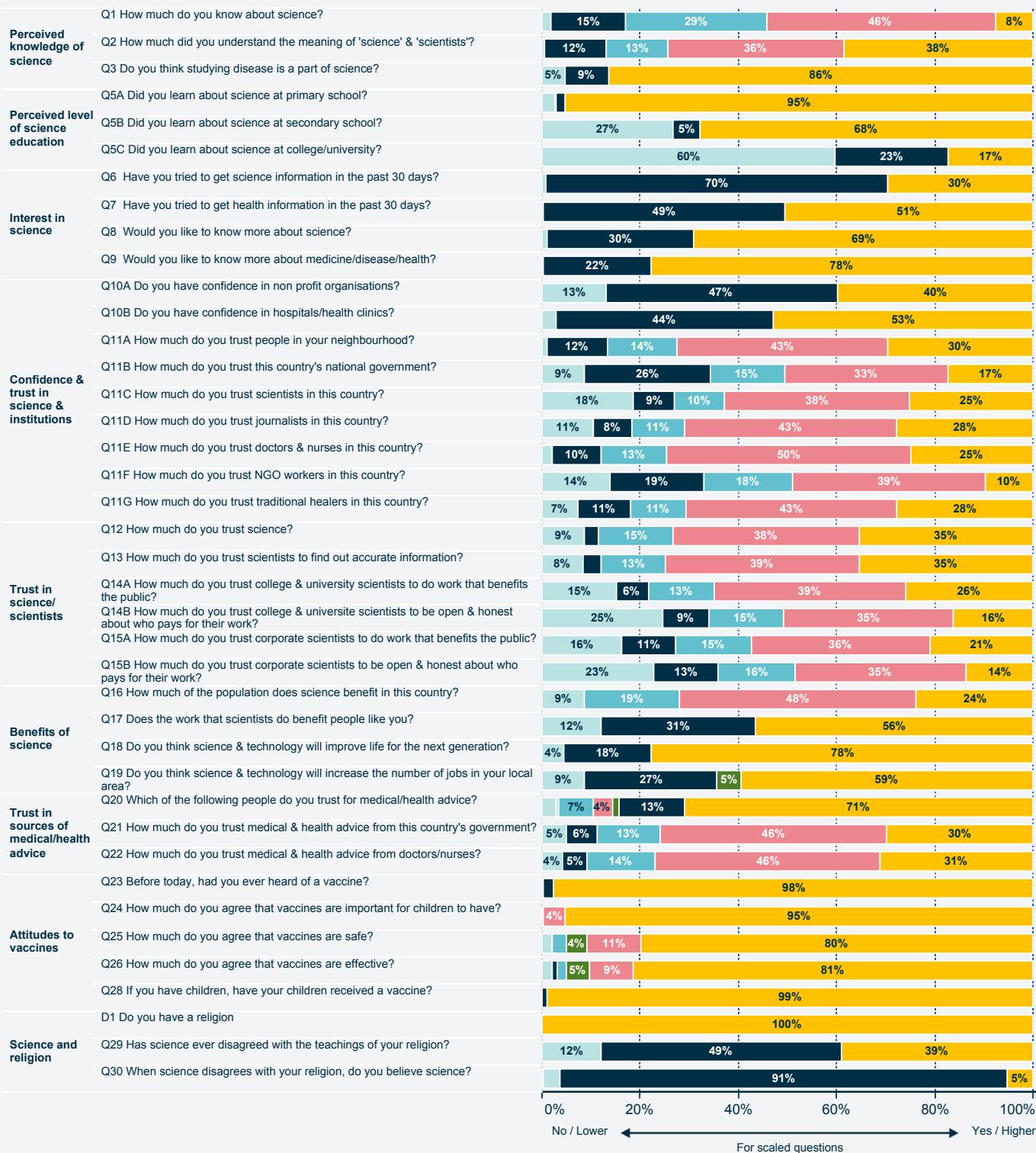


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Panama

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Panama, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

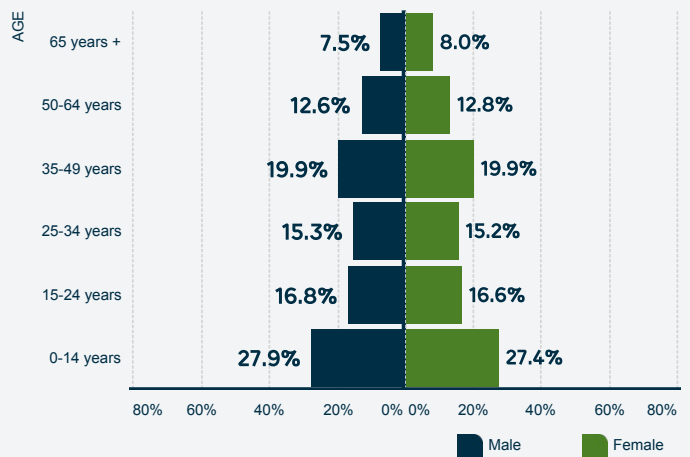
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 1 November 2018.

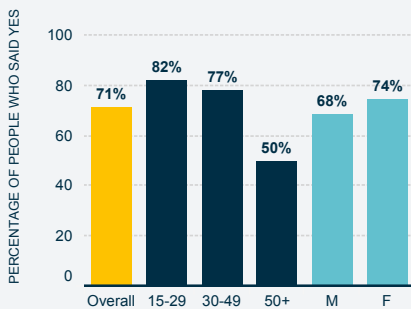
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	24,468.94
GINI coefficient, most recent value	50.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	78.00
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	13.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	39.08
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.06%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

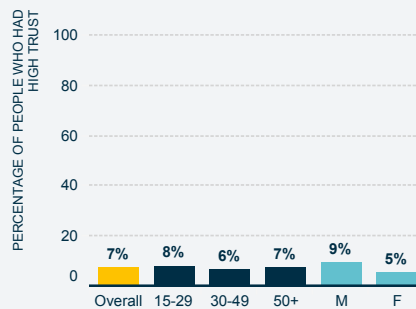


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



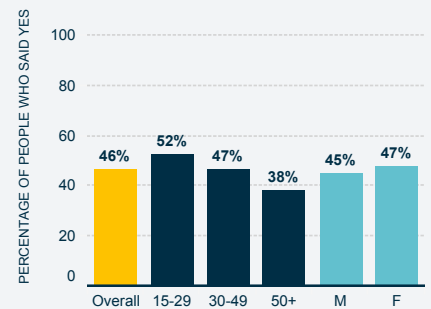
See Q5B in Question breakdown

7% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



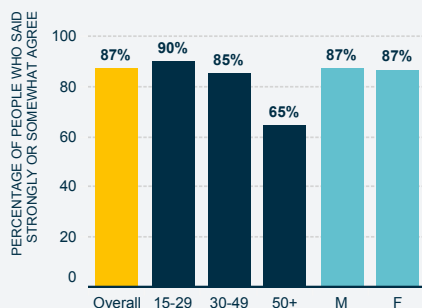
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

46% said science benefits people like them in this country



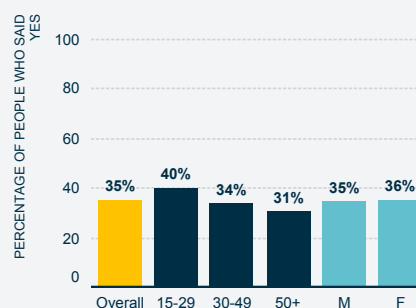
See Q17 in Question breakdown

87% said they think vaccines are safe



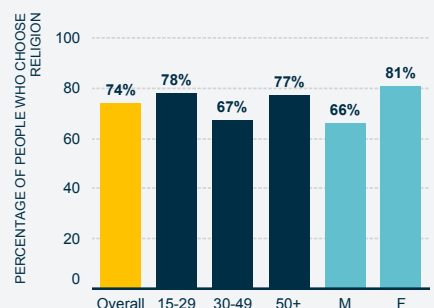
See Q25 in Question breakdown

35% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

74% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

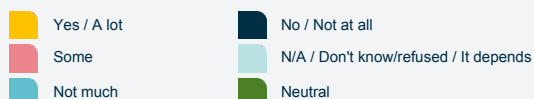
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

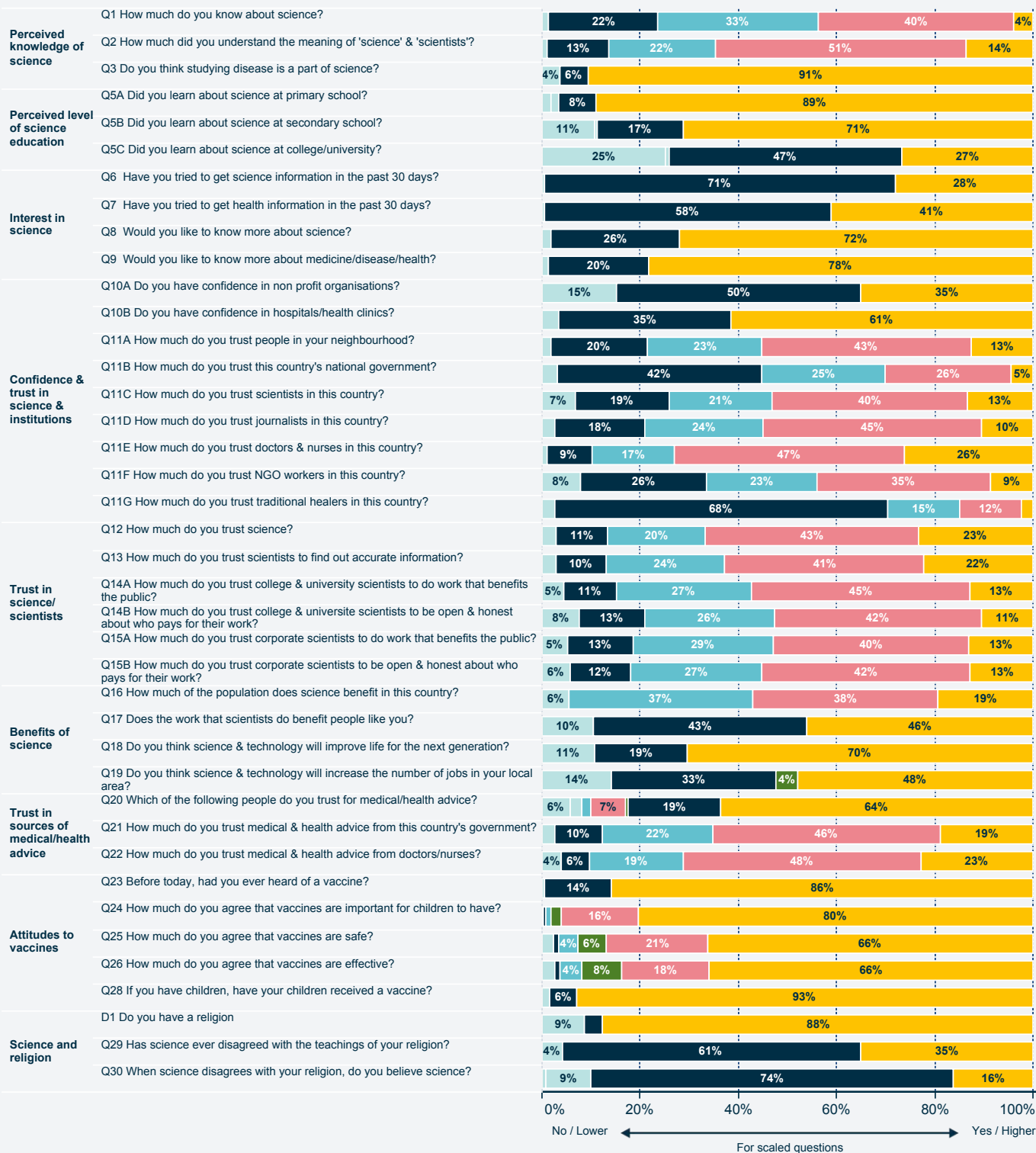


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Paraguay

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Paraguay, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

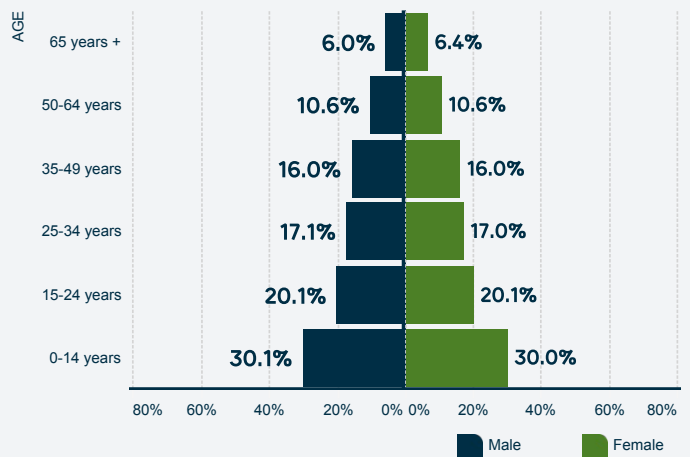
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 30 November 2018.

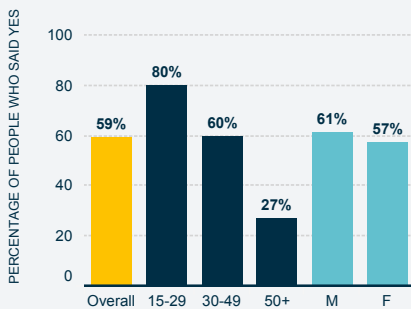
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	13,081.58
GINI coefficient, most recent value	47.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	73.12
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	17.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	184.06
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.13%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

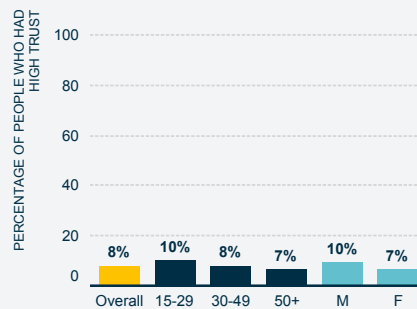


59% said they learned about science at secondary school



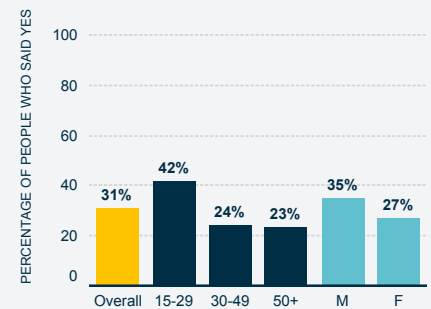
See Q5B in Question breakdown

8% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



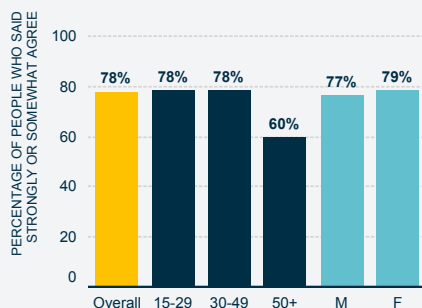
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

31% said science benefits people like them in this country



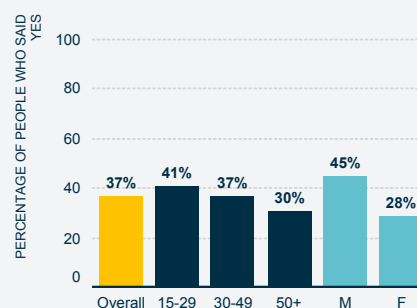
See Q17 in Question breakdown

78% said they think vaccines are safe



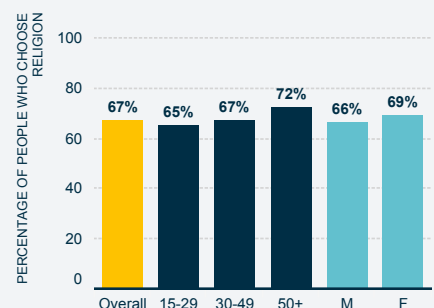
See Q25 in Question breakdown

37% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

67% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

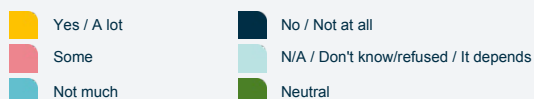
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

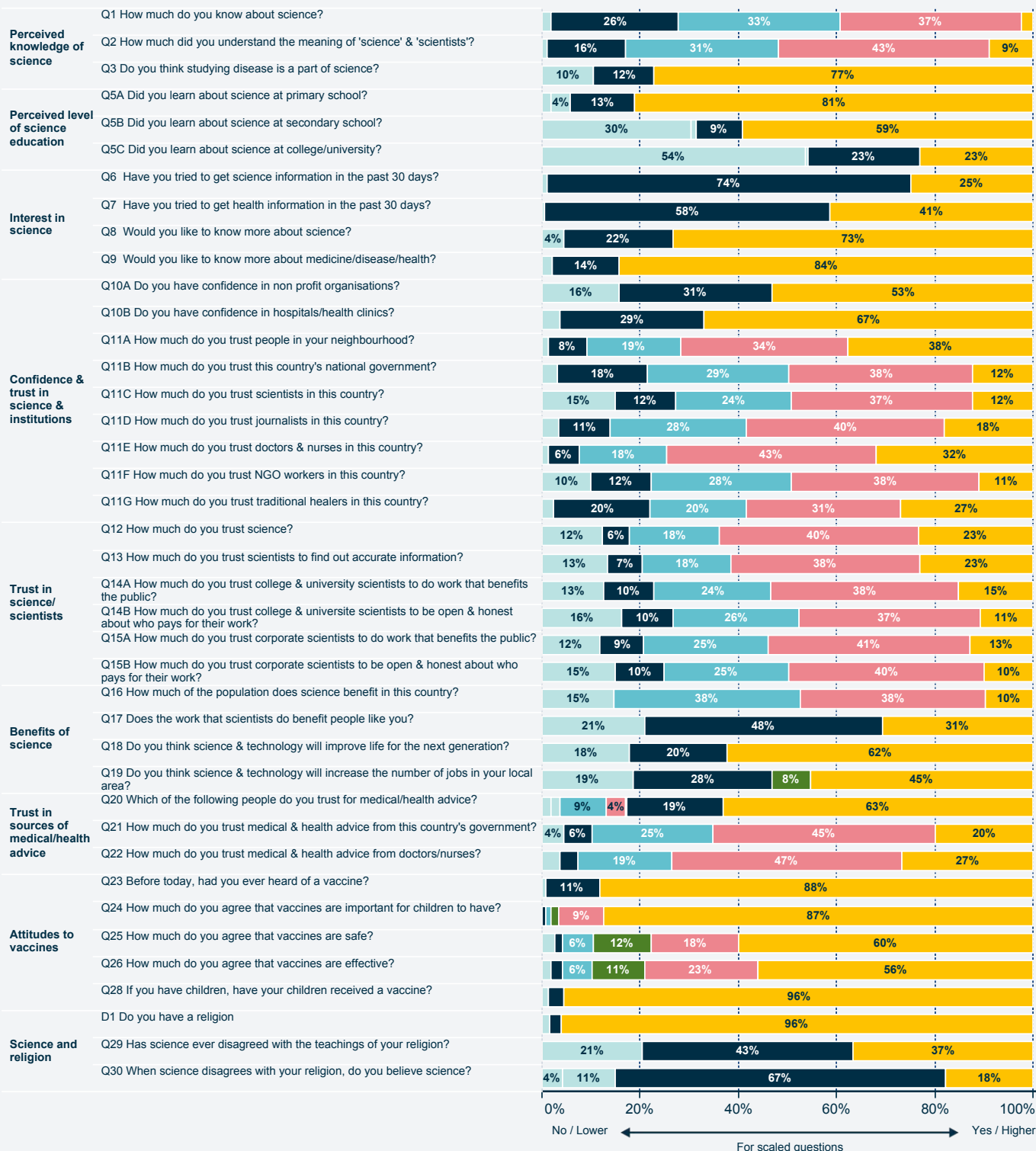


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Peru

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Peru, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

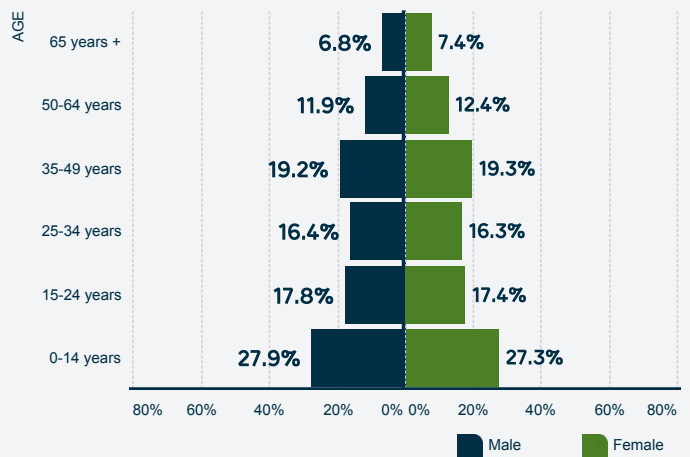
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 15 June 2018.

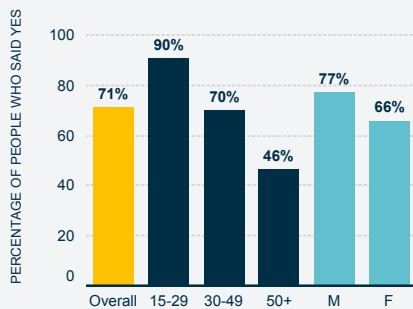
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	13,434.23
GINI coefficient, most recent value	43.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.98
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	11.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

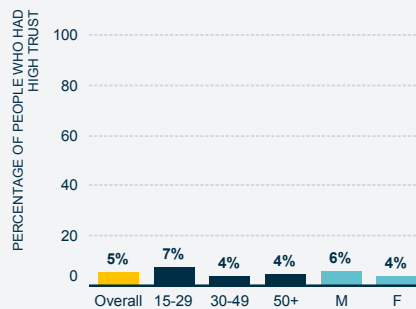


71% said they learned about science at secondary school



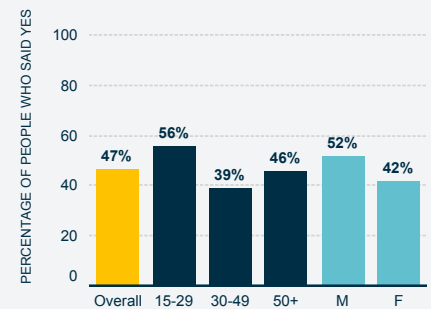
See Q5B in Question breakdown

5% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



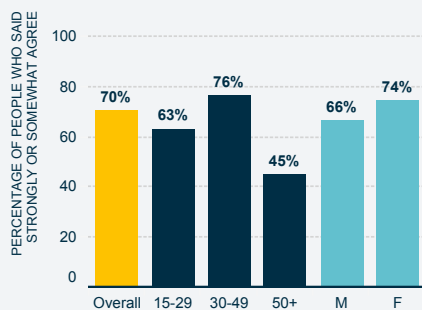
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

47% said science benefits people like them in this country



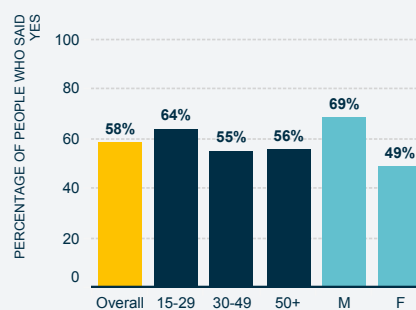
See Q17 in Question breakdown

70% said they think vaccines are safe



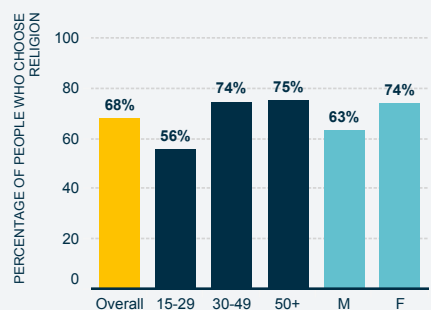
See Q25 in Question breakdown

58% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

68% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

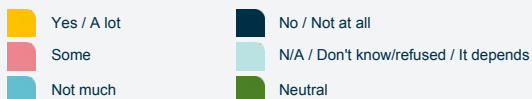
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

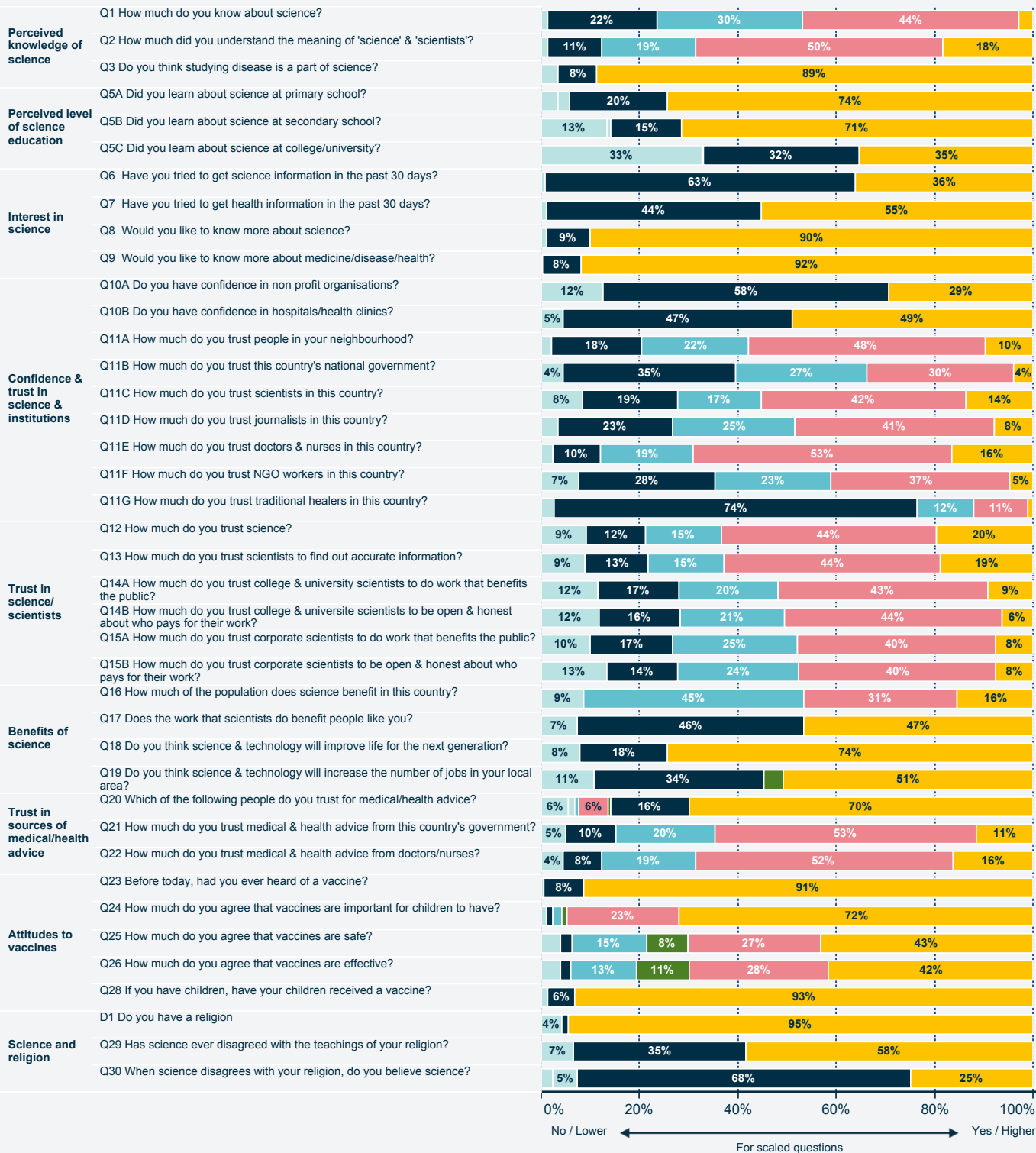


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Philippines

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Philippines, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

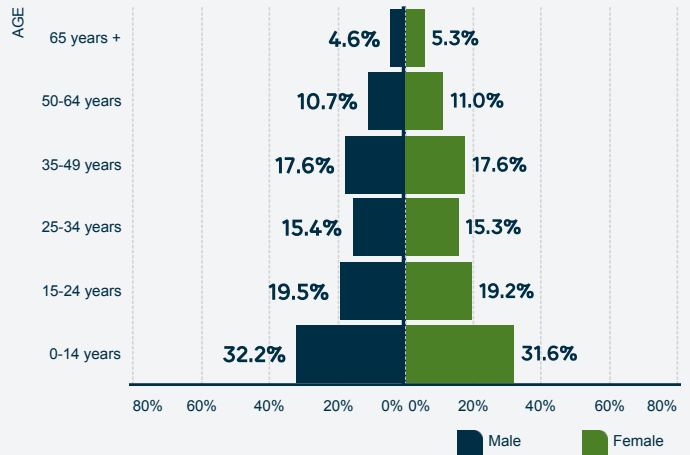
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 1 October 2018.

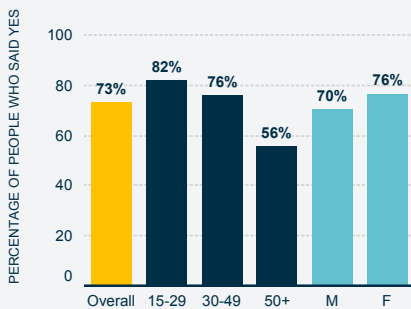
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	8,342.80
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	69.09
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	22.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	187.66
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.14%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

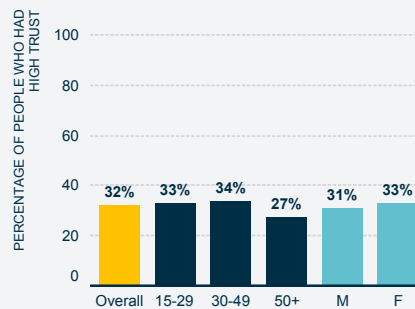


73% said they learned about science at secondary school



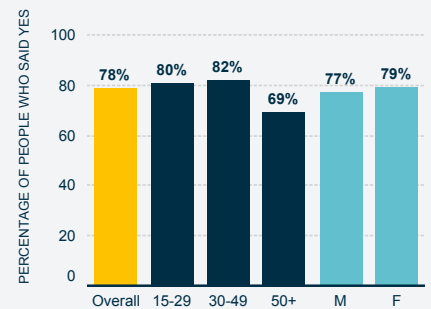
See Q5B in Question breakdown

32% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



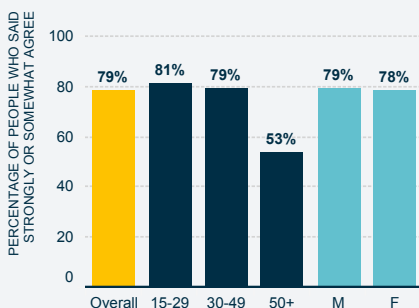
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

78% said science benefits people like them in this country



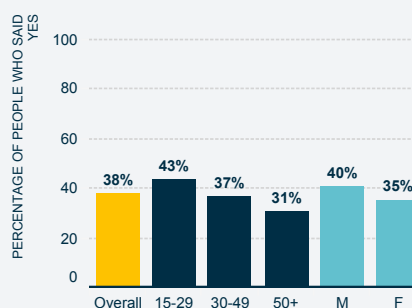
See Q17 in Question breakdown

79% said they think vaccines are safe



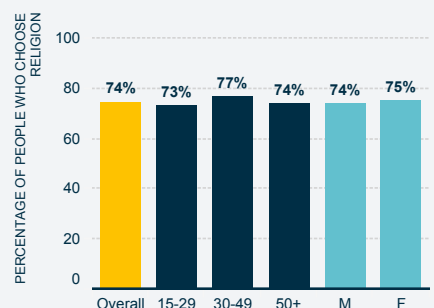
See Q25 in Question breakdown

38% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

74% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

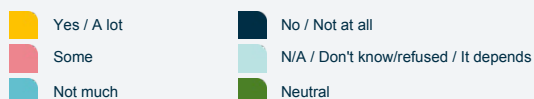
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

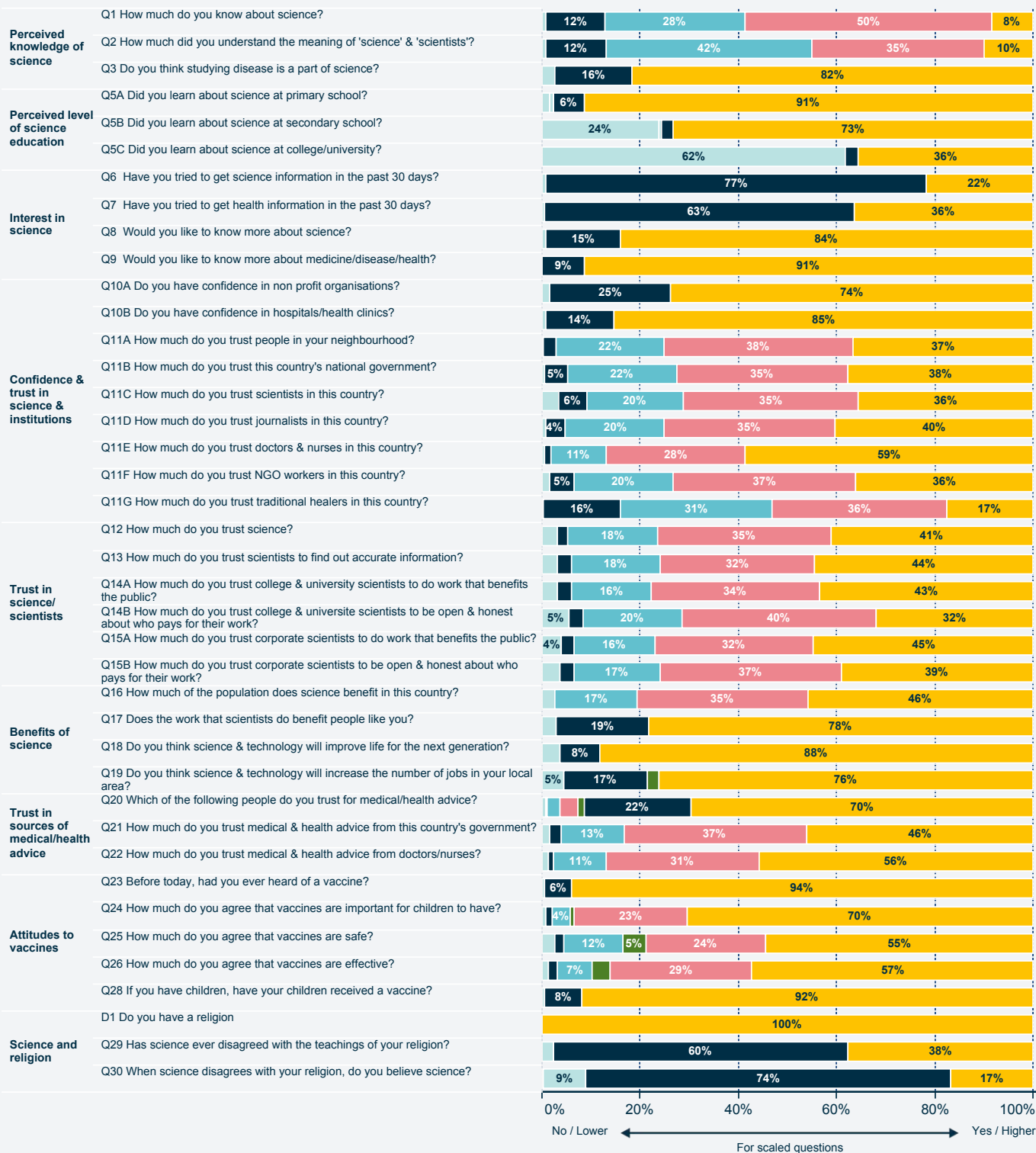


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Poland

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Poland, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

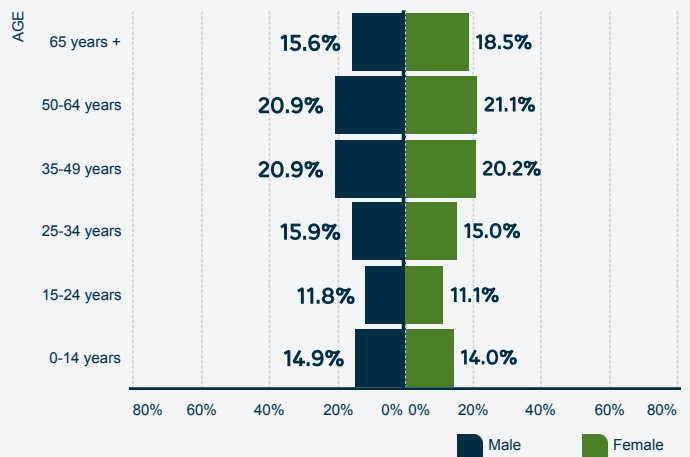
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 28 December 2018.

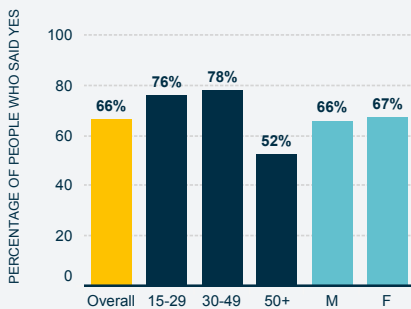
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	29,122.09
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	77.45
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	4.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,158.46
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.97%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

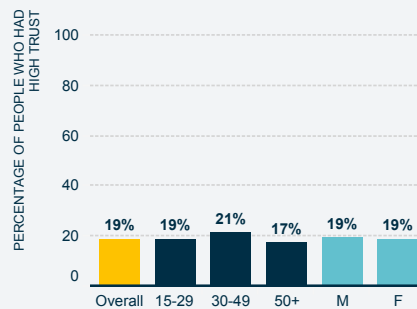


66% said they learned about science at secondary school



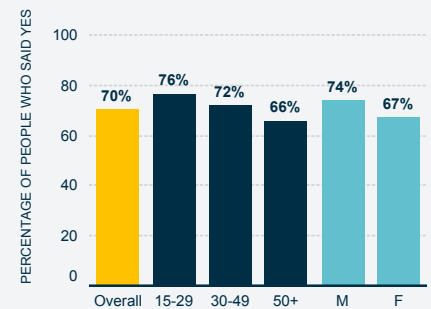
See Q5B in Question breakdown

19% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



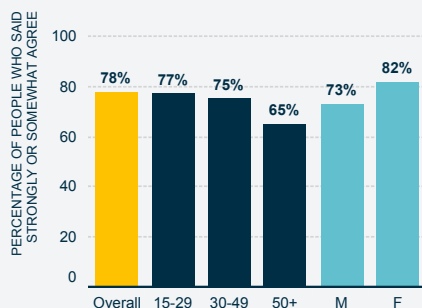
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

70% said science benefits people like them in this country



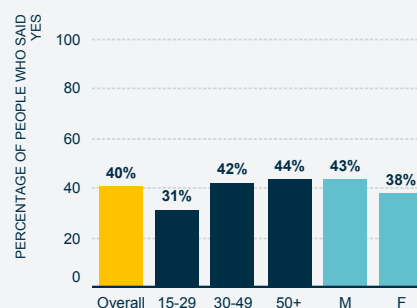
See Q17 in Question breakdown

78% said they think vaccines are safe



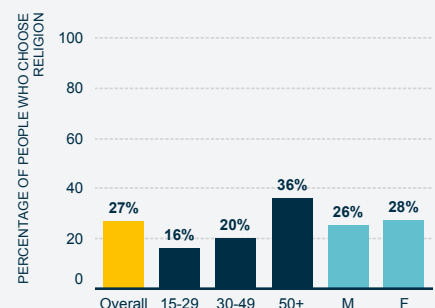
See Q25 in Question breakdown

40% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

27% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

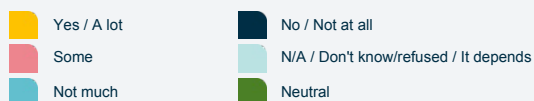
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

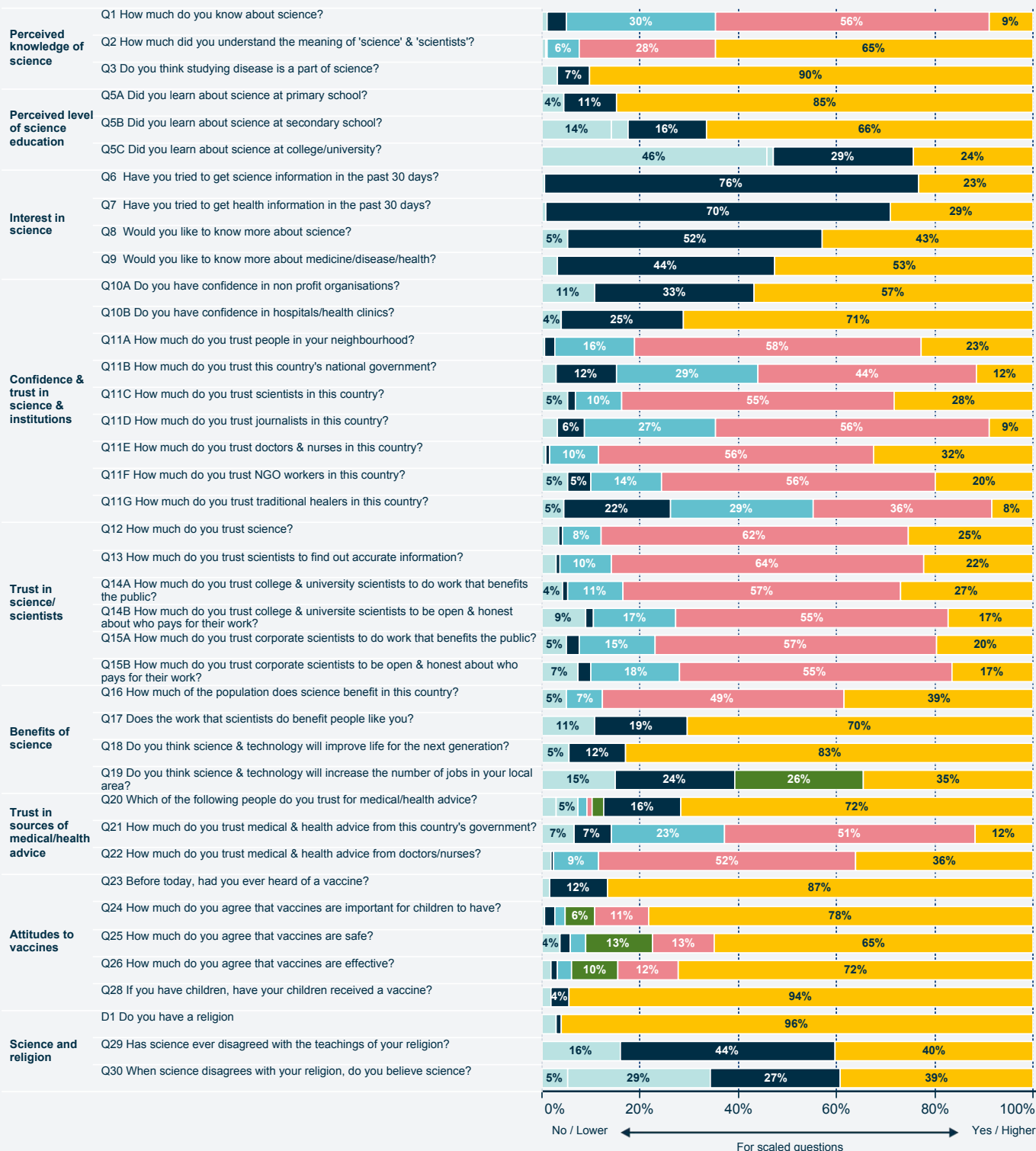


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Portugal

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Portugal, based on a sample of 1,001 interviews.

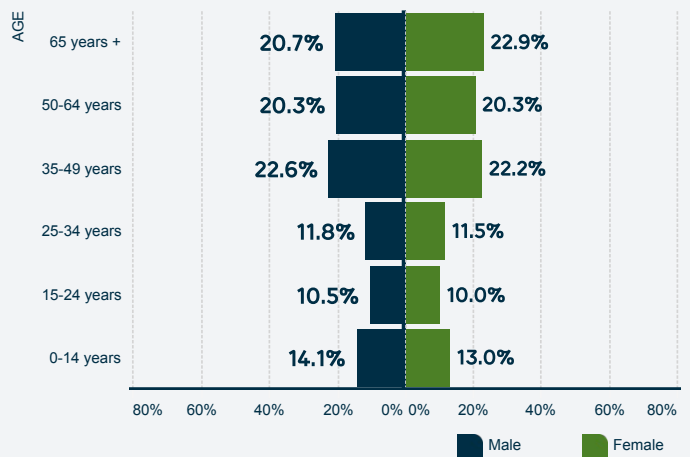
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 4 June 2018.

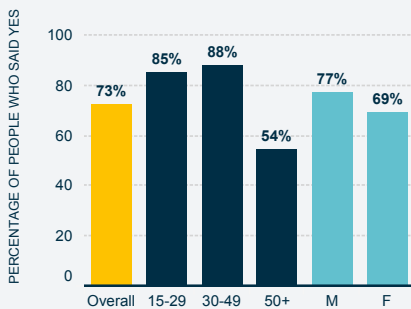
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	31,672.71
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	81.13
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.10
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	3,928.60
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.27%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

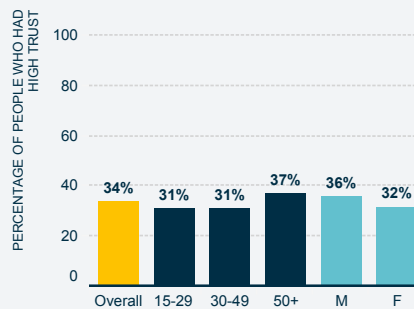


73% said they learned about science at secondary school



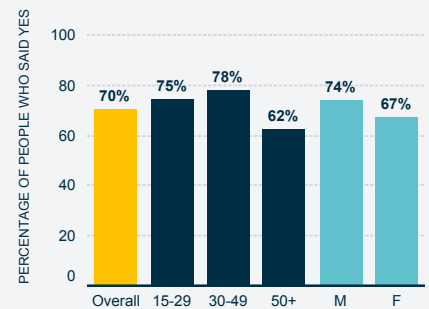
See Q5B in Question breakdown

34% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



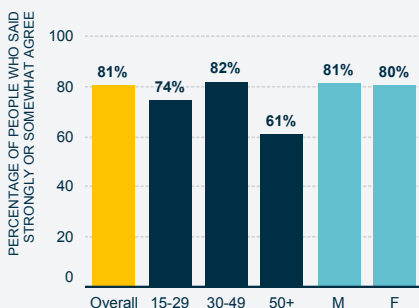
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

70% said science benefits people like them in this country



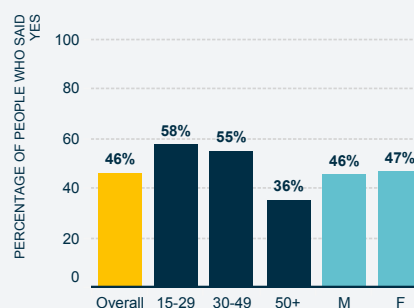
See Q17 in Question breakdown

81% said they think vaccines are safe



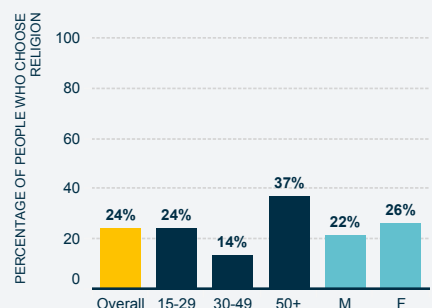
See Q25 in Question breakdown

46% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

24% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

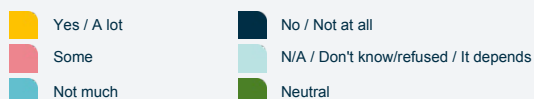
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

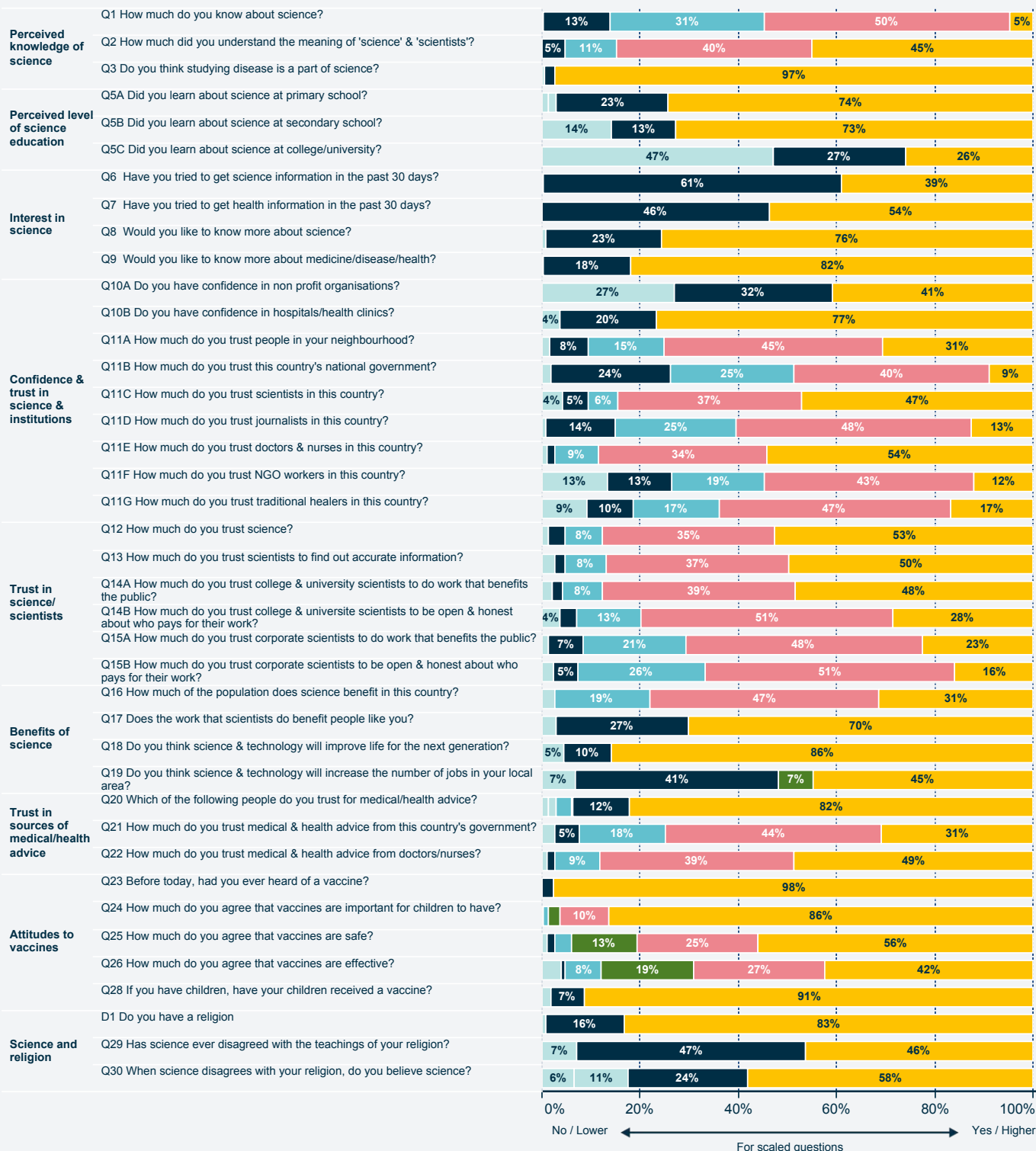
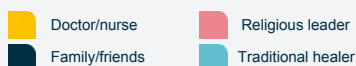


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Romania

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Romania, based on a sample of 1,002 interviews.

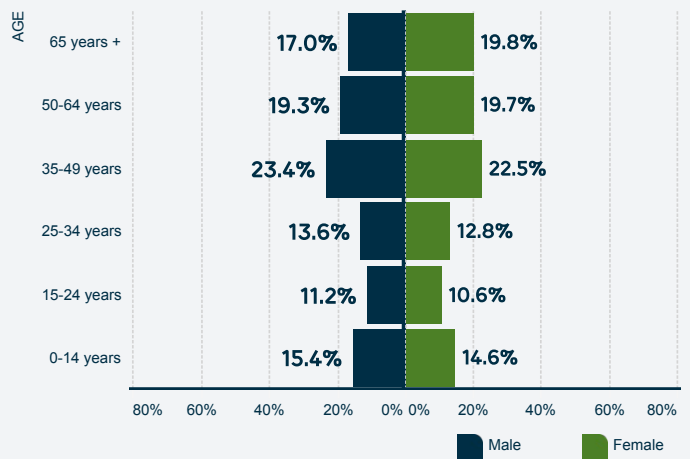
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 23 August 2018.

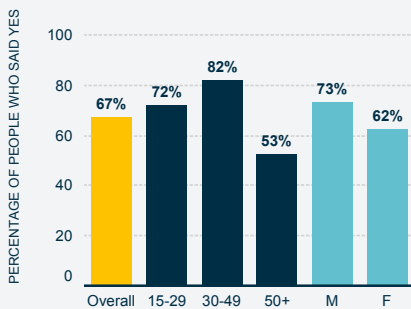
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	26,656.77
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.01
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	6.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	912.42
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.48%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

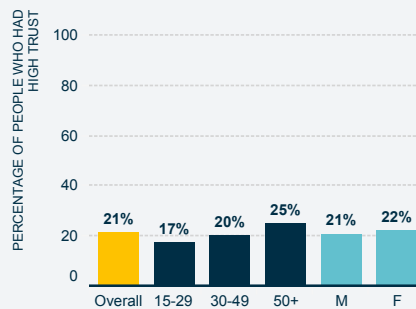


67% said they learned about science at secondary school



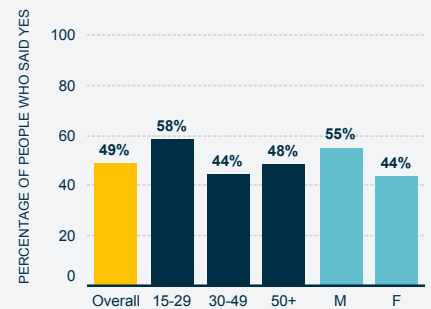
See Q5B in Question breakdown

21% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



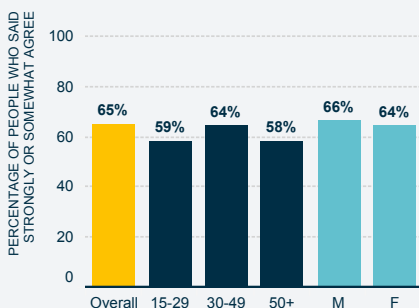
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

49% said science benefits people like them in this country



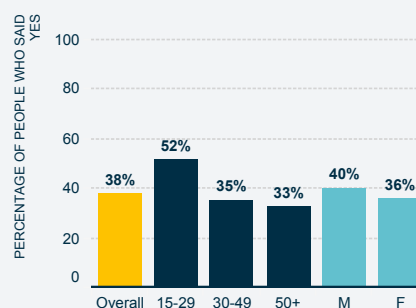
See Q17 in Question breakdown

65% said they think vaccines are safe



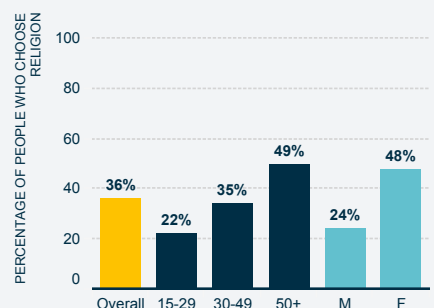
See Q25 in Question breakdown

38% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

36% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

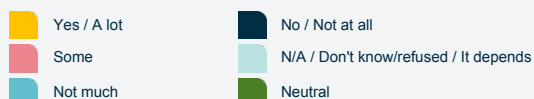
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

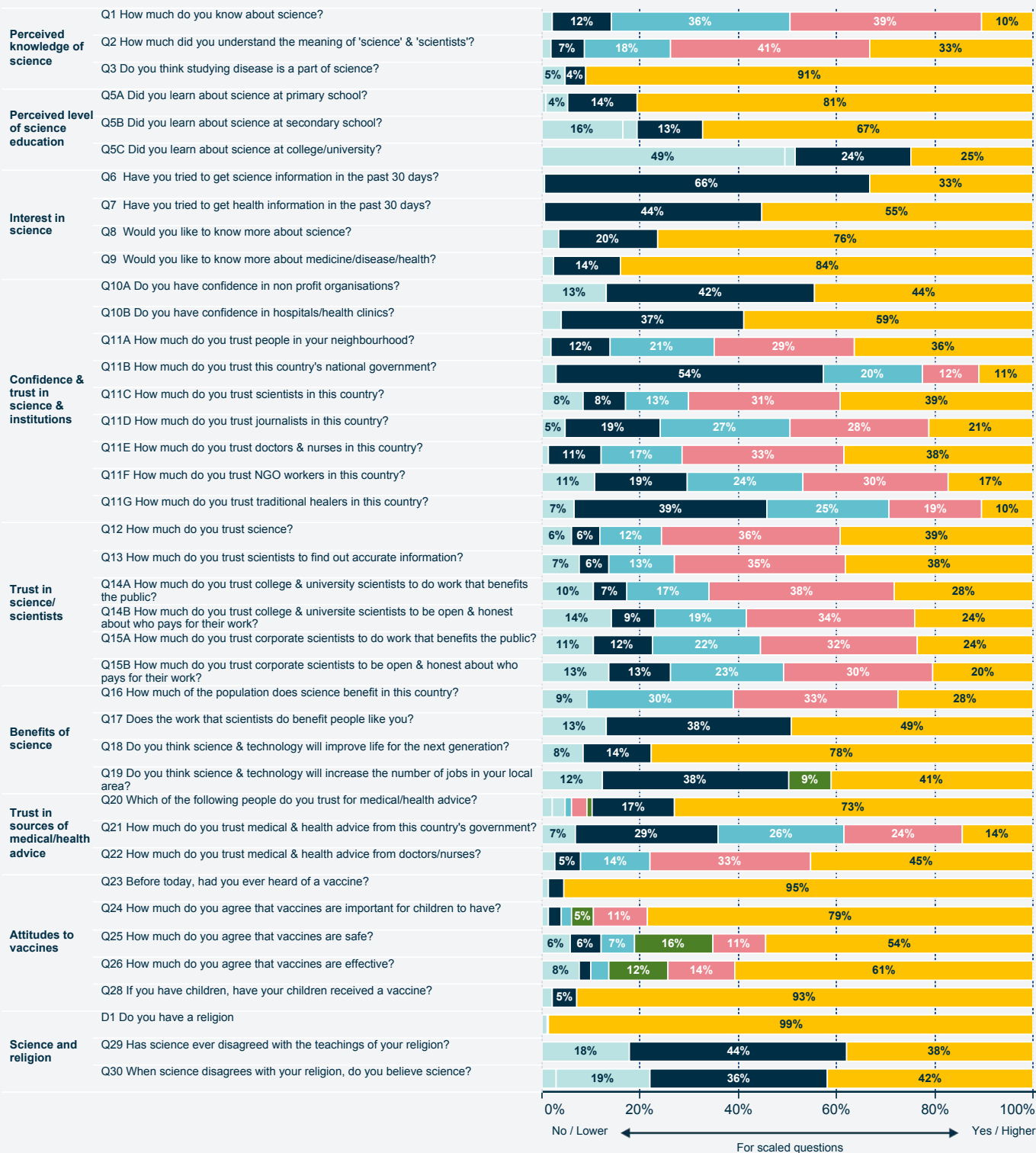


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Russia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Russia, based on a sample of 2,000 interviews.

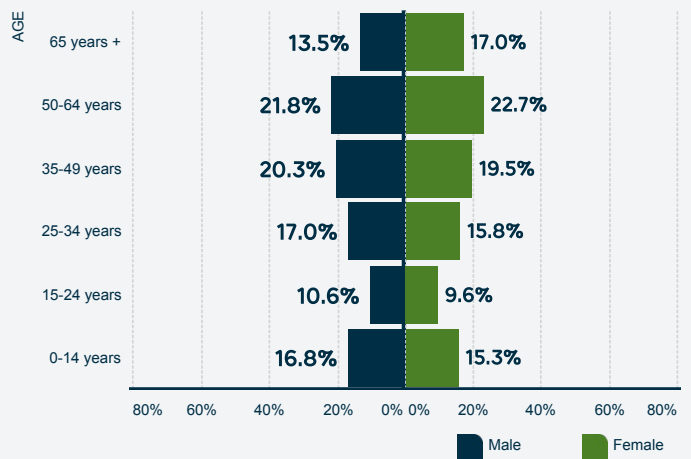
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 4 October 2018.

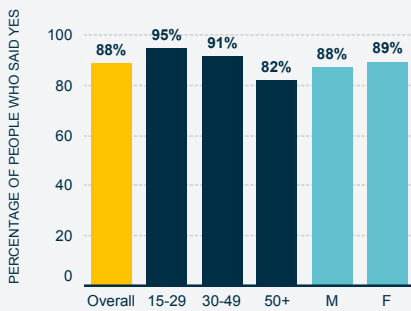
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	25,533.00
GINI coefficient, most recent value	37.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	71.59
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	6.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,979.10
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.10%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

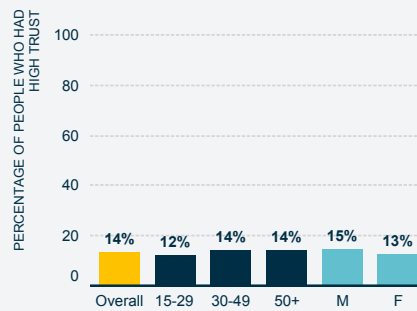


88% said they learned about science at secondary school



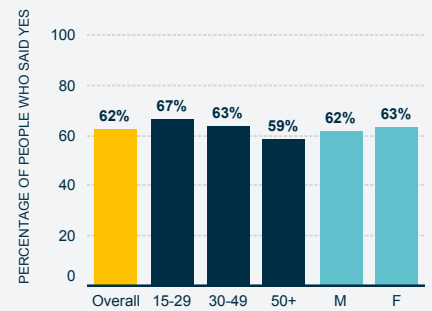
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



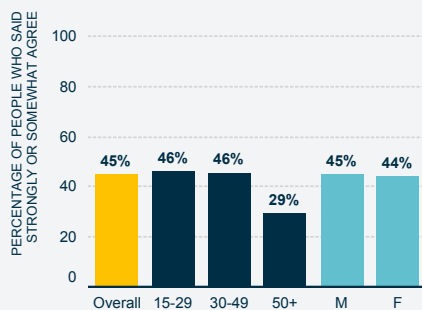
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

62% said science benefits people like them in this country



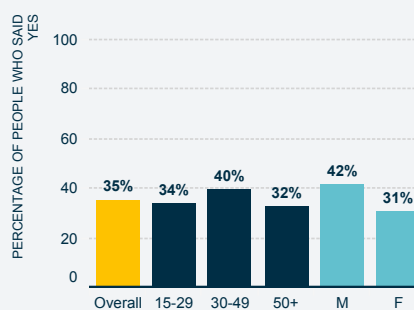
See Q17 in Question breakdown

45% said they think vaccines are safe



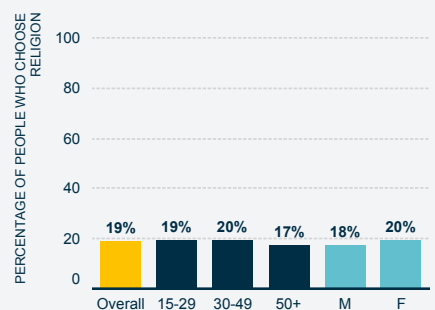
See Q25 in Question breakdown

35% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

19% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

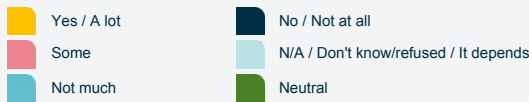
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

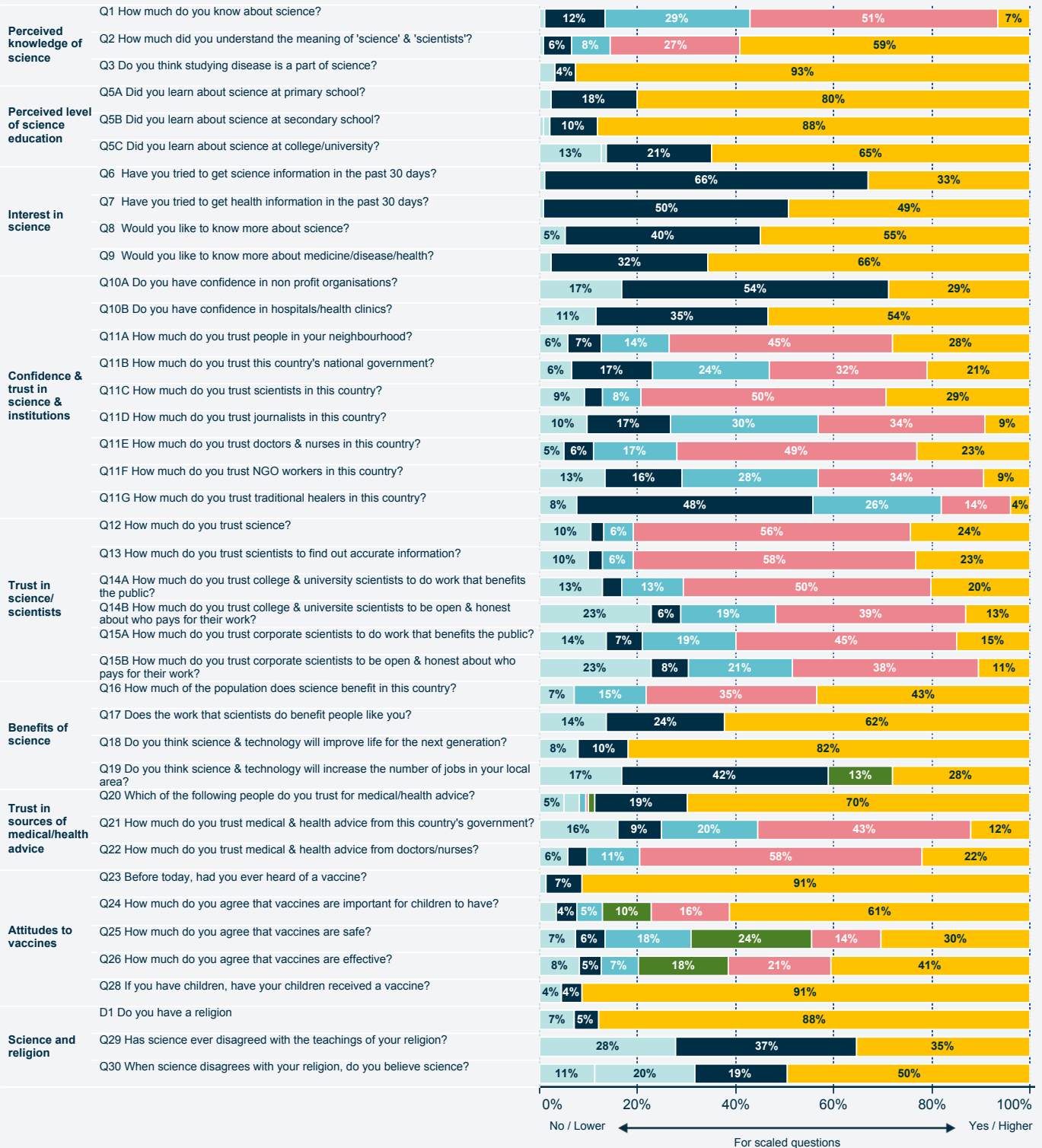


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Rwanda

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Rwanda, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

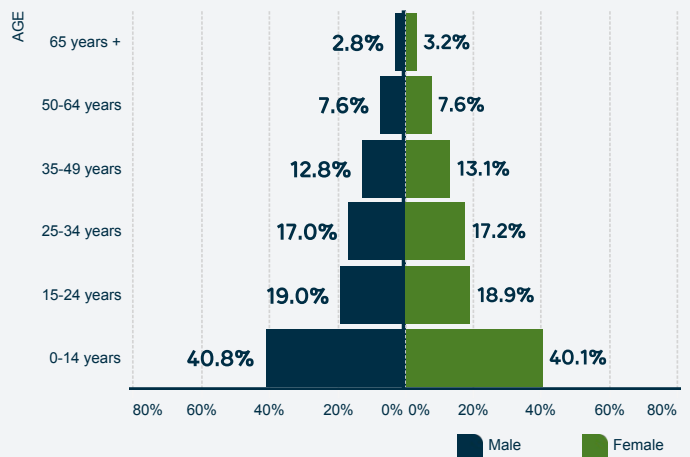
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 30 July 2018.

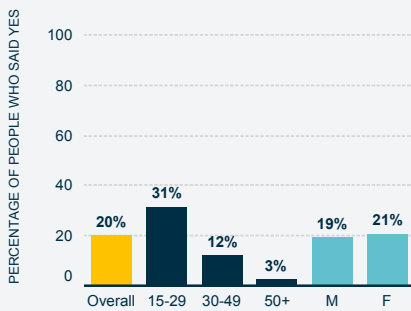
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,039.17
GINI coefficient, most recent value	45.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	67.13
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	28.90
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	12.35
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

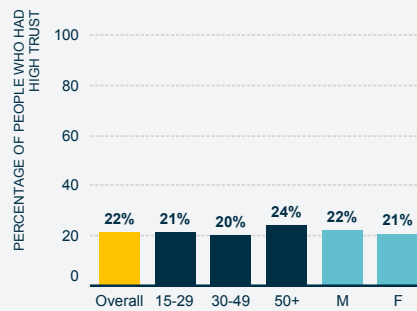


20% said they learned about science at secondary school



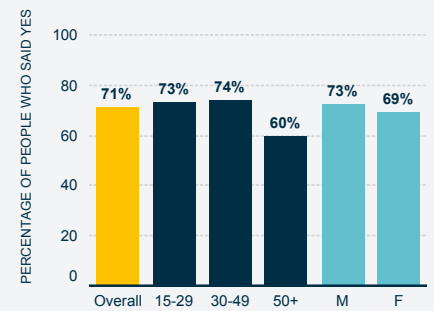
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



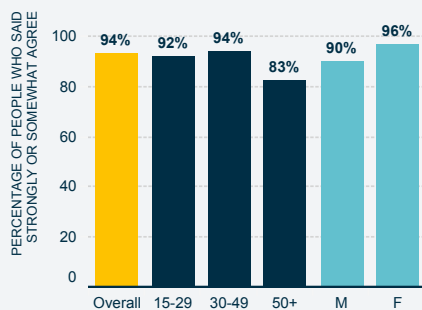
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

71% said science benefits people like them in this country



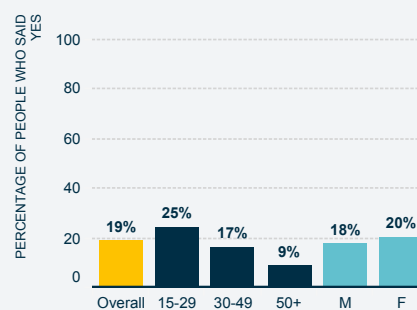
See Q17 in Question breakdown

94% said they think vaccines are safe



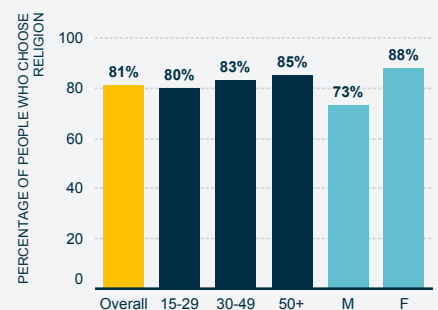
See Q25 in Question breakdown

19% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

81% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

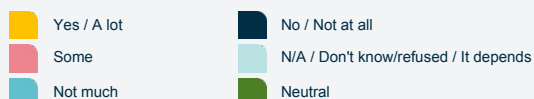
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

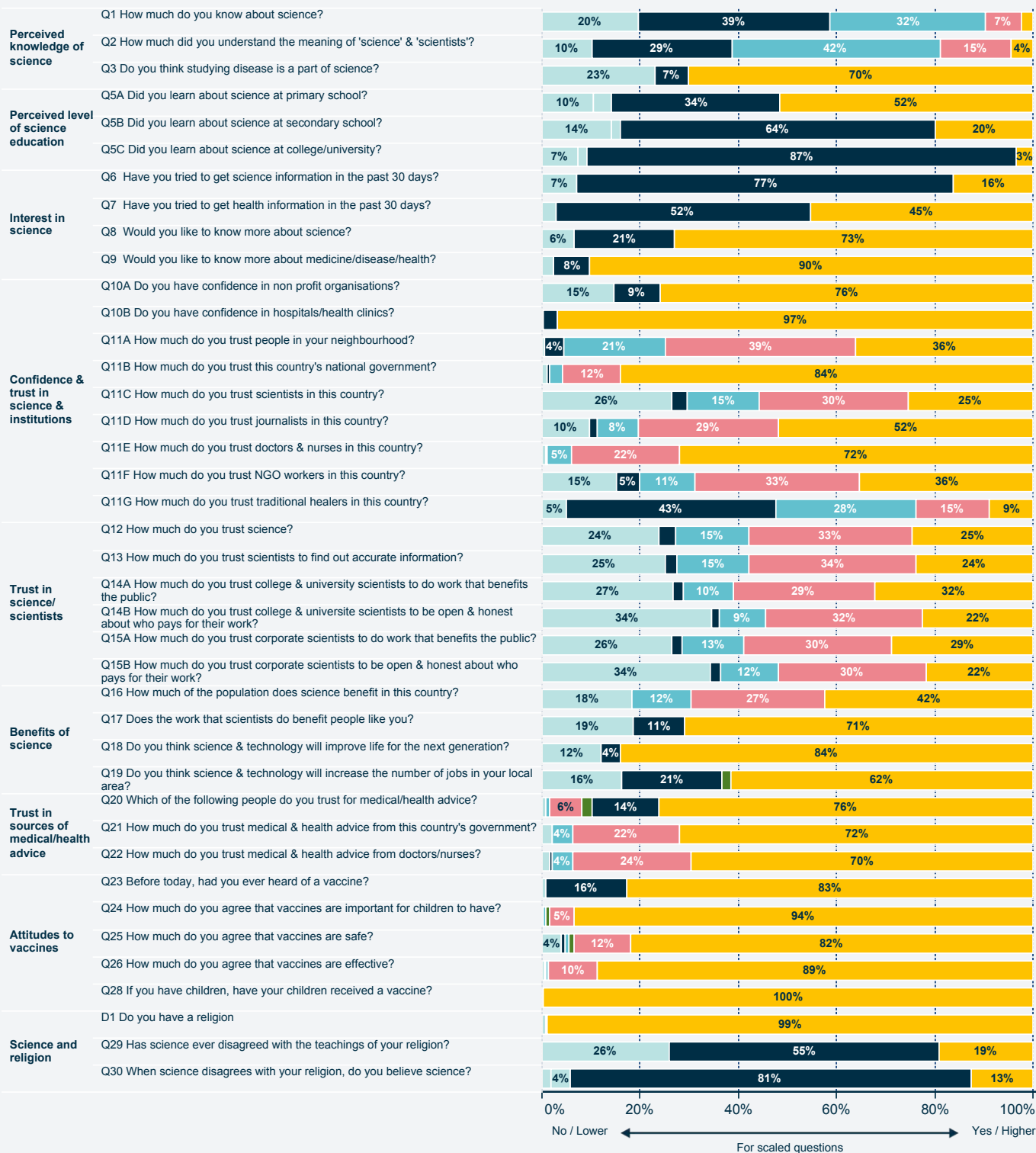


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Saudi Arabia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Saudi Arabia, based on a sample of 1,016 interviews.

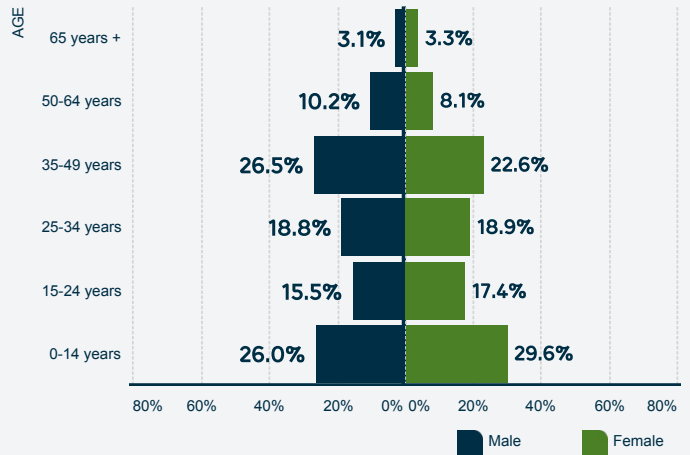
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 15 May 2018.

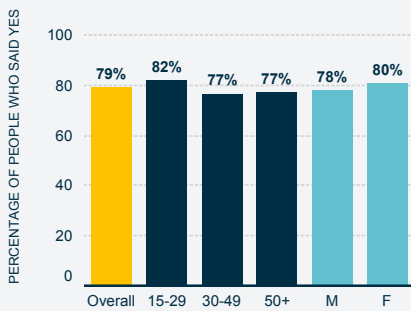
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	53,779.02
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.56
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	6.30
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	0.00
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

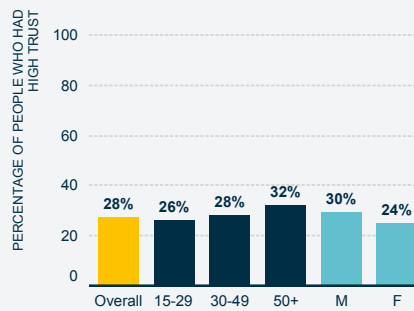


79% said they learned about science at secondary school



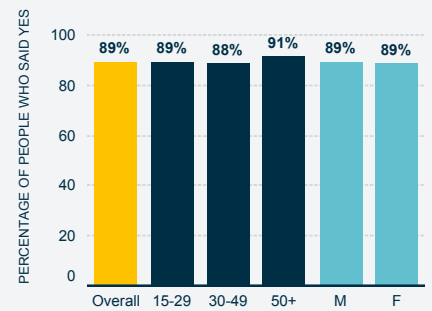
See Q5B in Question breakdown

28% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



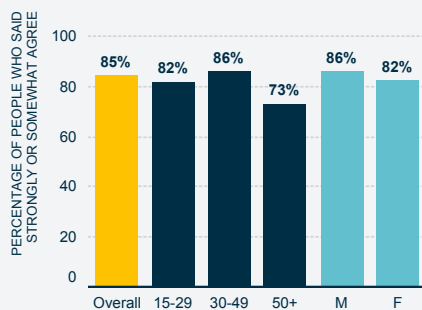
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

89% said science benefits people like them in this country



See Q17 in Question breakdown

85% said they think vaccines are safe



See Q25 in Question breakdown

Data unavailable for this country

See Q29 in Question breakdown

Data unavailable for this country

See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

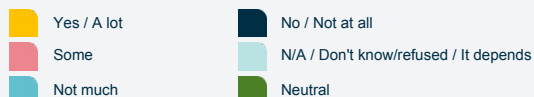
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

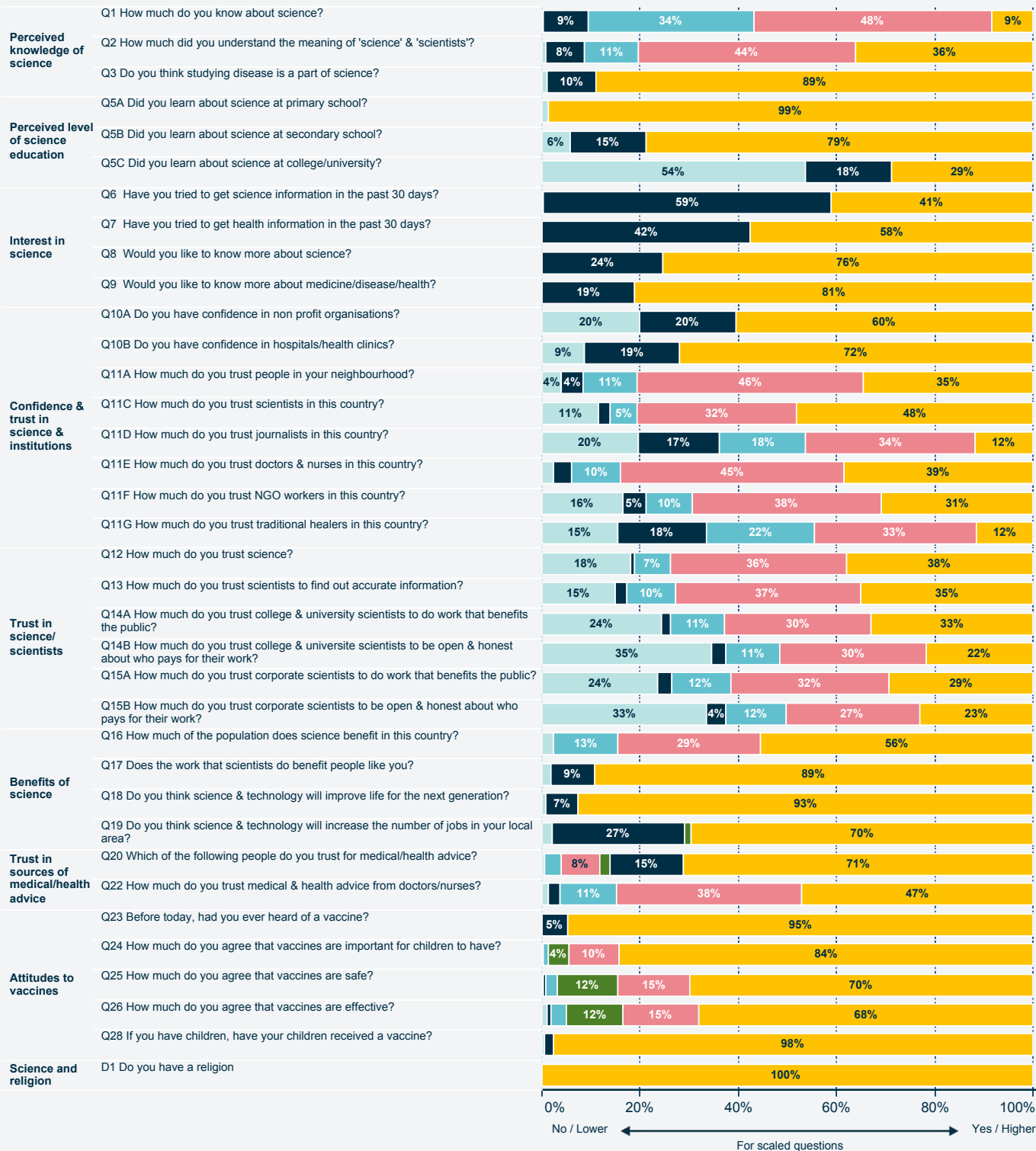


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Senegal

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Senegal, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

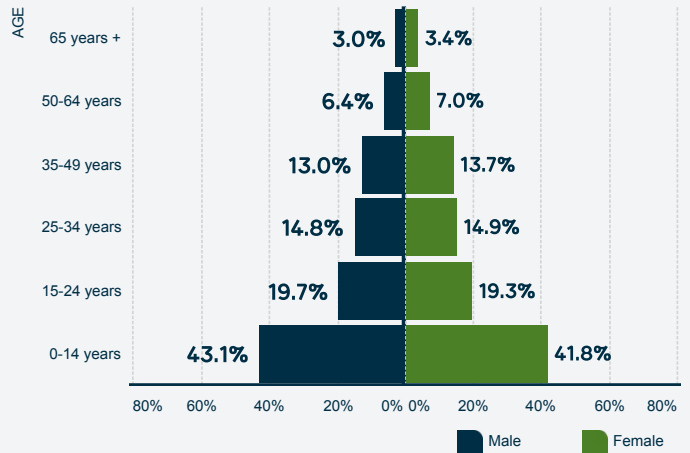
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 6 July 2018.

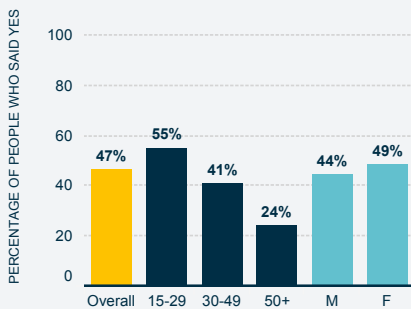
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	3,450.21
GINI coefficient, most recent value	40.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	67.15
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	32.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	549.32
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.75%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

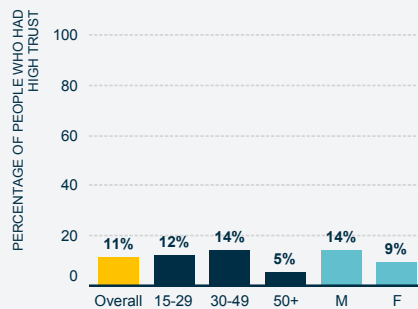


47% said they learned about science at secondary school



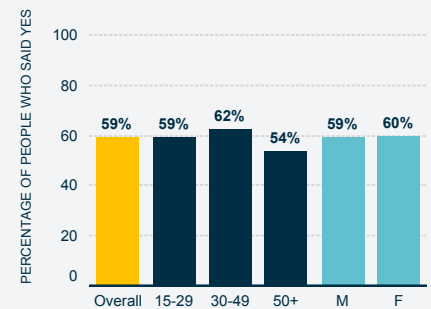
See Q5B in Question breakdown

11% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



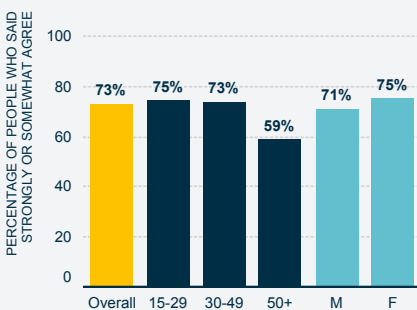
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

59% said science benefits people like them in this country



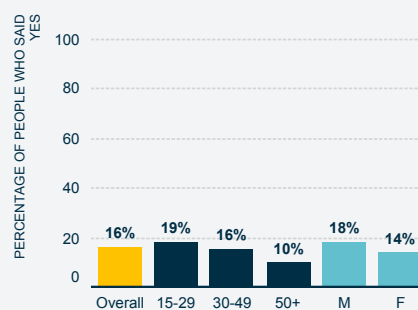
See Q17 in Question breakdown

73% said they think vaccines are safe



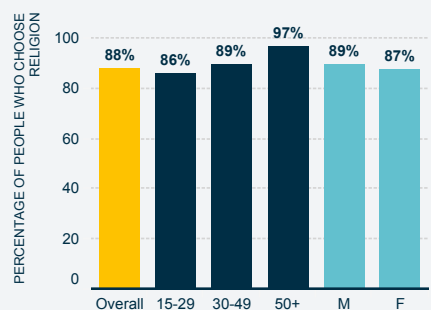
See Q25 in Question breakdown

16% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

88% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

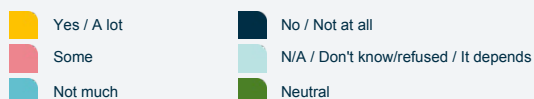
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

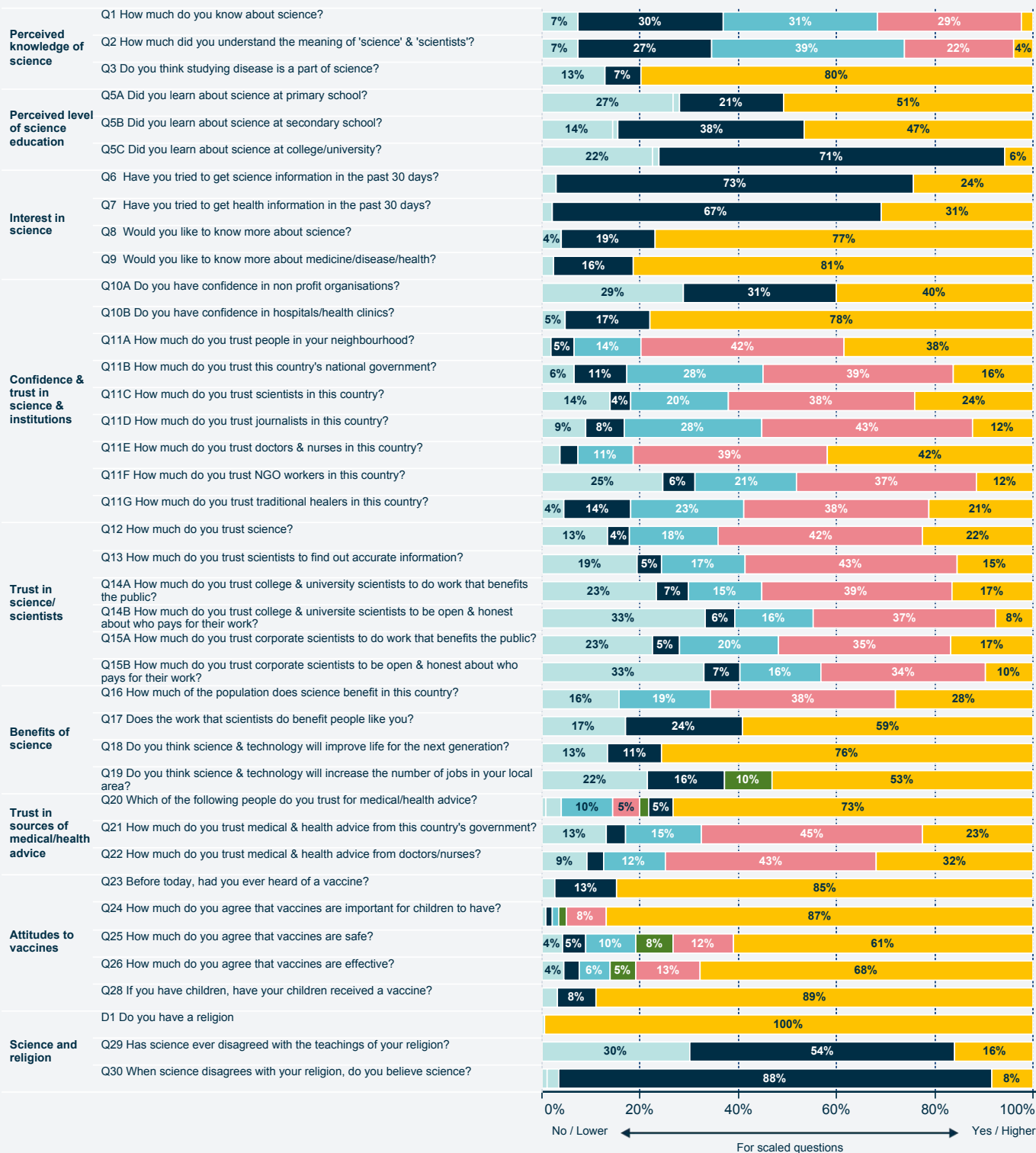


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Serbia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Serbia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

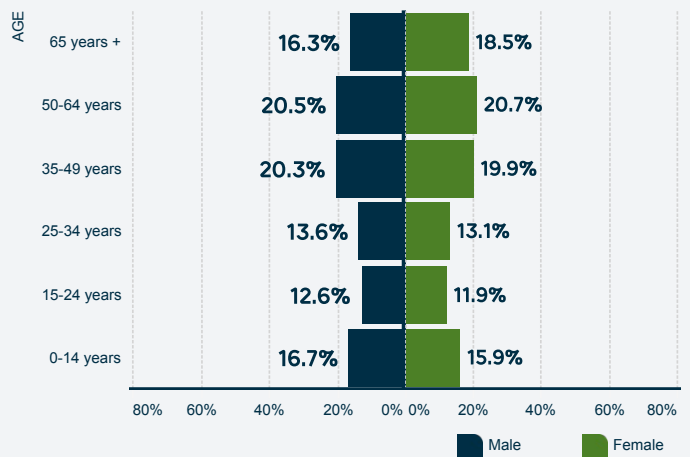
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 August 2018.

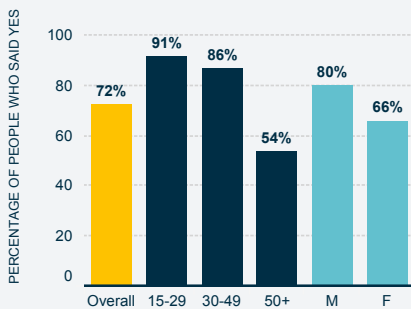
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	15,428.80
GINI coefficient, most recent value	28.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.24
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	5.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,132.77
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.89%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

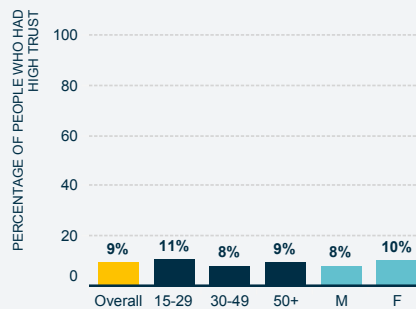


72% said they learned about science at secondary school



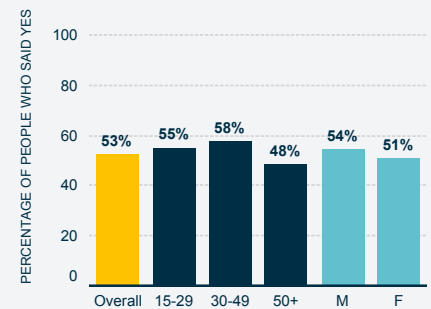
See Q5B in Question breakdown

9% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



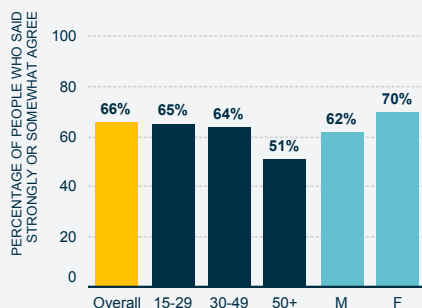
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

53% said science benefits people like them in this country



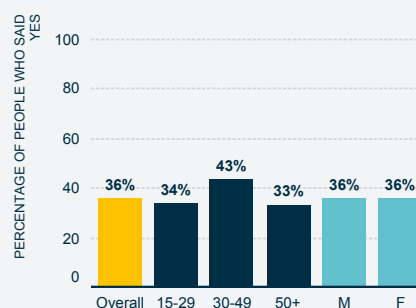
See Q17 in Question breakdown

66% said they think vaccines are safe



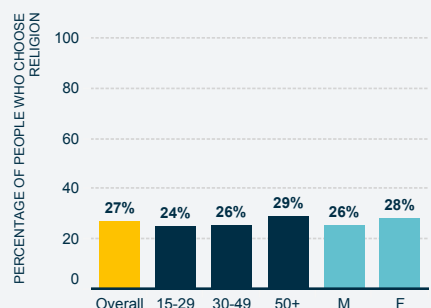
See Q25 in Question breakdown

36% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

27% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

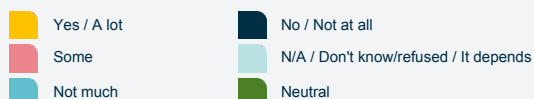
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

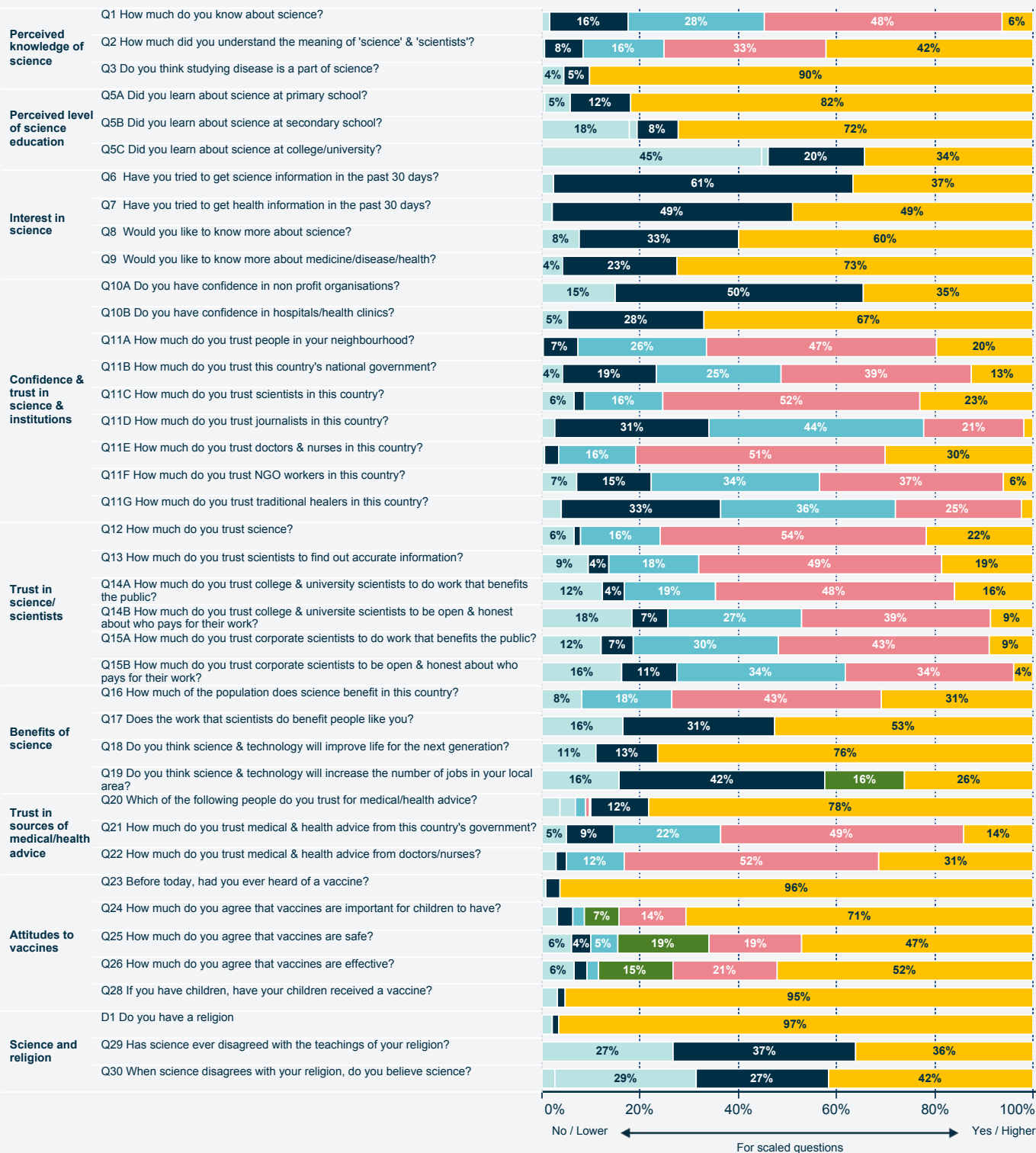


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Sierra Leone

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Sierra Leone, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

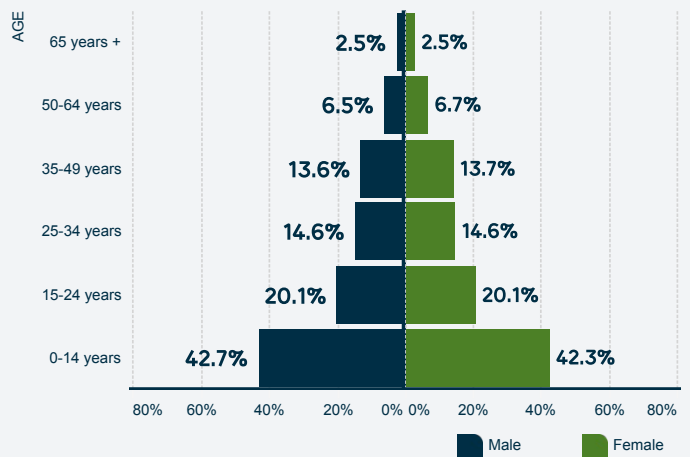
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 31 July 2018.

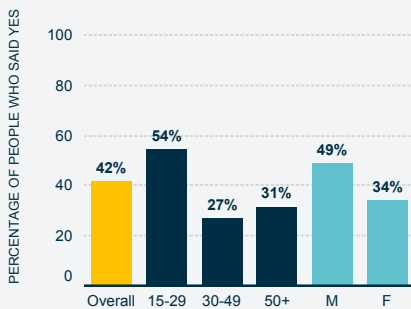
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,527.13
GINI coefficient, most recent value	34.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	51.84
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	81.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	0.00
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

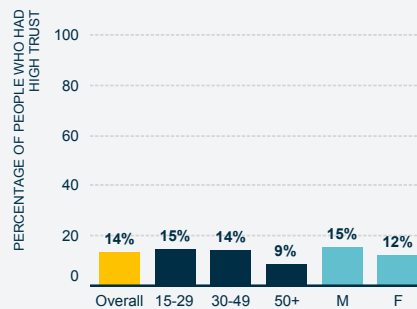


42% said they learned about science at secondary school



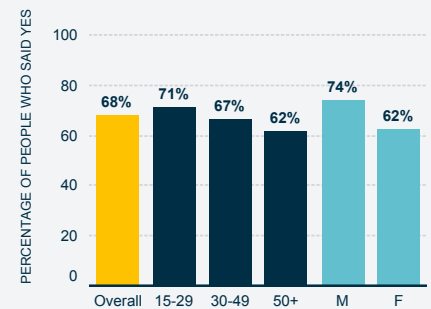
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



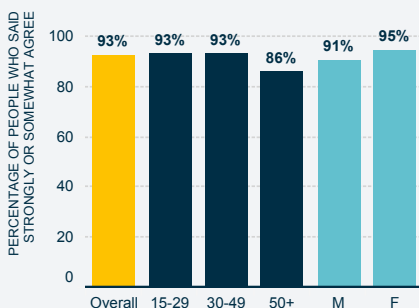
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

68% said science benefits people like them in this country



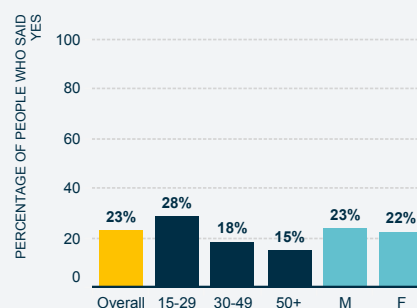
See Q17 in Question breakdown

93% said they think vaccines are safe



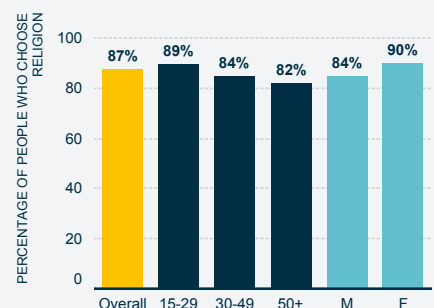
See Q25 in Question breakdown

23% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

87% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

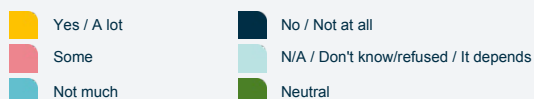
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

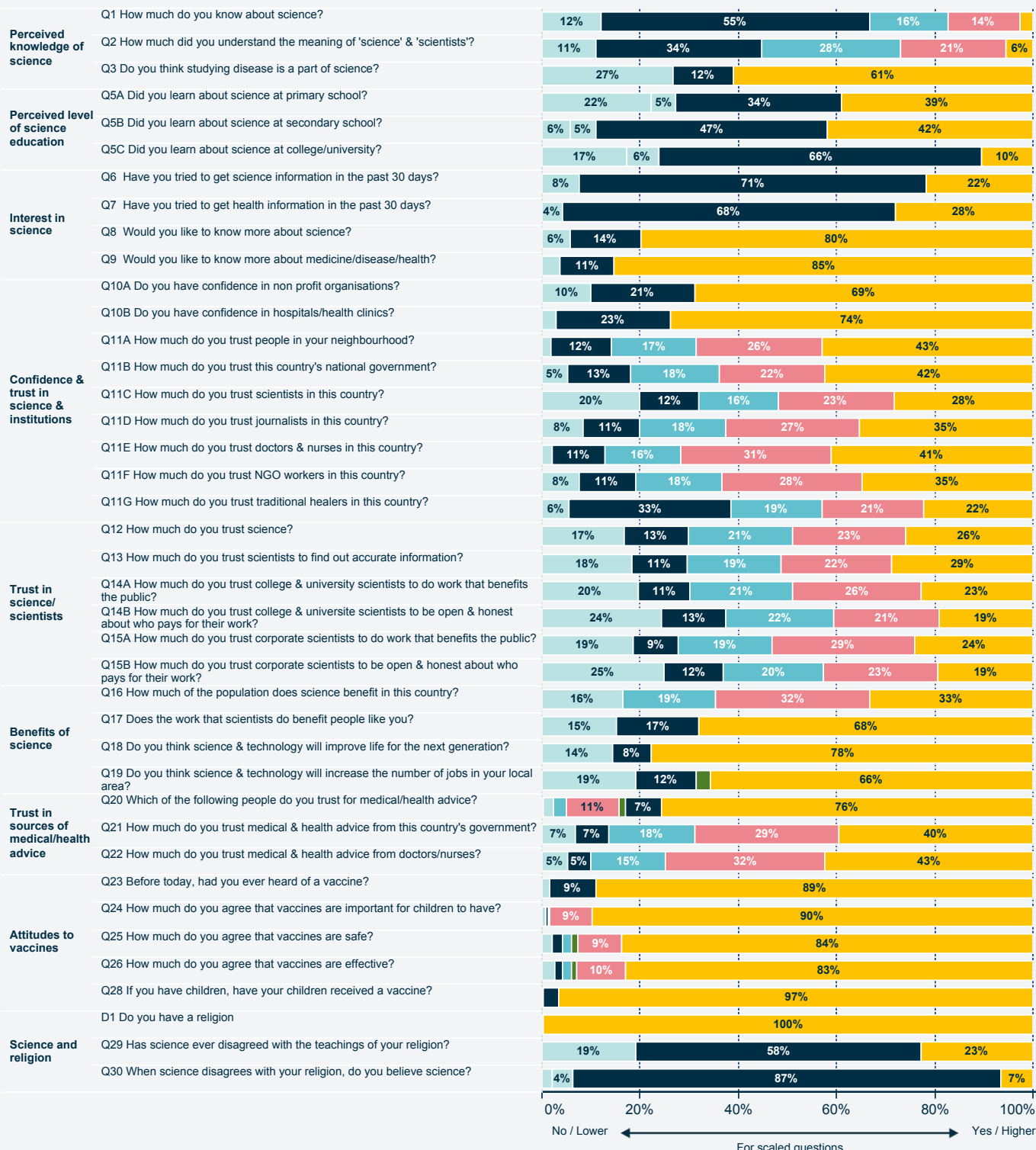


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
No / Lower ← For scaled questions → Yes / Higher



Country-level data

Singapore

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Singapore, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

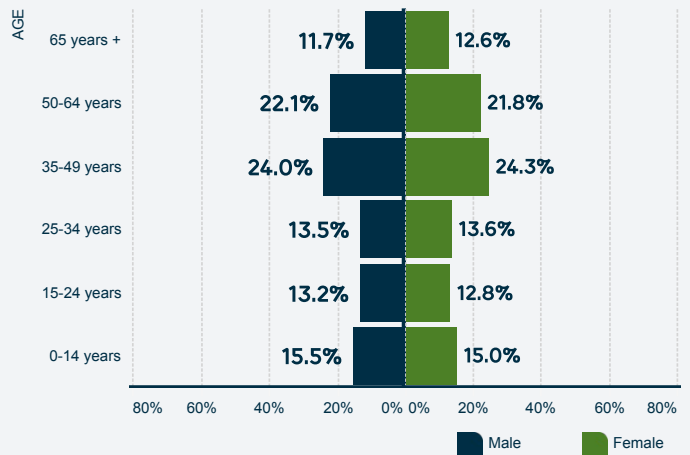
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 17 September 2018.

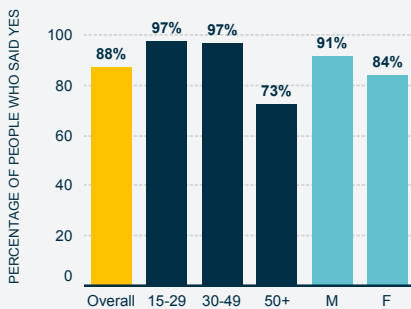
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	93,905.42
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.80
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	6,729.68
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.18%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

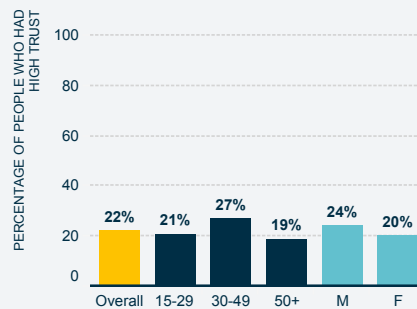


88% said they learned about science at secondary school



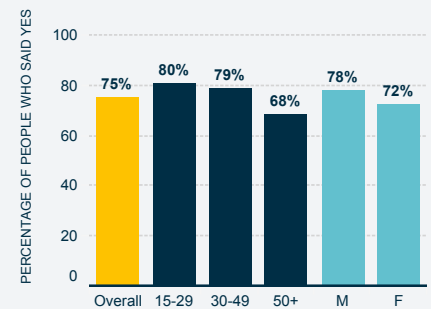
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



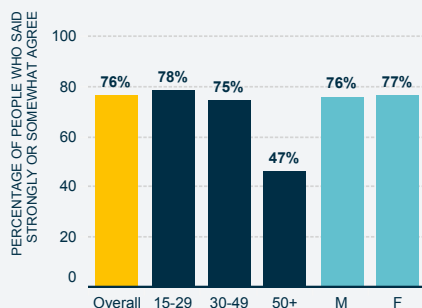
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

75% said science benefits people like them in this country



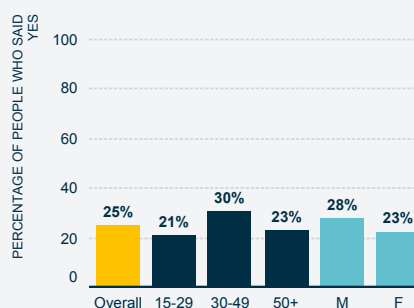
See Q17 in Question breakdown

76% said they think vaccines are safe



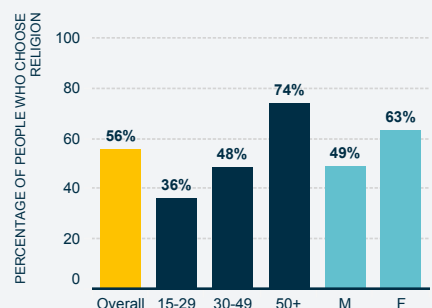
See Q25 in Question breakdown

25% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

56% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

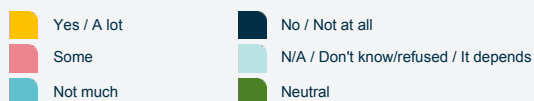
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

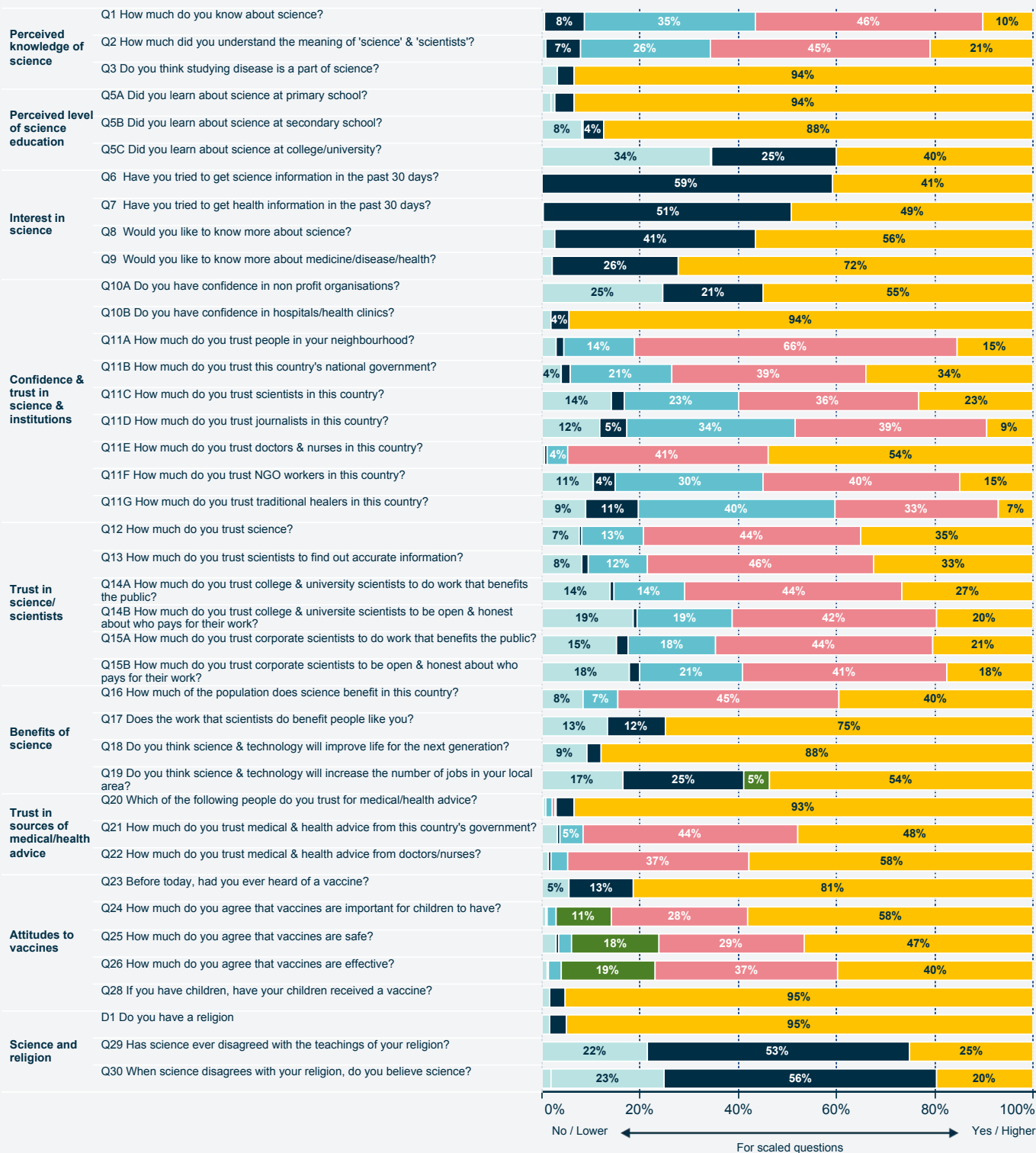


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Slovakia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Slovakia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

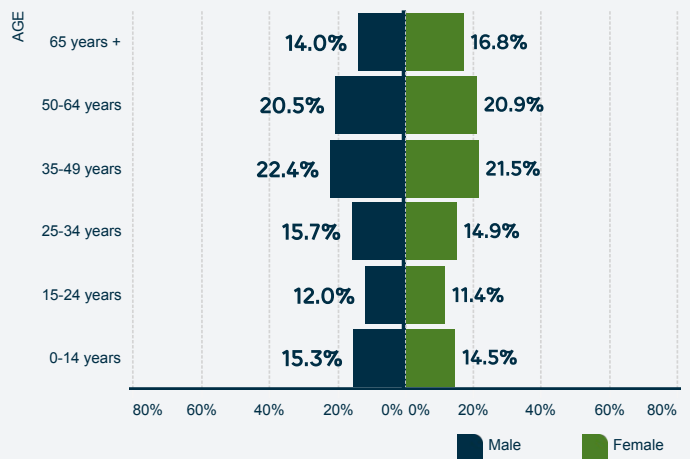
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 18 October 2018.

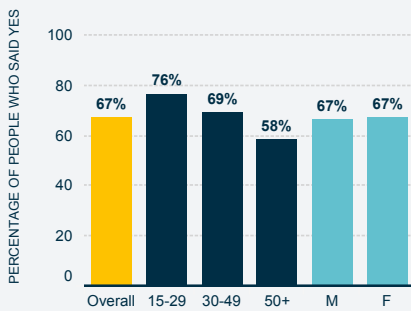
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	31,616.48
GINI coefficient, most recent value	26.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.56
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	4.59
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,598.90
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.79%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

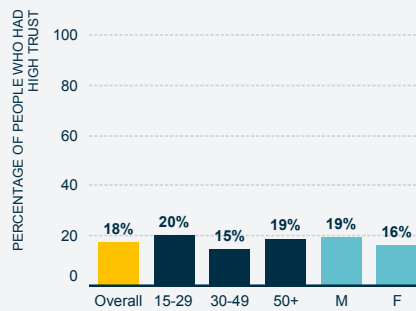


67% said they learned about science at secondary school



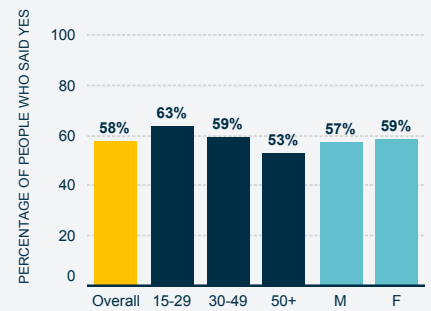
See Q5B in Question breakdown

18% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



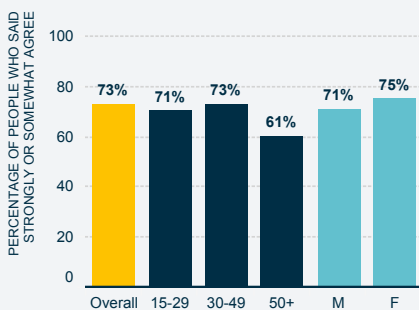
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

58% said science benefits people like them in this country



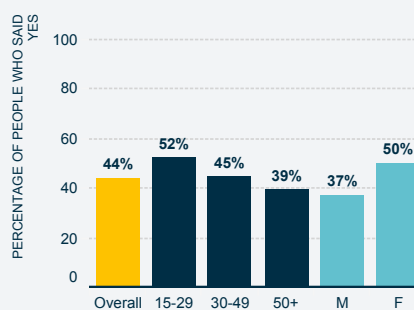
See Q17 in Question breakdown

73% said they think vaccines are safe



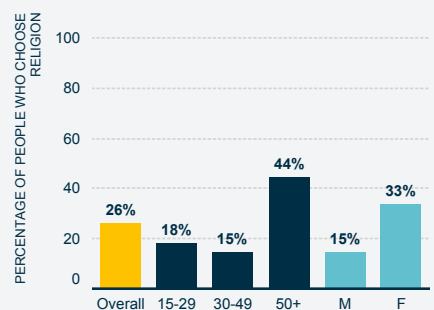
See Q25 in Question breakdown

44% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

26% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

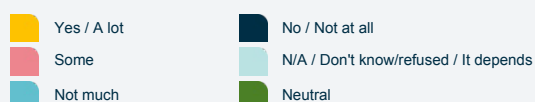
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

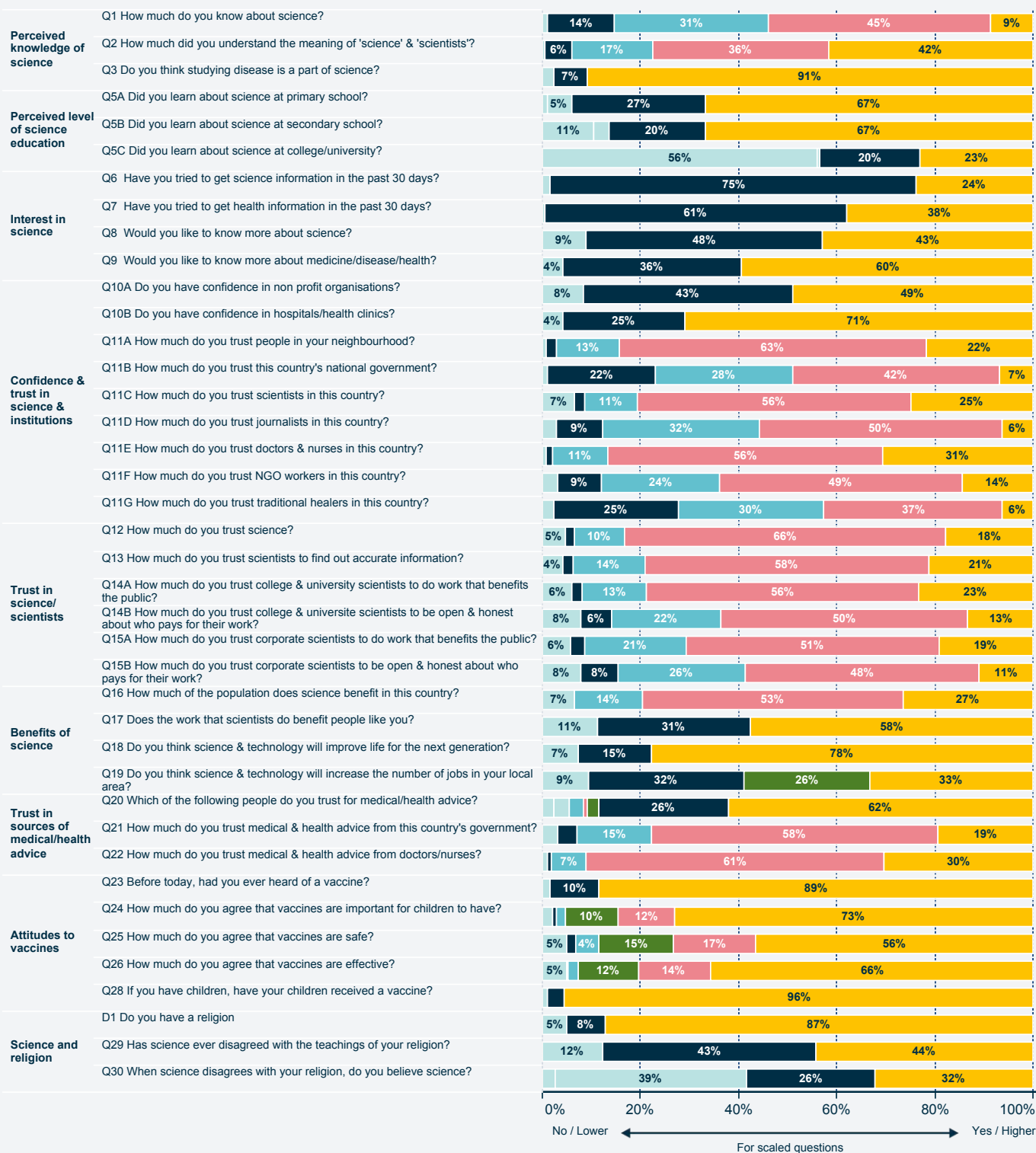


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Slovenia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Slovenia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

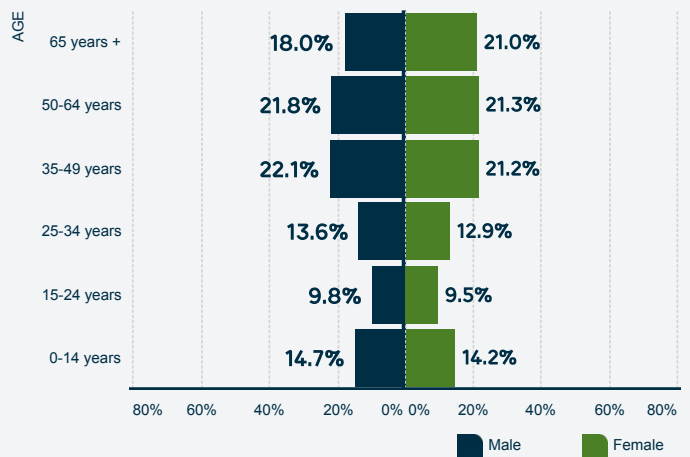
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 20 May 2018.

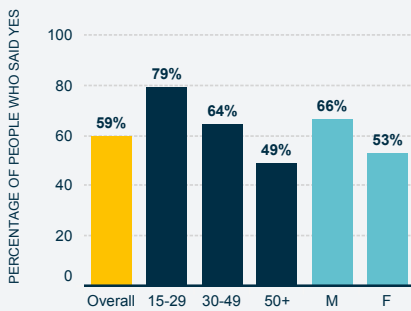
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	34,868.21
GINI coefficient, most recent value	25.40
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.78
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	1.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	3,899.20
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.00%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

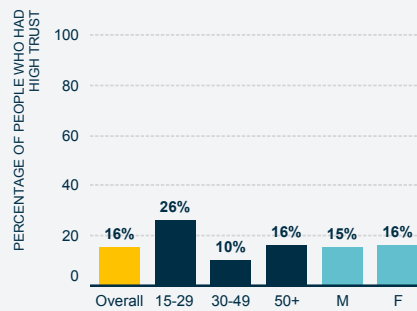


59% said they learned about science at secondary school



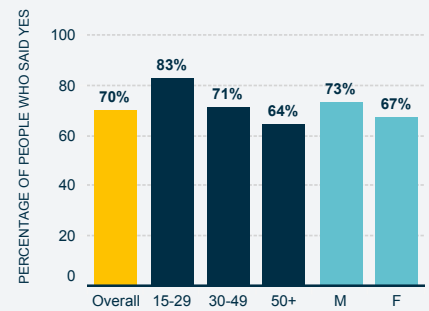
See Q5B in Question breakdown

16% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



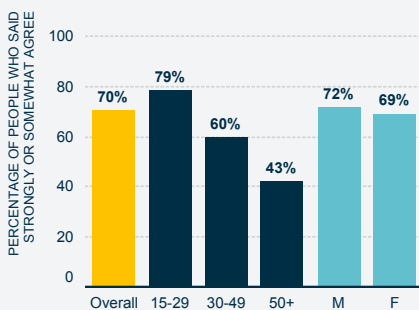
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

70% said science benefits people like them in this country



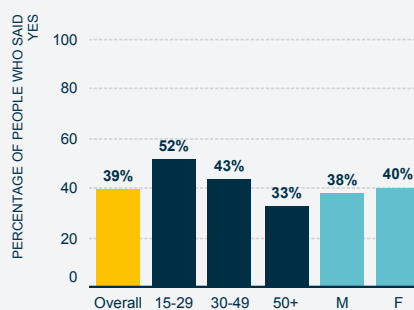
See Q17 in Question breakdown

70% said they think vaccines are safe



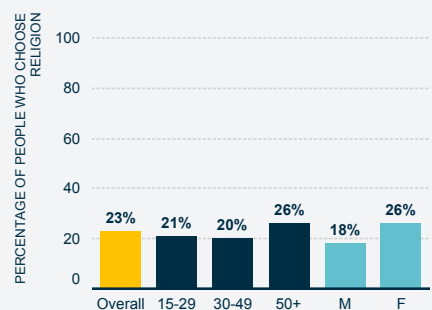
See Q25 in Question breakdown

39% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

23% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

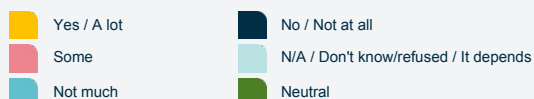
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

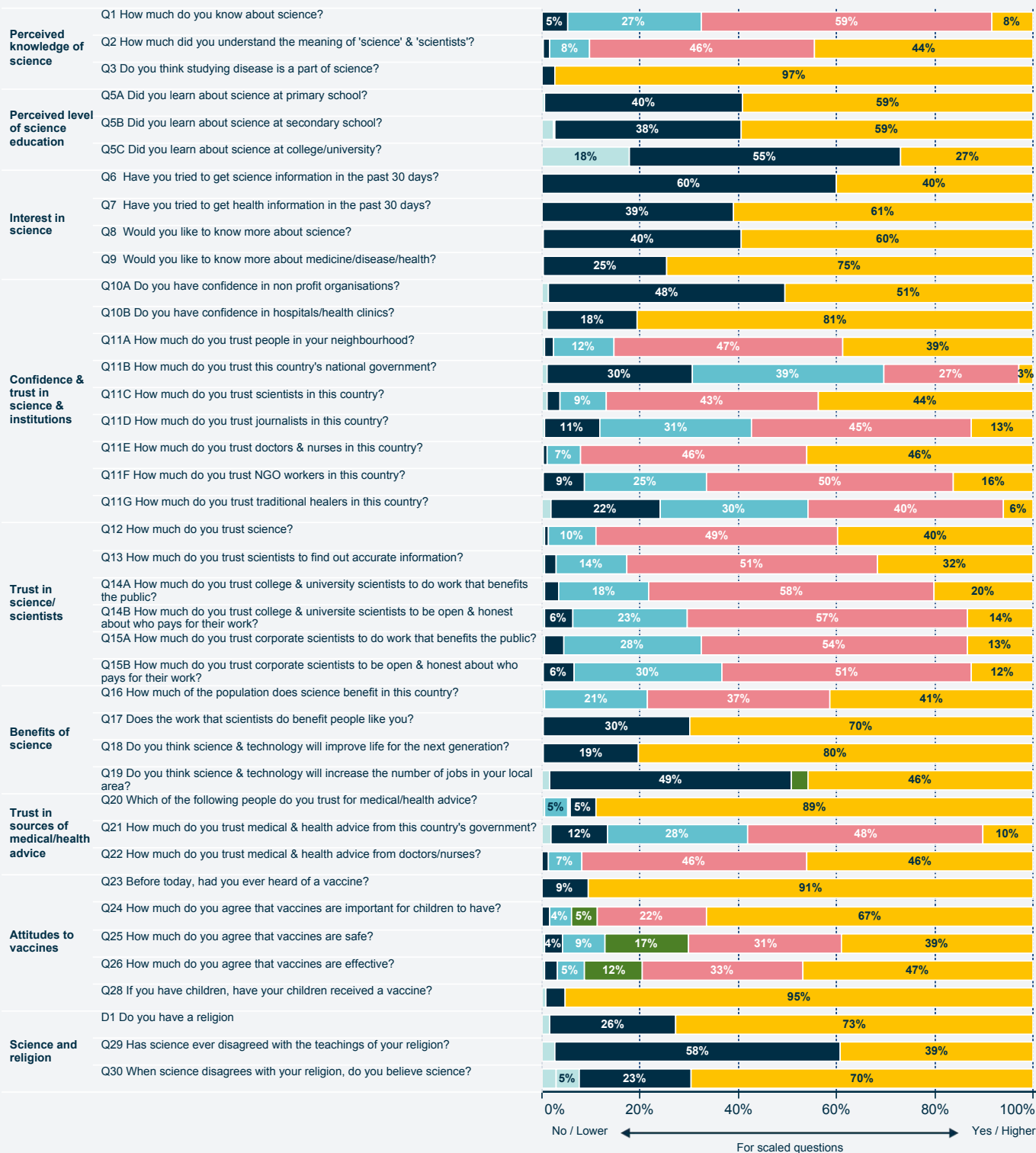


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
No / Lower ← For scaled questions → Yes / Higher



Country-level data

South Africa

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in South Africa, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

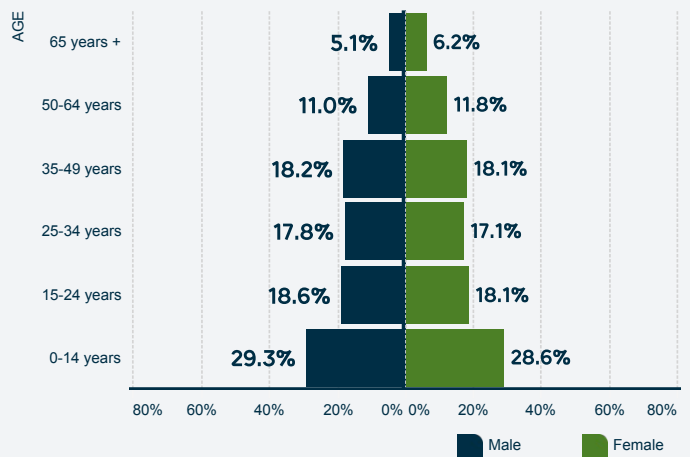
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 15 August 2018.

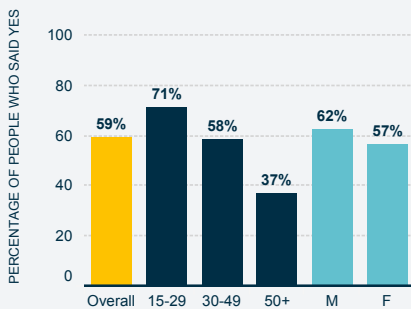
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	13,497.55
GINI coefficient, most recent value	63.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	62.77
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	28.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	473.12
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.80%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

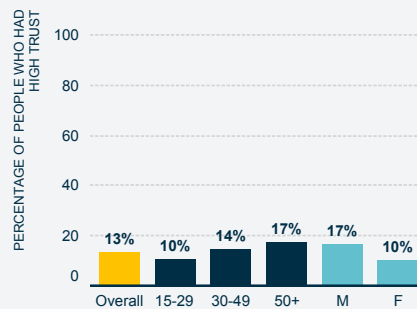


59% said they learned about science at secondary school



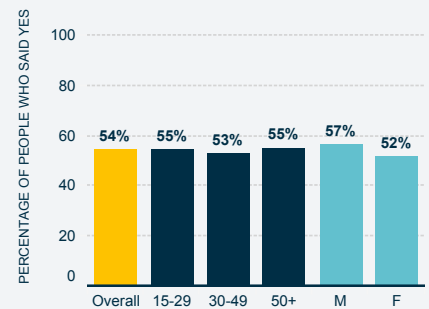
See Q5B in Question breakdown

13% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



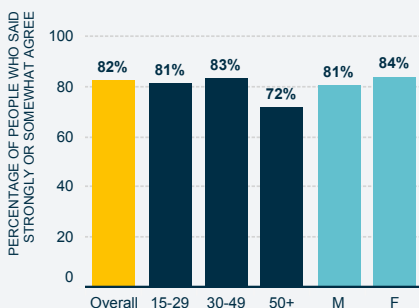
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

54% said science benefits people like them in this country



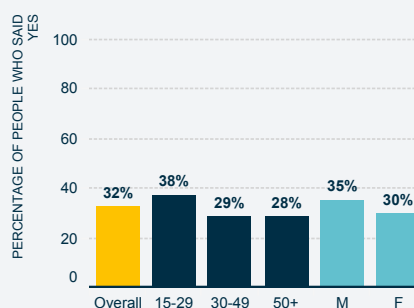
See Q17 in Question breakdown

82% said they think vaccines are safe



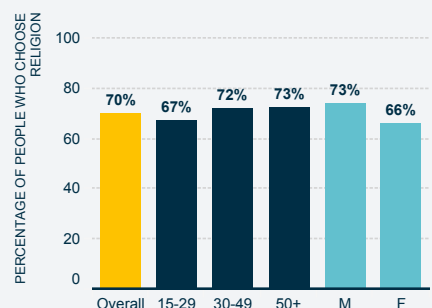
See Q25 in Question breakdown

32% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

70% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

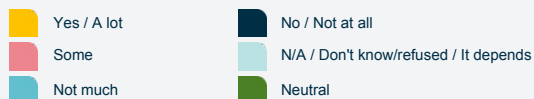
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

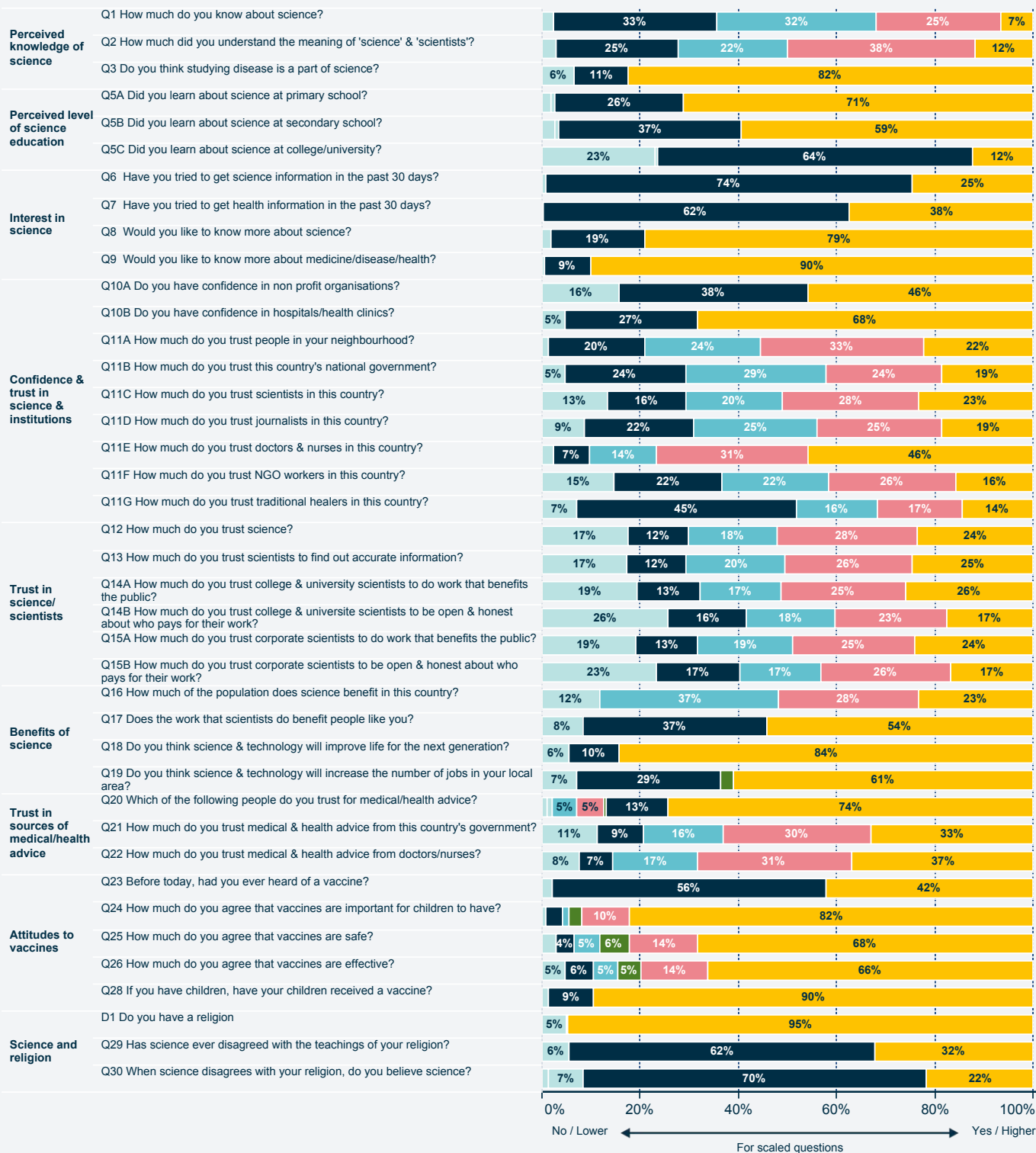


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

South Korea

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in South Korea, based on a sample of 1,014 interviews.

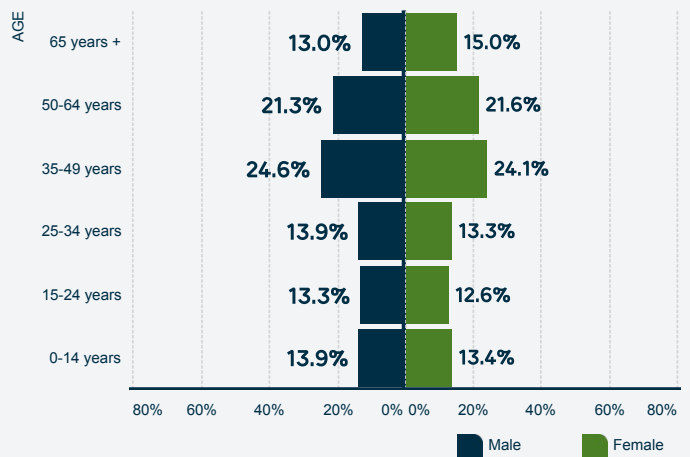
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 14 September 2018.

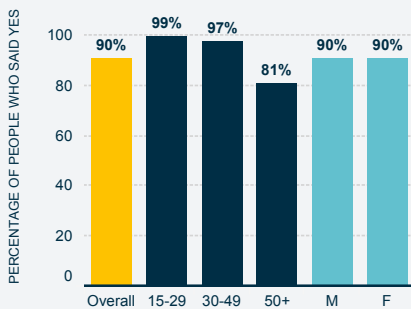
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	38,335.27
GINI coefficient, most recent value	31.60
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.02
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	7,113.17
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	4.24%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

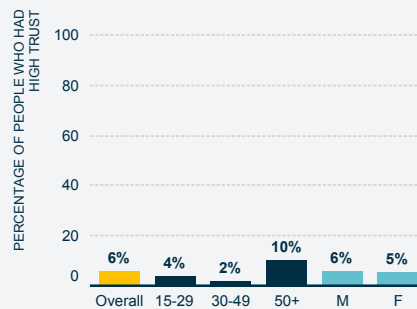


90% said they learned about science at secondary school



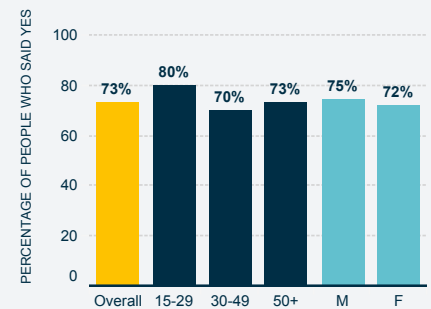
See Q5B in Question breakdown

6% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



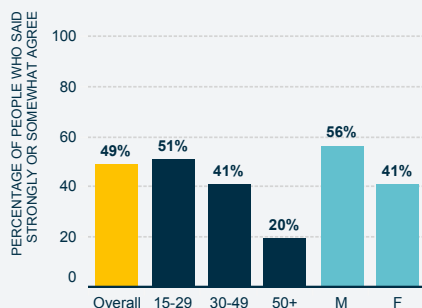
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

73% said science benefits people like them in this country



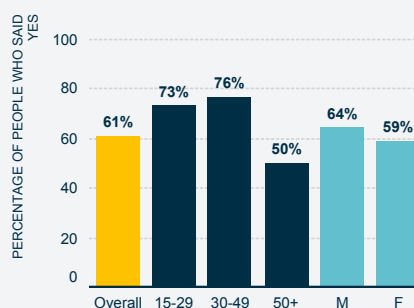
See Q17 in Question breakdown

49% said they think vaccines are safe



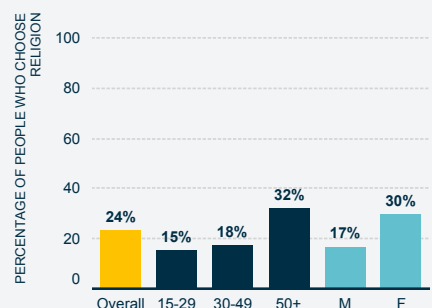
See Q25 in Question breakdown

61% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

24% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

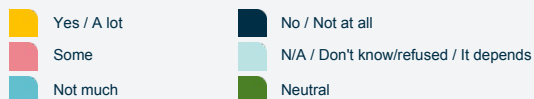
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

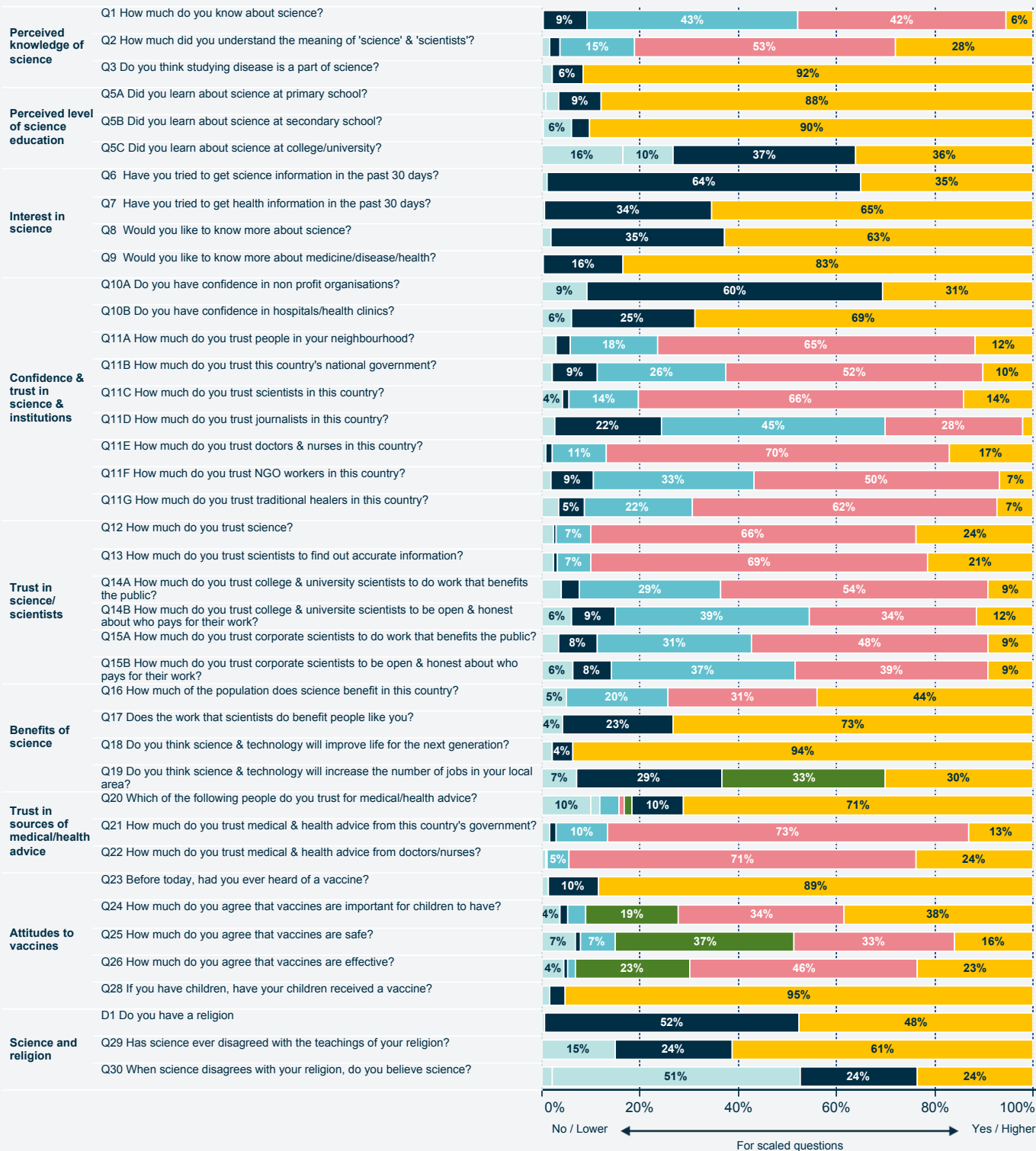


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
 No / Lower ← For scaled questions → Yes / Higher



Country-level data

Spain

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Spain, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

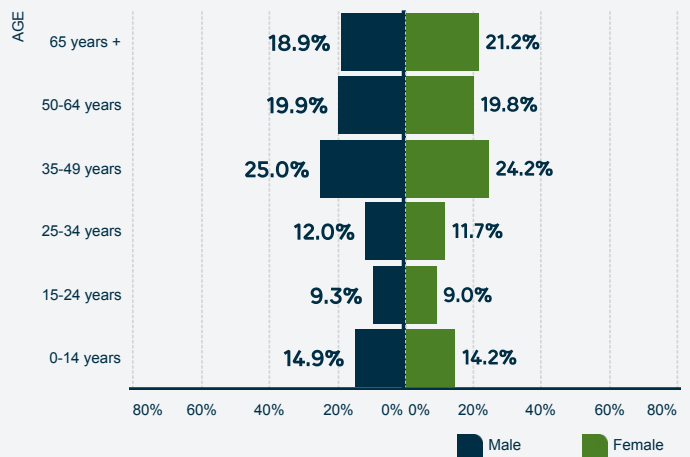
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 6 October 2018.

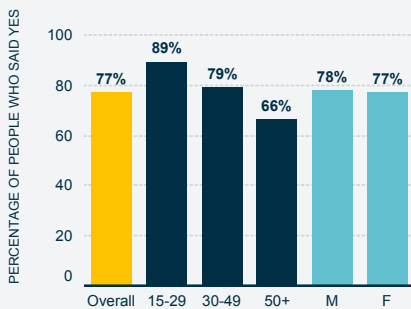
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	37,997.85
GINI coefficient, most recent value	36.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.83
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,732.25
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.19%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

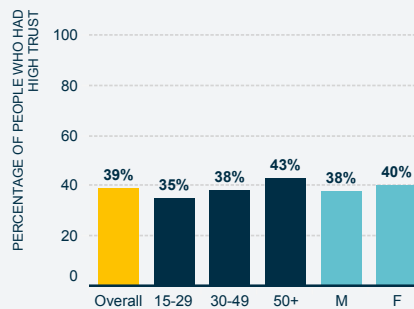


77% said they learned about science at secondary school



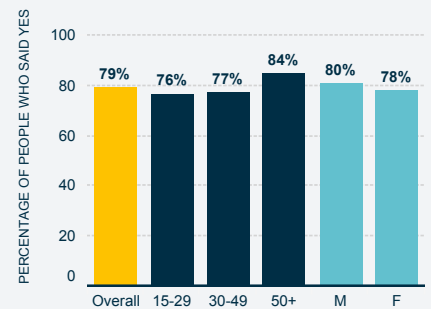
See Q5B in Question breakdown

39% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



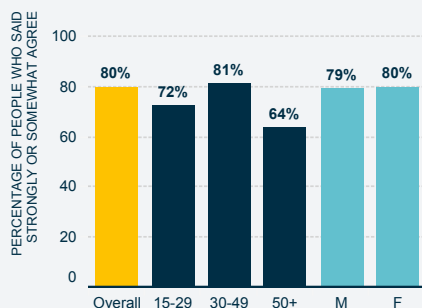
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

79% said science benefits people like them in this country



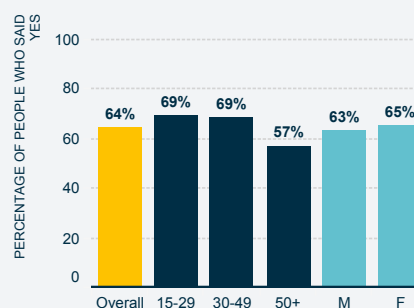
See Q17 in Question breakdown

80% said they think vaccines are safe



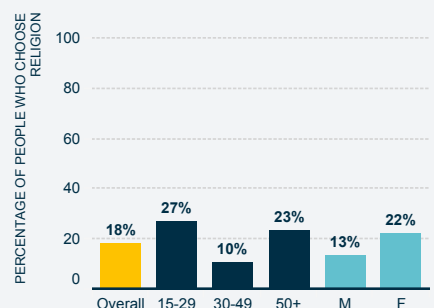
See Q25 in Question breakdown

64% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

18% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

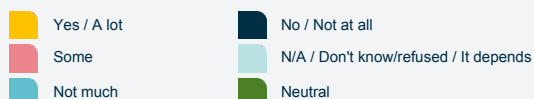
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

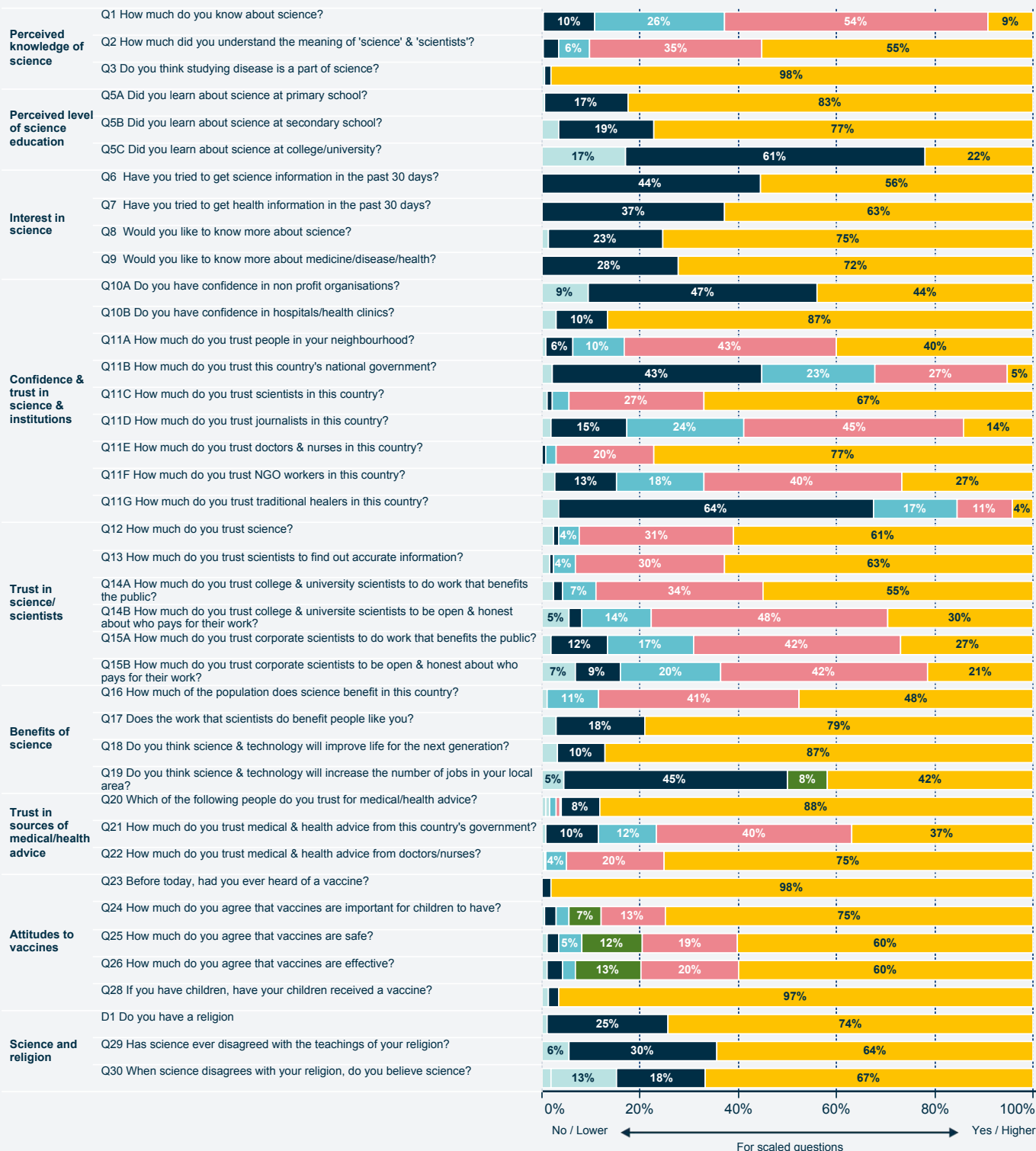


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
No / Lower ← For scaled questions → Yes / Higher



Country-level data

Sri Lanka

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Sri Lanka, based on a sample of 1,109 interviews.

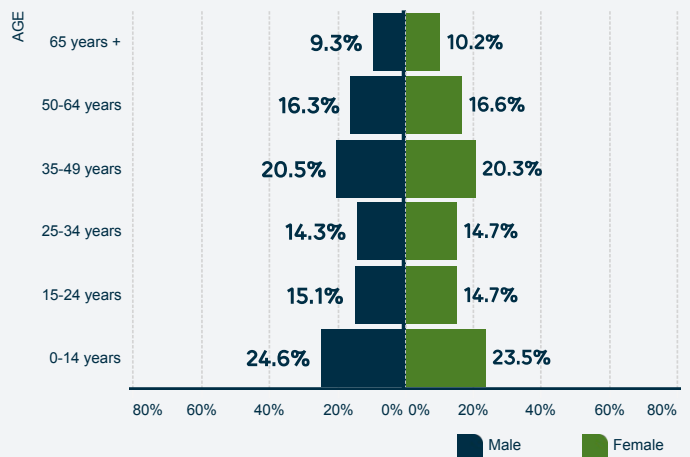
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 September 2018.

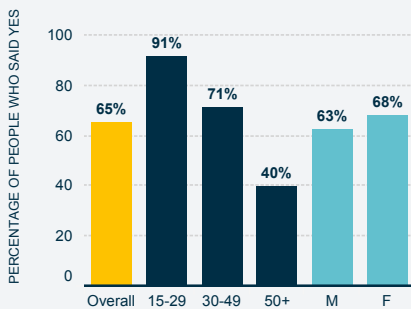
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	12,835.33
GINI coefficient, most recent value	39.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.28
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	99.74
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.10%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

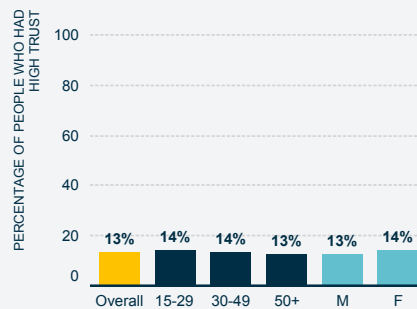


65% said they learned about science at secondary school



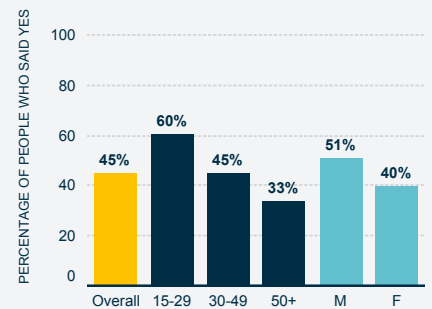
See Q5B in Question breakdown

13% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



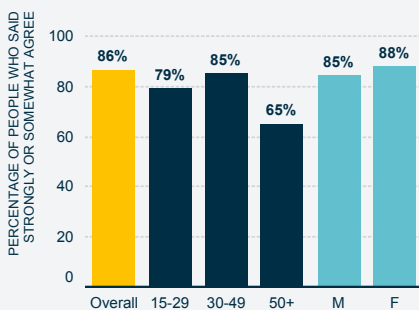
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

45% said science benefits people like them in this country



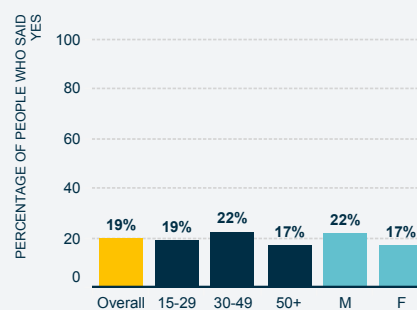
See Q17 in Question breakdown

86% said they think vaccines are safe



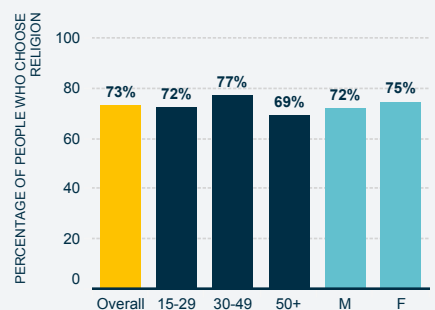
See Q25 in Question breakdown

19% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

73% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

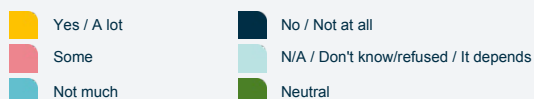
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

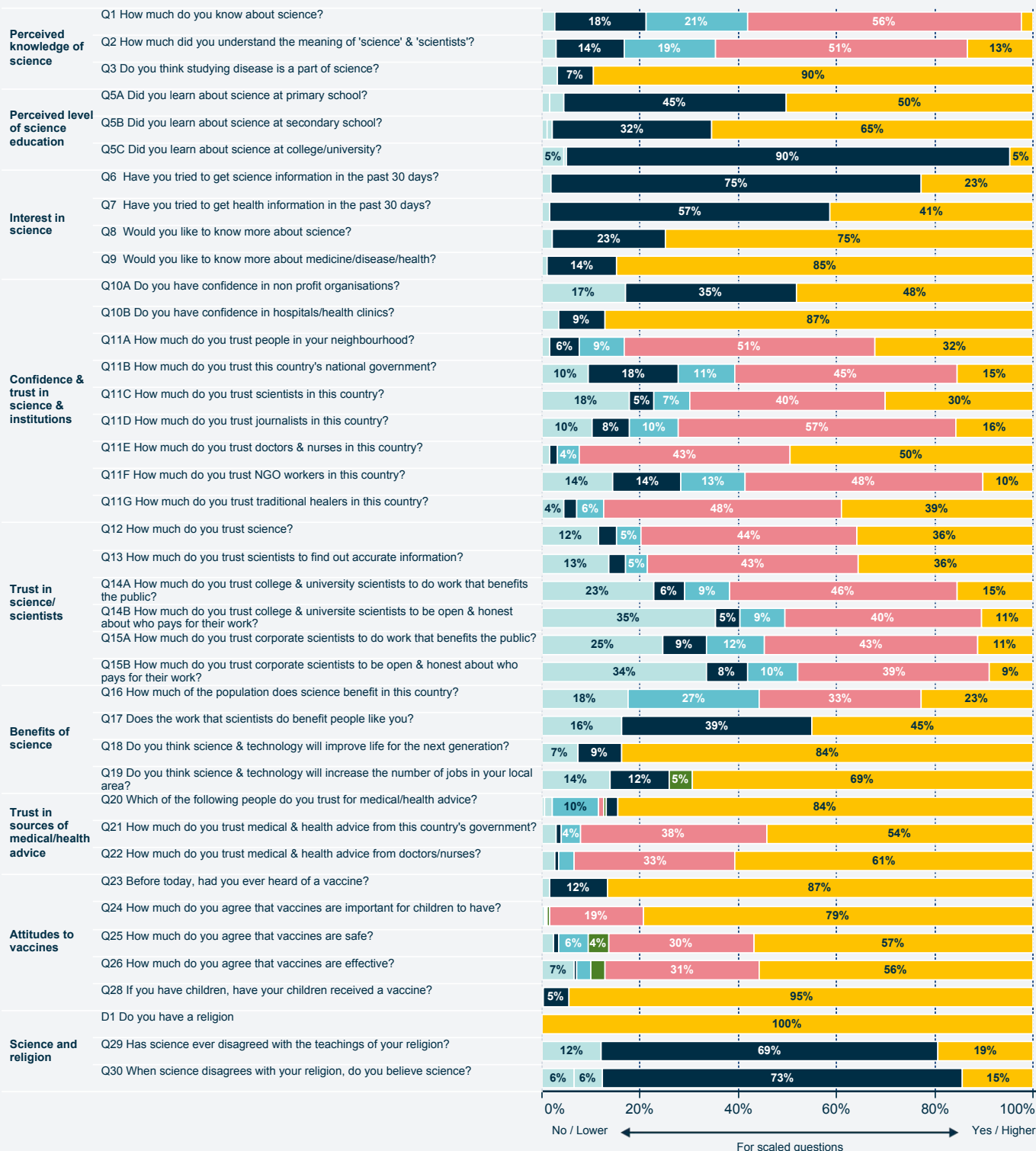


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Sweden

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Sweden, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

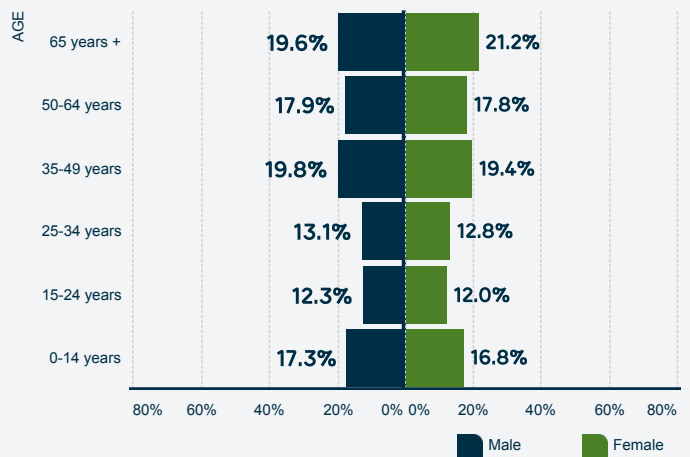
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 31 May 2018.

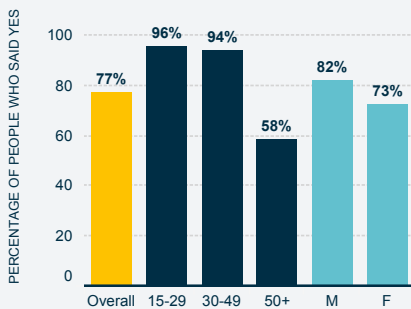
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	50,208.16
GINI coefficient, most recent value	29.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.20
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	2.29
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	7,153.42
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	3.25%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

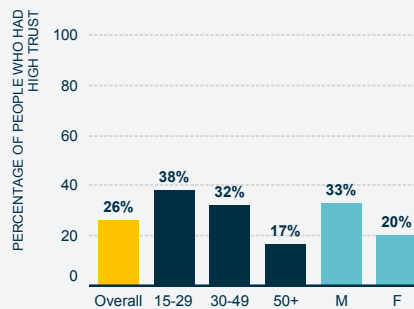


77% said they learned about science at secondary school



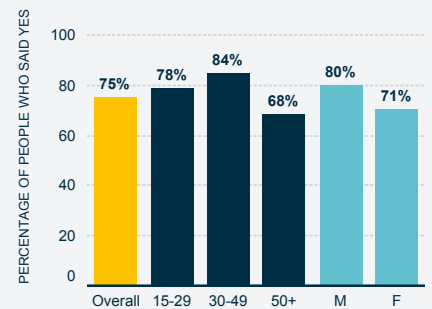
See Q5B in Question breakdown

26% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



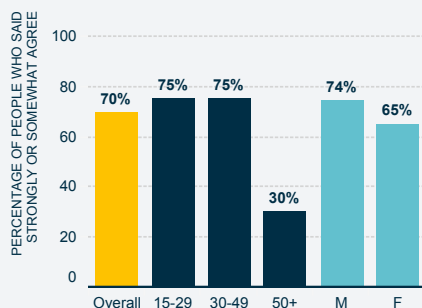
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

75% said science benefits people like them in this country



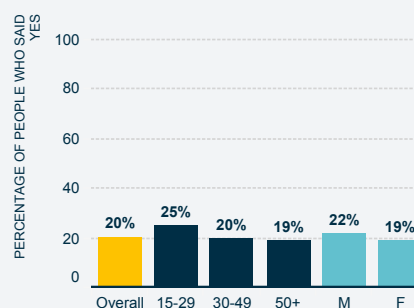
See Q17 in Question breakdown

70% said they think vaccines are safe



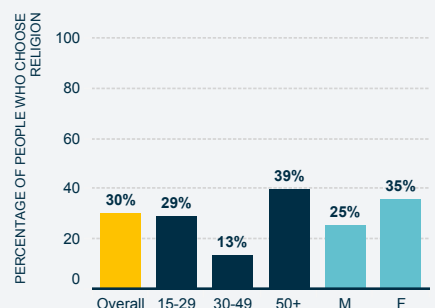
See Q25 in Question breakdown

20% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

30% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

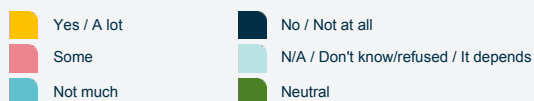
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

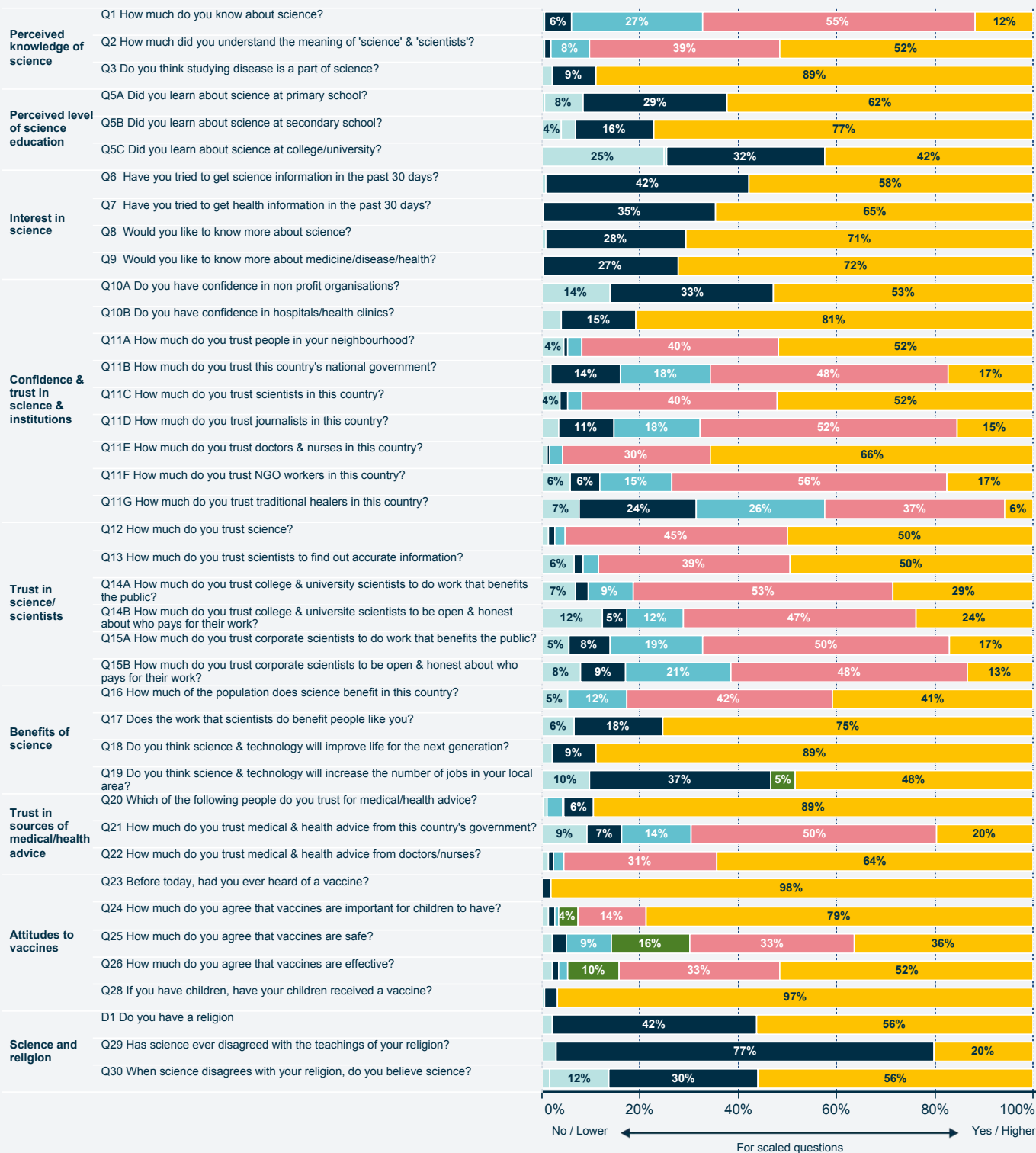


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Switzerland

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Switzerland, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

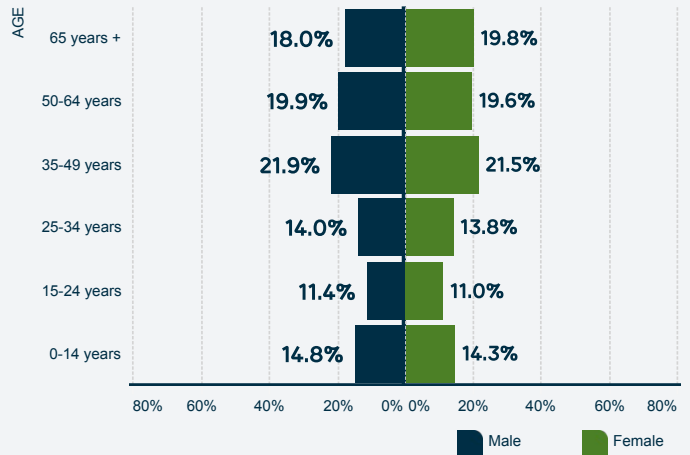
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 7 November 2018.

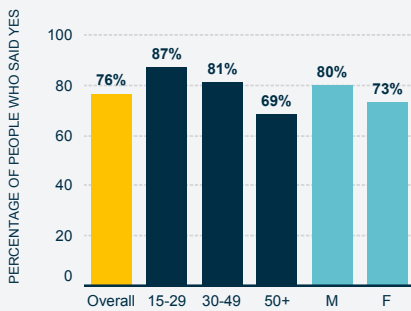
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	64,712.13
GINI coefficient, most recent value	32.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	82.90
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	5,257.30
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	3.37%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

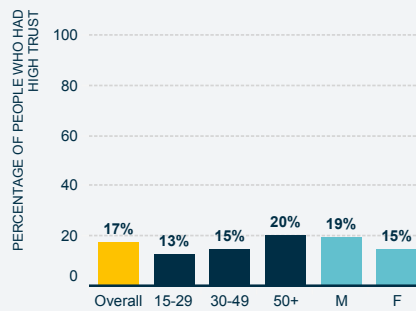


76% said they learned about science at secondary school



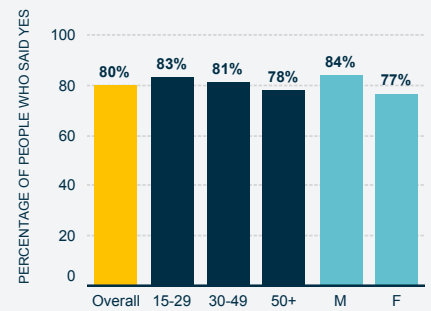
See Q5B in Question breakdown

17% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



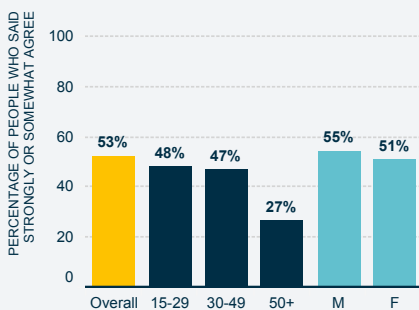
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

80% said science benefits people like them in this country



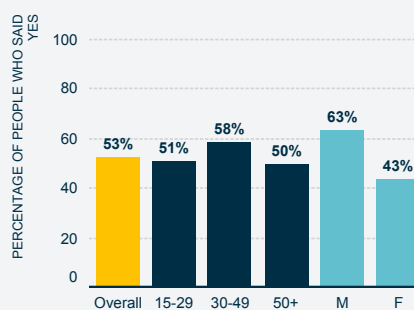
See Q17 in Question breakdown

53% said they think vaccines are safe



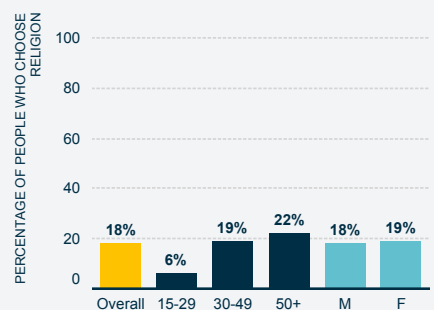
See Q25 in Question breakdown

53% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

18% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

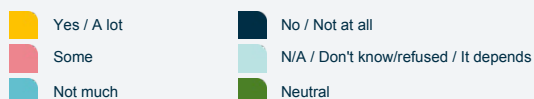
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

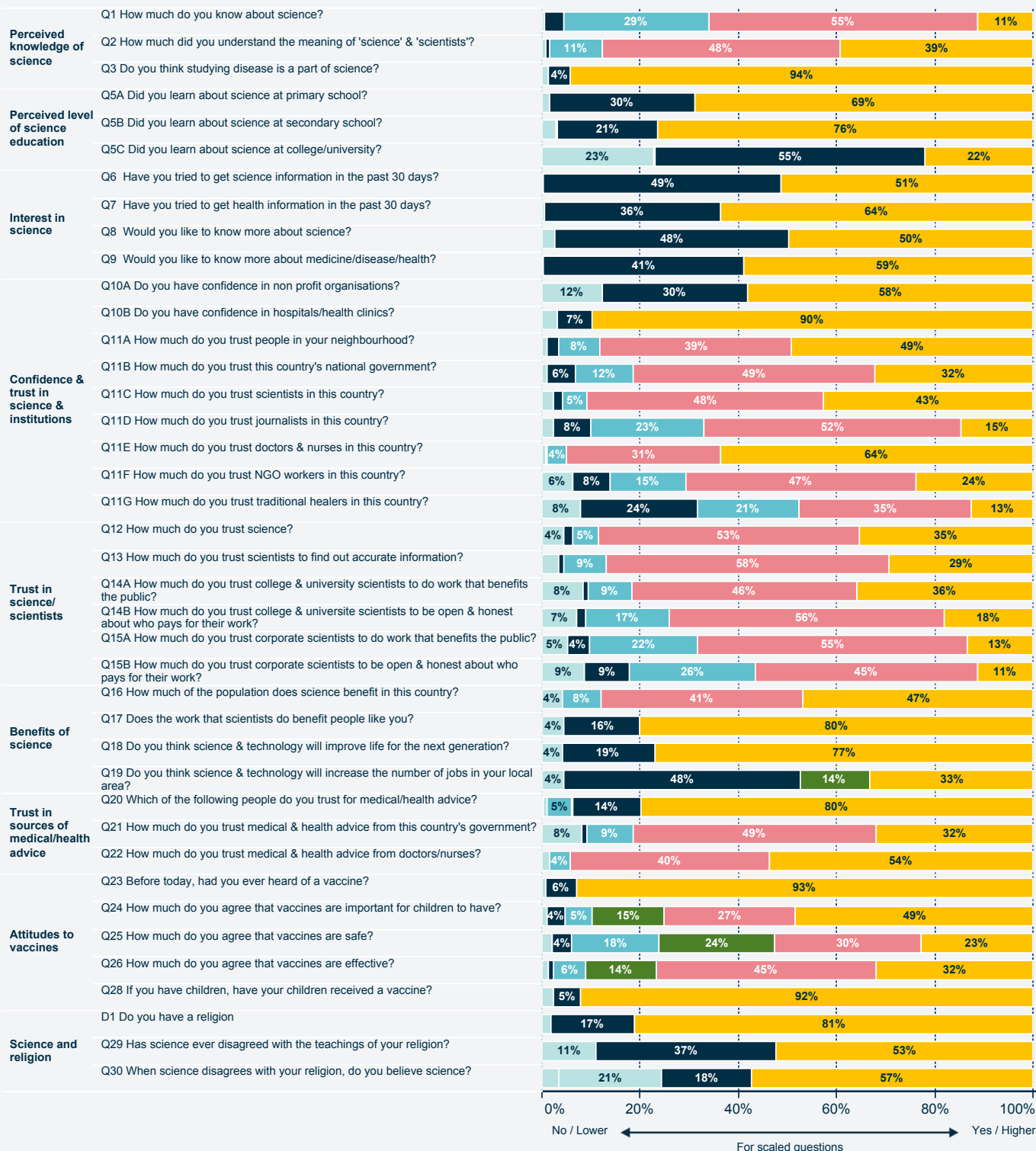


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Taiwan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Taiwan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

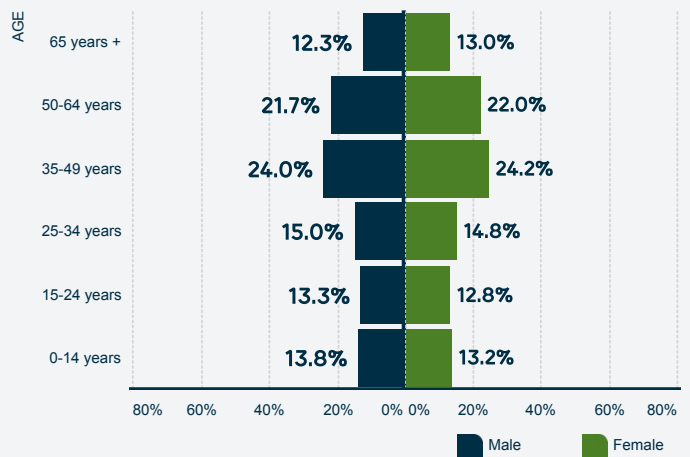
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 6 July 2018.

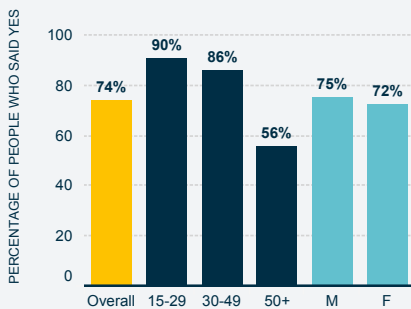
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	N/A
GINI coefficient, most recent value	33.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.40
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.27
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.93%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

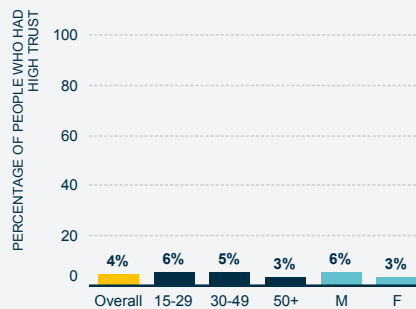


74% said they learned about science at secondary school



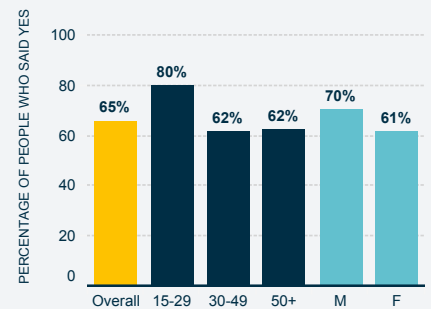
See Q5B in Question breakdown

4% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



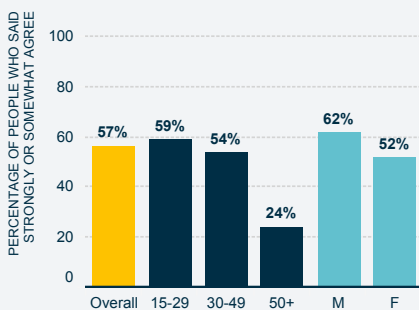
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

65% said science benefits people like them in this country



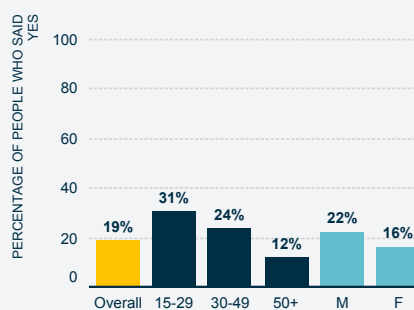
See Q17 in Question breakdown

57% said they think vaccines are safe



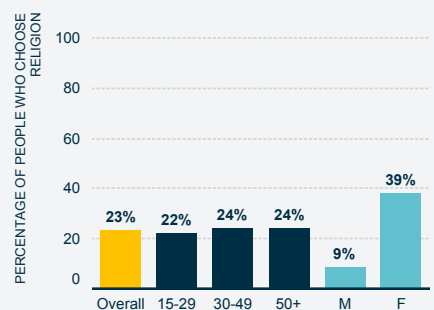
See Q25 in Question breakdown

19% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

23% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

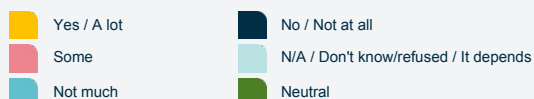
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

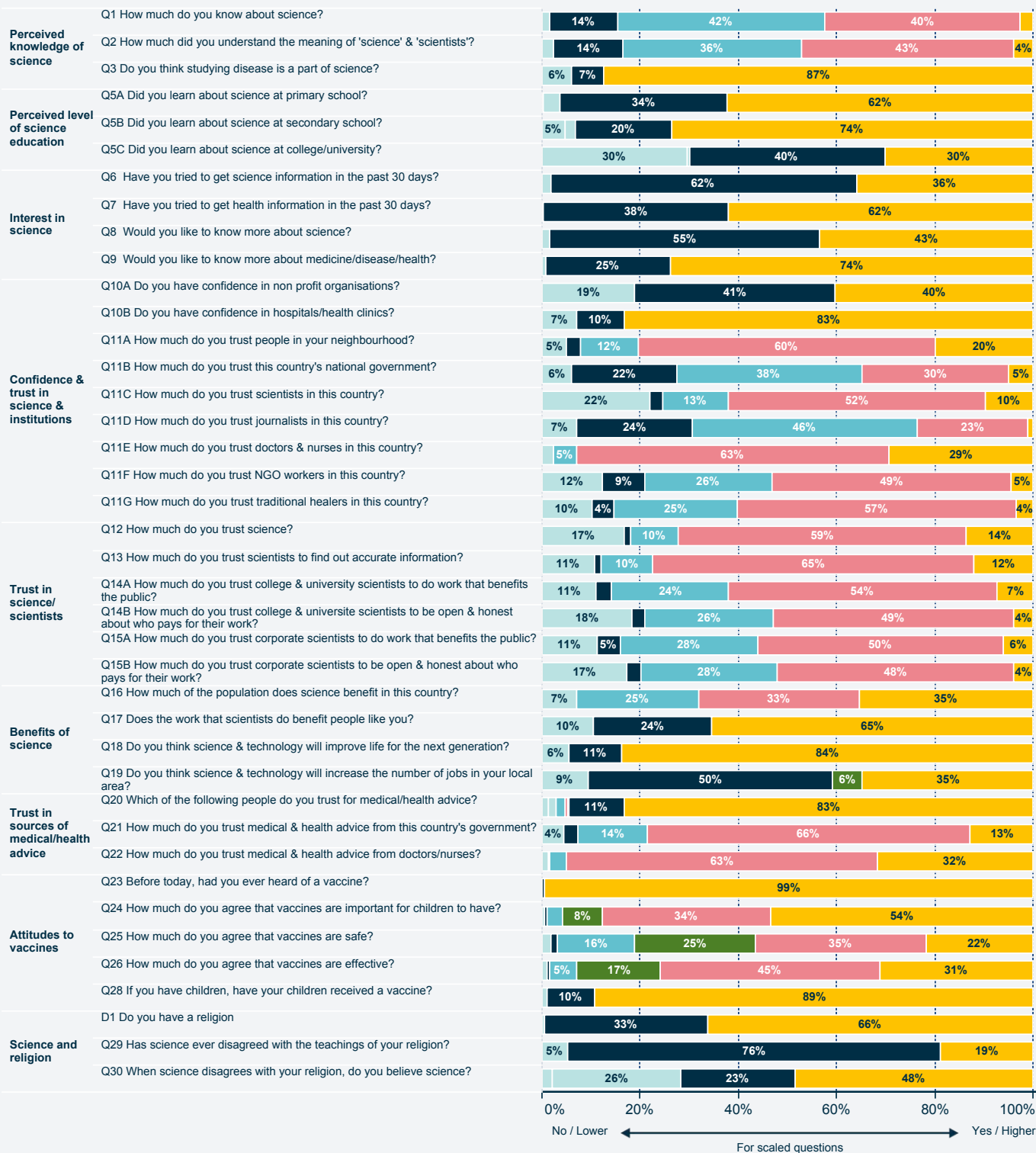


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Tajikistan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Tajikistan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

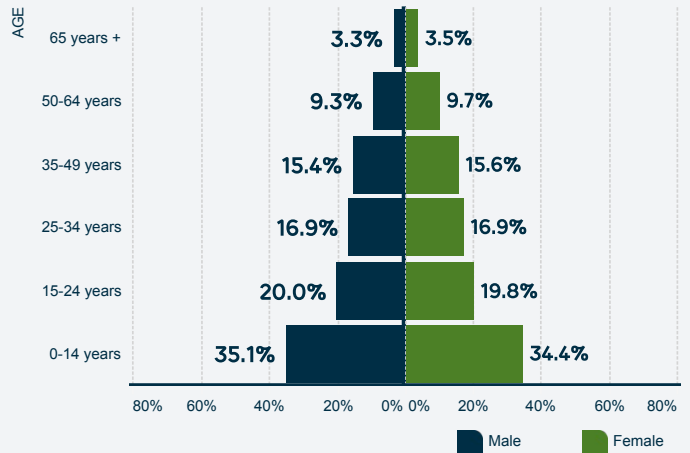
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 29 December 2018.

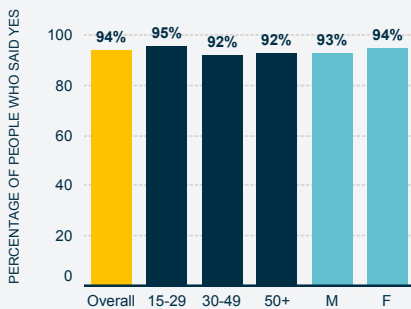
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	3,194.99
GINI coefficient, most recent value	34.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	71.05
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	29.40
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

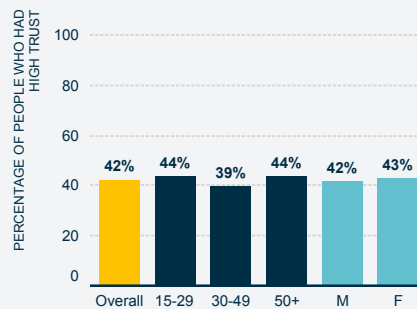


94% said they learned about science at secondary school



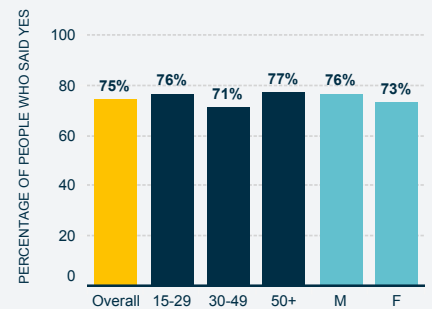
See Q5B in Question breakdown

42% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



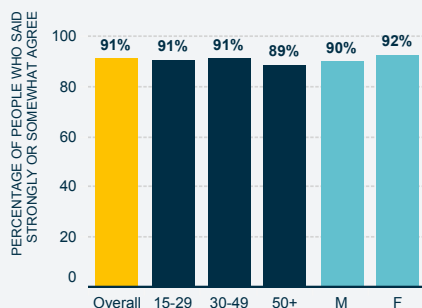
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

75% said science benefits people like them in this country



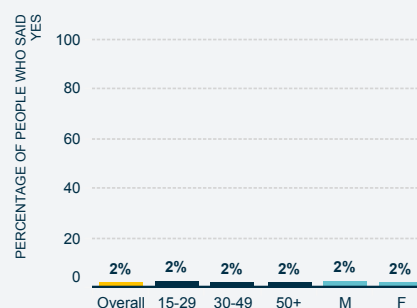
See Q17 in Question breakdown

91% said they think vaccines are safe



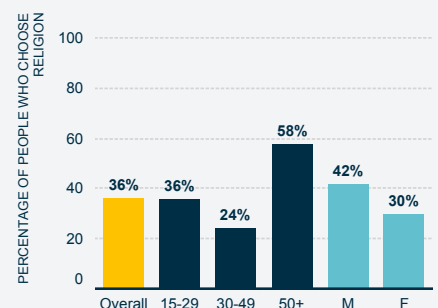
See Q25 in Question breakdown

2% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

36% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

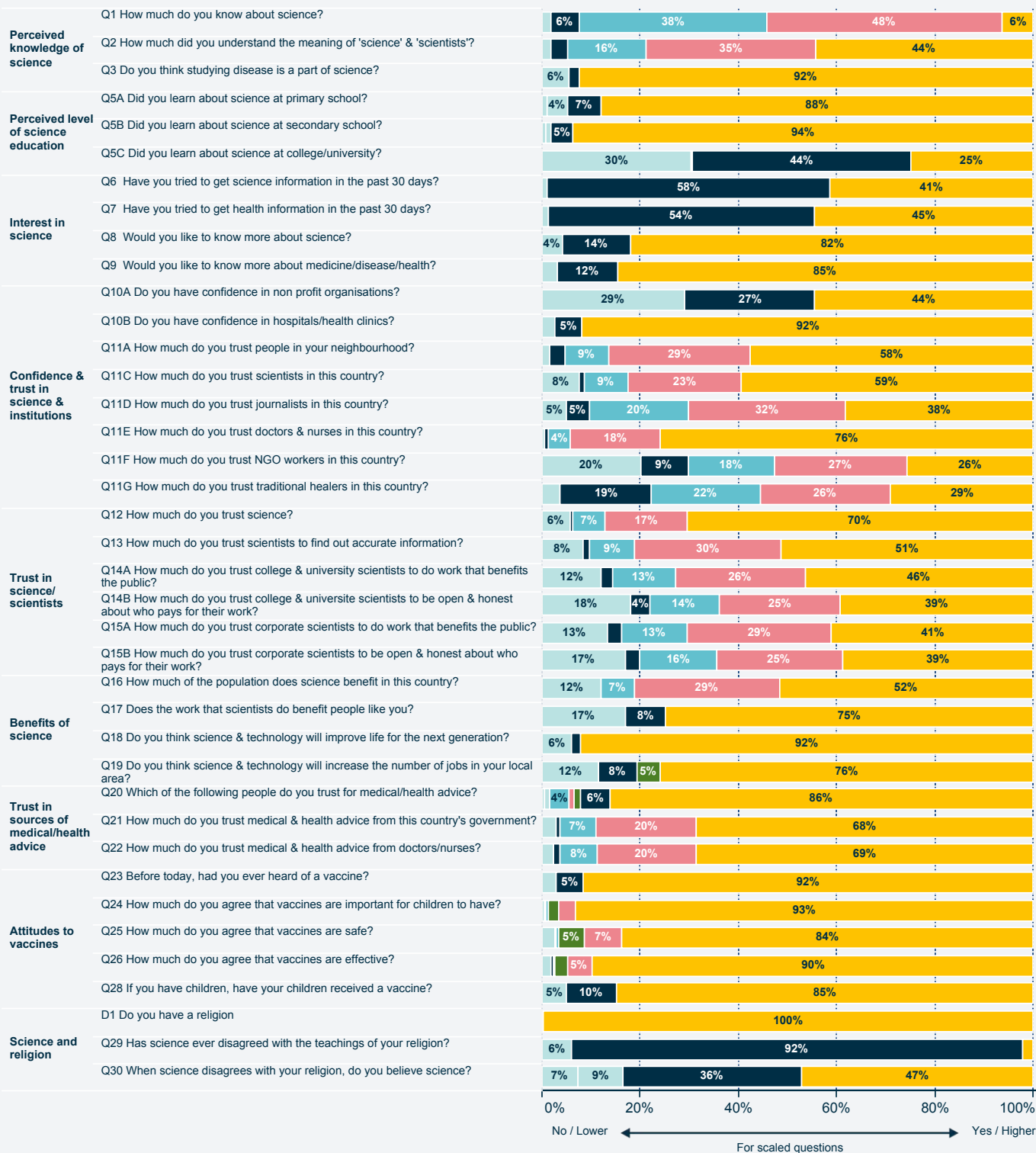


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Tanzania

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Tanzania, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

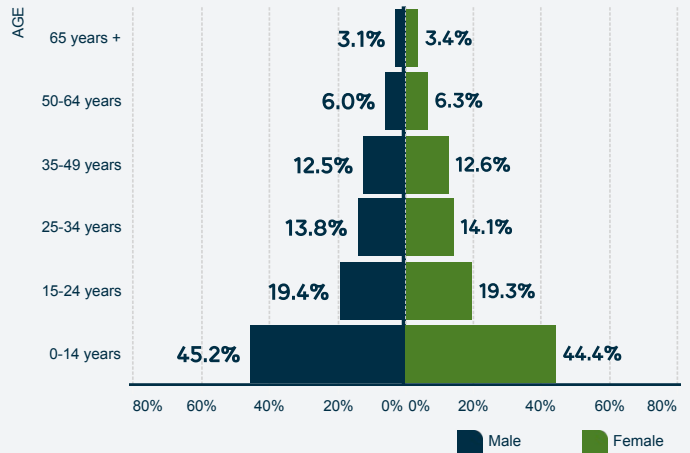
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 17 July 2018.

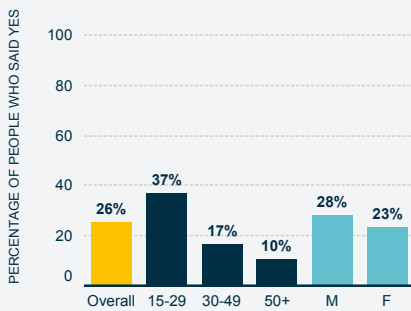
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,945.88
GINI coefficient, most recent value	37.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	65.67
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	38.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	18.34
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.53%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

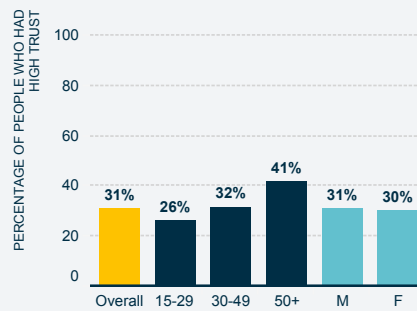


26% said they learned about science at secondary school



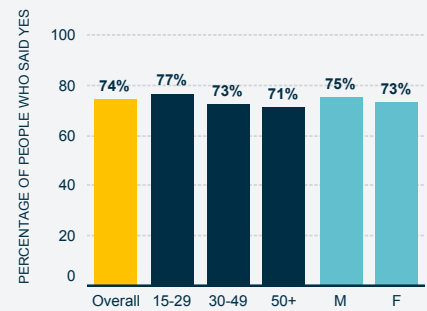
See Q5B in Question breakdown

31% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



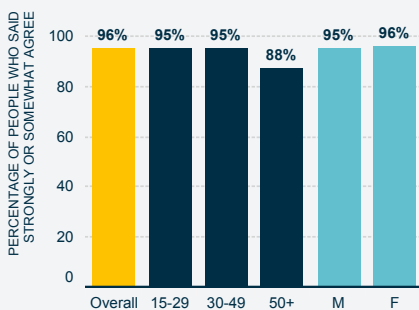
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

74% said science benefits people like them in this country



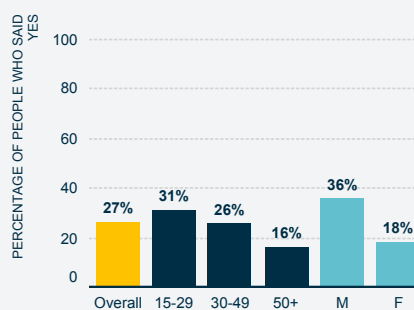
See Q17 in Question breakdown

96% said they think vaccines are safe



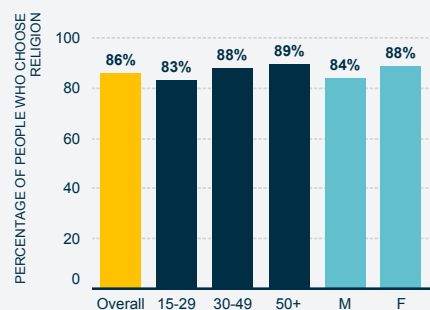
See Q25 in Question breakdown

27% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

86% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall (Yellow), Age (Dark Blue), Male/Female (Light Blue)

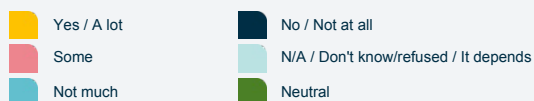
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

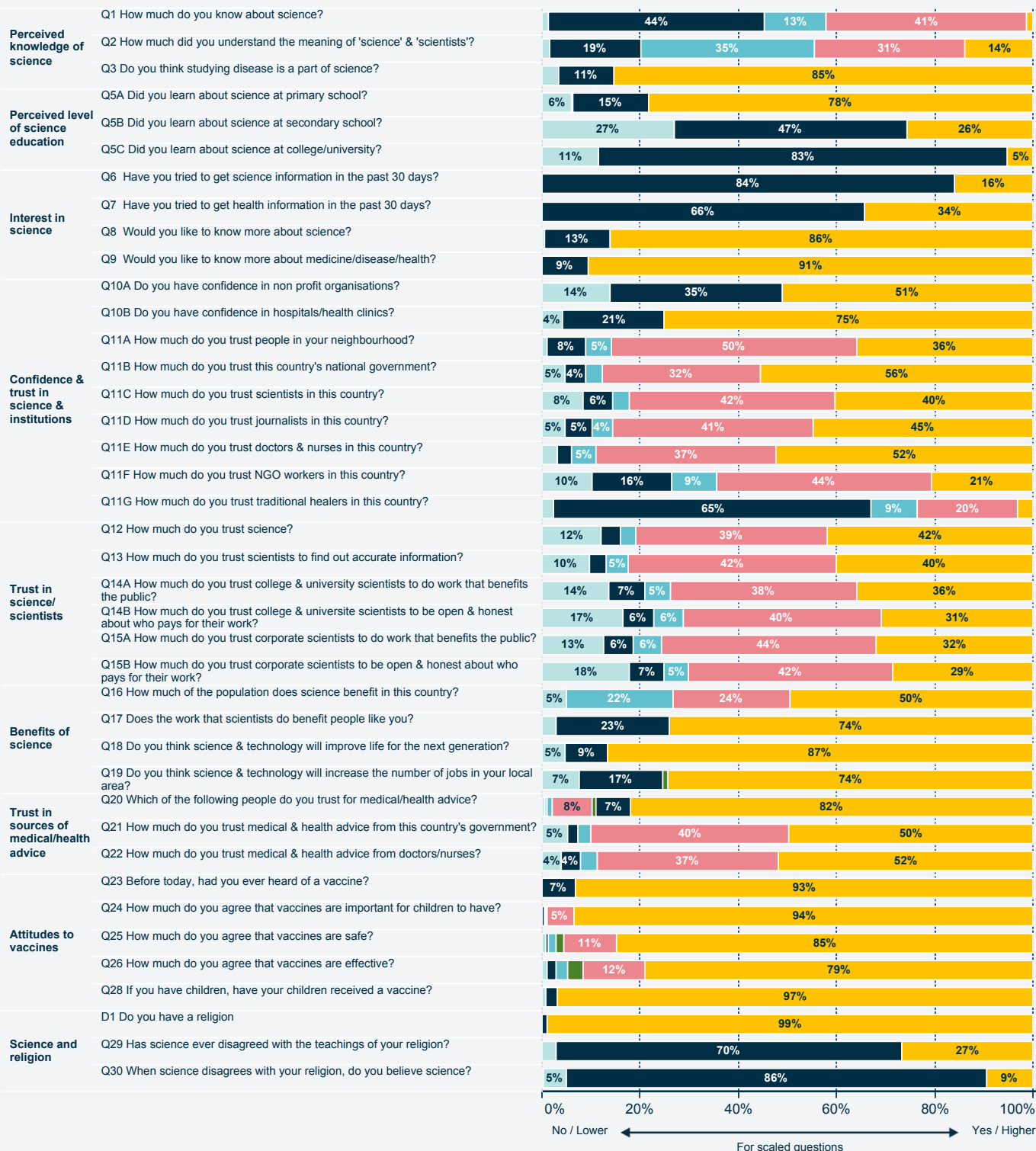


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Thailand

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Thailand, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

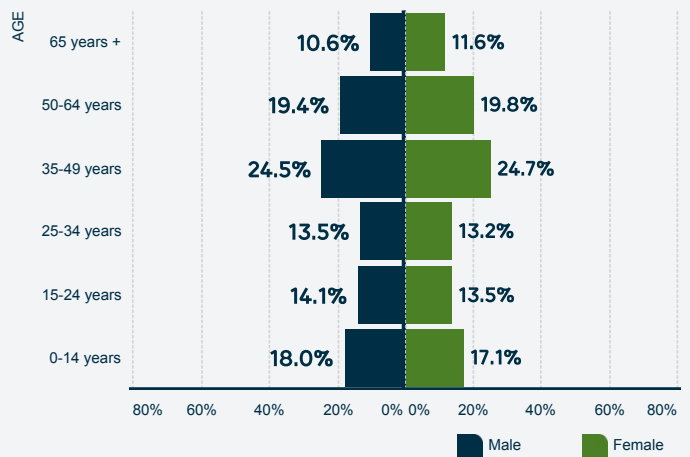
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 19 August 2018.

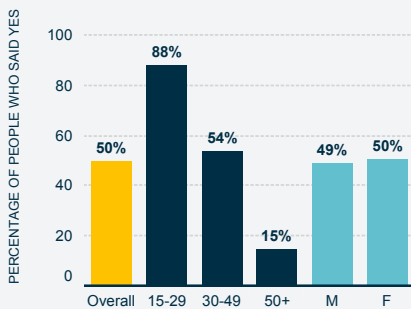
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	17,872.22
GINI coefficient, most recent value	36.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.30
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	8.19
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	865.40
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.62%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

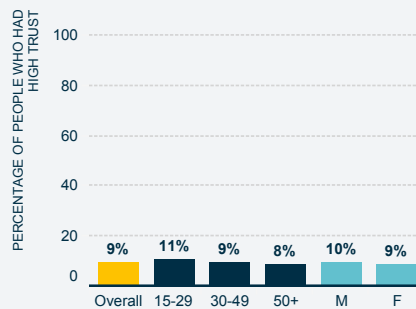


50% said they learned about science at secondary school



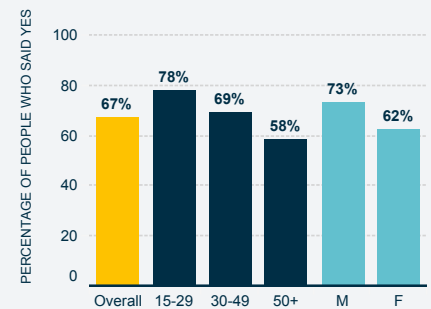
See Q5B in Question breakdown

9% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



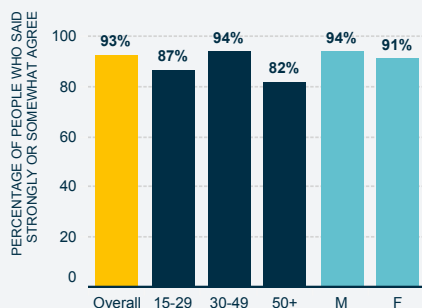
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

67% said science benefits people like them in this country



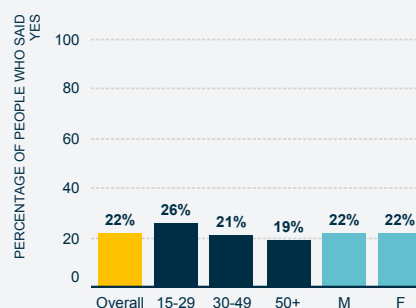
See Q17 in Question breakdown

93% said they think vaccines are safe



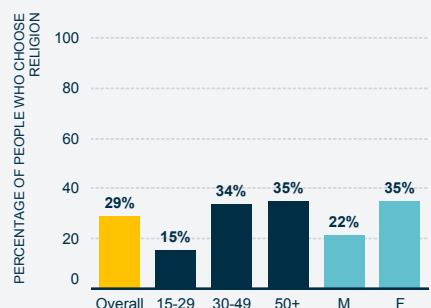
See Q25 in Question breakdown

22% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

29% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

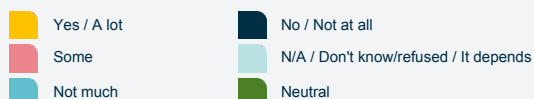
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

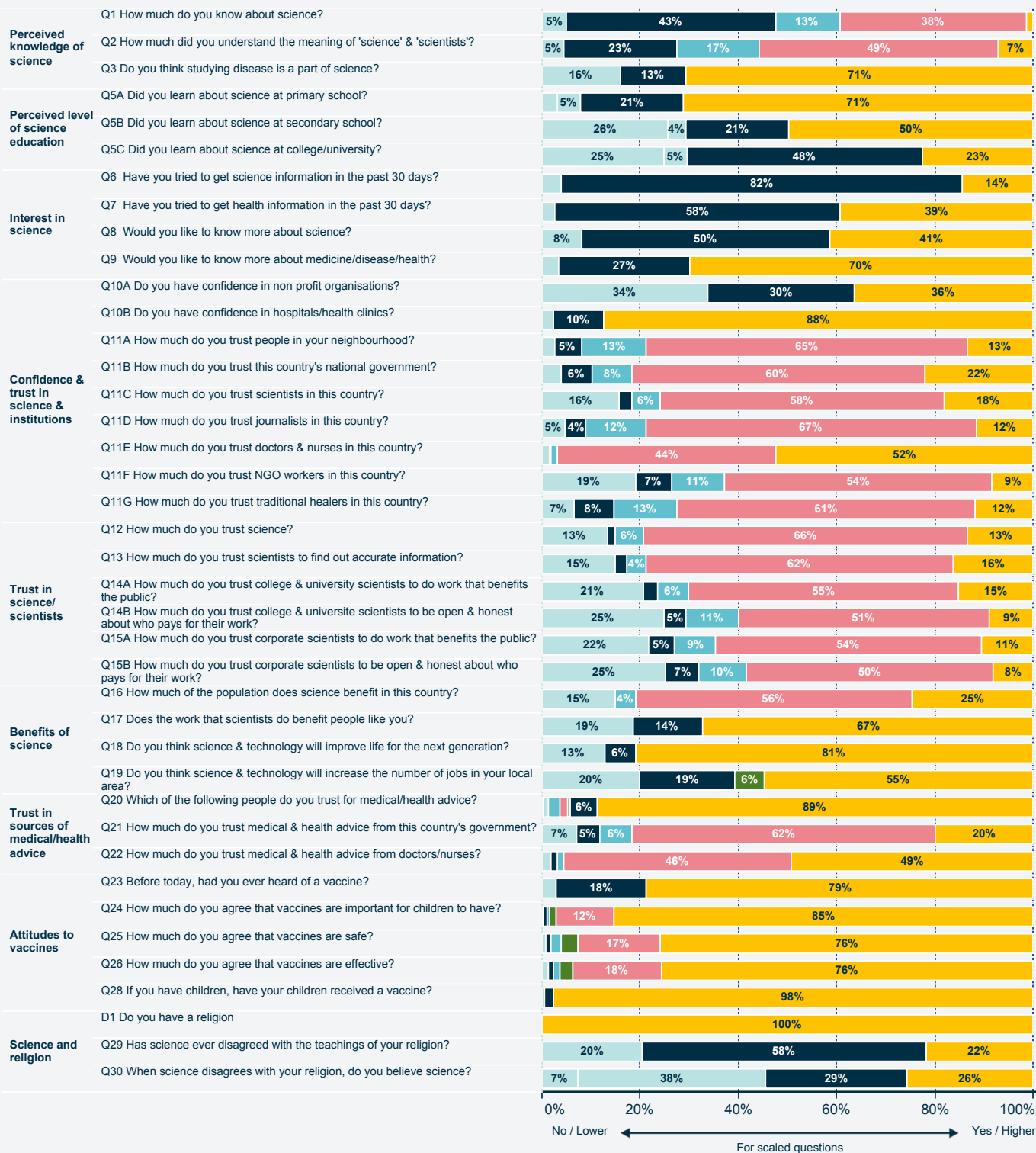


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

The Gambia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in The Gambia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

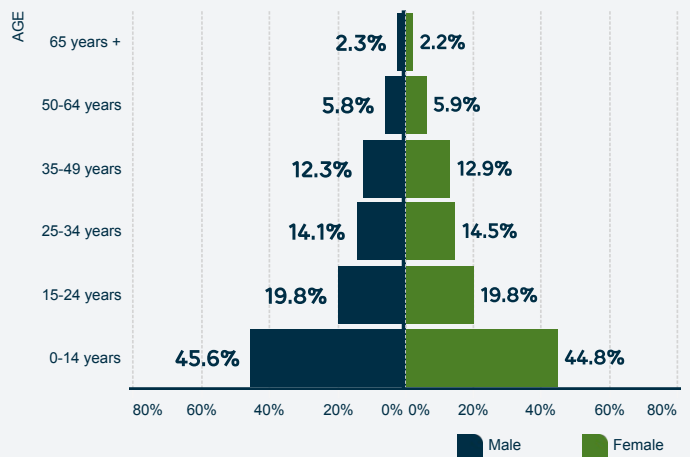
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 14 July 2018.

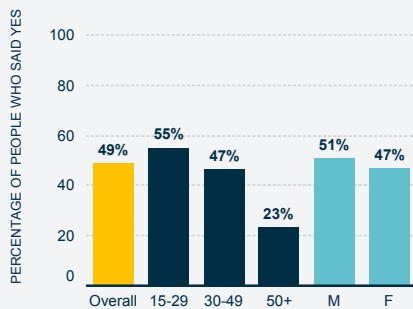
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,695.52
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	61.19
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	41.40
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	33.56
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.13%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

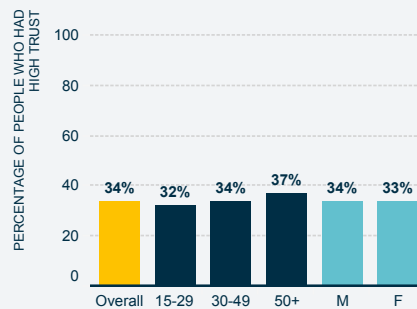


49% said they learned about science at secondary school



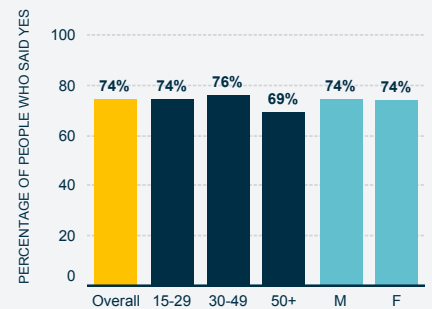
See Q5B in Question breakdown

34% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



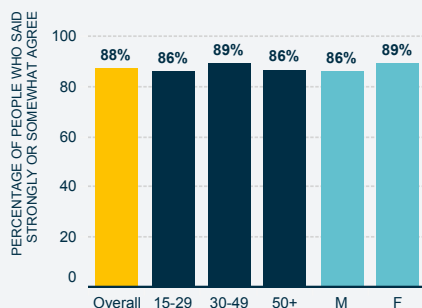
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

74% said science benefits people like them in this country



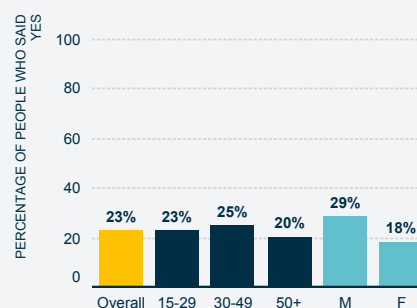
See Q17 in Question breakdown

88% said they think vaccines are safe



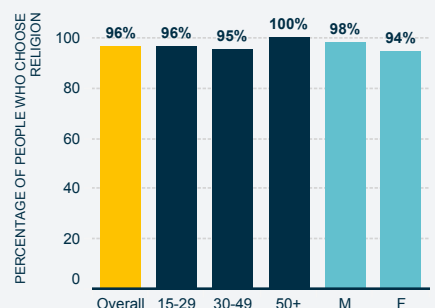
See Q25 in Question breakdown

23% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

96% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

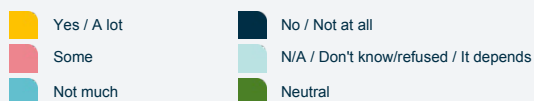
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

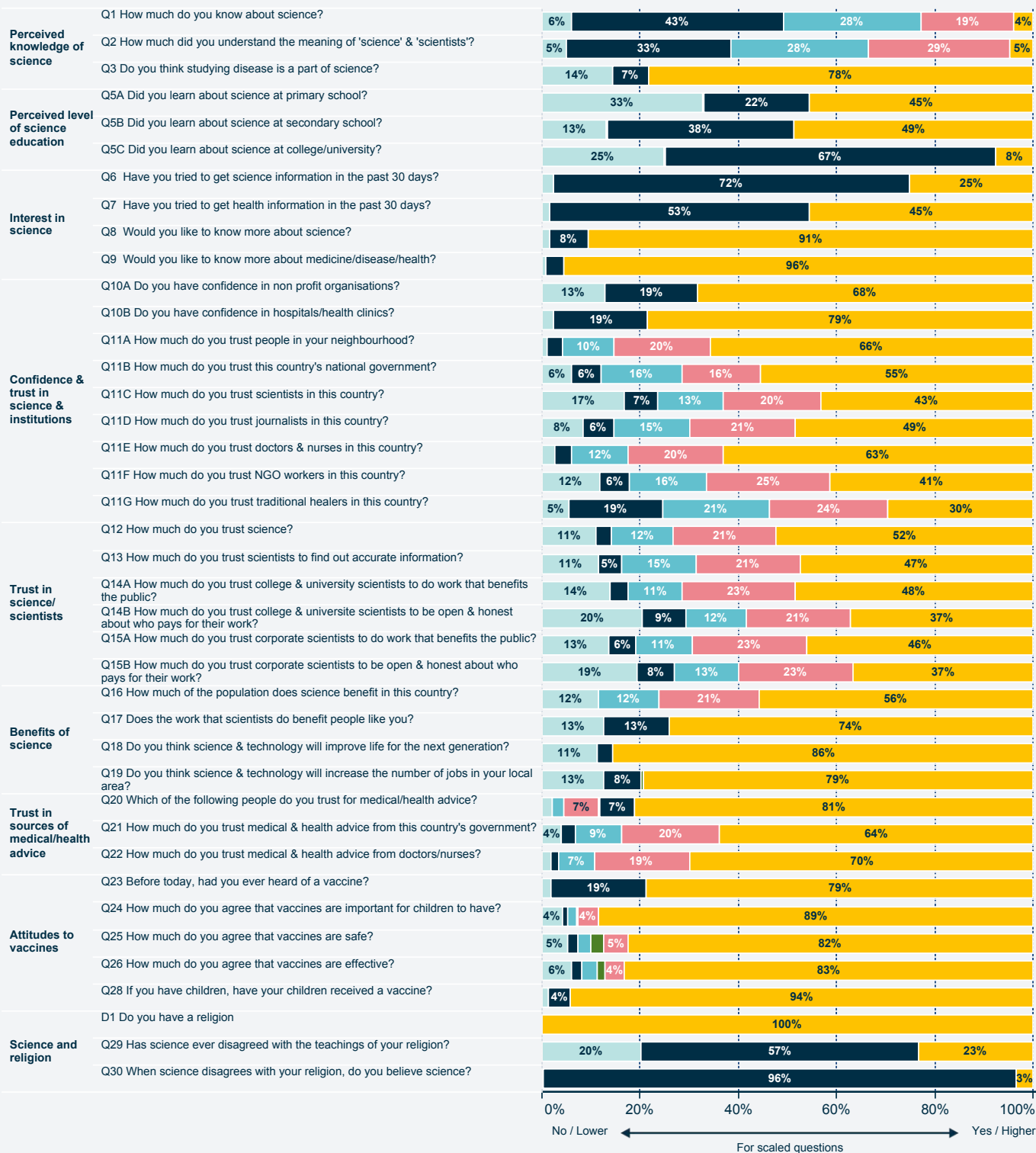


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Togo

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Togo, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

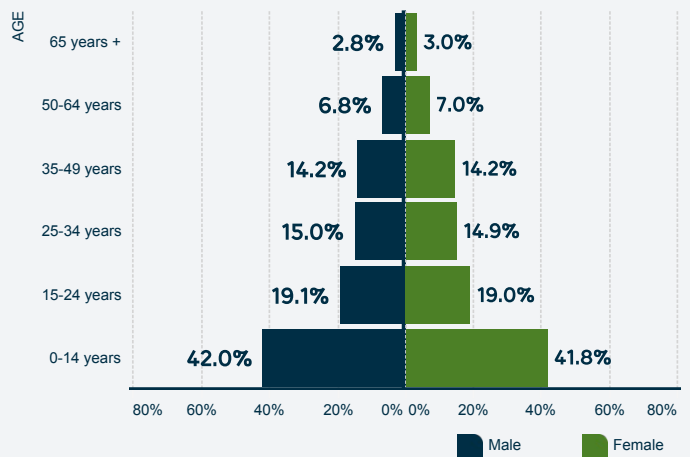
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 26 July 2018.

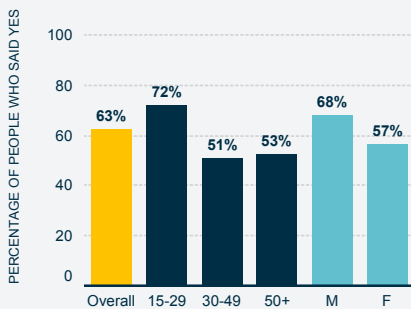
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,659.90
GINI coefficient, most recent value	43.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	60.23
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	49.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	31.77
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.27%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

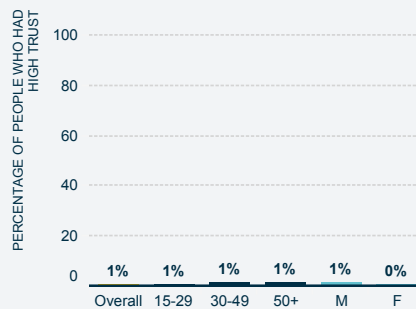


63% said they learned about science at secondary school



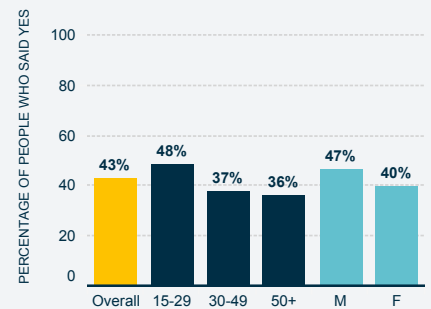
See Q5B in Question breakdown

1% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



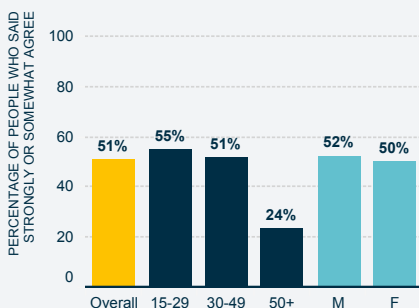
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

43% said science benefits people like them in this country



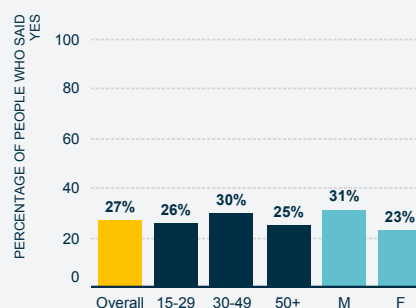
See Q17 in Question breakdown

51% said they think vaccines are safe



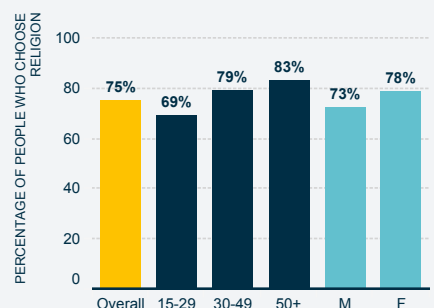
See Q25 in Question breakdown

27% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

75% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

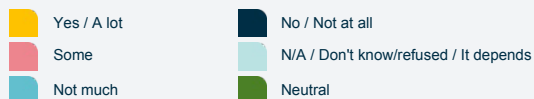
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

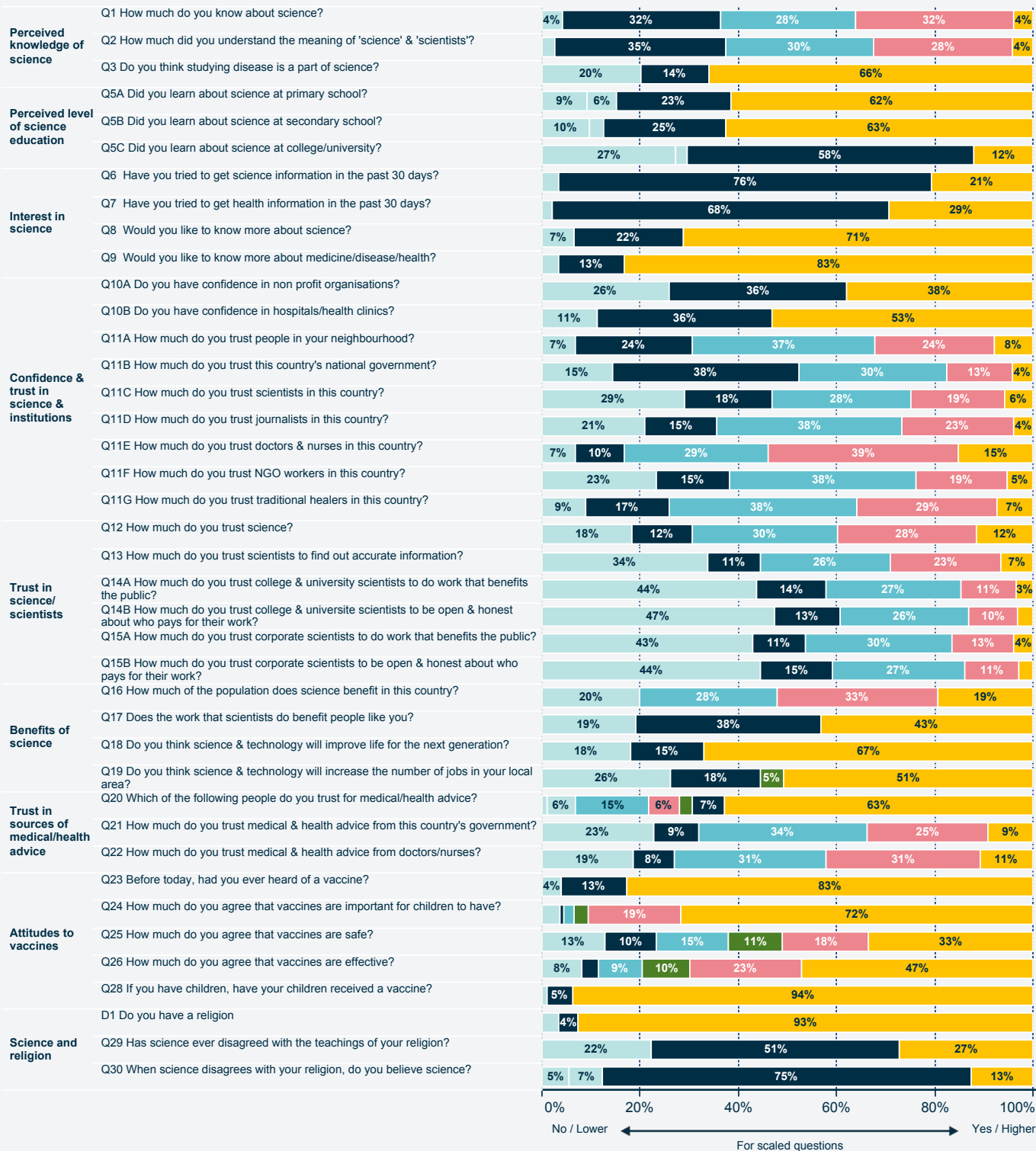


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Tunisia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Tunisia, based on a sample of 1,001 interviews.

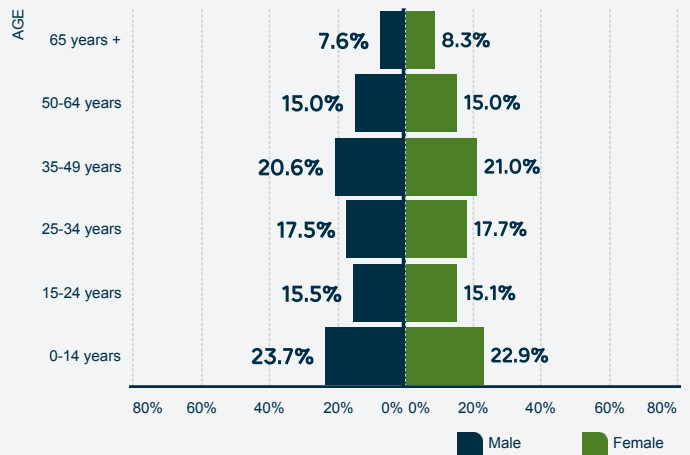
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 15 May 2018.

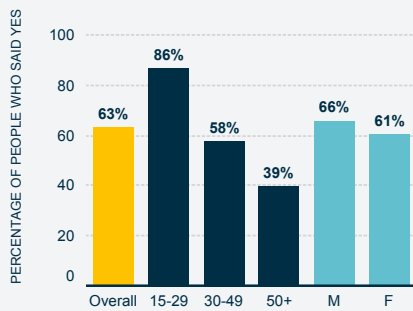
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	11,910.95
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.73
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	11.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,964.97
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.60%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

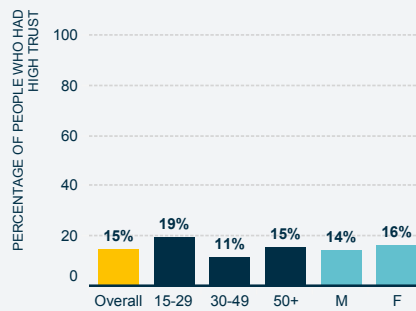


63% said they learned about science at secondary school



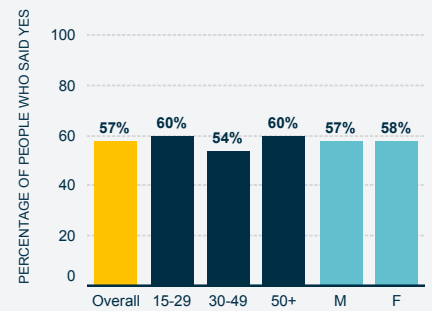
See Q5B in Question breakdown

15% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



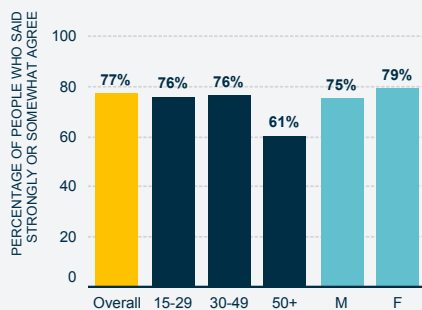
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

57% said science benefits people like them in this country



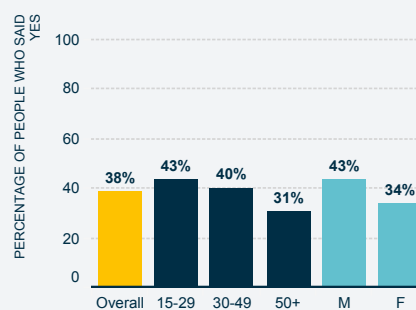
See Q17 in Question breakdown

77% said they think vaccines are safe



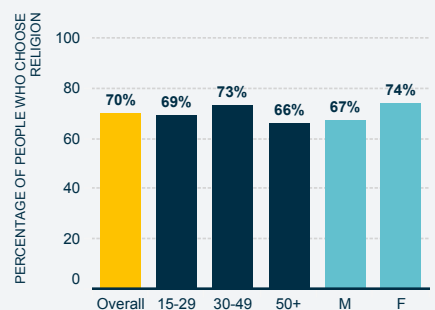
See Q25 in Question breakdown

38% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

70% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

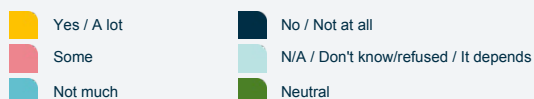
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

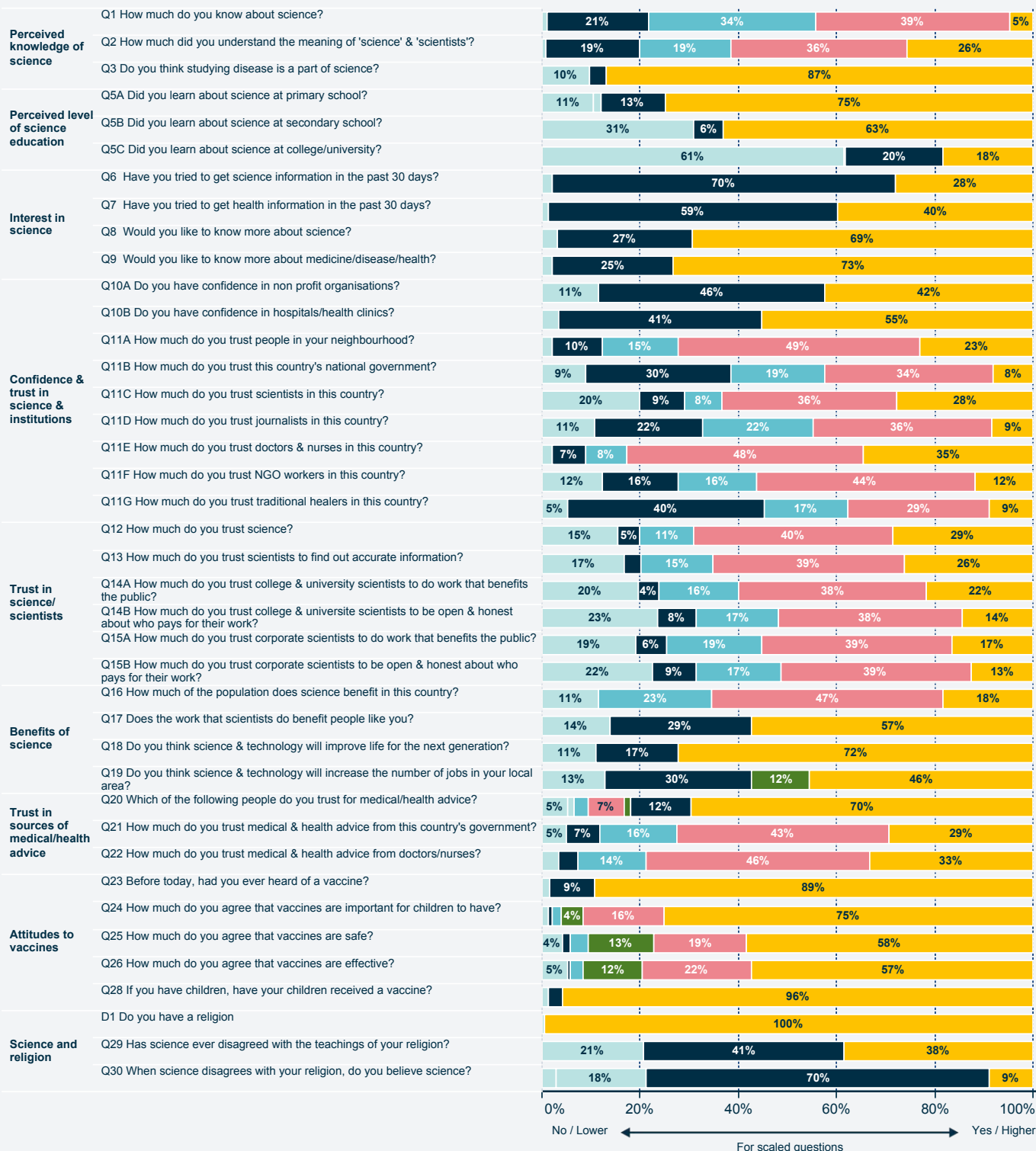


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Turkey

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Turkey, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

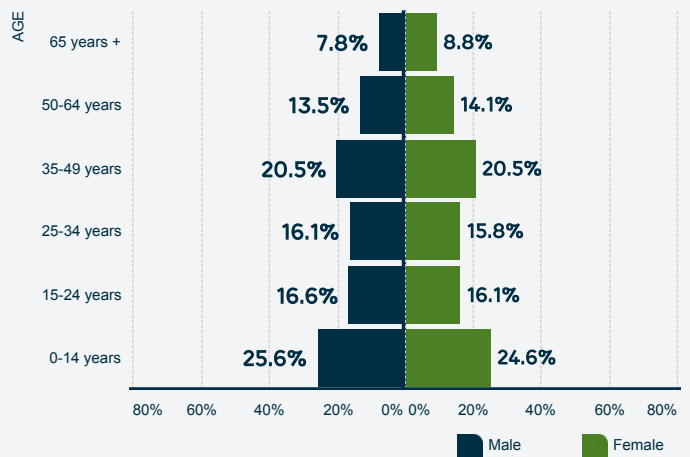
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 7 September 2018.

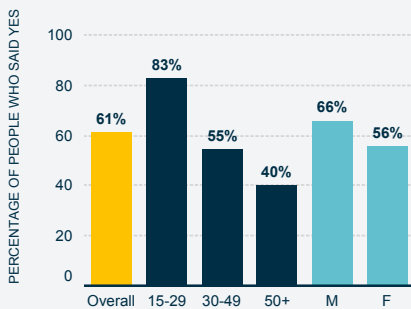
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	26,518.85
GINI coefficient, most recent value	41.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	75.75
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	10.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,215.78
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.88%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

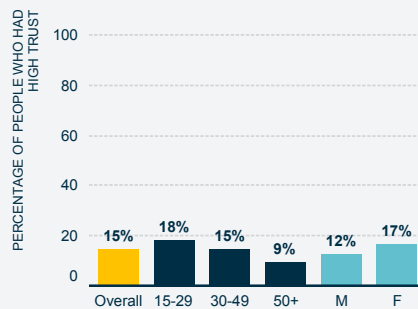


61% said they learned about science at secondary school



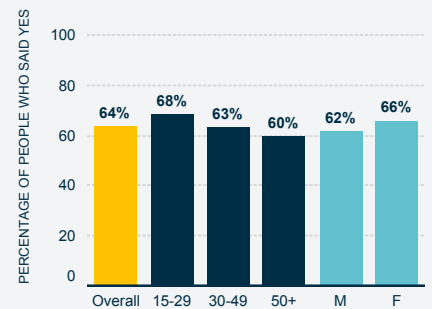
See Q5B in Question breakdown

15% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



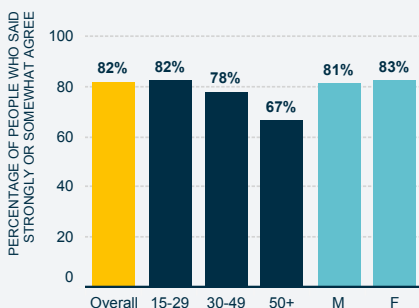
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

64% said science benefits people like them in this country



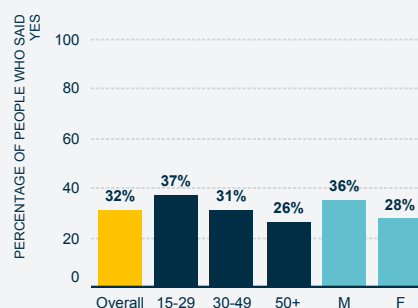
See Q17 in Question breakdown

82% said they think vaccines are safe



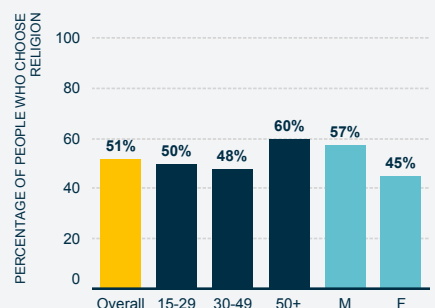
See Q25 in Question breakdown

32% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

51% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

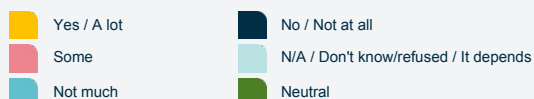
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

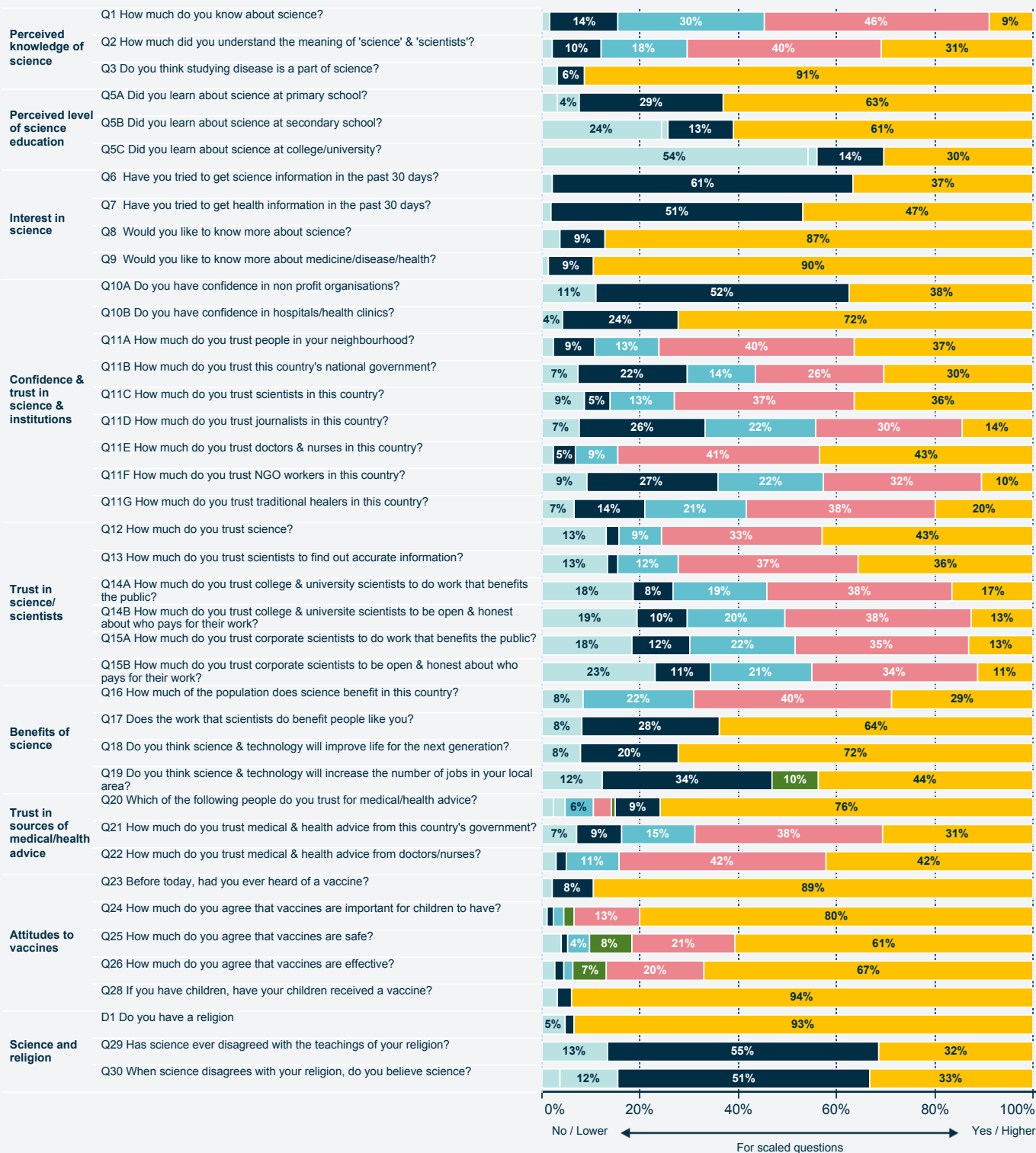


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Turkmenistan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Turkmenistan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

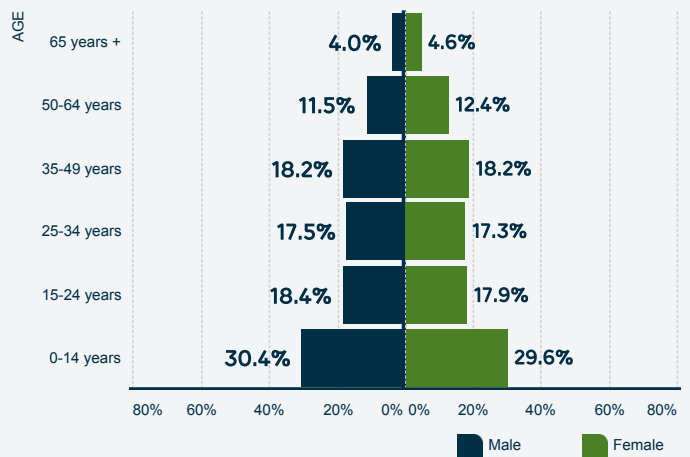
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 20 July 2018.

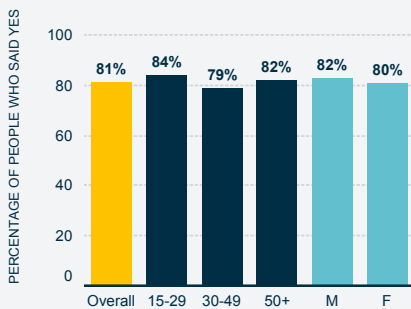
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	17,992.77
GINI coefficient, most recent value	40.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	67.83
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	40.60
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

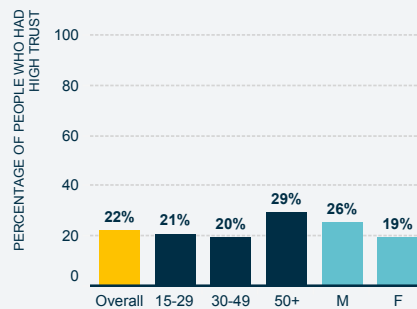


81% said they learned about science at secondary school



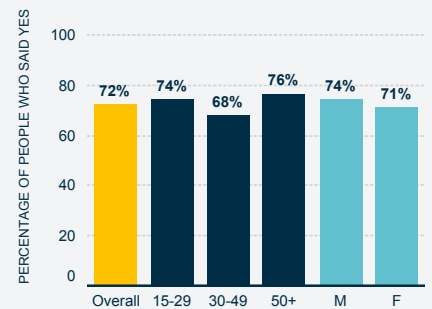
See Q5B in Question breakdown

22% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



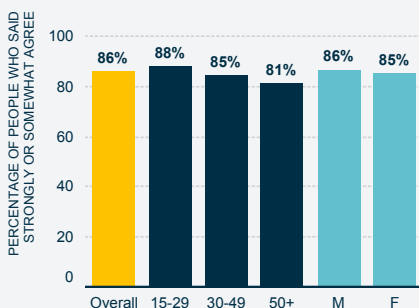
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

72% said science benefits people like them in this country



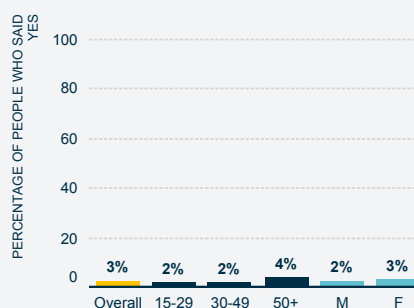
See Q17 in Question breakdown

86% said they think vaccines are safe



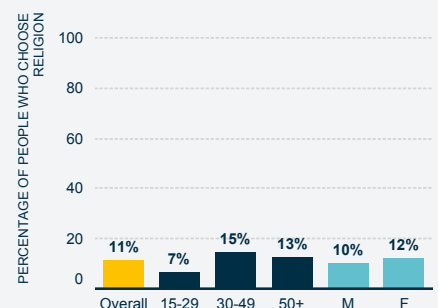
See Q25 in Question breakdown

3% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

11% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

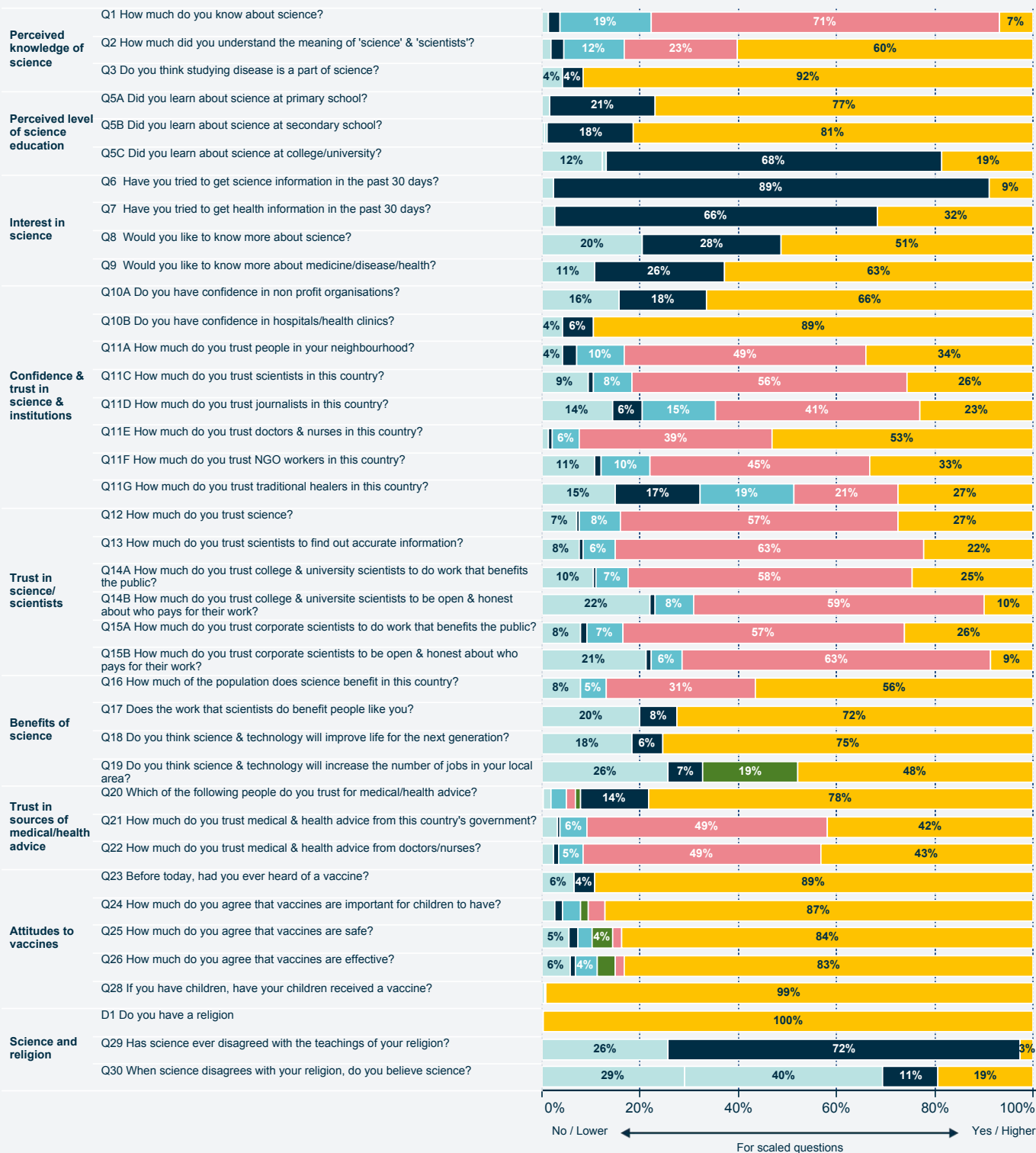


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

UAE

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in the UAE, based on a sample of 1,005 interviews.

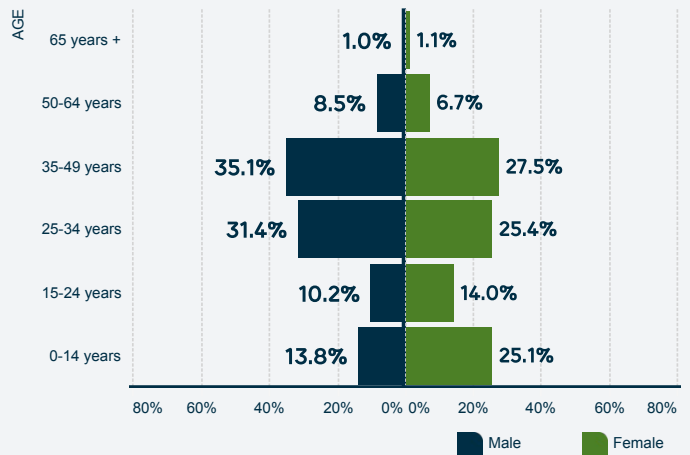
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 24 May 2018.

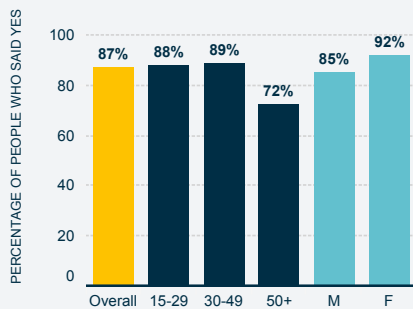
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	73,878.47
GINI coefficient, most recent value	N/A
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	77.26
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.80
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	2,406.57
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.99%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

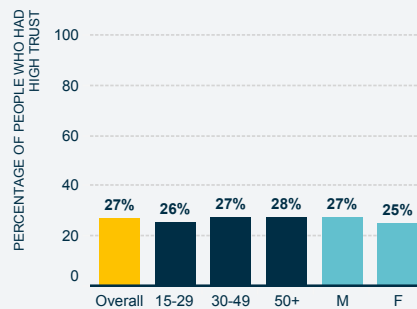


87% said they learned about science at secondary school



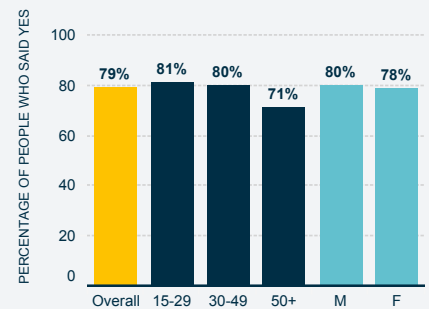
See Q5B in Question breakdown

27% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



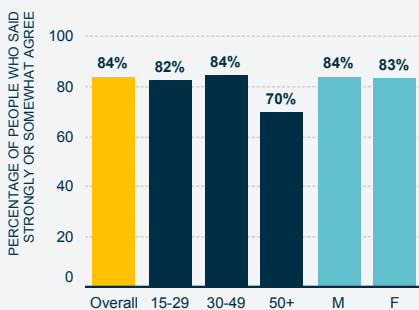
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

79% said science benefits people like them in this country



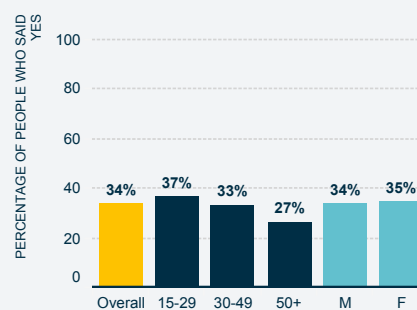
See Q17 in Question breakdown

84% said they think vaccines are safe



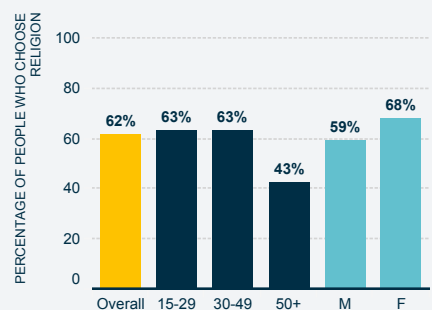
See Q25 in Question breakdown

34% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

62% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall (Yellow), Age (Dark Blue), Male/Female (Light Blue)

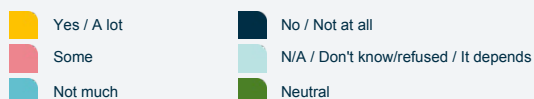
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

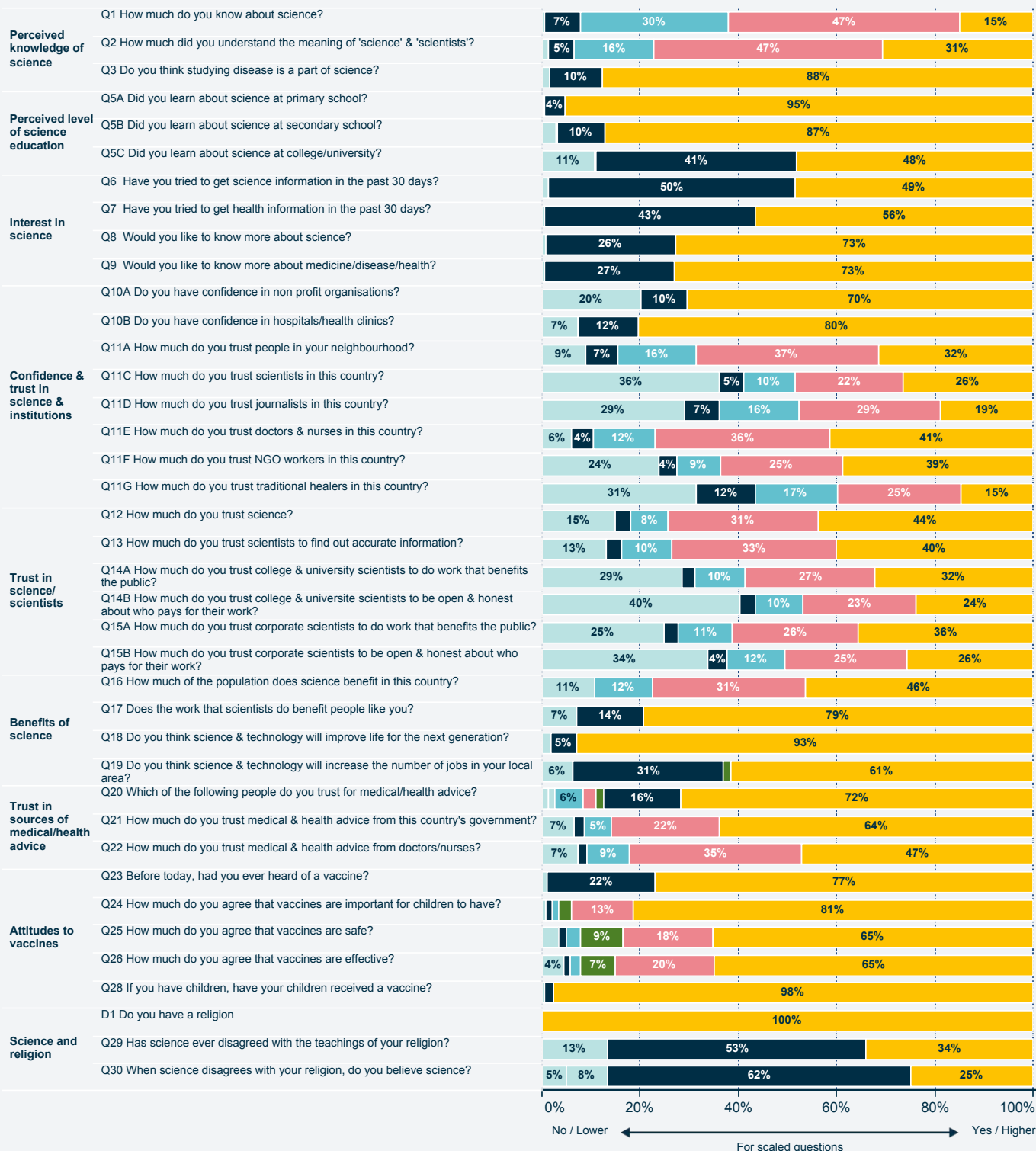


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Uganda

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Uganda, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

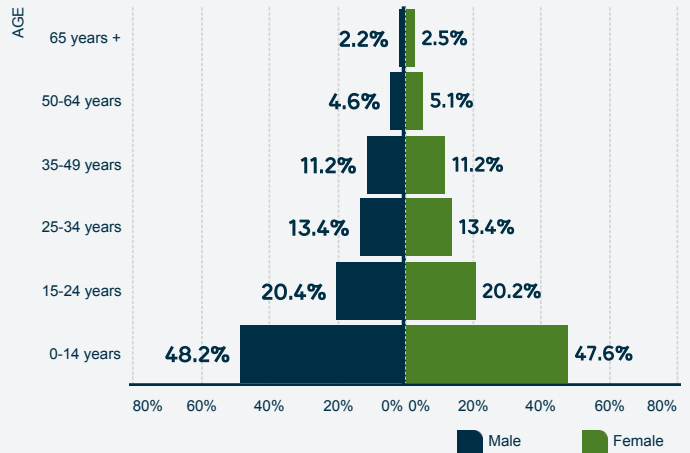
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 22 September 2018.

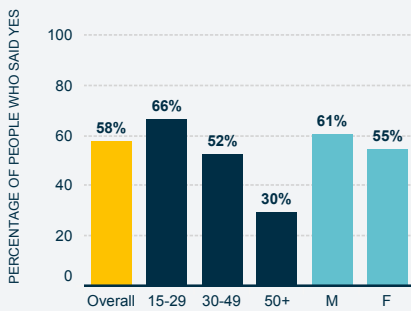
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	1,864.22
GINI coefficient, most recent value	42.80
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	59.89
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	35.40
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	26.47
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.17%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

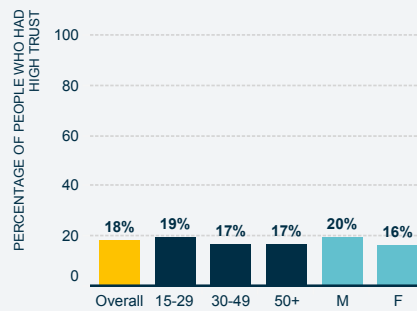


58% said they learned about science at secondary school



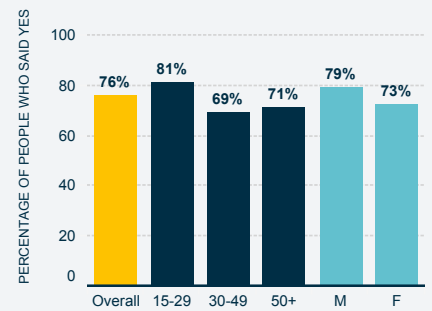
See Q5B in Question breakdown

18% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



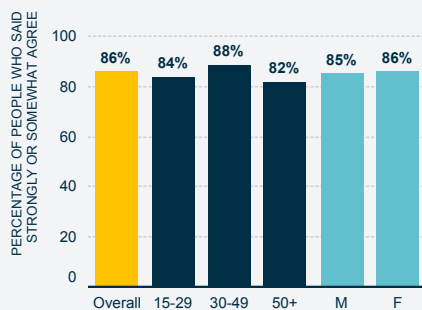
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

76% said science benefits people like them in this country



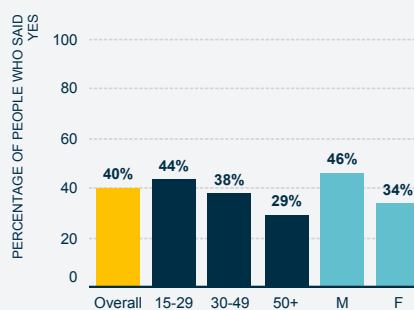
See Q17 in Question breakdown

86% said they think vaccines are safe



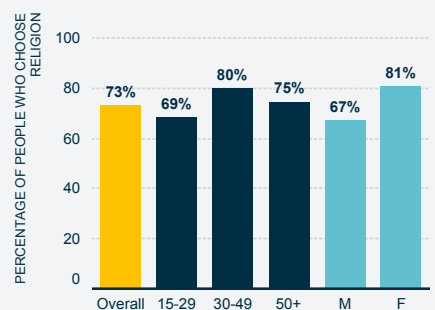
See Q25 in Question breakdown

40% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

73% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

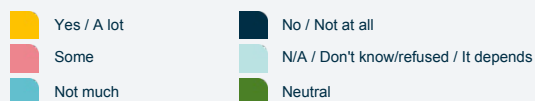
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

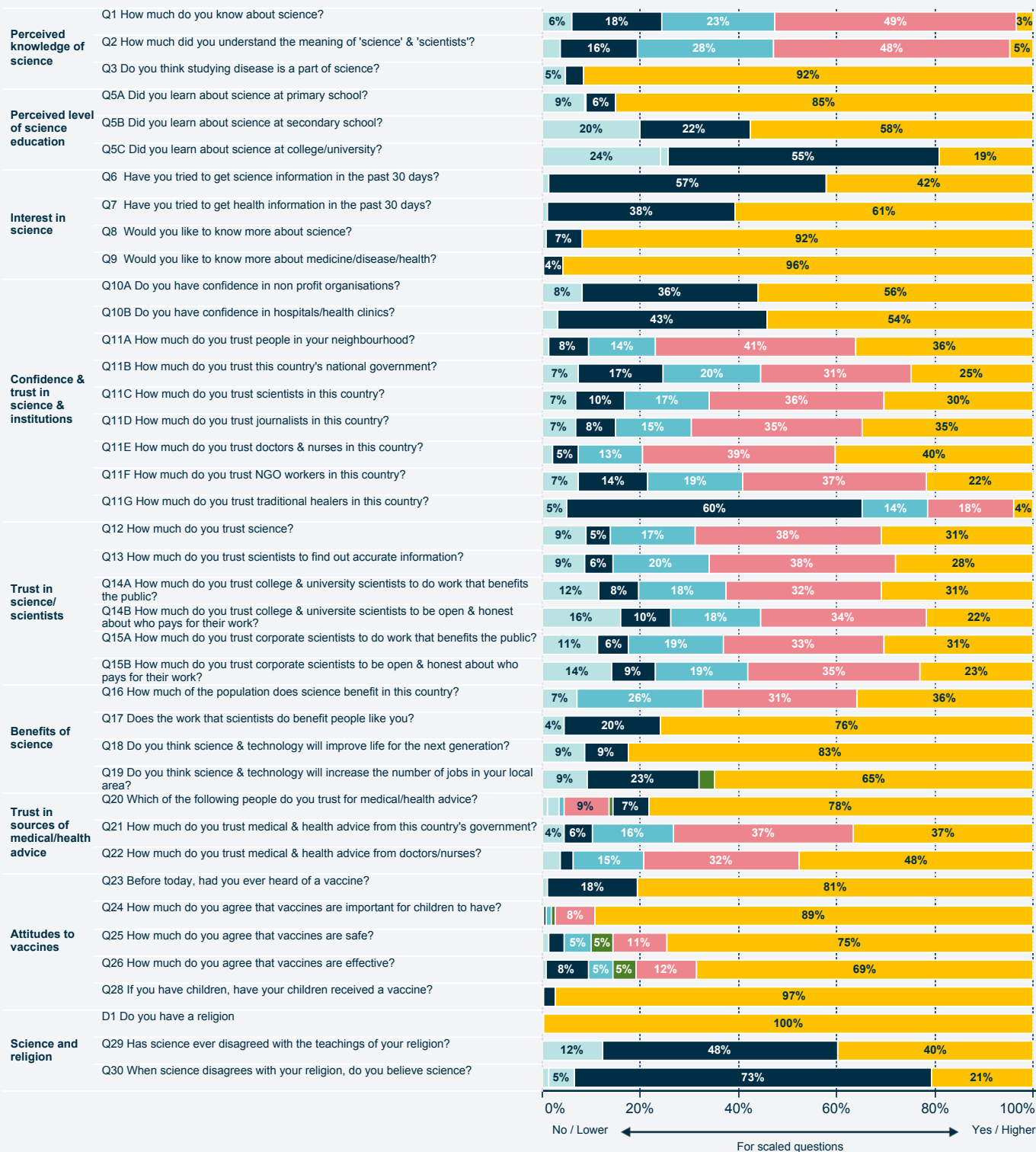


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

UK

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in the UK, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

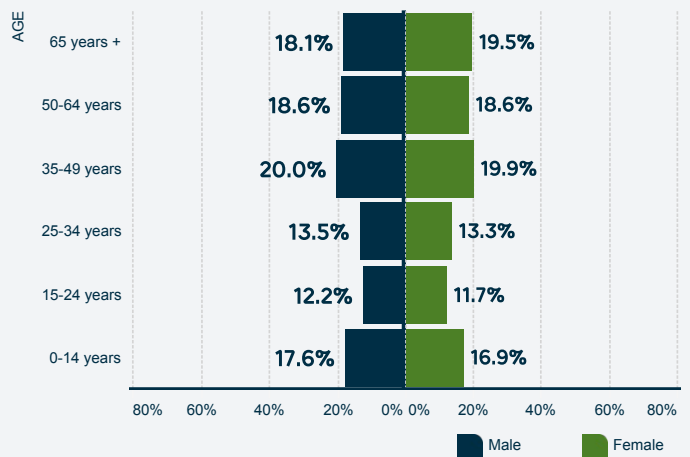
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 22 May 2018.

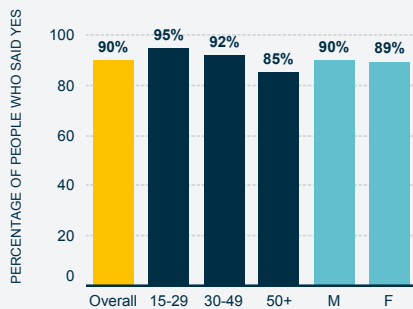
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	43,268.78
GINI coefficient, most recent value	33.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	80.96
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	3.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,429.58
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	1.69%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

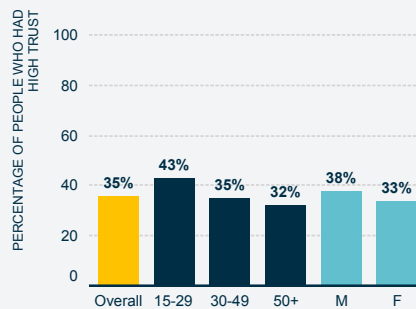


90% said they learned about science at secondary school



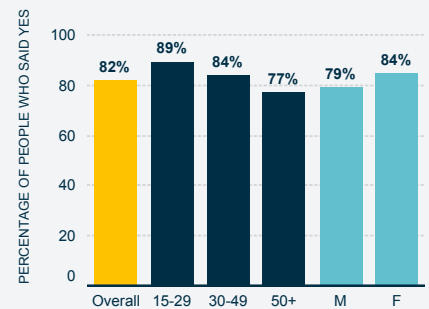
See Q5B in Question breakdown

35% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



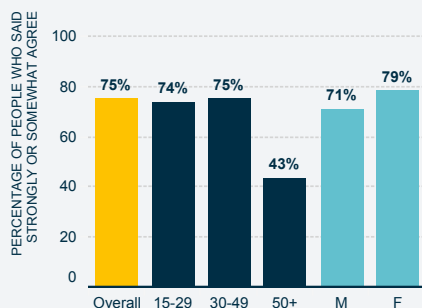
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

82% said science benefits people like them in this country



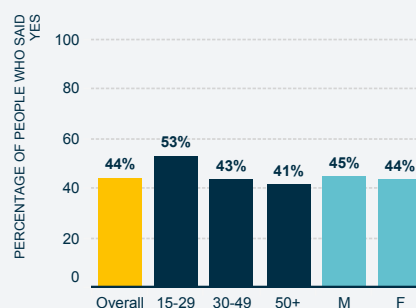
See Q17 in Question breakdown

75% said they think vaccines are safe



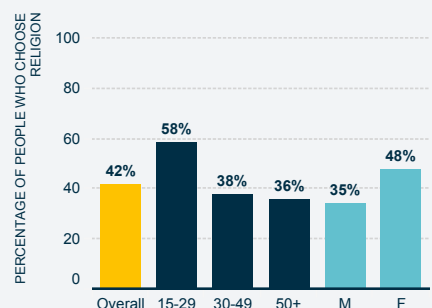
See Q25 in Question breakdown

44% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

42% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

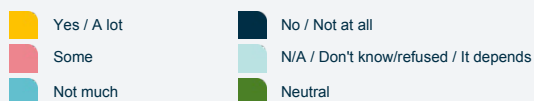
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

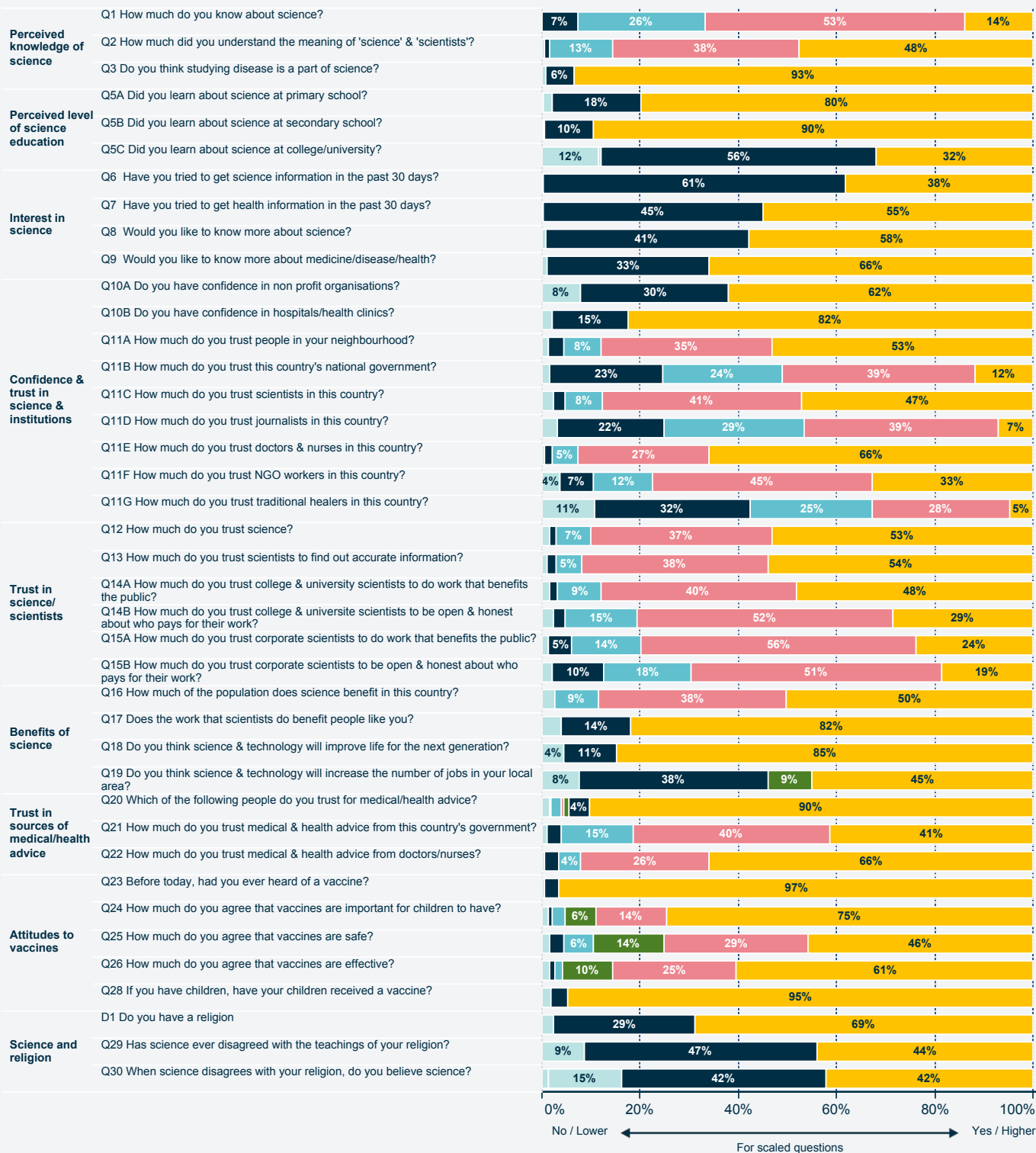


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Ukraine

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Ukraine, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

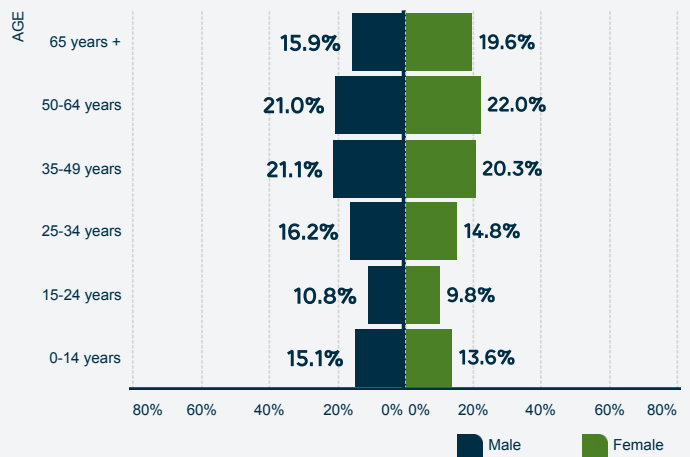
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 18 August 2018.

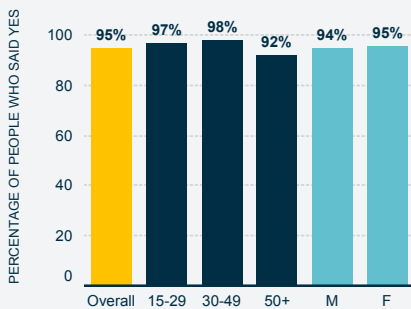
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	8,666.90
GINI coefficient, most recent value	25.00
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	71.48
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	1,037.24
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.48%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

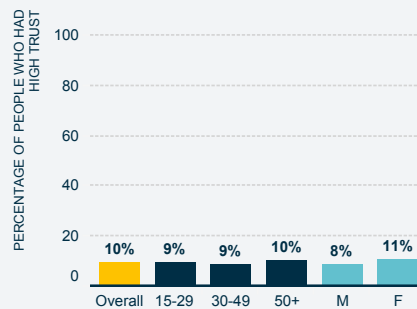


95% said they learned about science at secondary school



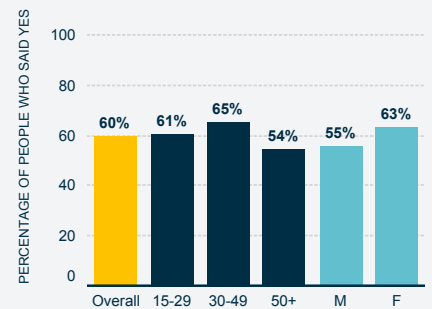
See Q5B in Question breakdown

10% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



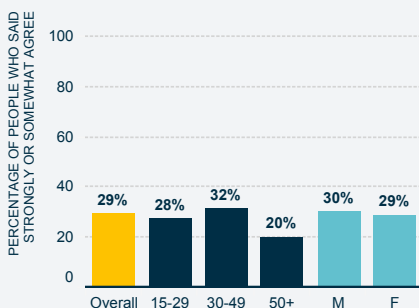
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

60% said science benefits people like them in this country



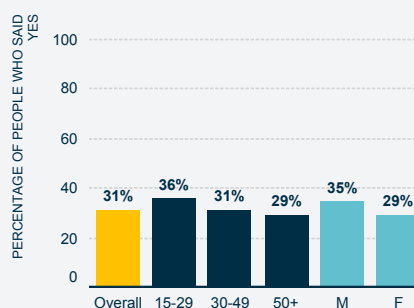
See Q17 in Question breakdown

29% said they think vaccines are safe



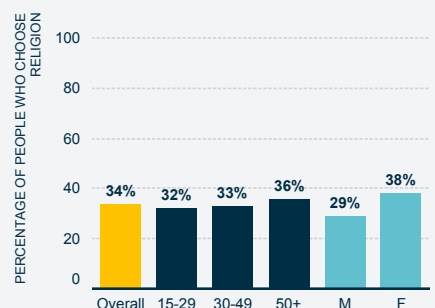
See Q25 in Question breakdown

31% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

34% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

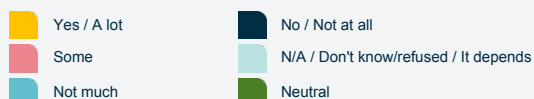
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

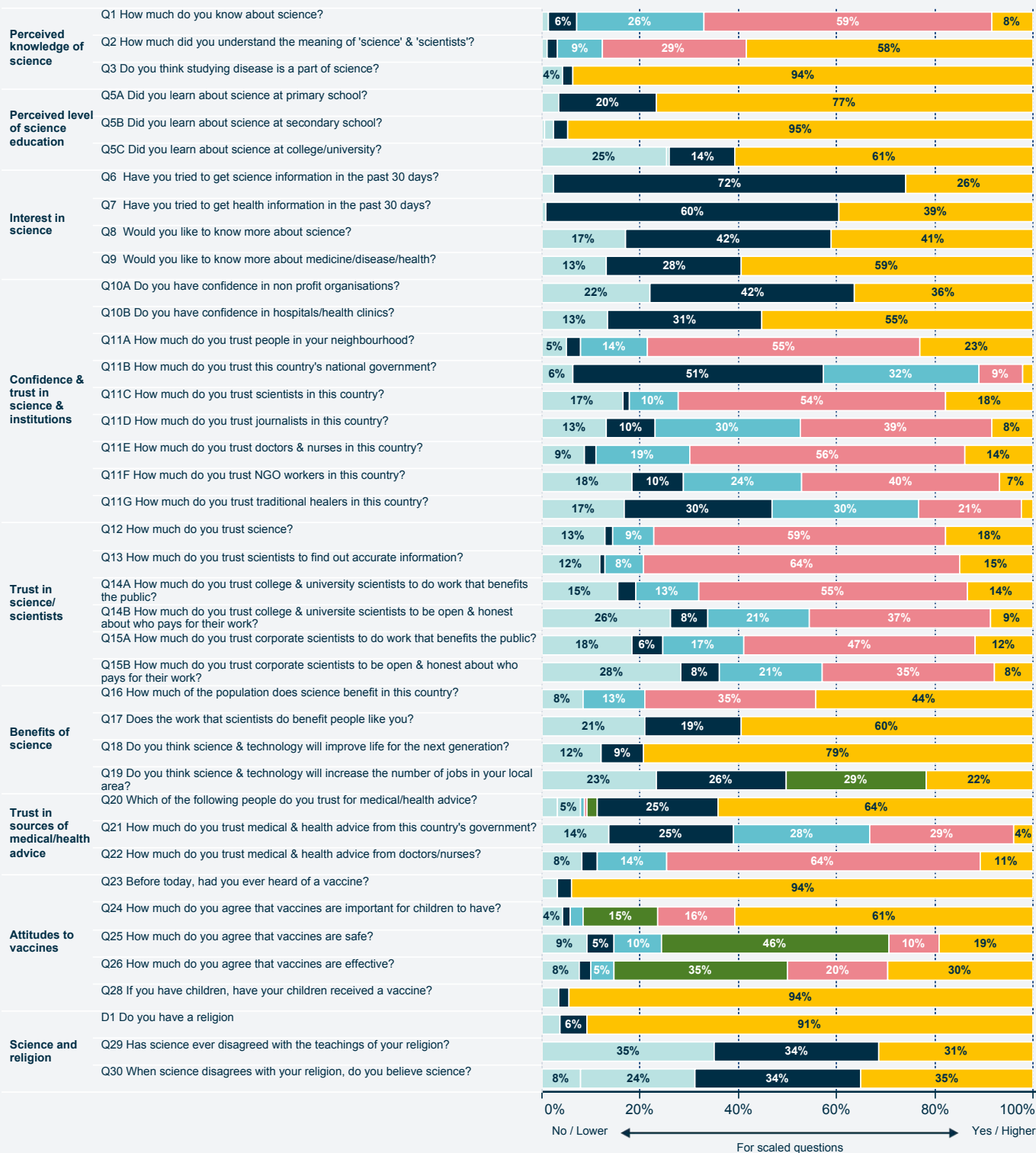


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Uruguay

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Uruguay, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

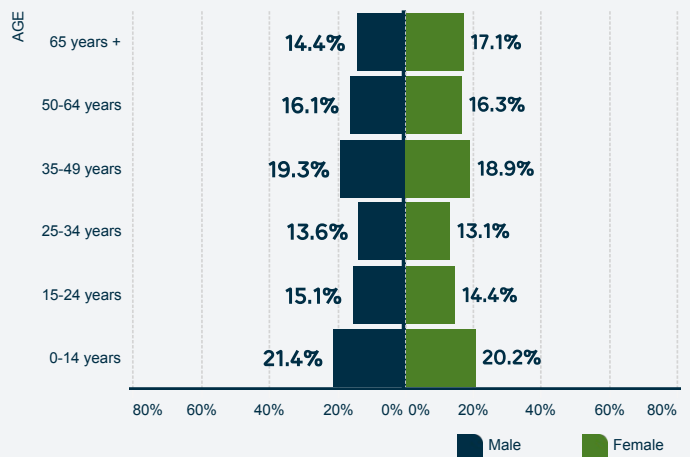
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 December 2018.

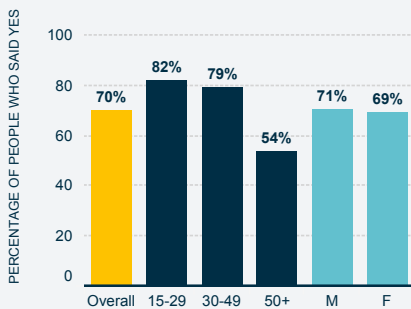
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	22,562.46
GINI coefficient, most recent value	39.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	77.49
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	7.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	645.18
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.36%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

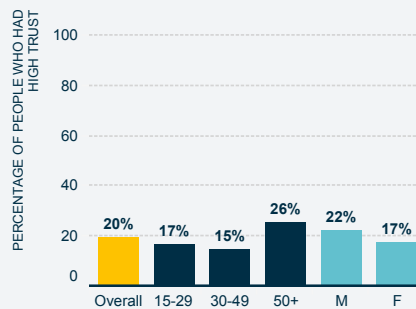


70% said they learned about science at secondary school



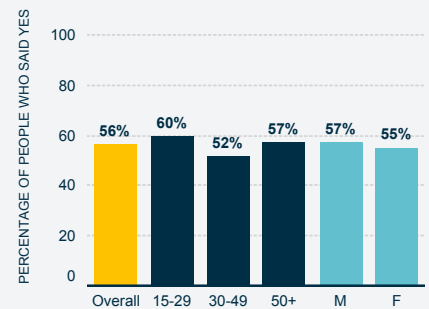
See Q5B in Question breakdown

20% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



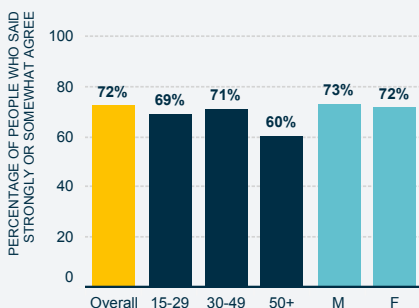
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

56% said science benefits people like them in this country



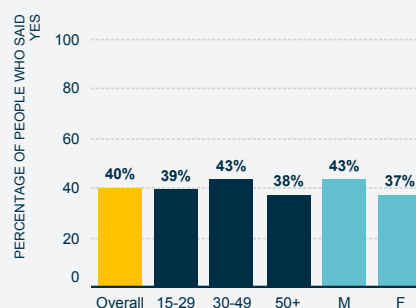
See Q17 in Question breakdown

72% said they think vaccines are safe



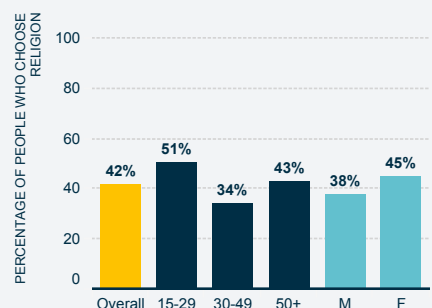
See Q25 in Question breakdown

40% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

42% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

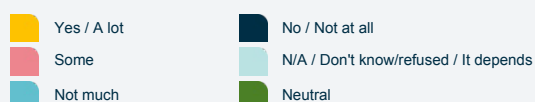
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

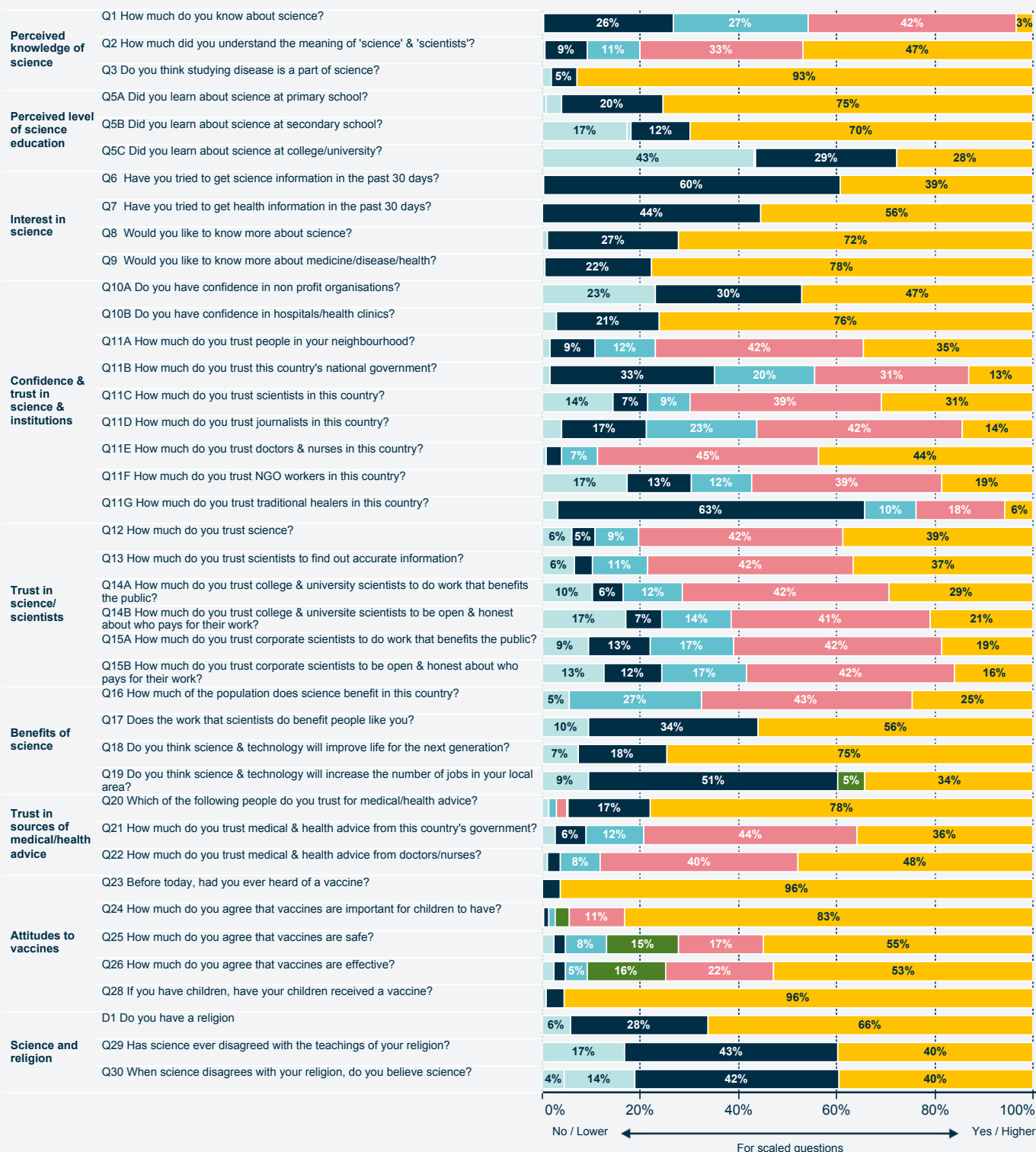


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

USA

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in the USA, based on a sample of 1,006 interviews.

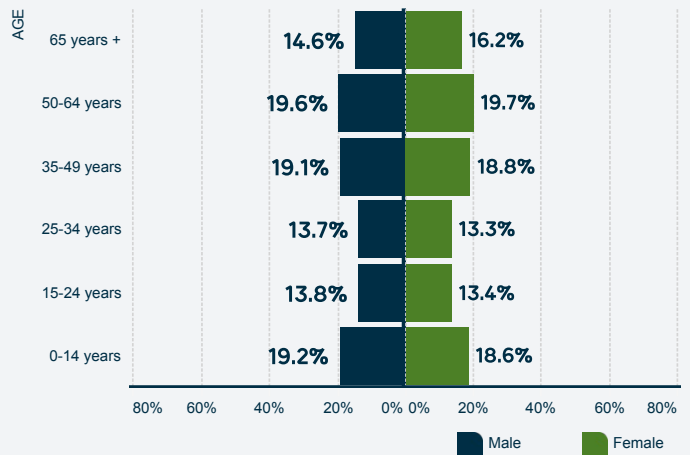
The interview type for this country was telephone.

The study was completed on 23 August 2018.

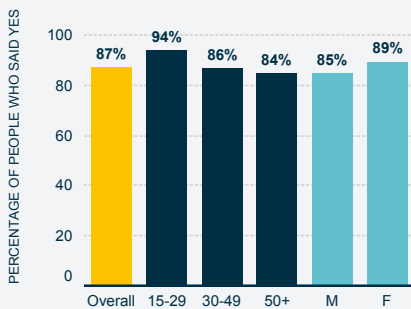
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	59,531.66
GINI coefficient, most recent value	41.50
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	78.69
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	5.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	4,313.38
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	2.74%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

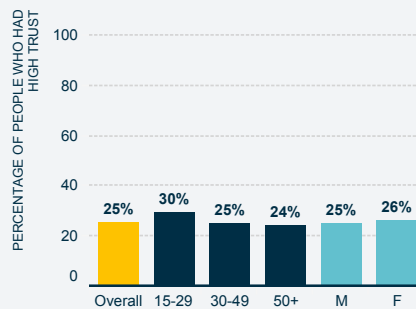


87% said they learned about science at secondary school



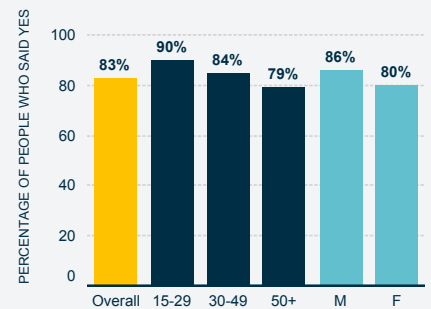
See Q5B in Question breakdown

25% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



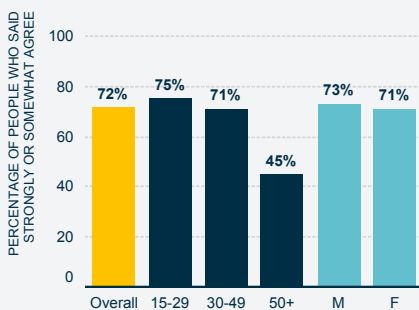
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

83% said science benefits people like them in this country



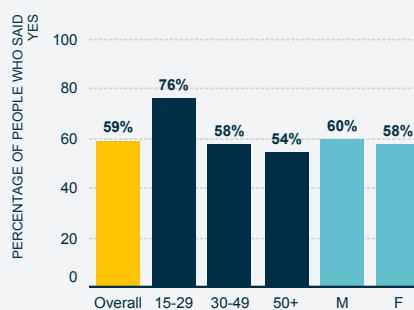
See Q17 in Question breakdown

72% said they think vaccines are safe



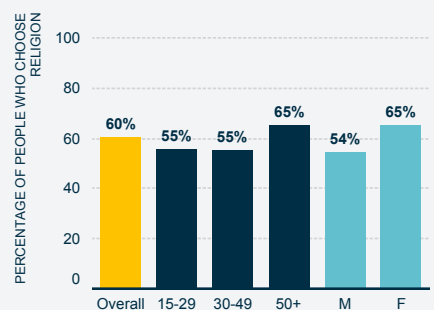
See Q25 in Question breakdown

59% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

60% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

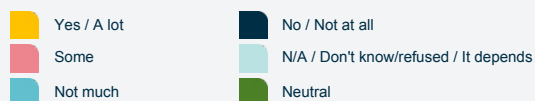
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

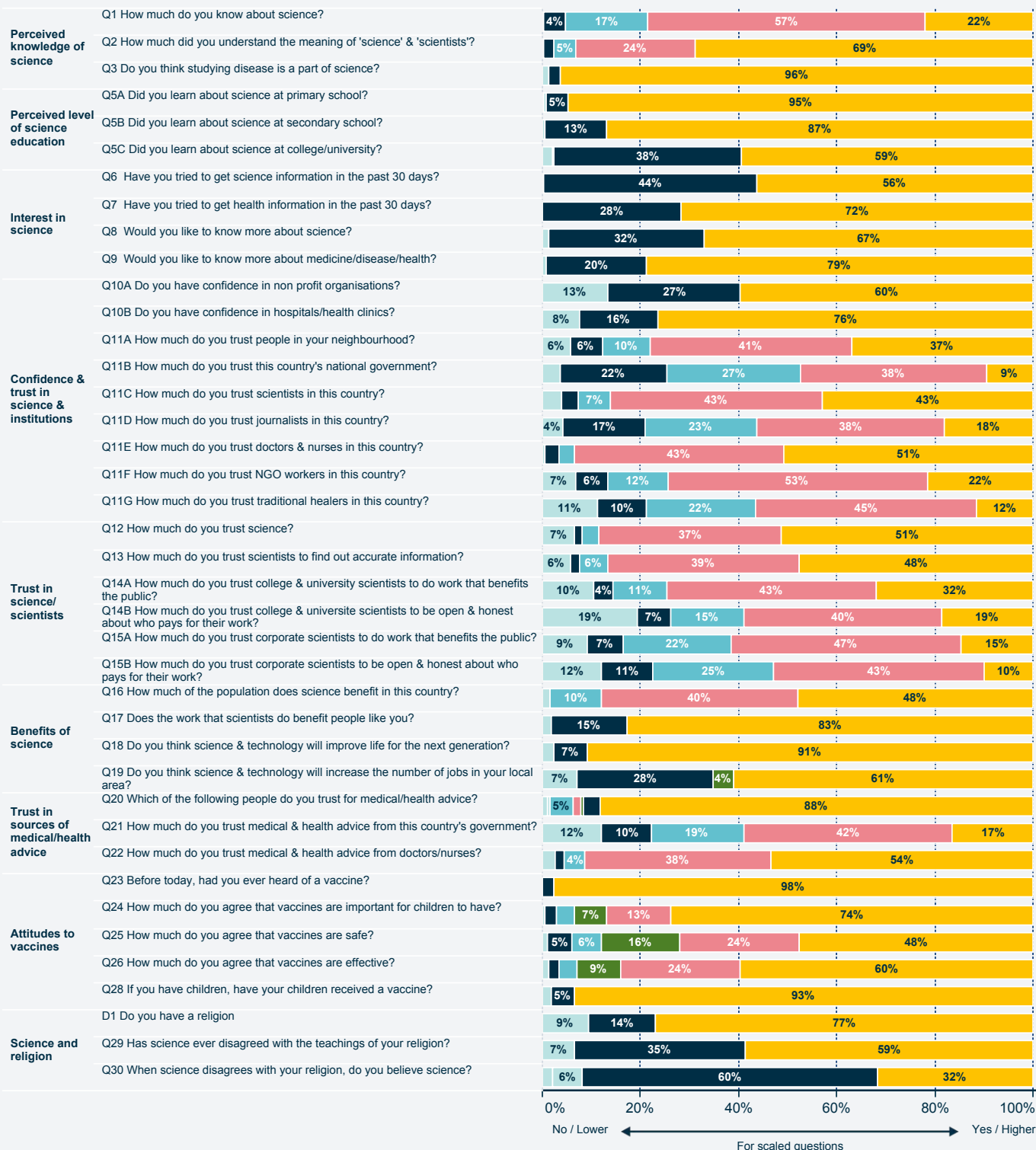


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Uzbekistan

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Uzbekistan, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

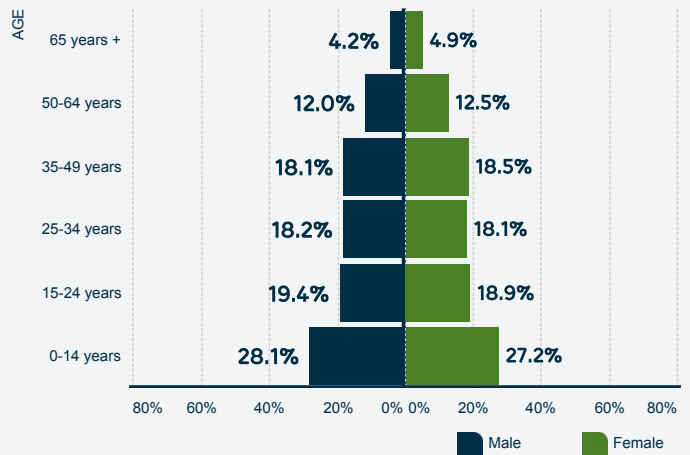
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 16 August 2018.

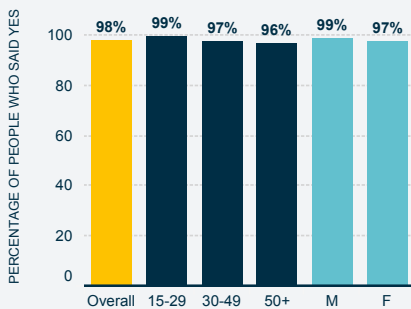
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	6,865.00
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	71.31
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	20.00
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	505.97
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.22%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

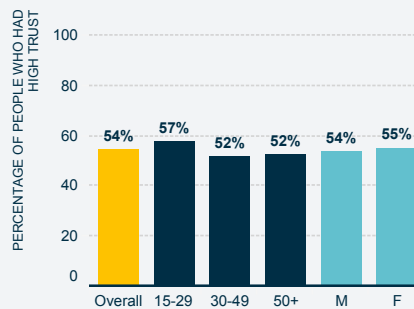


98% said they learned about science at secondary school



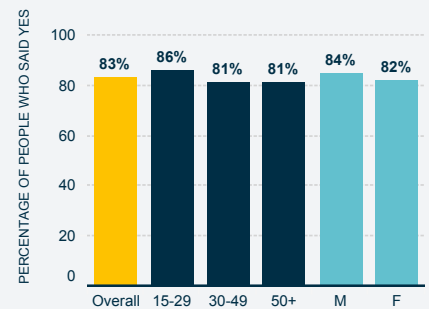
See Q5B in Question breakdown

54% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



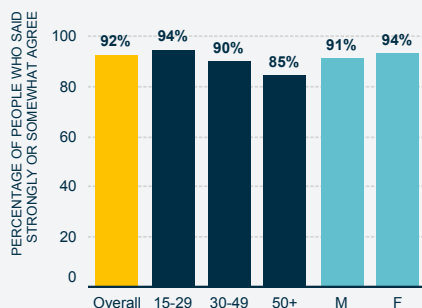
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

83% said science benefits people like them in this country



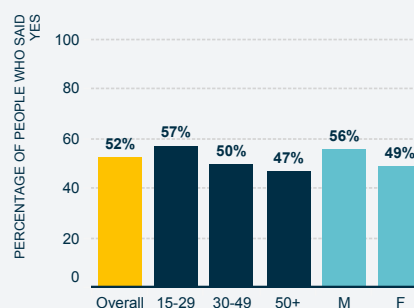
See Q17 in Question breakdown

92% said they think vaccines are safe



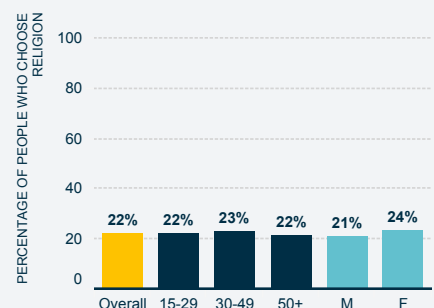
See Q25 in Question breakdown

52% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

22% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

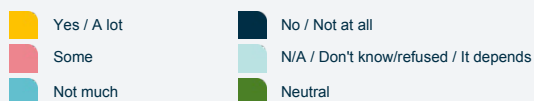
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

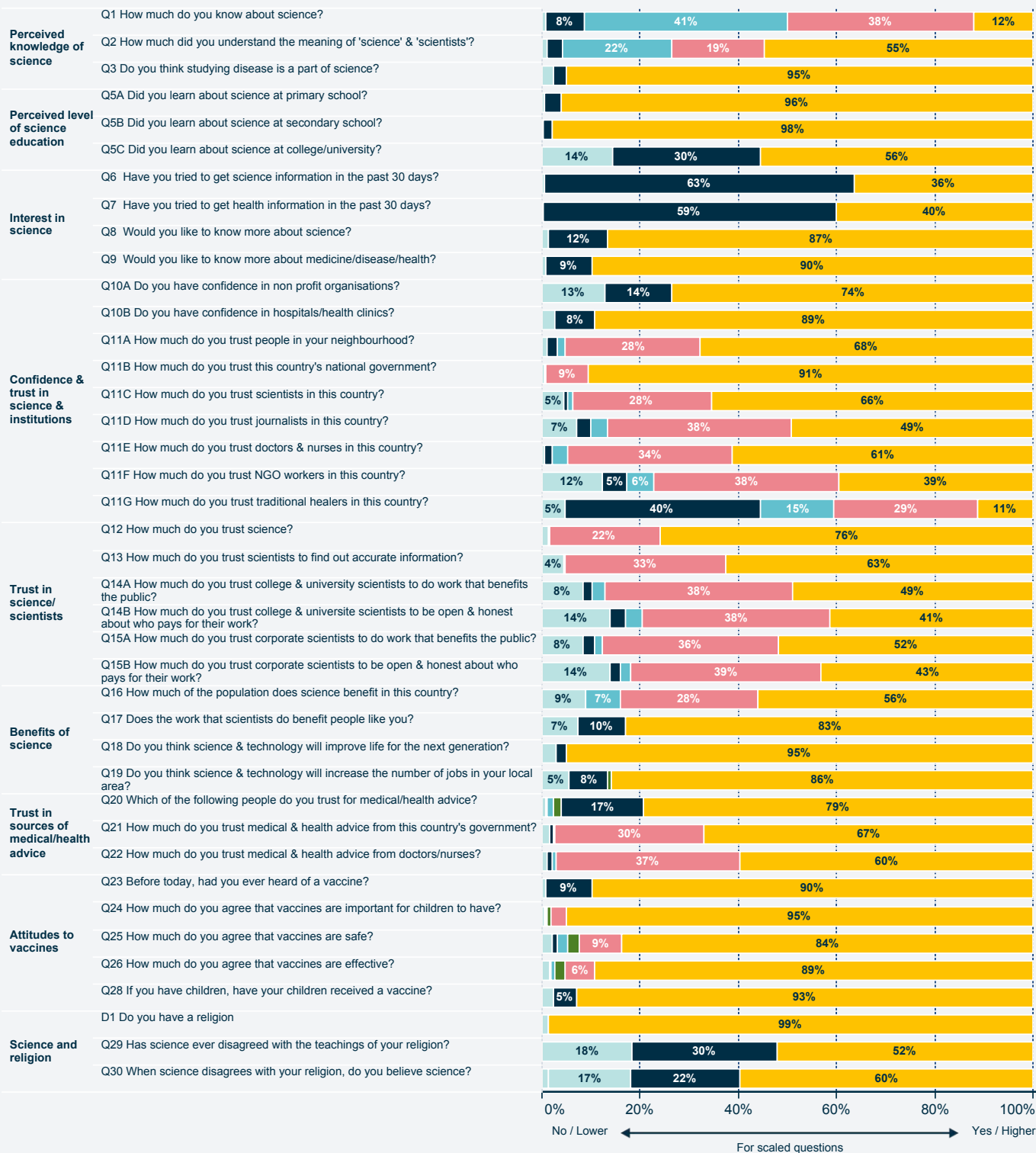


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Venezuela

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Venezuela, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

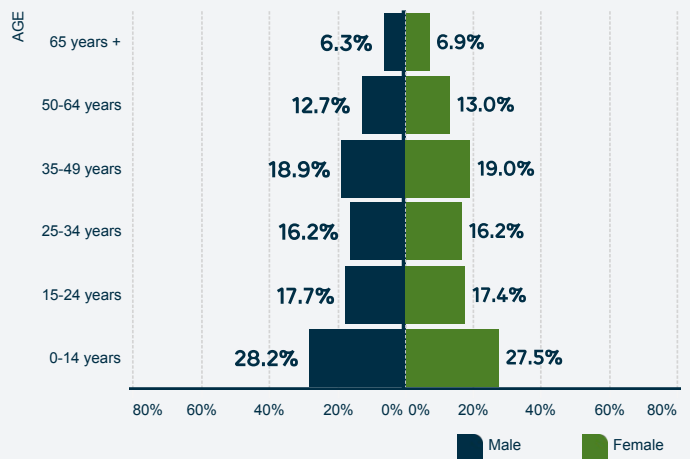
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 28 November 2018.

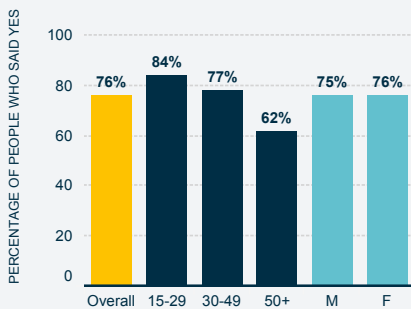
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	17,639.89
GINI coefficient, most recent value	46.90
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	74.54
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	25.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	240.35
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.25%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

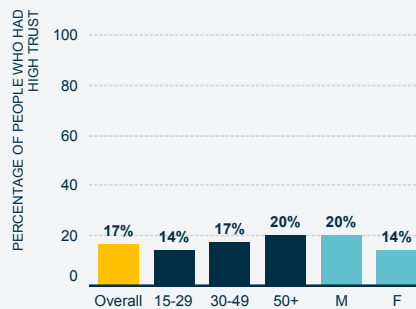


76% said they learned about science at secondary school



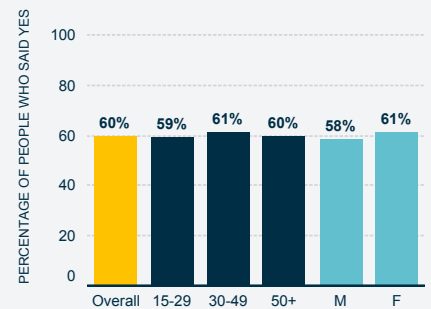
See Q5B in Question breakdown

17% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



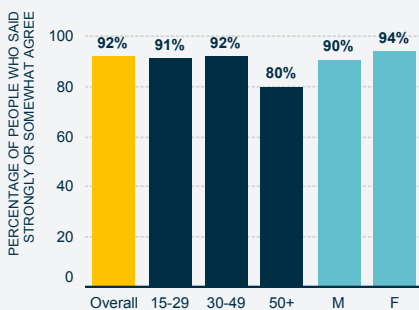
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

60% said science benefits people like them in this country



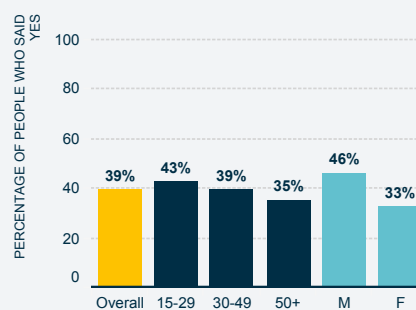
See Q17 in Question breakdown

92% said they think vaccines are safe



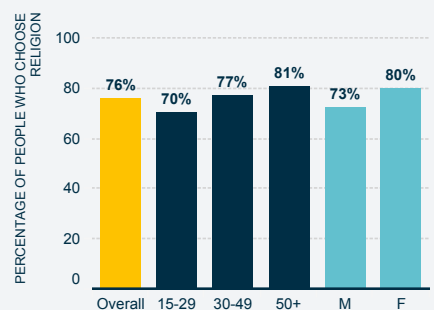
See Q25 in Question breakdown

39% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

76% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

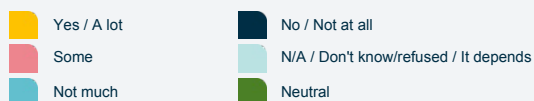
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

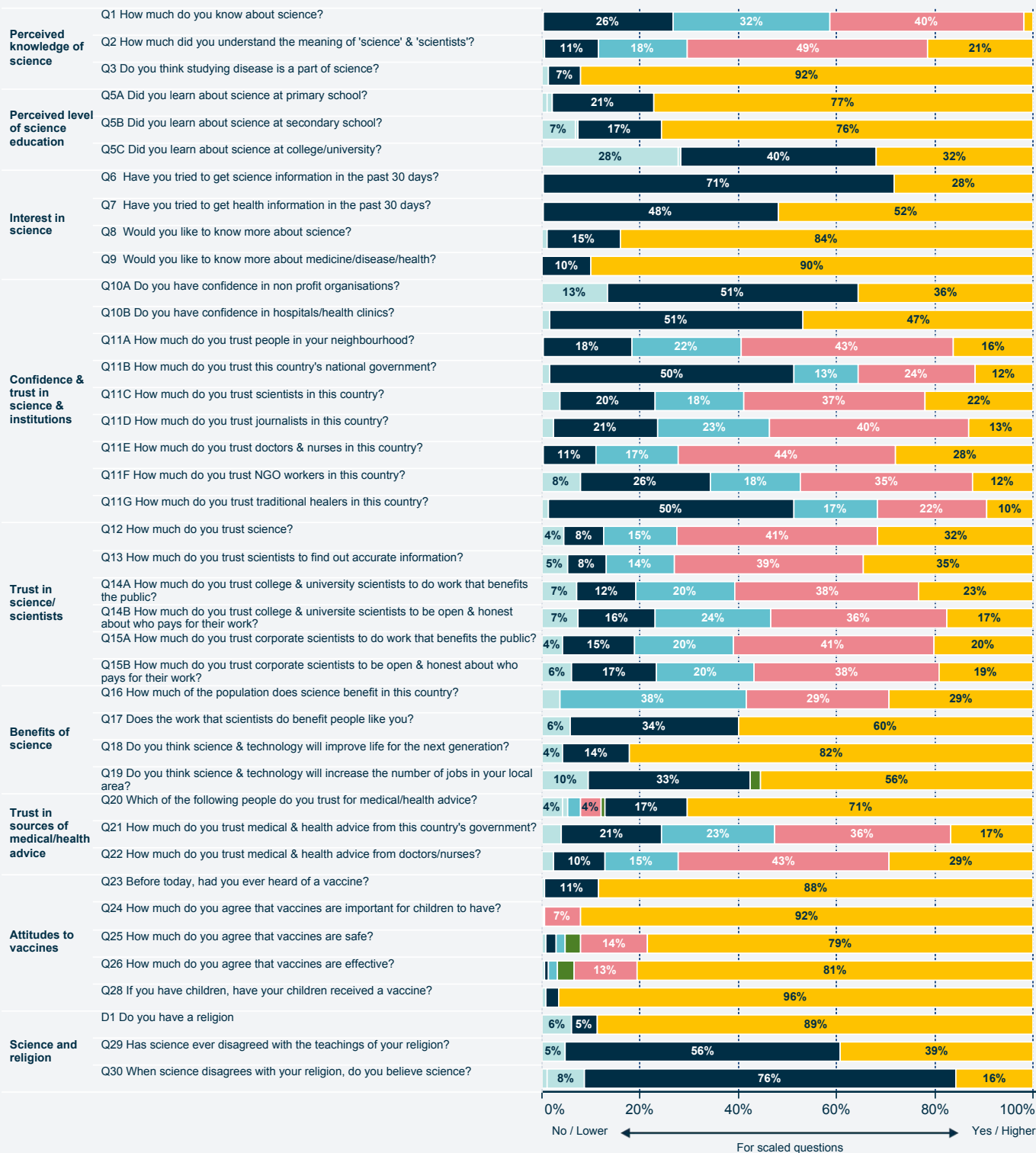


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Vietnam

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Vietnam, based on a sample of 1,012 interviews.

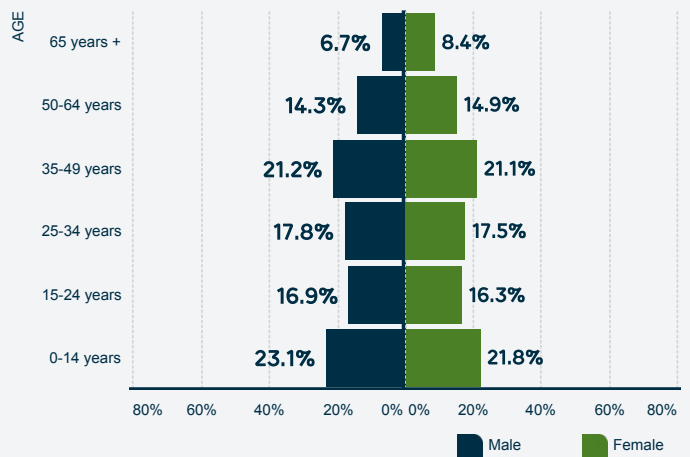
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 19 August 2018.

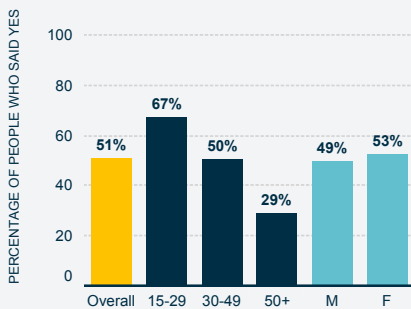
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	6,775.83
GINI coefficient, most recent value	35.30
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	76.25
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	16.70
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	672.07
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.44%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

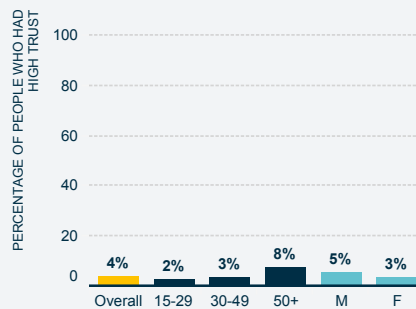


51% said they learned about science at secondary school



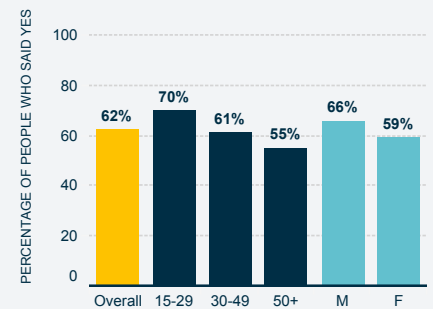
See Q5B in Question breakdown

4% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



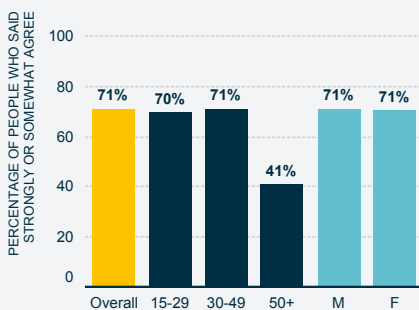
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

62% said science benefits people like them in this country



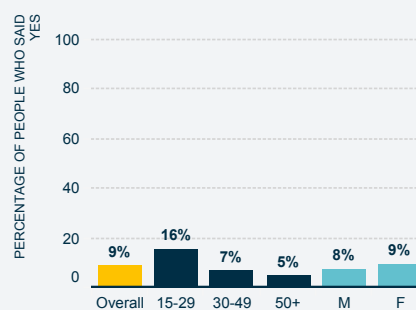
See Q17 in Question breakdown

71% said they think vaccines are safe



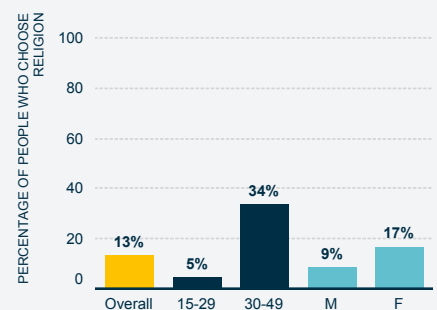
See Q25 in Question breakdown

9% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

13% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

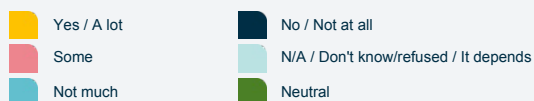
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

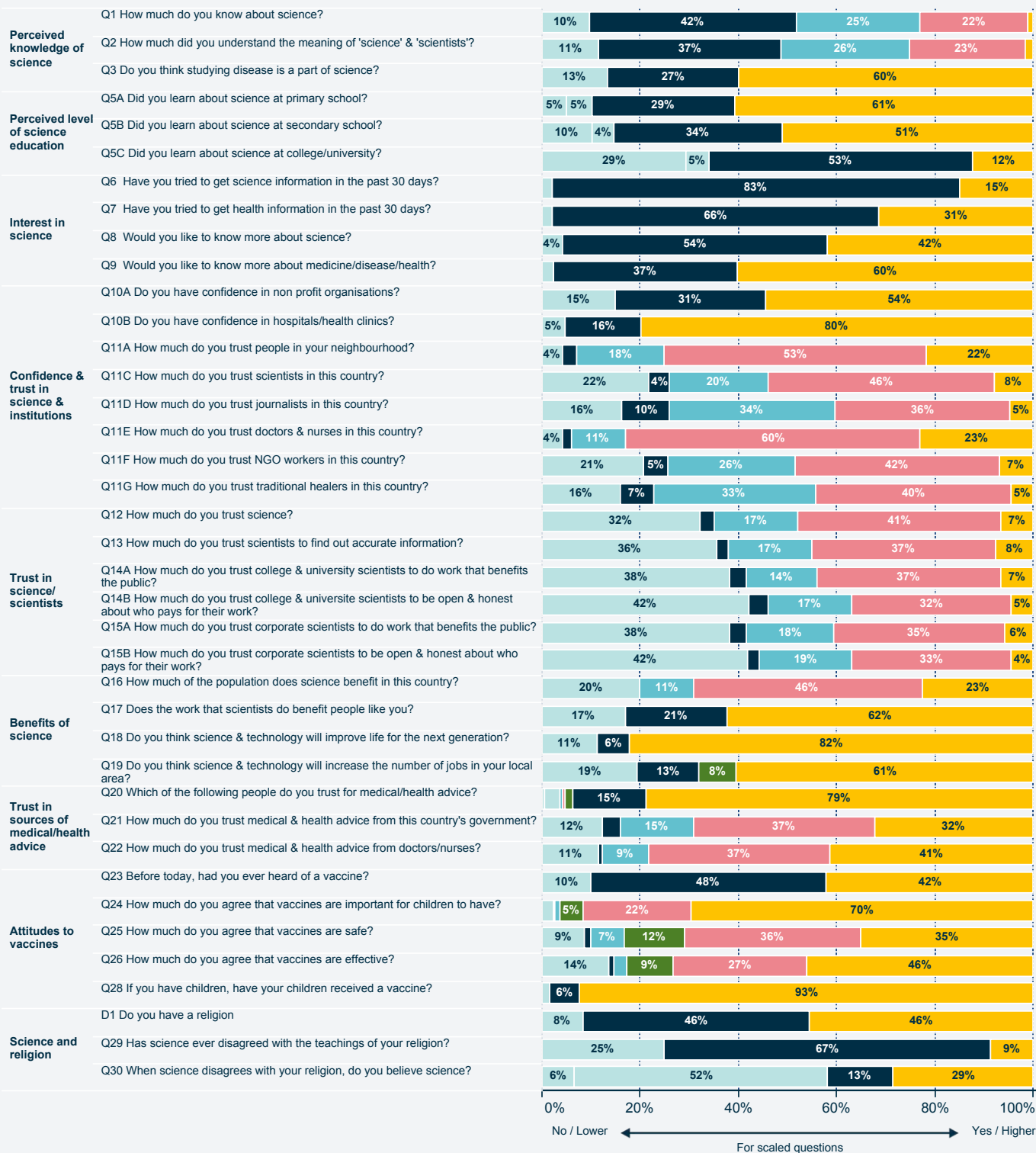


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Yemen

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Yemen, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

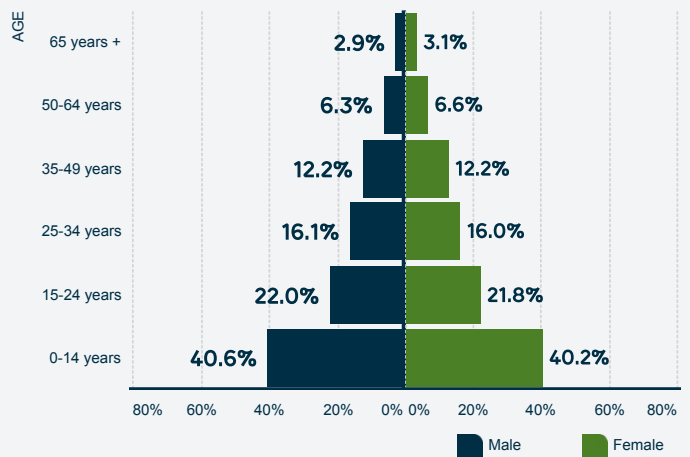
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 10 November 2018.

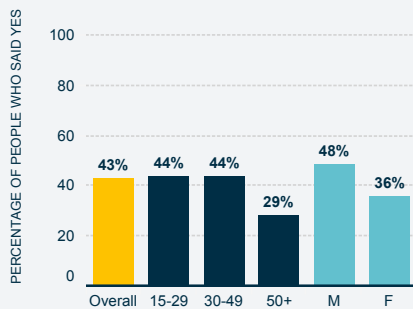
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,600.87
GINI coefficient, most recent value	36.70
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	64.95
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	43.20
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	N/A
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

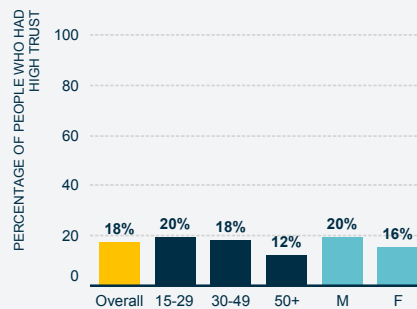


43% said they learned about science at secondary school



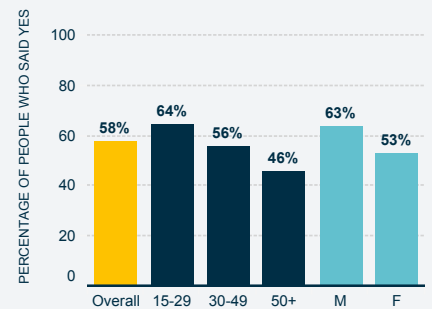
See Q5B in Question breakdown

18% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



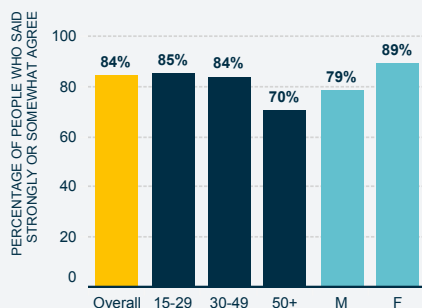
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

58% said science benefits people like them in this country



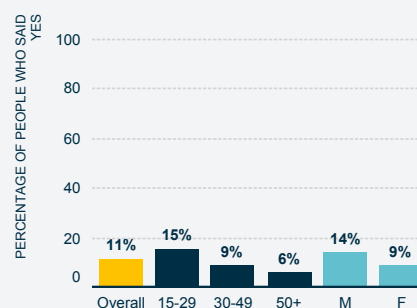
See Q17 in Question breakdown

84% said they think vaccines are safe



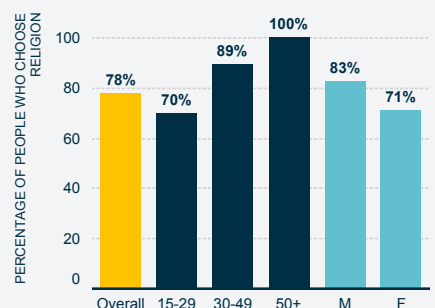
See Q25 in Question breakdown

11% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

78% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall (Yellow), Age (Dark Blue), Male/Female (Light Blue)

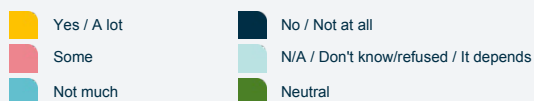
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

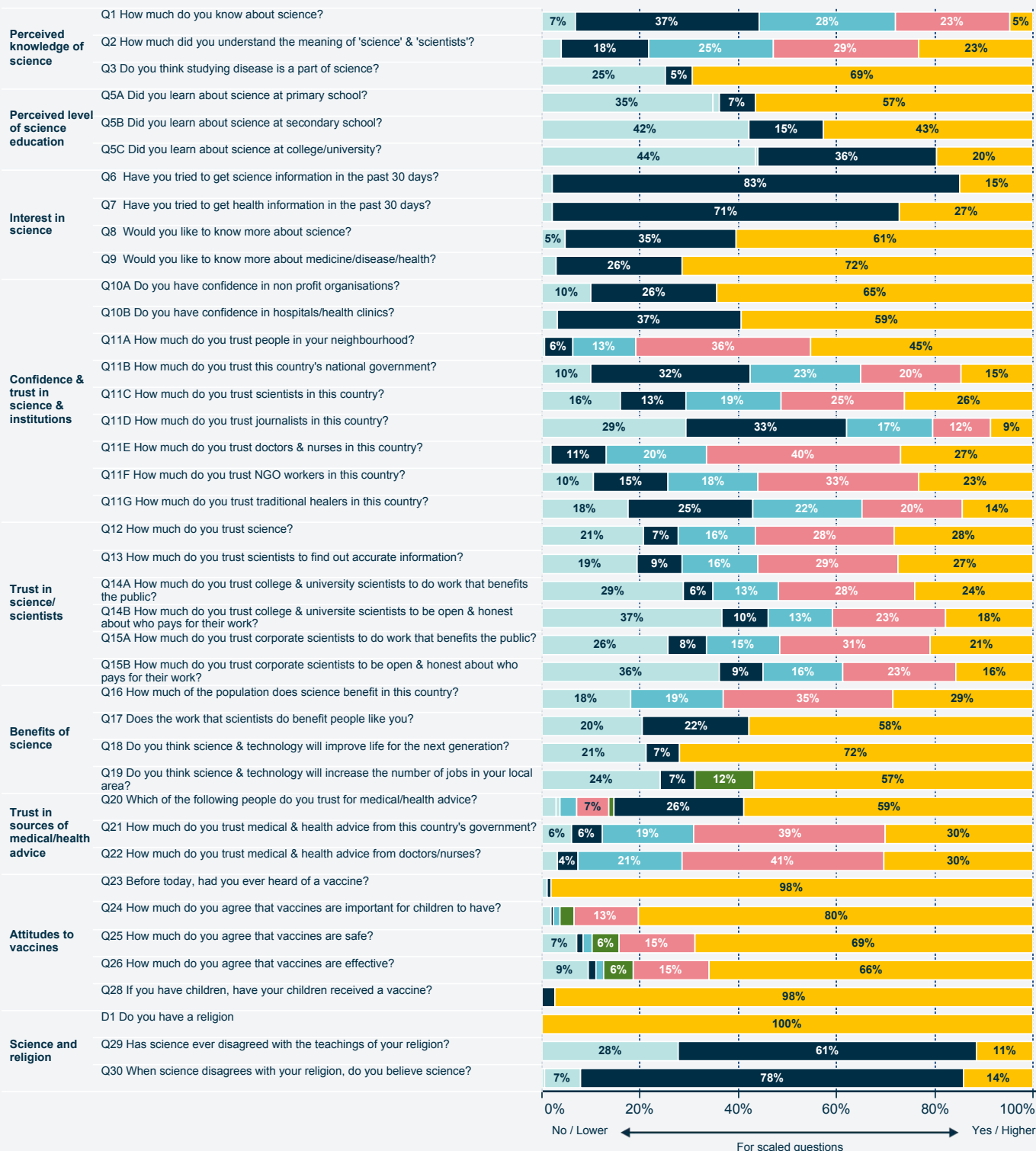


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Zambia

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Zambia, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

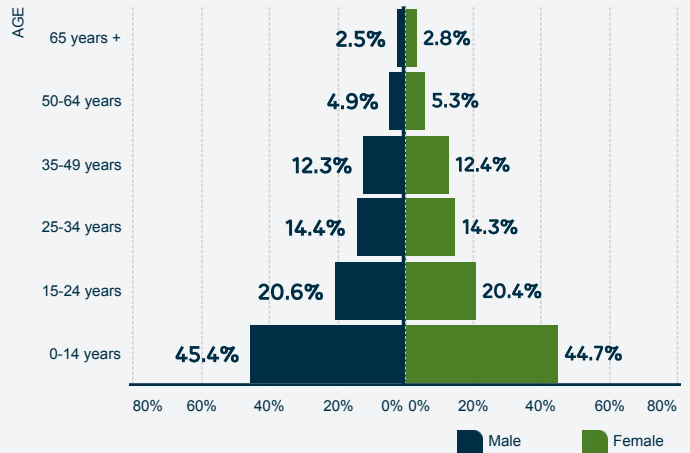
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 13 September 2018.

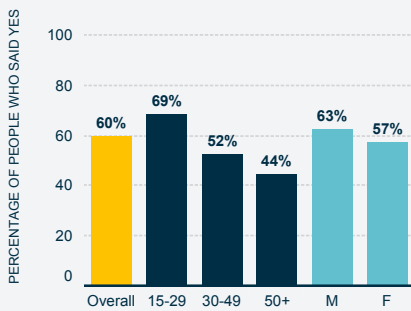
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	4,024.05
GINI coefficient, most recent value	57.10
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	61.87
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	41.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	40.97
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	0.28%

Population breakdown by age and gender²

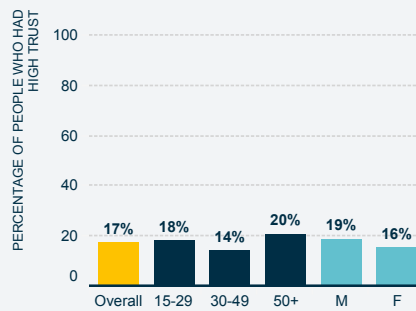


60% said they learned about science at secondary school



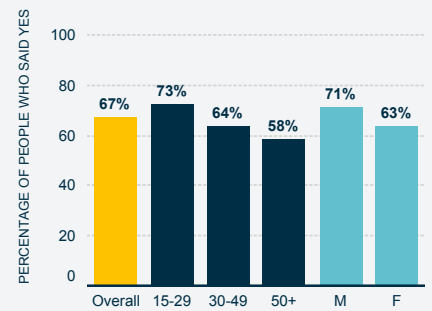
See Q5B in Question breakdown

17% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



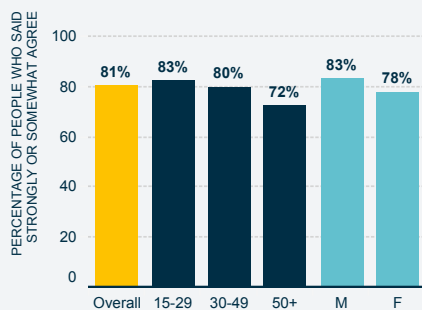
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

67% said science benefits people like them in this country



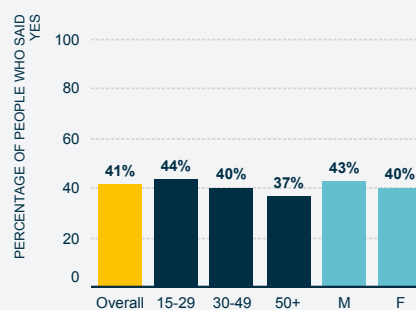
See Q17 in Question breakdown

81% said they think vaccines are safe



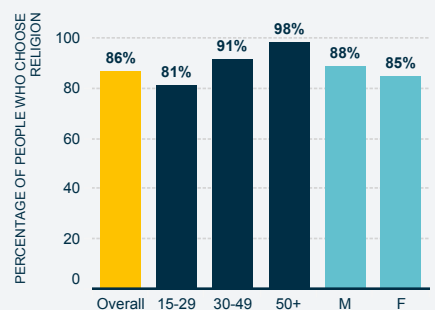
See Q25 in Question breakdown

41% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

86% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

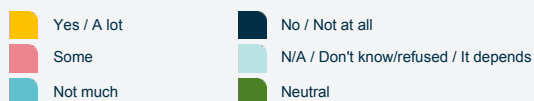
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018

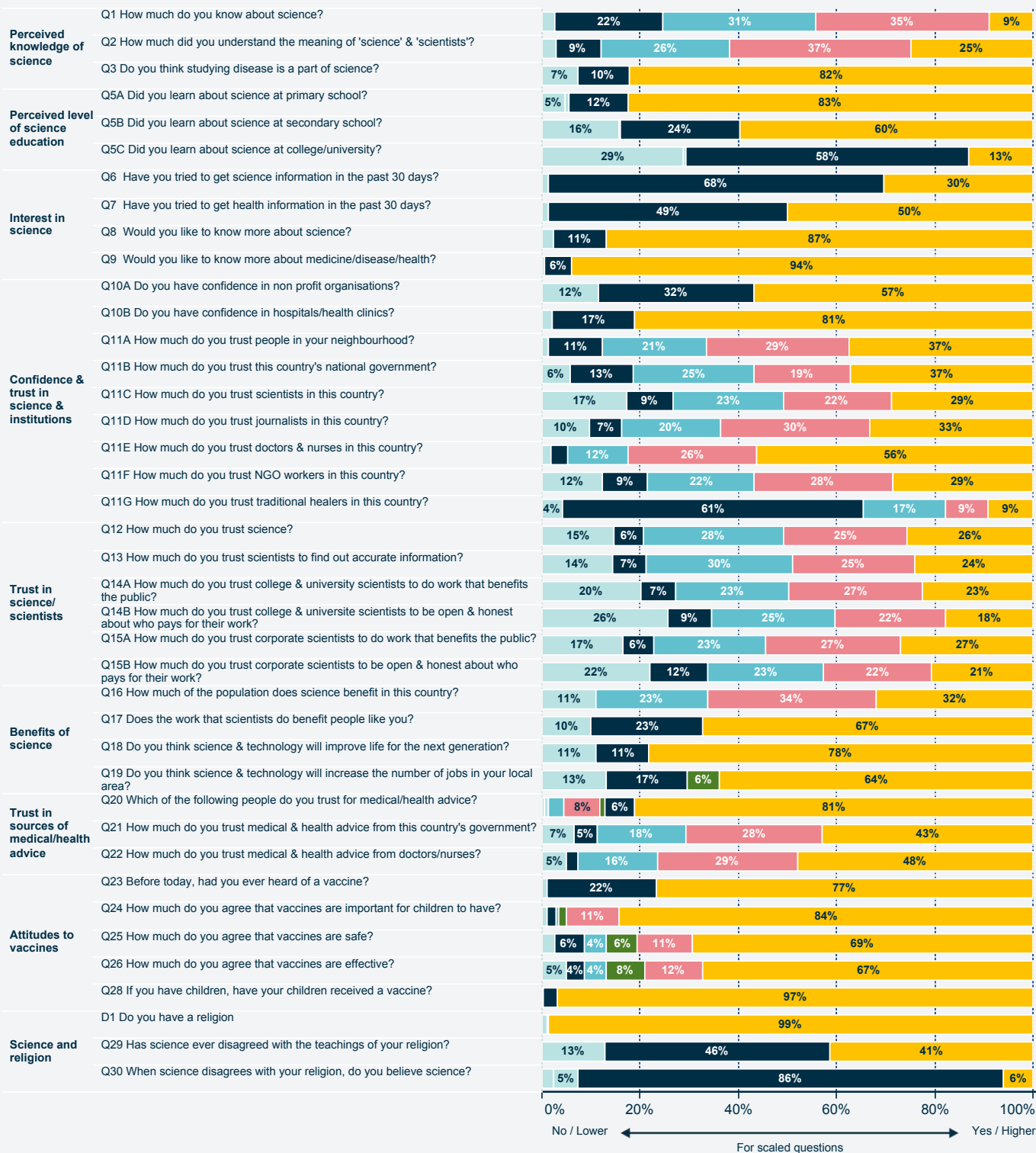


Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types



Country-level data

Zimbabwe

A summary of public attitudes to science and health challenges in Zimbabwe, based on a sample of 1,000 interviews.

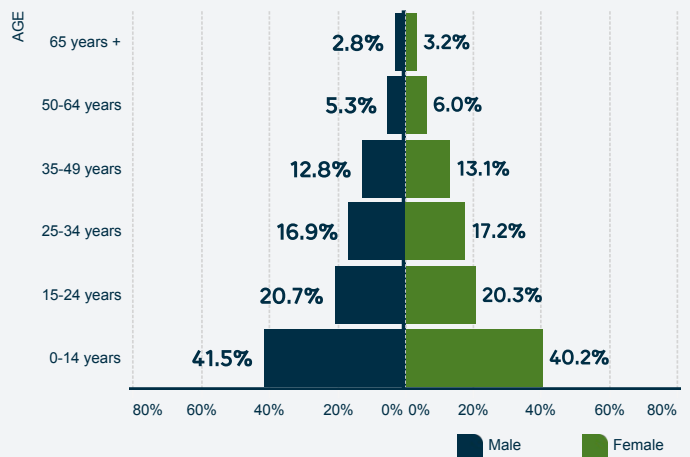
The interview type for this country was face to face.

The study was completed on 22 September 2018.

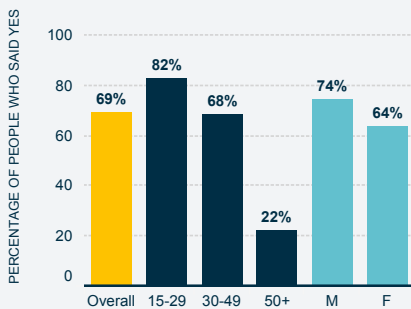
Country health indicators¹:

GDP per capita in PPP, international current dollars (World Bank)	2,428.56
GINI coefficient, most recent value	43.20
Life expectancy from birth (WB)	61.16
Mortality rate per live 1000 births, most recent value	36.50
Number of researchers working in R & D per million, most recent value	88.72
Research and development as percentage of GDP, most recent value	N/A

Population breakdown by age and gender²

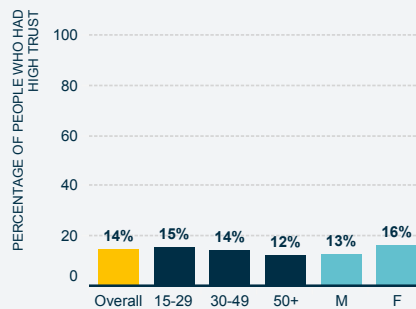


69% said they learned about science at secondary school



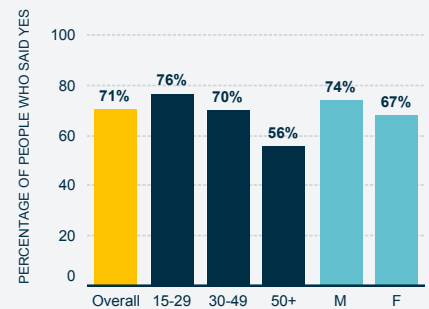
See Q5B in Question breakdown

14% have high trust for the Trust in Science Index



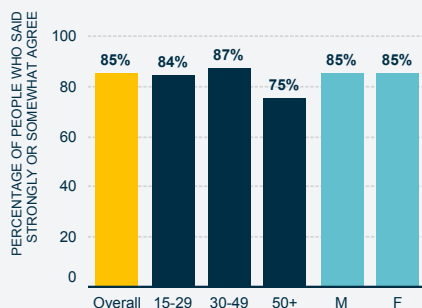
Average of the 5 trust in scientist questions

71% said science benefits people like them in this country



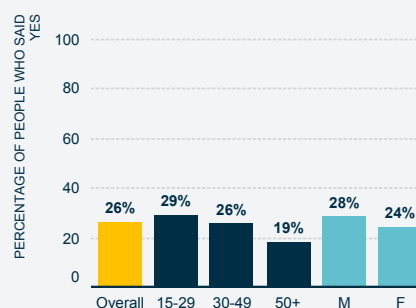
See Q17 in Question breakdown

85% said they think vaccines are safe



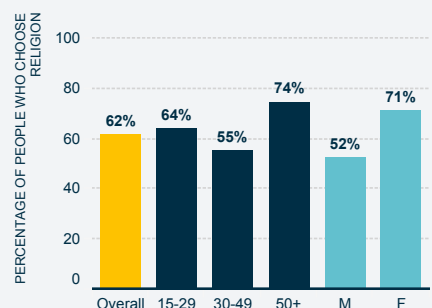
See Q25 in Question breakdown

26% said that science disagrees with their religion



See Q29 in Question breakdown

62% said they choose religion when science disagrees with their religion



See Q30 in Question breakdown

Overall Age Male/Female

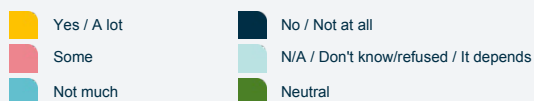
¹ World Bank, World Population Report, 2018

² United Nations, World Population Report, 2018



Question breakdown

Answer types



Role types

